

CLOUD COMPUTING

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Experiment No. 1:

TITLE: To Setup AWS Accounts and Launch Instances.

OBJECTIVES:

To set up an AWS (Amazon Web Services) account and launch a virtual server (EC2 instance) to host applications or services on demand, ensuring scalability, availability, and flexibility.

PROBLEM STATEMENT

With the rapid adoption of cloud computing, organizations and individuals require efficient, scalable, and cost-effective computing resources. Traditional on-premise infrastructure demands high upfront investment, complex maintenance, and limited scalability.

THEORY:

Cloud Computing is the on-demand delivery of computing services over the internet with pay-as-you-go pricing.

AWS (Amazon Web Services) is a leading cloud service provider offering Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Platform as a Service (PaaS), and Software as a Service (SaaS).

1. Key AWS Services Involved in this task:

- **AWS Management Console** – A web-based interface to manage AWS services.
- **Amazon EC2 (Elastic Compute Cloud)** – A service to launch virtual servers in the cloud.
- **Amazon Machine Image (AMI)** – Pre-configured templates for instances.
- **Key Pair** – A security mechanism for secure login (SSH/RDP) to the instance.
- **Security Groups** – Virtual firewalls controlling inbound and outbound traffic.

2. Advantages of AWS for launching instances:

- Scalability on demand.
- Global data center availability.
- Cost efficiency with pay-as-you-use.
- Easy integration with other AWS services.

PROCEDURE:

A. Setting up AWS Account

1. Visit the AWS official website: <https://aws.amazon.com>
2. Click on Create an AWS Account.
3. Fill in email, password, and account name.
4. Enter contact information (Personal or Professional).
5. Provide payment details (credit/debit card).
6. Complete identity verification using OTP.
7. Select a support plan (choose *Basic* for free tier).
8. Sign in to the AWS Management Console.

B. Launching an EC2 Instance

1. In the AWS Management Console, search for EC2 service.
2. Click Launch Instance.
3. Enter Name for your instance.
4. Choose an Amazon Machine Image (AMI) (e.g., Amazon Linux 2, Ubuntu).
5. Select Instance Type (e.g., t2.micro for free tier).
6. Configure Key Pair for secure access.
7. Set Security Group rules (allow SSH for Linux or RDP for Windows).

8. Review all settings and click Launch Instance.
9. Wait until the instance status checks pass.

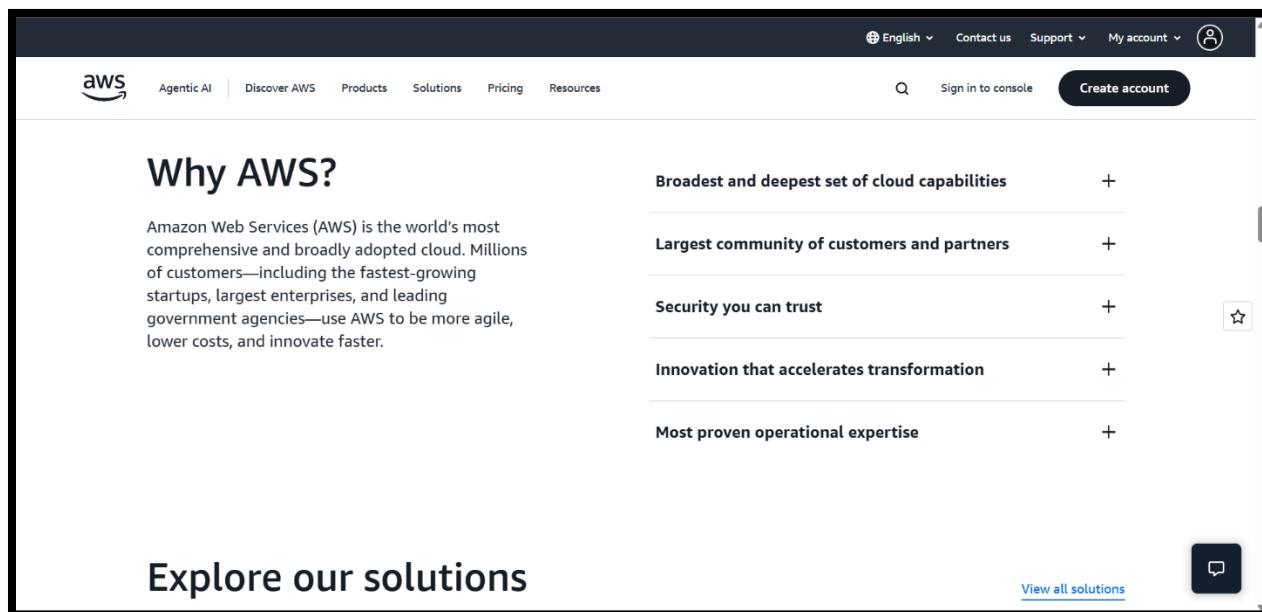
C. Connecting to the Instance

- For Linux Instance: Use SSH client or browser-based terminal.
- For Windows Instance: Download RDP file and login with Administrator password.

