

DOM Tree Properties

- DOM nodes contain a wealth of links to other nearby nodes.
- Every node has a `parentNode` property that points to the node it is part of, if any.
- Likewise, every element node (node type 1) has a `childNodes` property that points to an array-like object holding its children.
- `firstChild` and `lastChild` properties point to the first and last child elements or have the value null for nodes without children.
- `previousSibling` and `nextSibling` point to adjacent nodes, which are nodes with the same parent that appear immediately before or after the node itself.
- For a first child, `previousSibling` will be null, and for a last child, `nextSibling` will be null.
- The `children` property is like `childNodes` but contains only element (type 1) children, not other types of child nodes.
- This can be useful when you aren't interested in text nodes.

