```
# Name:Atharva Kangralkar
# Roll no : 54
# CS - AIML - A
# Colab link:- https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1AR_JgPSIOc_-HN9vlyI6153KcMOCtOKR?usp=sharing
# Lab Assignment 8
# import the necessary libraries for data analysis and visualization.
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load Dataset into df object.
# (Use pd.read_csv )
df = pd.read_csv('Titanic-Dataset.csv')
# Prints information about the Data Frame.
df.info()
<<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890
     Data columns (total 12 columns):
     # Column
                      Non-Null Count Dtype
                      -----
         PassengerId 891 non-null
                                     int64
         Survived
                      891 non-null
                                     int64
     2
         Pclass
                      891 non-null
                                     int64
     3
         Name
                      891 non-null
                                     object
     4
         Sex
                      891 non-null
                                     object
      5
                      714 non-null
                                     float64
         Age
                      891 non-null
                                     int64
         SibSp
     7
         Parch
                      891 non-null
                                     int64
     8
         Ticket
                      891 non-null
                                     object
     9
         Fare
                      891 non-null
                                     float64
                      204 non-null
      10 Cabin
                                     object
                      889 non-null
     11 Embarked
                                     object
     dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(5)
     memory usage: 83.7+ KB
```

Displaying the first few rows of the Data Frame df.
df.head()

→		PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked	
	0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S	11.
	1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С	
	2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S	
	3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123	S	
	4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.0500	NaN	S	

Next steps: Generate code with df View recommended plots New interactive sheet

Displaying the last few rows of the Data Frame df.
df.tail()

_														
_ →		PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked	\blacksquare
	886	887	0	2	Montvila, Rev. Juozas	male	27.0	0	0	211536	13.00	NaN	S	ıl.
	887	888	1	1	Graham, Miss. Margaret Edith	female	19.0	0	0	112053	30.00	B42	S	
	888	889	0	3	Johnston, Miss. Catherine Helen "Carrie"	female	NaN	1	2	W./C. 6607	23.45	NaN	S	
	889	890	1	1	Behr, Mr. Karl Howell	male	26.0	0	0	111369	30.00	C148	С	
	890	891	0	3	Dooley, Mr. Patrick	male	32.0	0	0	370376	7.75	NaN	Q	
	•													

Calculating the sum of missing values in each column of the Data Frame df.
df.isna().sum()



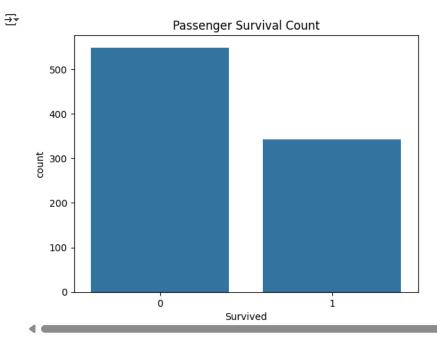
dtype: int64

[#] Generating descriptive statistics summary for the Data Frame df. df.describe()

→

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	714.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000
mean	446.000000	0.383838	2.308642	29.699118	0.523008	0.381594	32.204208
std	257.353842	0.486592	0.836071	14.526497	1.102743	0.806057	49.693429
min	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.420000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	223.500000	0.000000	2.000000	20.125000	0.000000	0.000000	7.910400
50%	446.000000	0.000000	3.000000	28.000000	0.000000	0.000000	14.454200
75%	668.500000	1.000000	3.000000	38.000000	1.000000	0.000000	31.000000
max	891.000000	1.000000	3.000000	80.000000	8.000000	6.000000	512.329200