FLOWCHART:

SCREENSHOTS:

A. Setting up AWS Account



aws

Sign In

Access your AWS account by user type.

User type ([not sure?](#))

Root user
Account owner that performs tasks requiring unrestricted access.

IAM user
User within an account that performs daily tasks.

Email address

Next

OR

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aws

Root user sign in [?](#)

Enter the password for [prajwal.y.kadam369@gmail.com](#) ([not you?](#))

Password

Show password [Forgot password?](#)

Sign in

[Sign in to a different account](#)

[Create a new AWS account](#)

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The screenshot shows the AWS Console Home page. At the top right, it displays the account ID: 1789-4899-7931 and the region: Europe (Stockholm). The main content area features a "Recently visited" sidebar with links to EC2 and EC2 Global View. To the right, there's a "Applications" section with a "Create application" button and a search bar. Below these are sections for "AWS Health" and "Cost and usage". A "Welcome to AWS" sidebar on the left includes links for Getting started with AWS.

B. Launching an EC2 Instance

The screenshot shows the EC2 Service search results page. The search bar at the top contains the text "EC2 Service". The main content area is divided into two sections: "Services" and "Features". Under "Services", there are cards for Elastic Container Service, EC2 (Virtual Servers in the Cloud), and EC2 Image Builder. Under "Features", there are cards for Export snapshots to EC2, State Manager, and Target groups. At the bottom, there's a question "Were these results helpful?" with "Yes" and "No" buttons.

The screenshot shows the AWS Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2) landing page. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with sections like Dashboard, EC2 Global View, Events, Instances, Images, and Elastic Block Store. The main content area features a large title "Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2)" and a subtitle "Create, manage, and monitor virtual servers in the cloud." Below this is a brief description of EC2's capabilities and a "Launch a virtual server" section with a "Launch instance" button and a "View dashboard" link.

The screenshot shows the "Launch an instance" wizard. The first step, "Name and tags", is displayed. It includes a "Name" input field with the placeholder "e.g. My Web Server" and a "Add additional tags" link. Below this is a section titled "Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image)".

Name and tags Info

Name
e.g. My Web Server

Add additional tags

Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image) Info

An AMI contains the operating system, application server, and applications for your instance. If you don't see a suitable AMI below, use the search field or choose **Browse more AMIs**.

Search our full catalog including 1000s of application and OS images

Recents Quick Start

Amazon Linux	macOS	Ubuntu	Windows	Red Hat	SUSE Linux	Debian
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> Search

Browse more AMIs

Including AMIs from AWS, Marketplace and the Community

EC2 > Instances > Launch an instance

Amazon Machine Image (AMI)

Ubuntu Server 24.04 LTS (HVM), SSD Volume Type
ami-042b4708b1d05f512 (64-bit (x86)) / ami-0969826571f0530f7 (64-bit (Arm))
Virtualization: hvm ENA enabled: true Root device type: ebs

Free tier eligible ▾

Description

Ubuntu Server 24.04 LTS (HVM), EBS General Purpose (SSD) Volume Type. Support available from Canonical (<http://www.ubuntu.com/cloud/services>).

Canonical, Ubuntu, 24.04, amd64 noble image

Architecture	AMI ID	Publish Date	Username
64-bit (x86) ▾	ami-042b4708b1d05f512	2025-06-10	ubuntu

Verified provider

▼ Instance type [Info](#) | [Get advice](#)

Instance type

t3.micro

Family: t3 2 vCPU 1 GiB Memory Current generation: true
Free tier eligible
On-Demand Ubuntu Pro base pricing: 0.0143 USD per Hour
On-Demand RHEL base pricing: 0.0396 USD per Hour On-Demand SUSE base pricing: 0.0108 USD per Hour
On-Demand Linux base pricing: 0.0108 USD per Hour On-Demand Windows base pricing: 0.02 USD per Hour

All generations Compare instance types

Additional costs apply for AMIs with pre-installed software

▼ Key pair (login) [Info](#)

You can use a key pair to securely connect to your instance. Ensure that you have access to the selected key pair before you launch the instance.

Key pair name - required

MySecondInstanceKey

Create new key pair

Create key pair

Key pair name
Key pairs allow you to connect to your instance securely.

The name can include up to 255 ASCII characters. It can't include leading or trailing spaces.

Key pair type

- RSA
RSA encrypted private and public key pair
- ED25519
ED25519 encrypted private and public key pair

Private key file format

- .pem
For use with OpenSSH
- .ppk
For use with PuTTY

⚠️ When prompted, store the private key in a secure and accessible location on your computer. You will need it later to connect to your instance. [Learn more](#) 

Cancel
Create key pair

▼ Network settings Info

Network | [Info](#)
vpc-0ab14c5364e489442

Subnet | [Info](#)
No preference (Default subnet in any availability zone)

Auto-assign public IP | [Info](#)
Enable

Firewall (security groups) | [Info](#)
A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance.

