Embedded Systems 02131

R-peak detection! 2013

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Abstract

The task of this assignment was to develop an Electro-Cardiogram (ECG) scanner using the Pan-Thomkins QRS-Detection Algorithm, and then implement this algorithm in the language C. Using this algorithm, a program has been created that can determine a persons heartbeat and give warnings when either the intensity or the heartrate falls below a certain threshold. The program has initially been based on sample data gathered from an ECG scanner and read from a file. However, care has been taken in making it easy to replace the data source at a later point. All algorithms provided by the assignment were implemented successfully although certain issues persisted.

Indhold

1	Intr	roduction	1	
	1.1	Requirements	1	
2	Theory			
	2.1	Problem 1: Data acquisition	2	
	2.2	Problem 2: Implementation of Filters	2	
	2.3	Problem 3: Implementation of R-peak detection	3	
	2.4	Problem 4: Relevant data	3	
	2.5	Problem 5: Critical parts	3	
3	Des	ign	4	
4	Imp	lementation	5	
	4.1	Core structure	5	
	4.2	Real-time data acquisition	6	
	4.3	Implementation of Filters	6	
	4.4	Implementation of RPeakDetection	7	
	4.5	Relevant data	7	
	4.6	Critical parts	7	
5	Res	m ults	8	
	5.1	Test results of filters	9	
6	Discussion			
	6.1	Improvements	10	
7	Con	aclusion	11	
A	Who wrote what		13	
В	Output of the RPeakDetection 1			
\mathbf{C}	Sourcecode - introductionary exercises			
	C.1	ReadFromFile	20	
	C.2	HelloWorld	21	

D Sourcecode - the real program	21
D.1 Buffer	21
D.2 Filters	22
D.3 RPeakDetection	25
D.4 Sensor	34
D.5 Header files	35
D.5.1 sensor.h	35
D.5.2 buffer.h	35
D.6 Tests	36

1 Introduction

This report will investigate the Pan-Thomas QRS detection algorithm, more specificly, if it is possible to implement this algorithm into the company Medembed's next product, which is a wearable ElectroCardioGram (from now on simply called ECG) scanner.

The algorithm will be implemented in the programming language C, and this report will discuss the following topics: Data acquisition, implementing filters, implementing the peak-detection algorithm, outputting the data to the user and finally, an analysis of the algorithm in terms of power consumption, speed (clock cycles per second) and code size.

For the purpose of this report, we will only implement the C program, and will simulate the data acquisition in real time through data files. Furthermore, the program will be run on an all-purpose processor, whereas in the final product of Medembed, a dedicated processor with limited resources will be used.

1.1 Requirements

Below follows a list of functional and non-functional requirements:

Functional requirements for the application:

- Data acquisition in simulated real-time
- Implementation of the 5 filters
- Implementation of the R-peak detection
- Output of relevant data to the user, based on the algorithm
- An analysis of our implementation as well as the critical parts, runtime and memory requirements.

Non-functional requirements for the application:

• The programming language used for this is C

2 Theory

In order to initiate the structure- and design-process of the program, a number of questions needed to be answered first:

- 1. How should the real-time data acquisition be simulated?
- 2. How should the filters be integrated?
- 3. How should the R-peak detection be integrated?
- 4. Which data would be relevant for the user, and how should it be shown?
- 5. How do you determine the critical parts?

2.1 Problem 1: Data acquisition

As specified in the introduction, the dataset used was only sample data and not current readings. To ensure that the program would work on live data as well as samples, a method for reading single datapoints sequentially was implemented, thus simulating real data acquisition. Loading single datapoints while needing to handle both the current data as well is the biggest challenge when it comes to data acquisition.

2.2 Problem 2: Implementation of Filters

To use the QRS-algorithm to it's full extent, the raw data should go through a list of 5 filters, cleaning up the data, amplifying peaks and removing unwanted noise. 4 of these filters use multiple datapoints simultaneously, both current and previous samples, while lowpass and highpass use previous samples from their own filtered output. To allow for easy access to the saved datapoints at different given points in time, the readData buffer method was extended to include a time offset input value. This would work as an index for the data array, though combined with the built-in counter, would amount to a number of steps back in time. ReadData(buffer, 0) would read latest pushed data from 'buffer' and readData(buffer, 3) would read the data stored 3 loops earlier. Furthermore, passing pointers of buffer structs to the buffer-methods allowed to change the provided buffers inplace

Having extended the method successfully while simply returning 0-values when requesting data before 1st loop, implementing the filters was a matter of writing the equations from the assignment and requesting the appropriate datapoints directly. Allowing lowpass and highpass to read from their own output was then

elementary. Passing a pointer of the input- and another of the output-buffer would give each filter access to read/write on both

2.3 Problem 3: Implementation of R-peak detection

Once all the filters had been implemented, the actual QRS-algorithm was the next step. The QRS-algorithm would be the one to determines what consitutes a heart-beat, and how to analyse it. Furthermore, it would serve to determine how R-peaks are identified, and after each peak, it will update certain variables to ensure the heartbeats are tracked correctly. These variables will be the ones determining when a heartbeat is certain than a threshold, and if it is, this peak is referred to as an R-peak. Once an R-peak has been determined, data is updated further to classify the next peaks as either heartbeats or noise. This algorithm, however, introduces three challenges - how to determine whether the patient simply has irregular and/or weak heartbeaks or whether the patient is having a heart attack; and how to ensure that every heartbeat is detected correctly. The final challenge was that the algorithm requires that all peaks are stored, and as there is no knowing how many peaks will be found, a list of flexible length was needed.

2.4 Problem 4: Relevant data

The requirement states that the program must show at the very least the value of the latest R-peak that was detected, and also, it must show when this R-peak happened, plus the patients pulse. Furthermore, the patient must be given a warning of the R-peaks value is less than 2000 (as this is a sign of an impending heart attack) and finally, if 5 successive RR-intervals has missed the RR- LOW and HIGH values, these must be shown. However, how these data are to be shown has not been defined, and therefore must be specified.

There are several ways to show these data, of which the simplest is to make a text-based screen with the information necessary, and keep this screen updated in real-time, showing the data as we calculate them. Alternatively, the data can be plotted and shown in a graph, or one could combine these two, giving both a graph that keeps getting updated in real-time, as well as text-based information.

2.5 Problem 5: Critical parts

The final issue that was to be clarified is the critical parts of the program. Here, there are three points to discuss, memory requirement, time consumption and power consumption.

Memory requirement is important as the bigger the program is, that is, the more memory it requires, the more physical memory must be implemented into the final device, and therefore, the device will become larger and more cumbersome to wear. Furthermore, more memory also means that the device becomes more power-consuming.

Time consumption is important as the device must be able to read at least 250 data points a second, and if the functions are very time consuming, a stronger processor is needed that requires more power. Furthermore, it is also important that the processor used does not process the data too fast, either, as this will mean that the processor will idle and use power for nothing, meaning a smaller processor can be used that requires less power.

Power consumption is important as it determines how often the user must either recharge the battery or be issued a new battery.

