GROUND Communications Protocol Specification Version 1.2.1

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December 16, 2024

Overview

The GROUND (GAIA Radio OUtput Network Delivery) protocol is designed for transmitting data from the Cansat to the ground station. All data is serialized in little-endian format, meaning the least significant byte is sent first. For example, the number 0x1234 would be transmitted as 0x34 0x12.

Packet Structure

A packet comprises the following fields:

#	Field Name	Size
1 2 3	<pre>magic_number content_type content_size content</pre>	4 bytes 2 bytes 2 bytes content_size bytes

Field Descriptions

magic_number: A constant value 0x47414941 (ASCII for GAIA) that marks the start of a packet. content_type: Specifies the type and structure of the data. Its two bytes are interpreted as follows:

- First byte:
 - High nibble (0xF0): Indicates which CRC checksum is included (0x0 = none, 0x1 = CRC-8, 0x2 = CRC-16-IBM, 0x3 = CRC-32-ISO-HDLC. See Checksums).
 - Low nibble (0x0F): Specifies the data category (see Data Types). May never be 0x0.
- · Second byte:
 - High nibble (0xF0): Indicates whether the data is a single value (0x0) or an array (0x1).
 - Low nibble (0x0F): Specifies the data's primitive type (see Data Types).

content_size: The number of bytes in the content field.

content: The actual data payload. Its interpretation depends on content_type.

Handling magic_number in Content

If the magic_number sequence 0x47414941 appears in the content, it must be escaped by appending a 0x00 byte immediately after. For example:

```
47\ 41\ 49\ 41\ 	o \ 47\ 41\ 49\ 41\ 00
```

The escape byte contributes to **content_size** but is excluded from array length calculations. It should be removed during packet parsing.

Data Types

Raw Data Types

Value	Type	Description
0x00	u8	Unsigned 8-bit integer
0x01	u16	Unsigned 16-bit integer
0x02	u32	Unsigned 32-bit integer
0x03	u64	Unsigned 64-bit integer
0x04	s8	Signed 8-bit integer
0x05	s16	Signed 16-bit integer
0x06	s32	Signed 32-bit integer
0x07	s64	Signed 64-bit integer
80x0	float	32-bit floating point number
0x09	double	64-bit floating point number
0x0A	bool	Boolean
0x0B	char	ASCII character

Categorical Data Types

Value	Type	Description
0x01	GPS	GPS coordinates
0x02	G-force	G-force measurement
0x03	Angle	Angle measurement
0x04	Time	GPS Time
0x05	Age	Time in ms since last gps fix
0x06	HDOP	Horizontal Dilution of Precision
0x07	Satellites	Number of satellites in view
80x0	GPS Fail %	Percentage of GPS cheksums failed
0x09	C02*	CO_2 concentration in ppb
A0x0	Temperature	Temperature in °C
0x0B	Pressure	Pressure in Pa
0x0C	\mathtt{Dust}^*	Dust concentration in idk what
0x0D	UV^*	UV radiation in idk what
0x0E	Packet	Packet number

^{*} These sensors may not be present on the final Cansat.

Checksums

The checksum nibble can take on the following values:

Value	Checksum Type
0x0	None
0x1	CRC-8
0x2	CRC-16-IBM
0x3	CRC-32-ISO-HDLC

CRC-8

The following fields are used for calculating the CRC-8 checksum:

Polynomial: 0x07Initial value: 0x00

Final XOR value: 0x00Reverse input: falseReverse output: false

CRC-16-IBM

The following fields are used for calculating the CRC-16-IBM checksum:

Polynomial: 0x8005
Initial value: 0x0000
Final XOR value: 0x0000
Reverse input: true
Reverse output: true

CRC-32-ISO-HDLC

The following fields are used for calculating the CRC-32-ISO-HDLC checksum:

Polynomial: 0x04C11DB7
Initial value: 0xFFFFFFFF
Final XOR value: 0xFFFFFFFF
Reverse input: true

• Reverse output: true

Examples

Single Value

Packet encoding a single unsigned 16-bit integer with value 4660:

```
47 41 49 41 21 01 02 00 34 12
```

Breakdown:

Array

Packet encoding GPS coordinates (latitude, longitude) as two 64-bit doubles:

```
47 41 49 41 11 19 11 00 8C 01 E2 36 9D B4 49 40 1B F1 90 7B 96 F4 15 40 6D
```

Breakdown:

Escaped Magic Number

GPS coordinates with a magic_number sequence in the content:

47 41 49 41 21 19 13 00 47 41 49 41 00 F8 B6 49 40 10 61 4A 8F 35 D4 15 40 82 E8

Breakdown: