

1. Cross join : 일대일로 모든 데이터를 연결했다.

Select a.a., a.a., b.b., b.b.

from a cross join b;

 $\bigcirc
\begin{pmatrix}
\text{select a.a.i., a.a.2., b.b.i., b.b.2} \\
\text{from a b ;}
\end{pmatrix}$

table a: 42

table b: 57 279

2. natural join: join 計劃, 建电 이름은 지원 칼 淀 가운으로 어떤 할다.

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Select a.a., a.a., b.b., b.b. from a natural Join b; \mathcal{O} (select a.a., a.a., b.b., b.b.

from a join b using (criteria);

3 (select a.al, a.az, b.bl, b.bz)

From a b

Where a criteria = b.criteria;

	3. inner join: natural join와 유사하나 (첫럼이들이 잘거렇더라도)
	Select a.a., a.a., b.b., b.b. from a inner join b on a criterial = b.criteriaz; (Select a.a., a.a., b.b., b.b. from a join b on a criterial = b.criteriaz; (Select a.a., a.a., b.b., b.b. from a join b where a criteria = b.criteria;
	on a criterial = b. criteria2;
	trom a join b
	on a criterial = b. criteria2;
	3 (3) (2) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1
	cossis them a g b where a criteria;
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到数十分对社	4. Outer join (Left Outer join/Right Outer join): 라니스 데이션은 기운으로 다운데이션의 정보를 걸립되는 냉생
	O (select a.a., a.a., b.b., b.b.2
	Select a.a., a.a., b.b., b.b.z from a left outer join b on a criteria ;
	on a criteria = b criteria
	a table it b table it some words of consistency (on sold the consistency)
	to) 서브쿼리 : 쿼리운 안에 퀸러운 (발함 .
	Select P
	Select a Select zon b c
	b C
	from a, b < from 201
	where a criteria = b criteria and ® where zent
	uno \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	THA Select & 45 + 76!