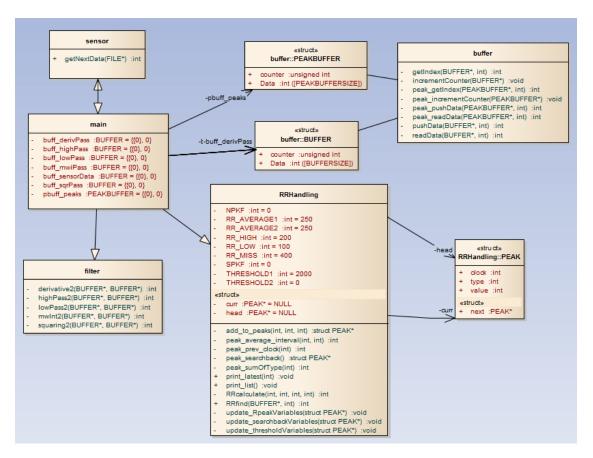
3 Design

When designing the program, it was quickly decided that multiple files should be used for easier readability. Each file would consist of functions concerning a single topic, ie: the filter.c would contain filters-related methods only. The files used are: filter.c, buffer.c, main.c, RRhandling.c and sensor.c.

Furthermore, it was decided that the data from each filter, as well as the raw data, would each be stored for a set amount of time. An amount of 33 samples was choosen given that no filters request values older than 32 readings before current. Allocating more memory would therefore be a waste and having less samples stored, would break the algorithm.

To handle the actual data a buffer was created. The mainloop would then run through the data-set, scanning in a point and passing it to the buffer. The buffer would then handle storing and retrieving data through a struct type and 4 dedicated buffer-methods. This array would then be passed on to the filters which would sample individual datapoints, apply the appropriate math and update the buffer-values accordingly.

For a more direct look at how the program is designed, a class diagram has been created, as can be seen on figure 1. This diagram also shows what function is placed where, as well as how each class is related to eachother.



Figur 1: The above diagram shows how each of the classes are related to each other

4 Implementation

4.1 Core structure

To support the overall functionality and readability of the program, a core structure needed to be created. First, the data flow should be handled - data coming from the sensor should be stored for later processing. Storing such data could be handled in many ways but it was decided to construct a type of buffer which would allow for easy pushing and pulling data, while only keeping a certain amount of history. The buffer will also keep track of where in the array the data is, and should it exceed the size of the array, it will return to the first place in the array (indexed to 0) and overwrite the data there. In order to get around returning huge lists of data between functions, the buffer would instead update the input variables in-place through pointers.

The last bit of the core was to set up a list for containing validated R-Peaks. Given that all R-peaks should be saved, the list would be of an arbitrary length. While the C-language is very poor at handling arrays with ill-defined length, a linked list was used instead. The linked list works by defining a Struct type which contains a variable pointer to another struct of the same type. Adding each R-peak as a new

struct instance while assigning it a pointer to the previous r-peak struct, would allow for a so-called linked list of arbitrary length.

4.2 Real-time data acquisition

As described, the program must acquire the data and calculate in real-time. To ensure this simulation, the program loads one data point, then passes it and the corresponding array to the one filter at a time before it finally passes it to the peak detection and subsequently, to the R-peak detection. Once all these calculations have been done, it loads in a new data point and restarts through a while loop. This while-loop will run through the entire data-set, and will not stop before it reaches the end of the file (in the finished product, it will of course run until the battery runs dry).

Furthermore, it was found that in order to always keep a list of previous samples while maintaining easy access to their relation to the current data, structs and methods could be used to create a buffer - more specificly, this buffer was implemented using a struct containing an integer array as well as a counter. Using a list of simple method-functions to handle pushing of data as well as reading, a simple circular First In First Out (FIFO)-list was created.

Therefore, the combination of the while-loop that runs forever, and the continual loading and subsequent calculations through the buffer solves the challenge of real-time data acquisition.

4.3 Implementation of Filters

The first implementation of the filters were simply done with strict if/else sentences. However, this was changed to using an adaptive index that, should it reach negative values, moves to the end of the array instead. This way, the program should never encounter data under- or overflow, and thereby, the first of the challenges were solved.

The second challenge, to ensure the correct transfer of data from one filter to another, was solved by using two arrays, one for the raw data and one for the filtered data. Each array is then passed to the next part of the program, ensuring all filters have both raw and processed data to be operated on, as 4 of them requires.

Therefore, the use of two arrays and an adaptive index solves the challenge of the implementation of the filters.

4.4 Implementation of RPeakDetection

When implementing the RPeakDetection, the filtered data was run through a simple local-maxima detection and saved in a new list. As noted in Problem 3 - Implementation of RPeakDetection, this list needed to be of flexible length, and looking at the different options for implementing such a list, the decision fell on linked lists through structs. This struct contains a 'next'-variable with a pointer to the same type of struct. For each new instance of the struct, the intern next-value is set to point at the previous struct, thus linking the two together. Having implemented the linked list, 3 variables were added to the struct; VALUE, CLOCK and TYPE. Accordingly, these would contain the signal-strength of the peak, at what time the sample had occurred and what type it had been classified as. TYPE was handled as integer values where -1 meant noise-peak, 0 meant a local-maxima peak, 1 meant an R-peak and 2 meant a regular R-peak. This would allow for all the peaks to be stored in a single list while enabling searching through the list and filtering for several types at a time while comparing results. After this had been set up, the algorithm for determining r-peaks was implemented. To allow a few samples to appear before trying to enhance variable values, a MINSAMPLES value was defined.

Therefore, the combination of the algorithm and the linked list solves the challenges of the implementation of RPeakDetection.

4.5 Relevant data

To display the relevant data, a simple text-based display was created. This would show the required information, that is, the value of the latest R-peak, the time of the R-peak, the patients pulse. Furthermore, it will also display the warning and the RR-LOW and RR-HIGH values if 5 RR-intervals has been missed.

Therefore, the challenge of the relevant data has been solved.

4.6 Critical parts

As mentioned in the theory, the three critical parts of the program is memory consumption, power consumption and time consumption. The program was initially tested on a machine running a powerful all-purpose Intel Core i7-2630M CPU with a clock speed of 2GHz and consumes a maximum of 45 Watt.

As can be seen on figure 2, the processor manages to process 10.000 data points on 0.02 miliseconds which is far more than what is required (250 data points per second).

In terms of power, as said, the current processor on which the program was tested consumes a maximum of 45 Watt. This can be reduced by either reducing the calculation-power of the processor (clock frequency) or the size of the processor.

```
C:\Users\Jacob\workspace\IndSys_13\src>gprof -p a.exe gmon.out
Flat profile:
Each sample counts as 0.01 seconds.
% cumulative self
                                       calls
489988
                             0.01
                                                                             getIndex
mwInt2
                                       489988
                                                                             readData
                                                                             incrementCounter
pushData
getNextData
                                                                                   _average_interval
_sumOfType
te_RpeakVariables
                                                                                    _searchback
                                                                             update_searchbackVariables
                                                       О.ОО
                0.02
                                                       0.00
  0.00
                             0.00
                                                                    0.00
                                                                            update_thresholdVariables
```

Figur 2: The table above shows the time spent in the various filters in our program. It should be noted that this profiling was done without code optimization.

In regards to size, figure 3 shows the console after 10000 data samples, and of particular interest is the "Size of Stuff" and the "elements in peak", as these denominate the size of the linked list of peaks (in bytes), as well as the amount of elements in that list. As can be seen, after 10000 data points, 98 peaks has been found, and the total size is 1568 bytes, making it by far the largest part of the program (the second-to-largest part is the arrays of the filters, each having the size of 136 bytes)

```
sensor.c::getNextData - Reached EOF. Terminating
main::Received termination value: 65536
main::Ran 10000 times
Size of stuff: 1568
elements in peak: 98
/mnt/Dropbox/Private/ synched/DTU/Embedded Systems/Assignments/ECG/git/Embedded
```

Figur 3: The screenshot above is a screenshot from the console after the program has been run on 10000 data samples.

5 Results

Figure 4 shows a screenshot of the output from the RPeak detection algorithm. It shows the output, both when the user has a normal heartbeat (the first part), the warning when the users heartbeat suddenly drops dangerously low, and the warning when the user has a heart attack. Furthermore, it always shows the heartrate (in Beats Per Minute (BMP)), as well as the RPeak values and the time since the last RPeak. The full output can be seen in section B

```
75 bpm,
75 bpm,
75 bpm,
75 bpm,
                           value: 4893,
                                            Since
                                                                   0.636
                                    5466,
Heartrate:
                           value:
                                            Since
                                                     last
                                                           peak:
                                    5334,
5367,
Heartrate:
                           value:
                                            Since
                                                           peak:
                                            Since
                                                           peak:
Heartrate:
                           value:
                                                     last
Heartrate:
Heartrate:
                   bpm,
                           value:
                                    4388,
4286,
                                            Since
Since
                                                                   0.636
                                                     last
                                                           peak:
                                                           peak:
                                                                   0.672
                           value:
                                                     last
                                    5008,
Heartrate:
                    bpm,
                           value:
value:
                                            Since
Since
                                                     last
                                                           peak:
                                                                      264
                                    4908,
Heartrate:
                                                           peak:
                    bpm.
                                                     last
Heartrate:
Heartrate:
                   bpm,
                                    4295,
4185,
                                                           peak:
peak:
                           value:
                                            Since
                                                     last
                                                                    0.636
                           value:
                                            Since
                                                     last
Heartrate:
Heartrate:
                    bpm,
                           value:
                                    3958,
                                            Since
                                                     last
                                                           peak:
                                                                      268
                    bpm,
                           value:
                                    3846,
                                            Since
                                                           peak:
                                                     last
                                            Since
Since
                                                           peak:
peak:
                                                                               WARNING. Heartintensity below minimum!
Heartrate:
                    bpm.
                           value:
                                     189,
                                                     last
                                                                   0.384
                                    4356,
Heartrate:
                    bpm,
                                                     last
                                                                    0.476
Heartrate:
                    bom.
                           value:
                                    4237
                                            Since
                                                     last
                                                           beak:
                                                                   0.512
                                    4490,
4372,
                           value:
                                                           peak:
                                                                   1.176
0.040
                                            Since
Heartrate:
                    bpm.
                           value:
                                                     last
                                                           peak:
               74 bpm,
74 bpm,
74 bpm,
74 bpm,
74 bpm,
74 bpm,
75 bpm,
75 bpm,
                           value:
value:
                                    1224,
1164,
                                            Since
Since
                                                     last
                                                                   0.496
                                                                               WARNING.
Heartrate:
                                                           peak:
                                                                                            Heartintensity
Heartrate:
                                                           beak:
                                                                               WARNING.
                                                                                            Heartintensity
                                                                                                                below minimum!
                                                     last
                                     474,
366,
                                            Since
Since
Heartrate:
                           value:
                                                     last
                                                           peak:
                                                                   0.896
                                                                                WARNING.
                                                                                            Heartintensity
                                                                                                                below minimum!
                                                                   0.940
Heartrate:
                                                           peak:
                                                                               WARNING.
                                                                                            Heartintensity
                                                                                                                below minimum!
                           value:
                                                     last
Heartrate:
Heartrate:
                          value:
value:
                                     306,
443,
                                            Since
Since
                                                     last
last
                                                           peak:
peak:
                                                                                           Heartintensity below minimum!
Heartintensity below minimum!
                                                                   1.256 s,
                                                                               WARNING.
Heartrate:
                          value:
                                     332,
                                            Since
                                                    last
                                                           peak: 0.084 s,
                                                                               WARNING.
                                                                                           Heartintensity below minimum!
```

Figur 4: A screenshot of the output of the RPeak detection.

5.1 Test results of filters

For the purpose of ensuring the correctness of the filters, a small program was created that would go through each datapoint, load in the value from its supposed data source, run this point through the filter and compare it to the result. Figure 5 shows the result of this program, showing that all filters calculates correctly. The code for this program can be seen in section D.6

```
C:\Users\Jacob\My Documents\Github\Embedded_Systems\ECG_2013\A1\src-test\a.exe
No errors found. You're clear for takeoff
Comparing input: Datafiles/ECG.txt with file: Datafiles/x_low.txt

No errors found. You're clear for takeoff
Comparing input: Datafiles/x_low.txt with file: Datafiles/x_high.txt

No errors found. You're clear for takeoff
Comparing input: Datafiles/x_high.txt with file: Datafiles/x_der.txt

No errors found. You're clear for takeoff
Comparing input: Datafiles/x_der.txt with file: Datafiles/x_sqr.txt

No errors found. You're clear for takeoff
Comparing input: Datafiles/x_der.txt with file: Datafiles/x_mwi_div_after.txt

C:\Users\Jacob\My Documents\Github\Embedded_Systems\ECG_2013\A1\src-test>
```

Figur 5: A screenshot of the output of the tests of the filters.

6 Discussion

As mentioned in the critical parts, the processor which the program is tested on is more than powerful enough to fulfil the requirements of 250 data points per second. Therefore, the final processor that is to be used for the ECG scanner should be much less powerful - it makes little sense to use a very powerful processor if it idles most of the time, using power for nothing - and thus, the power consumption will be

reduced greatly.

However, if the processor had been too slow, the code could be optimized for speed. To do this, the two functions getIndex and mwInt2 should be examined, as it was determined through a profiler (the GNU Gprof profiler) that it is in these two functions that the most time is spent (see figure 2).

Another way to optimize power would be to use the technical improvements of modern time to make the battery recharge during daily use, for instance by converting the kinetic energy of walking into power for the scanner.

Regarding the size, the program is generally optimized mostly in terms of speed - currently, an array of 33 data points is used for each filter, but this could be optimized down to using only 2 arrays - one for input, one for output. However, this would also increase the complexity of the task by a great deal and therefore, it was decided to simply use an array for each filter.

In terms of what should be made as software and what should be put into hardware, it should first be determined which tasks are the most processor-heavy. However, due to the profiler, this is already known - the tasks are getIndex and mwInt2. Therefore, it would also make sense to develop a special processor for these two specific tasks, using a coprocessor for each of these tasks, and a more general-purpose-like processor for the rest of the tasks.

6.1 Improvements

There are two types of improvements to be discussed - Hardware improvements and software improvements.

Within the domain of software improvements, several improvements could be done. The first improvement would be to start the QRS algorithm with dynamically allocated values, rather than hardcoded values, for all the variables. This would improve the correctness of the initial part of the algorithm, ensuring also that it works well on both males and females with varying heart-sizes.

The second improvement would be to set a maximum size for the list of peaks - currently, it is unlimited and will only grow as the device lives on - setting a maximum size and using the same theory as on the arrays for the filters could decrease the size of this list.

The third improvement would be to implement a timer that starts when a user has a heart attack, and continues to update and show the data so that when rescuers come to assist the user, they will know precisely how long the heart attack has lasted.

The final improvement that was identified were regarding the warning showed during heart attacks - currently, this warning only lasts until 5 regular heartbeats has been detected in a row, but in the final device, a doctor should be questioned

upon just how many regular heartbeats needs to be detected before it is safe to assume that the patient is stable again.

