# LAPORAN PRAKTIKUM MANAJEMEN DATA DOCKER

Dosen Pengampu:

Isbat Uzzin Nadhori S.Kom., M.T



# **Disusun Oleh:**

Moreno Gibran Hardayan

(3324600038)

Sains Data Terapan B

# POLITEKNIK ELEKTRONIKA NEGERI SURABAYA DEPARTEMEN TEKNIK INFORMATIKA DAN KOMPUTER

PROGRAM STUDI SAINS DATA TERAPAN

#### PEMBAHASAN UAS 1. SOAL 1

Membuat script untuk melakukan pengecekan service ssh secara berkala dengan interval waktu tiap 10 detik dan memberikan notifikasi ke layar jika service ssh mati.

● Membuat file untuk diisi perintah morenogibran@mrngbrn:~\$ nano monssh.sh

Menambahkan isi

• Membuka akses agar perintah berjalan

```
morenogibran@mrngbrn:~$ chmod +x monssh.sh
morenogibran@mrngbrn:~$ ./monssh.sh_
```

#### **2. SOAL 2**

Membuat script backup direktori tertentu dan jalankan backup secara berkala setiap 15 detik dengan backup ke file 1 sd 10 dan kembali lagi menimpa file 1 jika sudah file 10 dijalankan selama 1 jam.

Membuat direktori data dan file contoh
morenogibran@mrngbrn: \*\*s mkdir -p \*\*/data
morenogibran@mrngbrn: \*\*s echo "file percobaan" > \*\*/data/file.txt

Membuat direktori backup
morenogibran@mrngbrn: \*\*s mkdir -p \*\*/backup

Membuat dan mengedit script backup
morenogibran@mrngbrn: \*\*s nano \*\*/backup/backup.sh

• Mengedit crontab untuk menjalankan script secara berkala script diperbaiki)

(setelah

```
Crnntah -e

GNU nano 7.2 /tmp/cron

# Edit this file to introduce tasks to be run by cron.

# Each task to run has to be defined through a single line
# indicating with different fields when the task will be run
# and what command to run for the task

# To define the time you can provide concrete values for
# minute (m), hour (h), day of month (dom), month (mon),
# and day of week (dow) or use '*' in these fields (for 'any').

# Notice that tasks will be started based on the cron's system
# daemon's notion of time and timezones.

# Output of the crontab jobs (including errors) is sent through
# email to the user the crontab file belongs to (unless redirected).

# For example, you can run a backup of all your user accounts
# at 5 a.m every week with:
# 0 5 * * 1 tar -zcf /var/backups/home.tgz /home/
# For more information see the manual pages of crontab(5) and cron(8)

# m h dom mon dow command
```

• Melihat entri crontab yang sudah diinstal

```
crontab: installing new crontab
> crontab -1
# Edit this file to introduce tasks to be run by cron.
#
# Each task to run has to be defined through a single line
# indicating with different fields when the task will be run
# and what command to run for the task
#
# To define the time you can provide concrete values for
# minute (m), hour (h), day of month (dom), month (mon),
# and day of week (dow) or use '*' in these fields (for 'any').
#
# Notice that tasks will be started based on the cron's system
# daemon's notion of time and timezones.
#
# Output of the crontab jobs (including errors) is sent through
# email to the user the crontab file belongs to (unless redirected).
#
# For example, you can run a backup of all your user accounts
# at 5 a.m every week with:
# 0 5 * * 1 tar -zcf /var/backups/home.tgz /home/
#
# For more information see the manual pages of crontab(5) and cron(8)
# m h dom mon dow command
```

#### **3. SOAL 3**

Membuat script awk dari suatu file, lalu menghitung rata-rata dan menampilkan nilai maksimum dari file tersebut.

Menuliskan sebuah data yang nantinya akan diinputkan ke file data.txt

```
morenogibran@mrngbrn:~$ nano data.txt

GNU nano 7.2

timestamp suhu kelembapan cahaya
2025-05-27T08:00 24.5 60 800
2025-05-27T08:15 25.0 62 850
2025-05-27T08:30 26.2 65 900
2025-05-27T08:45 27.1 67 950

—
```

• Membuat sebuah file untuk diisi perintah

morenogibran@mrngbrn:~\$ nano suhu\_maks.awk

• Menambahkan isi seperti di bawah dan disimpan

#### **4. SOAL 4**

Membuat perintah di linux untuk melihat isi file /etc/passwd, lalu melakukan filter yang memiliki directory home dan mengambil nama user nya, dan melakukan filtering lagi.

