NODE-BASED IMPLEMENTATION OF A STACK.

```
# NODE . PY
CLASS NODE :
    DEF -- INIT -- (SELF, DATA):
         SELF. DATA = DATA
         SELF. NEXT = NONE
    DEF SET DATA (SELF, DATA):
          SELF. DATA = DATA
    DEF SETNEXT (SELF, NEXT):
          SELF. NEXT = NEXT
    DEF GET DATA (SELF):
          RETURN (SELF. DATA)
    DEF GET NEXT (SELF):
          RETURN (SELF. NEXT)
```

```
# MAIN. PY

DEF MAIN():

FIRST = NODE(' ')

SECOND = NODE(' ')
```

MAIN()

MAIN()

PROCESS STACK

CALL L'EUNCTION NAME > ORGANIZED BY STACKS
START L PROCESS NAME > ORGANIZED BY QUEUES

PROLESS AT THE FRONT OF THE QUEUE

HAS A FUNCTION AT THE TOP OF ITS CALL STACK

PROGRAMS WILL GET IN A QUEUE & WAIT TO HAVE THEIR TIME IN THE PROCESSOR

WHILE A PROGRAM IS USING THE CPU IT CALLS A FUNCTION AND ADD THAT FUNCTION TO IT'S CALL STACK.

QUEUES CONTAIN STACKS, STACKS CONTAIN NODES

PROGRAM 1

PROGRAM 2

PROGRAM 3

FUNCTION 1

FUNCTION 2

FUNCTION 3

FUNCTION 3

FUNCTION 3

I QUEUE CONTAIN STACKS EACH STACK HAS A NAME (i.e. iTUNES, FIREFOX)

ONE QUEUE ORGANIZES 3 STACKS

STACKS ARE PROGRAMS / PROCESS NAMES

STACK 1 IS NAMED ITUNES

STACK 2 IS NAMED FIREFOX

STACK 3 IS NAMED PUTTY

EACH STACK CONTAINS NODES

NOPES CONTAIN LEUNCTION NAMES?

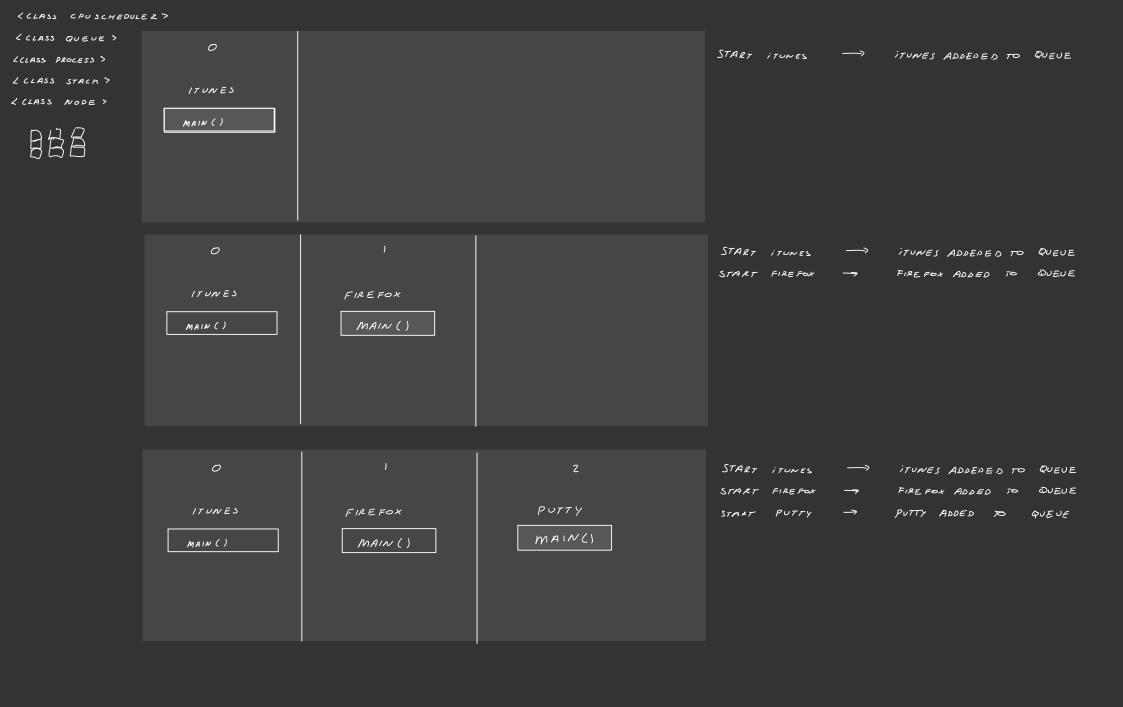
STACK I ITUNES CONTAINS NODES WITH FUNCTION NAMES

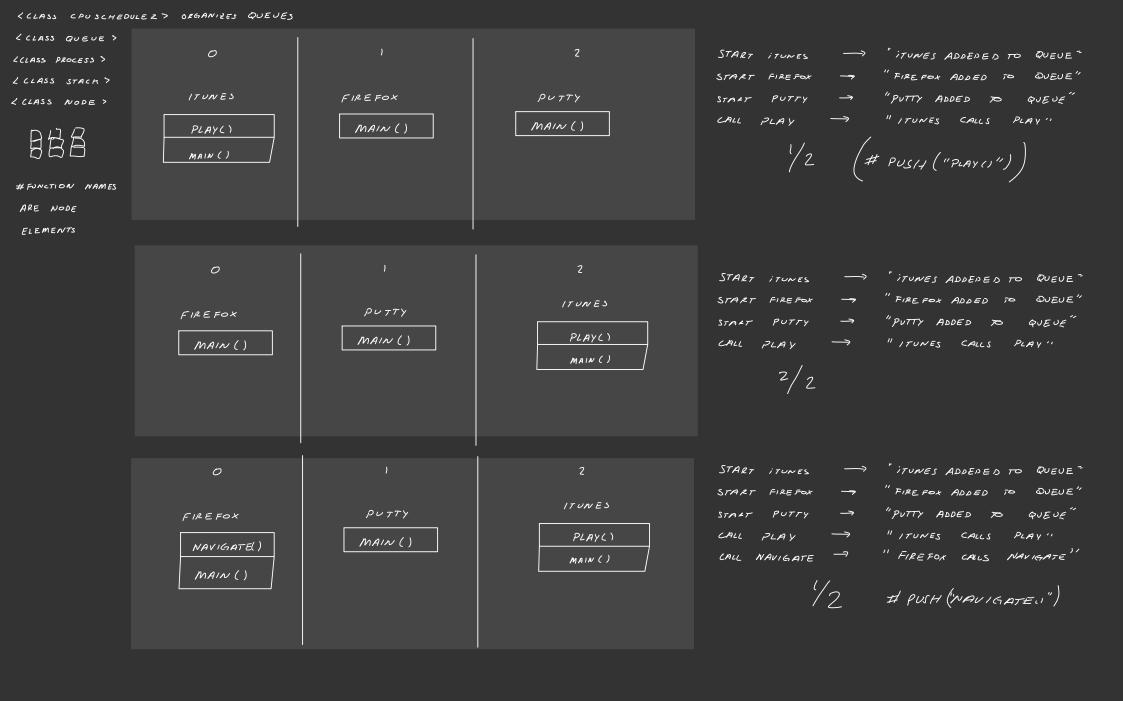
STACK I ITUNES CONTAINS MAIN() (WITH ONLY ONE NODE)

WHEN CALL COMMAND IS USED THE PROGRAM AT THE

FRONT OF THE QUEUE ADDS A FUNCTION TO THE

TOP OF THE STACK & MOVES THAT PROGRAM TO THE BACK OF THE QUEUE







START ITUNES - ITUNES ADDED TO QUEUE"

START FIREFOX - "FIRE FOX ADDED TO QUEUE"

START PUTTY - "PUTTY ADDED TO QUEUE"

CALL PLAY - "ITUNES CALLS PLAY"

LETURN - "FIREFOX CALS NAVIGATE"

LETURN - "PUTTY RETURNS FROM MAIN"

"PUTTY PROCESS HAS ENDED"