Within the domain of hardware improvements, there are two main upgrades that can be done. The first is to convert the entire project to run on a dedicated processor, using co-processors for the requiring tasks (getIndex and mwInt2 in this case). This will improve both power consumption and calculation speed.

The second improvement would be to implement modern technologies of converting kinetic energy from, for instance, walking, into power and using this to recharge the battery of the device, thus increasing its lifespan.

7 Conclusion

Implementing the algorithm has been done successfully, enabling the detection of heartbeats according to time and fulfilling all requirements. Furthermore, the processor used in the final product can easily be downscaled, using a lower clock frequency to reduce power consumption. Finally, all the challenges discovered and discussed in the Theory has been solved.

Litteratur

- [1] Michael Reibel Boesen, Linas Kaminskas, Paul Pop, Karsten Juul Frederiksen Assignment 1: Software implementation of a personal ECG scanner 3rd Edition 2013.
- [2] http://www.notebookcheck.net/Intel-Core-i7-2630QM-Notebook-Processor.41483.0.html Date of use: 25/09/2013

Appendix

A Who wrote what

Jacob Gjerstrup, s113440 wrote: Abstract, Introduction, Theory, Discussion (50%), Conclusion

Jakob Welner, s124305 wrote: Design, Implementation, Results, Discussion (50%)