Melihat isi file /etc/passwd

morenogibran@mrngbrn:~\$ cat /etc/passwd

Memfilter baris yang mengandung /home

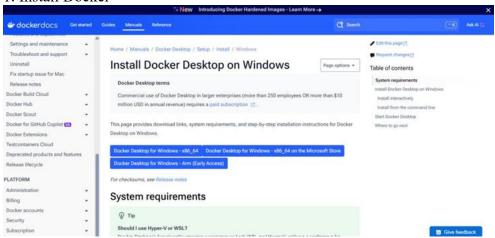
```
morenogibran@mrngbrn:~$ grep "/home/" /etc/passwd
morenogibran:x:1000:1000:moreno gibran:/home/morenogibran:/bin/bash
paul:x:1001:1004::/home/paul:/bin/bash
jane:x:1002:1005::/home/jane:/bin/bash
alice:x:1003:1003::/home/alice:/bin/bash
derek:x:1004:1009::/home/derek:/bin/bash
```

• Memfilter baris dan mengekstrak nama user dengan cut

```
morenogibran@mrngbrn:~$ grep "/home/" /etc/passwd | cut -d: -f1
morenogibran
paul
jane
alice
derek
```

#### INSTALASI DOCKER

1. Install Docker



#### 2. Install WSL di cmd

```
C:\Users\ACER>wsl --install
Downloading: Ubuntu
Installing: Ubuntu
Distribution successfully installed. It can be launched via 'wsl
.exe -d Ubuntu'
Launching Ubuntu...
Provisioning the new WSL instance Ubuntu
This might take a while...
Create a default Unix user account: moreno_ibran
New password:
Retype new password:
passwd: password updated successfully
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <comm
and>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.
moreno_ibran@DESKTOP-4RI6LOA:/mnt/c/Users/ACER$
```

#### 3. Menjalankan docker image ls

```
C:\Users\ACER>docker image ls
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
```

#### 4. Menjalankan docker images

```
C:\Users\ACER>docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
```

#### 5. Mengambil data postgres

```
C:\Users\ACER>docker pull postgres
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/postgres
61320b01ae5e: Pull complete
3db9b37be7c3: Pull complete
e9a82aed48d7: Pull complete
7c852ebdd63e: Pull complete 28708ff4e046: Pull complete
6ce13d85dabe: Pull complete
bd1fa28722bb: Pull complete
410cd7ec9a40: Pull complete
475b0e32b814: Pull complete
e7aba16d6a5e: Pull complete
89ba8b615fa9: Pull complete
82697a7976df: Pull complete
7elleb1421f3: Pull complete
2bb588ce4e67: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:6efd0df010dc3cb40d5e33e3ef84acecc5e73161bd3df0602
9ee8698e5e12c60
Status: Downloaded newer image for postgres:latest
docker.io/library/postgres:latest
```

#### 6. Mencoba images kembali

```
C:\Users\ACER>docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
postgres latest 7fb32a7ac3a9 2 weeks ago 438MB
```

#### 7. Cek version docker

```
C:\Users\ACER>docker --version
Docker version 28.1.1, build 4eba377
```

#### 8. Mengambil data mysql

```
C:\Users\ACER>docker pull mysql
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/mysql
9845df06f911: Pull complete
4bd1fb59dd90: Pull complete
d23320eed97a: Pull complete
7074f55c9a02: Pull complete
72ac912b8a2e: Pull complete
b097427f1ebe: Pull complete
b288ccce2510: Pull complete
7488ffd7127f: Pull complete
8a50ff4ab30c: Pull complete
5056ce4ab875: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:04768cb63395f56140b4e92cad7c8d9f48dfa181075316e95
5da75aadca8a7cd
Status: Downloaded newer image for mysql:latest
docker.io/library/mysql:latest
```

#### 9. Mengambil data dari ubuntu

C:\Users\ACER>docker pull ubuntu

Using default tag: latest

latest: Pulling from library/ubuntu

d9d352c11bbd: Pull complete

Digest: sha256:b59d21599a2b151e23eea5f6602f4af4d7d31c4e236d22bf0

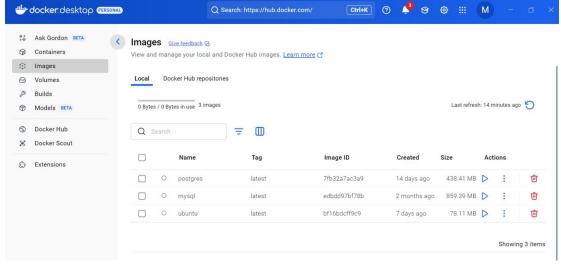
b62b86d2e386b8f

Status: Downloaded newer image for ubuntu:latest

docker.io/library/ubuntu:latest

#### 10. Cek kembali image

C:\Users\ACI	ER>docker	image ls		
REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
ubuntu	latest	bf16bdcff9c9	7 days ago	78.1MB
postgres	latest	7fb32a7ac3a9	2 weeks ago	438MB
mysql	latest	edbdd97bf78b	7 weeks ago	859MB



#### 11. Cek container docker

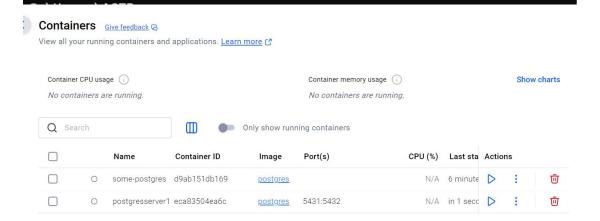
C:\Users\ACER>docker container ls
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS
NAMES

#### 12. Coba menjalankan dua container

C:\Users\ACER>docker run --name some-postgres -e POSTGRES\_PASSWO RD=123456 -d postgres 6ea025d3159e275c8c3276bbba8c6d7d92e58dd09f86695afac39c48db3d39aa

d9ab151db169063c83bb8d436d136768a54584f32b665375c897c058ae6a841c

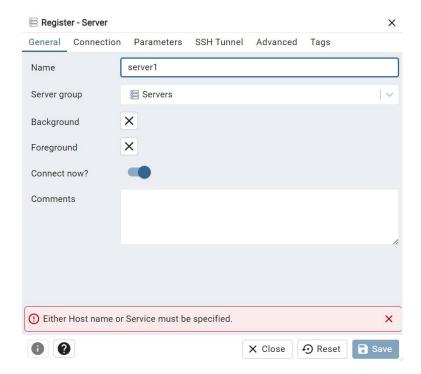
C:\Users\ACER>docker run --name postgresserver1 -p 5431:5432 -e POSTGRES\_PASSWORD=123456 -d postgres bc482bbed5d5d0acb170f89b24b dad7c02157c83c6556703aa9bb03b366d072f eca83504ea6cbf11e9a5360e4a571e5206a60bcdd3fba66e664e0cf2299533bf

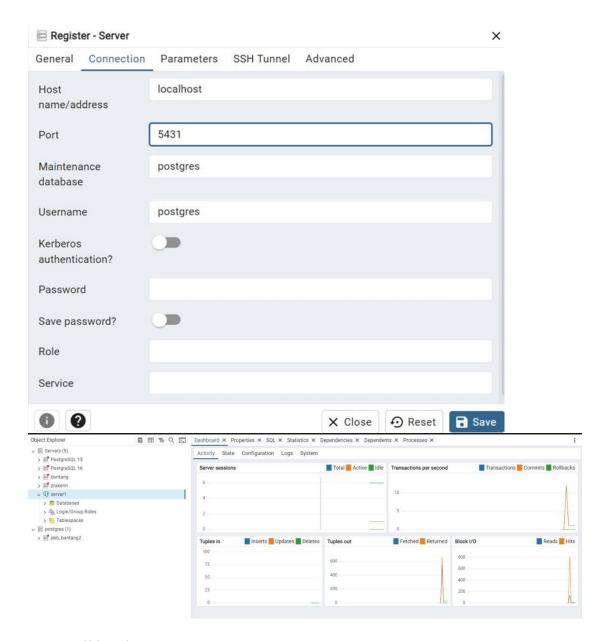


#### 13. Menjalankan ubuntu

```
C:\Users\ACER>docker run -it ubuntu
root@81b57b9aa449:/# ls
     dev home lib64 mnt
bin
                                            tmp
                            proc
                                  run
                                                 var
                                       srv
     etc lib
                media opt root
                                  sbin sys
                                            usr
root@81b57b9aa449:/# pwd
root@81b57b9aa449:/# cd
root@81b57b9aa449:~# pwd
/root
root@81b57b9aa449:~#
```