Create security group Select existing security group

We'll create a new security group called 'launch-wizard-2' with the following rules:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow SSH traffic from Helps you connect to your instance	Anywhere 0.0.0.0/0
<input type="checkbox"/> Allow HTTPS traffic from the internet To set up an endpoint, for example when creating a web server	
<input type="checkbox"/> Allow HTTP traffic from the internet To set up an endpoint, for example when creating a web server	

⚠️ Rules with source of 0.0.0.0/0 allow all IP addresses to access your instance. We recommend setting security group rules to allow access from known IP addresses only.

The screenshot shows the 'Launch an instance' wizard in the AWS EC2 console. The 'Configure storage' section is open, showing a root volume of 8 GiB (gp3) and a note that it's a 3000 IOPS, Not encrypted volume. There is an 'Add new volume' button. A warning message at the top states: 'Rules with source of 0.0.0.0/0 allow all IP addresses to access your instance. We recommend setting security group rules to allow access from known IP addresses only.' On the right, a summary panel shows: 1 instance, Software Image (AMI) Canonical, Ubuntu, 24.04, amd6..read more ami-042b4708b1d05f512, Virtual server type (instance type) t3.micro, Firewall (security group) New security group, Storage (volumes) 1 volume(s) - 8 GiB. Buttons for 'Cancel', 'Launch instance', and 'Preview code' are visible.

The screenshot shows the 'Instance summary' page for the instance i-0f60f5467619de5da (MyFirstServer). The instance was updated less than a minute ago. Key details include:

Category	Value
Instance ID	i-0f60f5467619de5da
IPv6 address	-
Hostname type	IP name: ip-172-31-36-82.eu-north-1.compute.internal
Answer private resource DNS name	IPv4 (A)
Auto-assigned IP address	-
IAM Role	-
IMDSv2	Required
Public IPv4 address	-
Instance state	Stopped
Private IP DNS name (IPv4 only)	ip-172-31-36-82.eu-north-1.compute.internal
Instance type	t3.micro
VPC ID	vpc-0ab14c5364e489442
Subnet ID	subnet-0f59c489fa9146fd8
Instance ARN	arn:aws:ec2:eu-north-1:178948997931:instance/i-0f60f5467619de5da
Private IPv4 addresses	172.31.36.82
Public DNS	-
Elastic IP addresses	-
AWS Compute Optimizer finding	Opt-in to AWS Compute Optimizer for recommendation
Auto Scaling Group name	-
Managed	false

Details	Status and alarms	Monitoring	Security	Networking	Storage	Tags
▼ Instance details Info						
AMI ID ami-042b4708b1d05f512	Monitoring disabled	Platform details Linux/UNIX				
AMI name ubuntu/images/hvm-ssd-gp3/ubuntu-noble-24.04-amd64-server-20250610	Allowed image -	Termination protection Disabled				
Stop protection Disabled	Launch time Mon Jul 21 2025 10:21:00 GMT+0530 (India Standard Time) (21 days)	AMI location amazon/ubuntu/images/hvm-ssd-gp3/ubuntu-noble-24.04-amd64-server-20250610				
Instance reboot migration Default (On)	Instance auto-recovery Default	Lifecycle normal				
Stop-hibernate behavior Disabled	AMI Launch index 0	Key pair assigned at launch MY_FIRST_KEY				
State transition reason User initiated (2025-07-21 07:17:06 GMT)	Credit specification unlimited	Kernel ID -				
State transition message Client.UserInitiatedShutdown: User initiated shutdown	Usage operation RunInstances	RAM disk ID -				
Owner 178948997931	Enclaves Support Disabled	Boot mode uefi-preferred				

[Alt+S]			 Account ID: 1789-4899-7931
67619de5da			
Owner 178948997931	Enclaves Support Disabled	Boot mode uefi-preferred	
Current instance boot mode uefi	Allow tags in instance metadata Disabled	Use RBN as guest OS hostname Disabled	
Answer RBN DNS hostname IPv4 Enabled			
▼ Host and placement group Info			
Host ID -	Affinity -	Placement group -	
Host resource group name -	Tenancy default	Placement group ID -	
Virtualization type hvm	Reservation r-0a3945280d83e11eb	Partition number -	
Number of vCPUs 2			
▼ Capacity reservation Info			
Capacity Reservation ID -	Capacity Reservation setting open		

CONCLUSION:

By following the above procedure, we successfully created an AWS account and launched an EC2 instance. This process demonstrates the ease and flexibility of deploying virtual servers using AWS, reducing the need for physical infrastructure. It also shows how cloud computing enables instant scalability, global access, and cost savings for individuals and businesses.