

Esercizio 1. Let $A \subseteq \mathcal{U}$, let \mathcal{D} be a definable set with finite orbit over A . Without using \mathcal{U}^{eq} prove that \mathcal{D} is union of classes of a finite equivalence relation definable over A .

L'esercizio può richiedere un po' di riflessione (e discussione). I seguenti due esercizi sono in alternativa.

Esercizio 2. Let $p(x) \subseteq L(A)$ and let $\varphi(x; y) \in L(A)$ be a formula that defines, when restricted to $p(\mathcal{U})$, an equivalence relation with finitely many classes. Prove that there is a finite equivalence relation definable over A that coincides with $\varphi(x; y)$ on $p(\mathcal{U})$.

Esercizio 3. Let T be strongly minimal and let $\varphi(x; y) \in L(A)$ with $|x| = |y| = 1$. For arbitrary $c \in \mathcal{U}$, prove that if the orbit of $\varphi(\mathcal{U}; c)$ over A is finite, then $\varphi(\mathcal{U}; c)$ is definable over $\text{acl}A$.