#### 14. Buat server di pgadmin





#### 15. Install httpd

```
C:\Users\ACER>docker pull httpd
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/httpd
61320b01ae5e: Already exists
be60498bea0a: Pull complete
4f4fb700ef54: Pull complete
8f86928406fd: Pull complete
162ef2c73af1: Pull complete
8dbbd44856ed: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:09cb4b94edaaa796522c545328b62e9a0db60315c7be9f2b4e02204919926405
Status: Downloaded newer image for httpd:latest
docker.io/library/httpd:latest
```

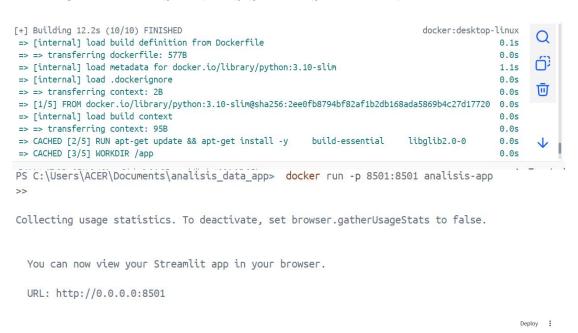
#### 16. Run httpd

C:\Users\ACER>docker run -d -p 80:80 --name my-apache httpd 8cdf61145d547e6a1f0596f18bd16d9acc56f9a21f0bac54e4bed52c0931

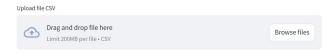
#### 17. Cek image kembali

R>docker	image ls		
TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
latest	bf16bdcff9c9	12 days ago	78.1MB
latest	7fb32a7ac3a9	2 weeks ago	438MB
latest	edbdd97bf78b	8 weeks ago	859MB
latest	958373fdd7e8	4 months ago	148MB
	TAG latest latest latest	latest bf16bdcff9c9 latest 7fb32a7ac3a9 latest edbdd97bf78b	TAG IMAGE ID CREATED latest bf16bdcff9c9 12 days ago latest 7fb32a7ac3a9 2 weeks ago latest edbdd97bf78b 8 weeks ago

#### MEMBUAT APLIKASI ANALISIS DATA SEDERHANA



# **Aplikasi Analisis Data Sederhana**



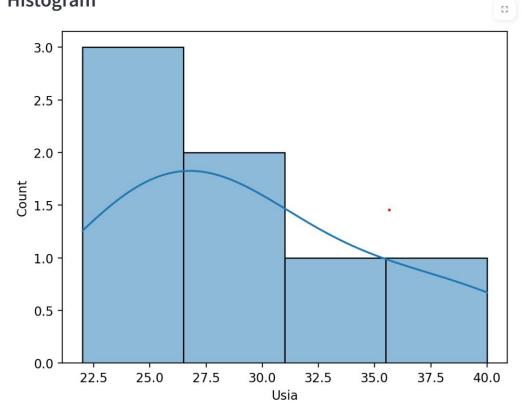
# **Data Preview**

	Nama	Usia	Penghasilan	Berlangganan
0	Andi	25	3500000	Ya
1	Budi	30	4200000	Tidak
2	Citra	28	5000000	Ya
3	Dina	22	3100000	Tidak
4	Eka	35	6000000	Ya

# Statistik Deskriptif 🖘

	Usia	Penghasilan
count	7	7
mean	29.4286	4585714.2857
std	6.2144	1482597.4633
min	22	3100000
25%	25.5	3400000
50%	28	4200000
	20.5	

# Histogram



### LINK VIDIO DEMO:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/11beGks5J6FatAShXqcUVSymyrTYkAO0Q/view?us p=sharing