228.371 Computer Lab: Using R

Semester One 2015 - Week 1

Instructions: In this lab we will get used to using R and RStudio.

This practical assumes that you have read the R tutorial from the corse Stream site, or that you have a copy of it nearby for reference.

Remember that R does have a built-in help facility: to get information about a specific procedure use the "?" symbol. For example, to get help on the plot() command type ?plot at the R console. This will often show the many options each command has, together with their default values.

1 Using R

Open R by selecting it from the Start menu and set the working directory to the directory of your choice in your My Documents directory (File \rightarrow Change dir...).

- 1. Perform the following basic calculations using R.
 - $(1+3^2)/(27-22)$
 - π^3 (use the constant pi)
 - e^{10} (use the exp() function)

(Answers: 2, 31.00628, 22026.47)

- 2. Create variables, x, and y, containing values 100, and 200 respectively.
- 3. Set a third variable, z, to be the sum of x and y.
- 4. Save your workspace in an .RData file called Work.RData in the working directory you selected previously (File → Save Workspace...).
- 5. Quit R without saving the workspace by selecting Exit from the File menu and choosing No when prompted to save the workspace image.
- 6. Restart R and load your saved workspace (File → Load Workspace...) Type ls() to list the objects in R and you should see the three objects (x, y and z) that you saved before. Type the name of each variable and check that it still has the correct value.
- 7. When you have finished quit from R without saving as before.

2 Using RStudio

- 1. Start RStudio.
- 2. Open a new file File \rightarrow New File \rightarrow R Script.
- 3. Save the file as Test.R somewhere on your network drive.
- 4. Set the working directory to the source file location Session \rightarrow Set Working Directory \rightarrow To Source File Location.
- 5. Type the following R code into the text editor.

```
x <- rnorm(n=100, mean=10, sd=3)
mean(x)
[1] 9.713575
sd(x)
[1] 3.162262
hist (x)</pre>
```

- 6. Hightlight the code and press the Run button.
- 7. Save the resulting plot Plots \rightarrow Save as PDF.
- 8. Save the script file and quit File \rightarrow Quit RStudio (Save Selected).