B Output of the RPeakDetection

```
60 bpm, value: 5073, Since last peak:
   Heartrate:
 2
   Heartrate:
                  60 bpm, value: 4932, Since last peak:
                                                               0.040 \, \mathrm{s}
                  60 bpm, value: 4796, Since last peak:
 3 Heartrate:
                                                               0.640 \, \mathrm{s}
  Heartrate:
                  60 bpm, value: 4683, Since last peak:
                                                               0.040 \, \mathrm{s}
 5
  Heartrate:
                  60 bpm, value: 5032, Since last peak:
                                                               0.636 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 4958, Since last peak:
 6
  Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 5415, Since last peak:
  Heartrate:
                                                               0.632 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 5266, Since last peak:
   Heartrate:
                                                               0.040 \, \mathrm{s}
9
   Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 4864, Since last peak:
                                                               0.636 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 4738, Since last peak:
                                                               0.040 \, \mathrm{s}
10 Heartrate:
  Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 4920, Since last peak:
11
                                                               0.636 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 4800, Since last peak:
12 Heartrate:
                                                               0.040 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 4501, Since last peak:
13 Heartrate:
  Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 4385, Since last peak:
14
                  37 bpm, value: 4920, Since last peak:
15
  Heartrate:
                                                               0.640 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 4810, Since last peak:
16 Heartrate:
                                                               0.040 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 4991, Since last peak:
17 Heartrate:
                                                               0.636 \, \mathrm{s}
18
   Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 4872, Since last peak:
                                                               0.040 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 4765, Since last peak:
19
  Heartrate:
                                                               0.636 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 4698, Since last peak:
20
   Heartrate:
   Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 4817, Since last peak:
21
                                                               0.628 \, \mathrm{s}
22
   Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 4683, Since last peak:
                                                               0.044 \, \mathrm{s}
23
   Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 4953, Since last peak:
                                                               0.636 \, \mathrm{s}
24
   Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 4866, Since last peak:
                                                               0.040 \, \mathrm{s}
25
   Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 4804, Since last peak:
                                                               0.632 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 4673, Since last peak:
26
   Heartrate:
                                                               0.040 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 4664, Since last peak:
27
   Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 4534, Since last peak:
   Heartrate:
                                                               0.504 \, \mathrm{s}
29
   Heartrate:
                  37 bpm, value: 4420, Since last peak:
                                                               1.180 \, \mathrm{s}
                  37 bpm, value: 4315, Since last peak: 0.716 s
30
  Heartrate:
                  69 bpm, value: 4089, Since last peak: 0.648 s
31
  Heartrate:
```

```
32
  Heartrate:
               69 bpm, value: 5104, Since last peak: 1.236 s
               75 bpm, value: 5336, Since last peak: 0.048 s
33
   Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4453, Since last peak: 0.656 s
34
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4348, Since last peak: 0.692 s
35
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4498, Since last peak: 1.284 s
36 Heartrate:
37
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4391, Since last peak: 0.040 s
38
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4626, Since last peak: 0.636 s
39
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4529, Since last peak: 0.672 s
               75 bpm, value: 5258, Since last peak: 1.272 s
  Heartrate:
40
               75 bpm, value: 5131, Since last peak: 0.040 s
41
  Heartrate:
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4866, Since last peak: 0.640 s
42
               75 bpm, value: 4742, Since last peak: 0.676 s
43 Heartrate:
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4994, Since last peak: 1.276 s
44
45
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4893, Since last peak: 0.036 s
               75 bpm, value: 5466, Since last peak: 0.636 s
46
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 5334, Since last peak: 0.672 s
   Heartrate:
47
               75 bpm, value: 5367, Since last peak: 1.260 s
48
  Heartrate:
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4388, Since last peak: 0.636 s
49
               75 bpm, value: 4286, Since last peak: 0.672 s
50
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 5008, Since last peak: 1.264 s
51
   Heartrate:
52
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4908, Since last peak: 0.040 s
               75 bpm, value: 4295, Since last peak: 0.636 s
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4185, Since last peak: 0.668 s
  Heartrate:
54
               75 bpm, value: 3958, Since last peak: 1.268 s
55
   Heartrate:
  Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 3846, Since last peak: 0.040 s
56
   Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value:
                                189, Since last peak: 0.384 s,
57
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
               75 bpm, value: 4356, Since last peak: 0.476 s
58
   Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4237, Since last peak: 0.512 s
59
   Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value: 4490, Since last peak: 1.176 s
   Heartrate:
60
   Heartrate:
               74 bpm, value: 4372, Since last peak: 0.040 s
61
               74 bpm, value: 1224, Since last peak: 0.496 s,
62
   Heartrate:
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
63
   Heartrate:
               74 bpm, value: 1164, Since last peak: 0.536 s,
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
                                474, Since last peak: 0.896 s,
64
   Heartrate:
               74 bpm, value:
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
               74 bpm, value:
                                366, Since last peak: 0.940 s,
65
   Heartrate:
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
   Heartrate:
               74 bpm, value:
                                306, Since last peak: 1.256 s,
66
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
               75 bpm, value: 443, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
67
   Heartrate:
               Heartintensity below minimum!
```

```
Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value:
                               332, Since last peak: 0.084 s,
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
               75 bpm, value:
                               393, Since last peak: 0.436 s,
69
   Heartrate:
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
               75 bpm, value:
                               282, Since last peak: 0.480 s,
70
   Heartrate:
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
   Heartrate:
               75 bpm, value:
                               568, Since last peak: 0.792 s,
71
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
               75 bpm, value: 710, Since last peak: 0.828 s,
   Heartrate:
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
               75 bpm, value:
                               816, Since last peak: 1.192 s,
73
   Heartrate:
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
               74 bpm, value: 1261, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
74
   Heartrate:
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
               74 bpm, value: 1072, Since last peak: 0.080 s,
   Heartrate:
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
   Heartrate:
               74 bpm, value:
                               439, Since last peak: 0.400 s,
76
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
               74 bpm, value: 552, Since last peak: 0.440 s,
   Heartrate:
77
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
78
   Heartrate:
               74 bpm, value: 663, Since last peak: 0.808 s,
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
               74 bpm, value: 1289, Since last peak: 0.844 s,
79
   Heartrate:
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
               74 bpm, value: 716, Since last peak: 1.208 s,
80
   Heartrate:
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
               73 bpm, value: 1242, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
81
   Heartrate:
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
               73 bpm, value: 1076, Since last peak: 0.084 s,
   Heartrate:
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
               73 bpm, value: 1105, Since last peak: 0.444 s,
83
   Heartrate:
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
               73 bpm, value: 897, Since last peak: 0.484 s,
   Heartrate:
84
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
                               543, Since last peak: 0.808 s,
   Heartrate:
               73 bpm, value:
85
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
               73 bpm, value: 913, Since last peak: 0.844 s,
   Heartrate:
86
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
                               765, Since last peak: 0.884 s,
   Heartrate:
               73 bpm, value:
87
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
               73 bpm, value:
                               986, Since last peak: 1.244 s,
88
   Heartrate:
     WARNING.
               Heartintensity below minimum!
               73 bpm, value:
                               829, Since last peak: 0.368 s,
  Heartrate:
               Heartintensity below minimum!
     WARNING.
```

```
Heartrate:
                73 bpm, value: 1367, Since last peak: 0.404 s,
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value: 1165, Since last peak: 0.448 s,
91
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value: 1003, Since last peak: 0.772 s,
92
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
93
   Heartrate:
                73 bpm, value: 1669, Since last peak: 0.808 s,
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value: 910, Since last peak: 1.212 s,
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value:
                                619, Since last peak: 0.048 s,
95
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value:
                                787, Since last peak: 0.368 s,
96
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value: 1194, Since last peak: 0.404 s,
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                                916, Since last peak: 0.444 s,
98
   Heartrate:
                73 bpm, value:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                                565, Since last peak: 0.768 s,
99
   Heartrate:
                73 bpm, value:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
100
   Heartrate:
                73 bpm, value:
                                772, Since last peak: 0.844 s,
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value: 674, Since last peak: 1.172 s,
101
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 1089, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
102
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value:
                                578, Since last peak: 0.408 s,
103
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 1005, Since last peak: 0.444 s,
104
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
    Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value: 1207, Since last peak: 0.852 s,
105
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1142, Since last peak: 0.896 s,
106
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                                520, Since last peak: 1.220 s,
107
    Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 804, Since last peak: 0.044 s,
108
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                                687, Since last peak: 0.088 s,
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
109
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value:
                                773, Since last peak: 0.412 s,
110
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1336, Since last peak: 0.448 s,
111 Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
```

```
112 Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value: 1198, Since last peak: 0.492 s,
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1059, Since last peak: 0.856 s,
113
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                                712, Since last peak: 1.228 s,
114
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value: 1212, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
115
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 1085, Since last peak: 0.084 s,
   Heartrate:
116
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value:
117
                                829, Since last peak: 0.404 s,
    Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 1256, Since last peak: 0.444 s,
118
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                                986, Since last peak: 0.484 s,
119
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
120
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                                 777, Since last peak: 0.812 s,
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1157, Since last peak: 0.848 s,
121
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
122
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value: 851, Since last peak: 1.216 s,
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 1312, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
123
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value:
                                946, Since last peak: 0.408 s,
124
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1427, Since last peak: 0.444 s,
125
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 1107, Since last peak: 0.484 s,
126
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
    Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                                 714, Since last peak: 0.812 s,
127
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1027, Since last peak: 0.848 s,
128
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                                778, Since last peak: 0.892 s,
129
    Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 946, Since last peak: 1.224 s,
130
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1490, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
   Heartrate:
131
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1238, Since last peak: 0.084 s,
132
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 567, Since last peak: 0.412 s,
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
```

```
134
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                                787, Since last peak: 0.452 s,
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value:
                                 578, Since last peak: 0.496 s,
135
    Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value:
                                 545, Since last peak: 0.824 s,
136
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                                906, Since last peak: 0.856 s,
137
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 638, Since last peak: 1.228 s,
   Heartrate:
138
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 1045, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
139
    Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value:
                                897, Since last peak: 0.080 s,
140
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                                717, Since last peak: 0.412 s,
141
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value: 1085, Since last peak: 0.448 s,
142
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                                774, Since last peak: 0.820 s,
143
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 1129, Since last peak: 0.856 s,
144
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 879, Since last peak: 0.896 s,
145
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value:
                                927, Since last peak: 1.224 s,
146
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1461, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
147
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 1204, Since last peak: 0.084 s,
148
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
    Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                                607, Since last peak: 0.408 s,
149
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1032, Since last peak: 0.444 s,
150
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                                895, Since last peak: 0.488 s,
151
    Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                72 bpm, value: 744, Since last peak: 0.816 s,
   Heartrate:
152
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                                997, Since last peak: 0.896 s,
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
153
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1350, Since last peak: 1.260 s,
154
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1174, Since last peak: 0.048 s,
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
```

```
156
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value: 844, Since last peak: 0.372 s,
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1236, Since last peak: 0.408 s,
157
    Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                                907, Since last peak: 0.780 s,
158
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value: 1412, Since last peak: 0.816 s,
159
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                72 bpm, value: 1143, Since last peak: 0.856 s,
    Heartrate:
160
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
   Heartrate:
                72 bpm, value:
                                976, Since last peak: 1.192 s,
161
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value: 1583, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
162
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value: 1323, Since last peak: 0.084 s,
163
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                                845, Since last peak: 0.412 s,
    Heartrate:
164
                73 bpm, value:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value: 1319, Since last peak: 0.452 s,
165
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
166
   Heartrate:
                73 bpm, value: 1084, Since last peak: 0.492 s,
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value: 855, Since last peak: 0.820 s,
    Heartrate:
167
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value: 1289, Since last peak: 0.856 s,
168
    Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value: 1004, Since last peak: 0.900 s,
169
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value: 692, Since last peak: 1.224 s,
170
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
    Heartrate:
                73 bpm, value: 1108, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
171
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value: 1136, Since last peak: 0.452 s,
   Heartrate:
172
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value: 1009, Since last peak: 0.496 s,
173
    Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value: 1342, Since last peak: 0.860 s,
174
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value: 1138, Since last peak: 0.904 s,
   Heartrate:
175
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value:
                                926, Since last peak: 1.232 s,
176
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value: 1390, Since last peak: 0.040 s,
177
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
```

```
178
   Heartrate:
                73 bpm, value: 1101, Since last peak: 0.084 s,
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value: 1820, Since last peak: 0.452 s,
179
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value: 1498, Since last peak: 0.496 s,
180
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value:
                                867, Since last peak: 0.824 s,
181
   Heartrate:
      WARNING.
                Heartintensity below minimum!
                73 bpm, value: 1348, Since last peak: 0.860 s,
   Heartrate:
182
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
                73 bpm, value: 1116, Since last peak: 0.908 s,
183
   Heartrate:
                Heartintensity below minimum!
      WARNING.
```

C Sourcecode - introductionary exercises

C.1 ReadFromFile

Below is the sourcecode for the introductionary-exercise (From september the 4th) - more precisely, the ReadFromFile source-code.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2
3 int main(void)
4
        printf("Hey, _I'm_reading _a_file!\n");
5
6
 7
        static const char filename [] = "ECG. txt";
        FILE *file = fopen ( filename, "r");
8
9
        int line, rVal;
10
        int max;
11
12
        rVal = fscanf(file, "%i", &line);
13
        \max = \lim_{n \to \infty} f(n)
14
        while (rVal != EOF) {
15
16
             rVal = fscanf(file, "%i", &line);
17
18
              if (max < line) 
                  printf("Found_a_new_larger_number: _%i_\n", line
19
20
                  \max = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{n} e;
             }
21
        }
22
```

```
printf("Finally, _this_is_the_largest_numer: _%i\n", max);
return 0;
}
```

C.2 HelloWorld

The next is the sourcecode from the same exercise - this time, it's the sourcecode of our HelloWorld program.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3
   /*
4
    * Created by Bastian Buch, s113432, and Jacob Gjerstrup,
       {\rm s}113440
5
    */
6
7
   int main (void) {
     printf("Hello world!");
     return 0;
9
10
   }
```

D Sourcecode - the real program

Below follows the sourcecode for each of the parts of our program, split into sections. The first part, the program, is where the various functions are called, and all our data is stored. The Filter.c contains the 5 different filters. The RPeakDetection contains the detection of each peak, along with the calculations of the various thresholds. The sensor is what scans data from the file, and thus simulates that we scan the patient, and finally, the header files is what contains all the prototypes for our functions.

D.1 Buffer

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include "buffer.h"
3
4 // Bufferindex
5 int pushData(BUFFER* buffer, int data)
6 {
```

```
//printf("Buffer::pushData: Adding stuff to the buffer
7
          !: %i\n", data);
8
       (*buffer).Data[(*buffer).counter] = data;
       incrementCounter(buffer);
9
10
       return 0;
11
12 }
13
14
15
  // Getting values based on index offset
  // compared to current buffer counter
  int readData(BUFFER* buffer, int offset)
17
18
19
       int index = getIndex(buffer, offset);
       return (*buffer).Data[index];
20
21
  }
22
23
24 void incrementCounter(BUFFER* buffer)
25  {
26
       (*buffer).counter++;
       if ((*buffer).counter >= BUFFERSIZE) {
27
           (*buffer).counter -= BUFFERSIZE;
28
29
       }
  }
30
31
32
33 int getIndex(BUFFER *buffer, int offset) {
       int index = (*buffer).counter - offset -1;
34
       if (index < 0)
35
36
           index = index+BUFFERSIZE;
37
       }
38
39
       return index;
40 }
   D.2
         Filters
1 #include <stdlib.h>
2 #include <stdio.h>
3 #include "buffer.h"
4
5
7 int lowPass2(BUFFER* inputBuffer, BUFFER* filtered) {
```

```
8
       /*
9
            GroupDelay: 25 ms
10
        */
11
       // Retrieving values
12
13
       int x = readData(inputBuffer, 0);
14
       int x6 = readData(inputBuffer, 6);
15
       int x12 = readData(inputBuffer, 12);
       int y1 = readData(filtered, 0);
16
       int y2 = readData(filtered , 1);
17
18
       // Filter math
19
20
       int y = (2*y1-y2) + ((x - 2*x6 + x12) / 32);
21
22
       // pushing data back to buffer object
23
       pushData(filtered , y);
24
25
       return 0;
26
   }
27
28
  int highPass2(BUFFER* inputBuffer, BUFFER* filtered) {
30
31
            GroupDelay: 80 ms
32
        */
33
34
       // Retrieving values
       int x = readData(inputBuffer, 0);
35
       int x16 = readData(inputBuffer, 16);
36
       int x17 = readData(inputBuffer, 17);
37
38
       int x32 = readData(inputBuffer, 32);
       int y1 = readData(filtered, 0);
39
40
41
       // Filter math
       int y = y1-(x/32)+x16-x17+(x32/32);
42
43
       // Pushing data back to buffer object
44
45
       pushData(filtered , y);
46
47
       return 0;
48
   }
49
50
  int derivative2(BUFFER* inputBuffer, BUFFER* filtered) {
```

```
52
       /*
53
            GroupDelay: 10 ms
54
        */
55
56
       // Retrieving values
57
       int x = readData(inputBuffer, 0);
       int x1 = readData(inputBuffer, 1);
58
       int x3 = readData(inputBuffer, 3);
59
       int x4 = readData(inputBuffer, 4);
60
61
62
       // Filter math
63
       int y = (2*x+x1-x3-2*x4) / 8;
64
65
       // Pushing data back to buffer object
66
       pushData(filtered , y);
67
68
       return 0;
69
  }
70
71
72
   int squaring2(BUFFER* inputBuffer, BUFFER* filtered) {
73
74
            GroupDelay: 0 ms
75
        */
76
77
       // Retrieving values
78
       int x = readData(inputBuffer, 0);
79
80
       // Filter math
81
       int y = x*x;
82
83
       // Pushing data back to buffer object
84
       pushData(filtered , y);
85
86
       return 0;
87
   }
88
89
   int mwInt2(BUFFER* inputBuffer, BUFFER* filtered) {
90
91
92
            GroupDelay: 72.5 ms
93
         */
94
95
       int N = 30;
```

```
96
97
        // Dynamic Retrieving of values
98
        int i = 0;
99
        int sum = 0;
100
        for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
101
            sum += readData(inputBuffer, i);
102
103
        }
104
        // Filter math
105
        int y = sum / N;
106
107
        // Pushing data back to buffer object
108
        pushData(filtered , y);
109
110
        return 0;
111
112 }
    D.3
          RPeakDetection
 1 #include <stdio.h>
 2 #include <stdlib.h>
 3
 4 #define MINSAMPLES 3 // Minimum number of samples before
       updating variables
 5 #define VERBOSE 1
 6
 7 struct PEAK {
        int clock;
                              // If older than buffer size cannot
 8
            be reevaluated
 9
                              // -1 noise, 0 peak, 1 R-peak, 2
        int type;
           regular R-peak
        int value;
                              // speaks for itself
10
11
        struct PEAK *next;
12 };
13
14
   struct PEAK *head = NULL;
    struct PEAK *curr = NULL;
16
17
18
19 int RR_AVERAGE1 = 250;
20 int RR_AVERAGE2 = 250;
21 int RRLOW = 100;
22 \quad int \quad RR\_HIGH = 200;
```

```
23 int RR\_MISS = 400;
24
25 int SPKF = 0;
26 int NPKF = 0;
27 int THRESHOLD1 = 2000;
28 int THRESHOLD2 = 0;
29
30 int missed_peaks = 0;
31
32
33
34 // Adding node to beginning of list
35 struct PEAK* add_to_peaks(int clock, int val, int type) {
36
37
        struct PEAK *ptr = (struct PEAK*)malloc(sizeof(struct
           PEAK));
38
39
        ptr->value = val;
40
        ptr \rightarrow clock = clock;
41
        ptr \rightarrow type = type;
42
        ptr \rightarrow next = NULL;
43
        if(NULL = head) head = curr = ptr;
44
45
        else {
46
            ptr \rightarrow next = head;
47
            head = ptr;
48
        }
49
        return ptr;
50
  }
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60 int peak_prev_clock(int type)
61 {
62
        struct PEAK *ptr = head;
        ptr = ptr->next; // Skipping current element
63
64
        while (NULL != ptr) {
65
            if (ptr \rightarrow type = type) {
```