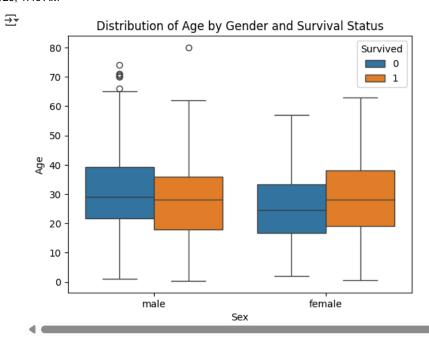
```
# Countplot to visualize the count of passengers who survived or not.
# (Use sns.countplot)
sns.countplot(x='Survived', data=df)
plt.title('Passenger Survival Count')
plt.show()
```



```
# Visualize the linear relationship between age and fare, with gender as a hue.
# (Use sns.lmplot)
sns.lmplot(x='Age', y='Fare', hue='Sex', data=df)
plt.title('Linear Relationship between Age and Fare with Gender')
plt.show()
```

```
₹
          Linear Relationship between Age and Fare with Gender
         500
         400
         300
                                                                        Sex
      Fare
                                                                         male
                                                                         female
         200
         100
                                       40
                                             50
                                                         70
                                                               80
                     10
                           20
                                      Age
# sns.load_dataset("/content/Titanic-Dataset.csv")
     ValueError
                                               Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-10-b8ca54dfee76> in <cell line: 0>()
     ---> 1 sns.load_dataset("/content/Titanic-Dataset.csv")
     /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/seaborn/utils.py in load_dataset(name, cache, data_home, **kws)
         571
                     if not os.path.exists(cache_path):
         572
                         if name not in get dataset names():
     --> 573
                             raise ValueError(f"'{name}' is not one of the example datasets.")
         574
                         urlretrieve(url, cache_path)
         575
                     full_path = cache_path
     ValueError: '/content/Titanic-Dataset.csv' is not one of the example datasets.
 Next steps:
            Explain error
# Plotting box plot for distribution of age with respect to each gender and survival status.
# (Use sns.boxplot )
sns.boxplot(x='Sex', y='Age', hue='Survived', data=df)
plt.title('Distribution of Age by Gender and Survival Status')
plt.show()
```

plt.show()



```
# (Use sns.distplot )
sns.distplot(df[df['Sex'] == 'male']['Age'], kde=True, hist=False, label='Male')
sns.distplot(df[df['Sex'] == 'female']['Age'], kde=True, hist=False, label='Female')
plt.title('Distribution of Passenger Ages by Gender')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Density')
plt.legend()
```

Visualize the distribution of passenger ages by gender.

```
<ipython-input-12-3346a3b9111e>:5: UserWarning:
```

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `kdeplot` (an axes-level function for kernel density plots).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751

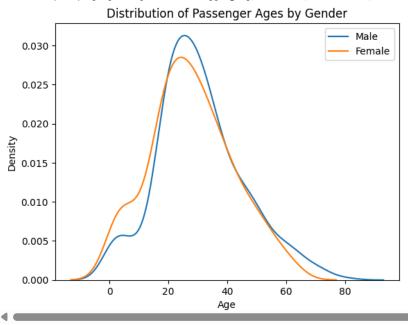
```
sns.distplot(df[df['Sex'] == 'male']['Age'], kde=True, hist=False, label='Male')
<ipython-input-12-3346a3b9111e>:6: UserWarning:
```

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `kdeplot` (an axes-level function for kernel density plots).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751

sns.distplot(df[df['Sex'] == 'female']['Age'], kde=True, hist=False, label='Female')



```
# Visualize the distribution of passenger ages by gender with histogram.
# ( Use sns.distplot ,hist=True)
sns.distplot(df[df['Sex'] == 'male']['Age'], kde=True, hist=True, label='Male', bins=30)
sns.distplot(df[df['Sex'] == 'female']['Age'], kde=True, hist=True, label='Female', bins=30
plt.title('Distribution of Passenger Ages by Gender')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Density')
plt.legend()
```

```
→
```

<ipython-input-14-aacafb94d6dd>:3: UserWarning:

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751

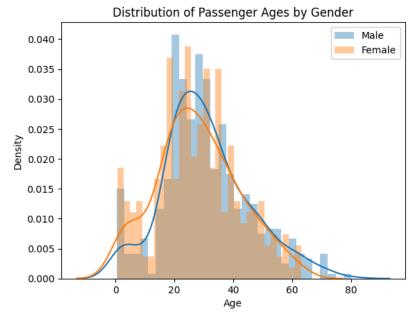
construction in the second control of t

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751

sns.distplot(df[df['Sex'] == 'female']['Age'], kde=True, hist=True, label='Female', bins=30)



- # according to the countplot, many people did not survive
- # The dataset showed that the majority of passengers were male (577 out of 891), indicating a gender imbalance in the passenger group
- # Most people were aged between 20 and 40 for both male and female