```
66
                  return ptr->clock;
              };
67
68
              ptr = ptr -> next;
69
 70
         return 0;
71
    }
 72
73
74
75
 76
    int peak_sumOfType(int type)
77
78
 79
         struct PEAK *ptr = head;
80
         int count = 0;
         while (NULL != ptr) {
81
82
              if (ptr->type >= type) {
83
                  count++;
84
              };
85
              ptr = ptr -> next;
86
87
         return count;
88
    }
89
90
91
92
    struct PEAK* peak_searchback()
93
    {
94
         struct PEAK *ptr = head;
95
96
97
         int i = 0;
98
99
         while (NULL != ptr) {
100
              i++;
              if (ptr \rightarrow type >= 0) {
101
                  if (ptr->value > THRESHOLD2) {
102
                       ptr \rightarrow type = 2;
103
                       printf("Searchback'ed_%i_levels_deep\n", i)
104
105
                       return ptr;
106
                  }
107
              };
108
```

```
109
             ptr = ptr -> next;
110
        return NULL;
111
112
    }
113
114
115
116
    int peak_average_interval(int type, int amount)
117
118
119
         struct PEAK *ptr = head;
         if (NULL != ptr) {
120
121
             int clock = ptr->clock;
122
             int clockSum = 0;
123
             int i = 0;
124
125
             ptr = ptr -> next;
126
             while (NULL != ptr){
                 if (ptr \rightarrow type >= type) 
127
128
                     int newClock = ptr->clock;
129
                     int tempDiff = clock - newClock;
130
                     clockSum += tempDiff; // Summing value of
131
                        found peaks
132
                     clock = newClock;
133
                     i++;
134
                 };
135
                 if (amount == i) break;
136
                 ptr = ptr -> next;
137
             if (i) {
138
                  int avg = clockSum/i;
139
140
                  return avg;
141
             }
142
143
         return 0;
144
    }
145
146
147
148
149
150
151 void update_RpeakVariables(struct PEAK* ptr) {
```

```
152
        // get latest 8 RR-intervals
        if (NULL != ptr) {
153
            int peakVal = ptr->value:
154
            SPKF = 0.125 * peakVal + 0.875 * NPKF;
155
            RR_AVERAGE2 = peak_average_interval(2, 8);
156
157
            RR\_AVERAGE1 = peak\_average\_interval(1, 8);
158
            RRLOW = 0.92 * RR_AVERAGE2;
159
            RR\_HIGH = 1.16 * RR\_AVERAGE2;
            RR\_MISS = 1.66 * RR\_AVERAGE2;
160
            THRESHOLD1 = NPKF + 0.25 * (SPKF-NPKF);
161
162
            if (VERBOSE > 1){
163
                printf("SPKF: _%i\nRR_AVERAGE2: _%i\nRR_AVERAGE1:
164
                   ∟%i \nRR_LOW: ∟%i \nRR_HIGH: ∟%i \nRR_MISS: ∟%i \
                   SPKF,
165
166
                       RR_AVERAGE2,
                       RR_AVERAGE1,
167
168
                       RRLOW,
                       RR_HIGH,
169
170
                       RR_MISS,
171
                       THRESHOLD1);
            }
172
173
174
        NULL \setminus n");
175
176
        return:
177
   }
178
179
   void update_searchbackVariables(struct PEAK* ptr) {
180
181
        // get latest 8 RR-intervals
182
        if (NULL != ptr) {
            int peakVal = ptr->value;
183
            SPKF = 0.25 * peakVal + 0.75 * SPKF;
184
            RR_AVERAGE1 = peak_average_interval(1, 8);
185
            RRLOW = 0.92 * RR_AVERAGE1;
186
            RR\_HIGH = 1.16 * RR\_AVERAGE1;
187
188
            RR\_MISS = 1.66 * RR\_AVERAGE1;
189
            THRESHOLD1 = NPKF + 0.25 * (SPKF-NPKF);
190
           THRESHOLD2 = 0.5 * THRESHOLD1;
191
192
```

```
193
             if (VERBOSE > 1){
                  printf("\nUpdate_searchbackVariables:\nSPKF: \%i
194
                     \nRR_AVERAGE1: \_%i \nRR_AVERAGE2: \_%i \nRR_LOW: \_%
                     i \nRR_HIGH: \_%i \nRR_MISS: \_%i \nTHRESHOLD1: \_%i \
                     nTHRESHOLD2: \_\%i \ n",
195
                         SPKF,
196
                         RR_AVERAGE1,
197
                         RR_AVERAGE2,
                         RRLOW,
198
199
                         RR_HIGH,
200
                         RR_MISS,
201
                         THRESHOLD1,
202
                         THRESHOLD2);
203
             }
         }
204
         else {
205
             printf("ERROR: update_searchbackVariables::input_ptr
206
                ==NULL \setminus n");
207
208
         return;
209
    }
210
211
212
213
    void update_thresholdVariables( struct PEAK* ptr ) {
         if (NULL != ptr) {
214
215
             int peakVal = ptr->value;
             NPKF = 0.125 * peakVal + 0.875 * NPKF;
216
             THRESHOLD1 = NPKF + 0.25 * (SPKF - NPKF);
217
             THRESHOLD2 = 0.5 * THRESHOLD1;
218
219
         else printf("ERROR: update_thresholdVariables:: _input_
220
            ptr = NULL \setminus n");
221
222
         return;
    }
223
224
225
    /**** Sampling 3 points on each side of test-point ****/
226
227
    int checkPeak(int samples[]) {
228
229
         if (samples[0] < samples[1] &&
              samples[1] < samples[2] &&
230
              samples[2] < samples[3] &&
231
```

```
232
             samples[3] > samples[4] \&\&
             samples[4] > samples[5] \&\&
233
             samples[5] > samples[6]) return 1;
234
235
236
        /*
237
        if (
238
             samples[2] < samples[3] &&
239
             samples [3] > \text{samples} [4] ) return 1; */
240
        return 0:
241
   }
242
243
244
245
246
247
248
    int RRcalculate(int x1, int samples[], int clock)
249
250
251
        struct PEAK *ptr = NULL;
252
253
        // Checks for peak
254
        if ( checkPeak(samples) ) {
255
            ptr = add_to_peaks(clock-1, x1, 0); // Point is a
               peak. Save in list, type 0
256
257
            if (ptr->value > THRESHOLD1) {
                 ptr->type = 1; // Classifying as R-peak
258
259
260
                 //printf("clock: %i, r-peak val: %i\n", clock
261
                    -1, x1);
262
                int lastClock = peak_prev_clock(2);
263
                int timediff = clock - lastClock;
264
265
                266
                // For every R-peak print this:
267
                 if (VERBOSE = 1) {
268
269
                     printf("Heartrate: _\%3i_bpm, _Intencity: _\%4i,
                        Last_peak: \[ \] \%.3 fs", (int) (1.0/
                        RR\_AVERAGE2*60.0*250.0), x1, timediff
                        /250.0);
```

```
//printf("Heartrate: %3i bpm, value: %4i,
270
                        Since last peak: %i s", (RR_AVERAGE2*60)
                        /250, x1, timediff);
271
                     if (x1 < 2000) printf("____##_Heartintensity
                        _below_minimum!_##");
272
                     if (missed_peaks > 5) printf("___##_Missed_
                        more_than_5_peaks._Dude,_you're_dying!_##
                        ");
                     printf("\n");
273
                 }
274
                 else if (VERBOSE = 0) {
275
                     FILE *file;
276
                     file = fopen("output.txt","a+");
277
                     fprintf(file,"Heartrate: _%3i_bpm, _Intencity
278
                        : _\%4i , _Last_peak : _\%.3fs" , (int) (1.0/
                        RR\_AVERAGE2*60.0*250.0), x1, timediff
                        /250.0);
                     if (x1 < 2000) fprintf(file, ", _WARNING._
279
                        Heartintensity_below_minimum!");
                     fprintf(file,"\n");
280
281
                     fclose (file);
282
                 }
                 ,
/*************/
283
284
285
286
                 if (RRLOW < timediff && timediff < RRLHIGH ) {
                     if (missed\_peaks > 0) missed\_peaks --;
287
288
                     ptr->type = 2; // Classify as regular R-
289
                        peak
290
                     // Only updating variables if more than
                        MINSAMPLES are available
291
292
                     if (peak_sumOfType(2) >= MINSAMPLES) {
293
                         update_RpeakVariables( ptr );
                     }
294
295
296
                 else if (RR_MISS < timediff) {
                     // searchback
297
                     update_searchbackVariables( peak_searchback
298
299
                 }
300
                 else {
                     if (missed_peaks < 10) missed_peaks++;</pre>
301
```

```
}
302
303
            else {
304
305
                update_thresholdVariables( ptr );
            }
306
307
308
        return 0;
309
   }
310
311
312
313
    /* Function for determining size of PEAK array */
314
315
    int sizeof_peaks() {
        struct PEAK *ptr = head;
316
317
        int size = 0;
318
        int i = 0;
319
        while (ptr != NULL)
320
321
322
            size += sizeof(struct PEAK);
323
            ptr = ptr -> next;
324
            i++;
325
        printf("Size_of_stuff:_%i\n", size);
326
        printf("elements_in_peak: _%i\n", i);
327
328
329
   }
330
331
332
333
334
335
    /***** Mainly for testing purposes ******/
336
    void print_list(void)
337
338
   {
339
        struct PEAK *ptr = head;
340
341
        342
        while (ptr != NULL)
343
        {
            printf("\ntime: \_\%i, \_Value: \_\%d_\\n\", ptr->clock, ptr->
344
               value);
```

```
345
             ptr = ptr -> next;
346
        printf("\n_——Printing_list_End——_\n");
347
348
349
        return;
350
   }
351
352
353
   void print_latest(int backwards)
354
355
    /*
     * Prints the latest [backwards] number of peaks in list
356
     * Latest first
357
358
     */
359
    {
        struct PEAK *ptr = head;
360
361
362
        int i;
        for (i=0; i< backwards; i++){
363
             if(NULL = ptr) {
364
365
                 break;
366
             printf("\ntime: \_\%i, \_Value: \_\%d, \_type: \_\%i \_\n", ptr->
367
                clock, ptr->value, ptr->type);
368
             ptr = ptr -> next;
        }
369
370
        return;
371
   }
    D.4
          Sensor
   /*
 1
 2
     * Todo:
 3
        Restricting speed to 250 requests pr second
 4
 5
 6
 7
     */
 8
 9 #include <stdio.h>
 10 #include <stdlib.h>
 11 #include "sensor.h"
 12
 13 // returning INT16_MAX will terminate main loop.
 14 int getNextData(FILE *file){
```

```
15
        signed int line = 0;
16
        if( file == NULL){
17
            printf("sensor.c::getNextData_-_couldnt_open_file._
18
               Terminating");
19
            return INT16_MAX;
20
        }
21
        fscanf (file, "%i", & line);
22
23
24
        if (feof(file)) {
            printf("sensor.c::getNextData_-_Reached_EOF._
25
               Terminating \n");
26
            fclose (file);
27
            return INT16_MAX;
        }
28
29
        return line;
30
  }
```

D.5 Header files

D.5.1 sensor.h

Below is the first of the header files, called sensor.h. This file contains the prototype for the sensor as well as the peak detection.

```
1 #ifndef ADD_H_GUARD
2 #define ADD_H_GUARD
3 #define INT16_MAX 1 << 16
4 int getNextData(FILE *file);
5 #endif</pre>
```

D.5.2 buffer.h

After this one, the next header file called filter.h comes - this file contains the prototypes of the filters as well as for the buffer.

```
1 #define BUFFERSIZE 33
2
3 typedef struct {
4    int Data[BUFFERSIZE];
5    unsigned int counter;
6 } BUFFER;
```

```
7
8 int pushData(BUFFER* buffer, int data);
9 void incrementCounter(BUFFER* buffer);
10 int getIndex(BUFFER* buffer, int offset);
11 int readData(BUFFER* buffer, int offset);
12
13 int lowPass2(BUFFER* inputBuffer, BUFFER* filtered);
14 int highPass2(BUFFER* inputBuffer, BUFFER* filtered);
15 int derivative2(BUFFER* inputBuffer, BUFFER* filtered);
16 int squaring2(BUFFER* inputBuffer, BUFFER* filtered);
17 int mwInt2(BUFFER* inputBuffer, BUFFER* filtered);
```

D.6 Tests

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include "sensor.h"
4 #include "buffer.h"
5
6 void testing (int choice, char input path [], char compare path
      []){
7
       FILE *inputfile = fopen ( inputpath, "r");
8
       FILE *comparefile = fopen ( comparepath, "r");
9
10
       BUFFER buff_source = \{\{0\}, 0\};
11
       BUFFER buff_filtered = \{\{0\}, 0\};
12
13
14
       int errorFound = 0;
15
       int lineNumber = 0;
       int ran = 0;
16
17
18
       int inputdata = getNextData(inputfile);
19
20
       int comparedata = getNextData(comparefile);
21
22
23
24
       while (inputdata != INT16_MAX && comparedata !=
          INT16_MAX) {
           lineNumber++;
25
            pushData(&buff_source , inputdata);
26
27
           switch (choice) {
```

```
28
                 case 1: lowPass2(&buff_source, &buff_filtered);
                     break:
29
                 case 2: highPass2(&buff_source, &buff_filtered)
                    ; break;
30
                 case 3: derivative2(&buff_source, &
                    buff_filtered); break;
31
                 case 4: squaring2(&buff_source, &buff_filtered)
                    ; break;
                 case 5: mwInt2(&buff_source, &buff_filtered);
32
                    break;
33
            }
34
35
36
            int filterVal = readData(&buff_filtered, 0);
37
            if (filterVal != comparedata) {
                 printf("Value_mismatch_on_line_%i._filtered:_%i
38
                    , comparedata: %i\n", lineNumber, filterVal,
                    comparedata);
                 errorFound++;
39
40
41
            inputdata = getNextData(inputfile);
            comparedata = getNextData(comparefile);
42
            ran = 1;
43
44
       }
45
46
47
        if (!errorFound && ran) printf("No_errors_found._You're
           _clear_for_takeoff\nComparing_input: _%s_with_file: _%s
           n", inputpath, comparepath);
        else if (!ran) printf("Didn't_run._No_conclusion\n^n);
48
        else printf("ERROR: _%i _value-mismatch_found\nComparing_
49
           input: \( \sum_{\substacks} \) with \( \text{file} : \sum_{\substacks} \) \( \n^n \), error Found, input \( \text{path} \),
           comparepath);
50
51
       return;
   }
52
53
54
55
56
57
   int main(){
58
        testing (1, "Datafiles/ECG. txt", "Datafiles/x_low.txt");
59
```

```
testing(2, "Datafiles/x_low.txt","Datafiles/x_high.txt");
testing(3, "Datafiles/x_high.txt","Datafiles/x_der.txt");
testing(4, "Datafiles/x_der.txt","Datafiles/x_sqr.txt");
testing(5, "Datafiles/x_sqr.txt","Datafiles/
x_mwi_div_after.txt");

return 0;
66 }
```