Wednesday, 8 January 2020

Problem 1: You are trying to solve a regression task and you want to choose between two approaches:

- 1. A simple linear regression model.
- 2. A feed forward neural network $f_{\mathbf{W}}(\mathbf{x})$ with L hidden layers, where each hidden layer $l \in \{1, ..., L\}$ has a weight matrix $\mathbf{W}_l \in \mathbb{R}^{D \times D}$ and a ReLU activation function. The output layer has a weight matrix $\mathbf{W}_{L+1} \in \mathbb{R}^{D \times D}$ and no activation function.

In both models, there are no bias terms.

Your dataset \mathcal{D} contains data points with nonnegative features x_i and the target y_i is continuous:

$$\mathcal{D} = \{\boldsymbol{x}_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N, \qquad \boldsymbol{x}_i \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}^D, \qquad y_i \in \mathbb{R}$$

Let $\boldsymbol{w}_{LS}^* \in \mathbb{R}^D$ be the optimal weights for the linear regression model corresponding to a *global* minimum of the following least squares optimization problem:

$$egin{aligned} oldsymbol{w}_{LS}^* &= rg \min_{oldsymbol{w} \in \mathbb{R}^D} \mathcal{L}_{LS}(oldsymbol{w}) = rg \min_{oldsymbol{w} \in \mathbb{R}^D} rac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N (oldsymbol{w}^T oldsymbol{x}_i - y_i)^2$$
 , $oldsymbol{\mathcal{L}_{LS}}^* = oldsymbol{\mathcal{L}_{LS}}(oldsymbol{w})$

Let $W_{NN}^* = \{W_1^*, \dots, W_{L+1}^*\}$ be the optimal weights for the neural network corresponding to a *global* minimum of the following optimization problem:

$$W_{NN}^* = \operatorname*{arg\,min}_{\boldsymbol{W}} \mathcal{L}_{NN}(\boldsymbol{W}) = \operatorname*{arg\,min}_{\boldsymbol{W}} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (f_{\boldsymbol{W}}(\boldsymbol{x}_i) - y_i)^2 \int_{\boldsymbol{W}} \boldsymbol{W} = \int_{\boldsymbol{W}} \left(\boldsymbol{W}_{\boldsymbol{W}\boldsymbol{W}}^* \right) d\boldsymbol{W} d\boldsymbol{W}$$

The following holds in our case with $R: \in \mathbb{R}^{D}_{\geq 0}$:

For a Richary $w \in \mathbb{R}^{D}$ there orives a set $W_{NN}(w)$ such that $fW_{NN}(w) = w^{T}xc \quad \text{for all } x \in \mathbb{R}^{D}_{\geq 0}$ $\Rightarrow fw(x) = W_{LL}, \quad \text{Rell}(W_{L}, \text{Rell}(..., \text{Rell}(W_{L}, x)))$ Define $W_{NN}(w) = (I, ..., I, w^{T}) \Rightarrow A$ since identity mol A: x $f(w) = W_{NN}(w) = W_{NN}(w) = W_{NN}(w) = W_{NN}(w)$

a) Assume that the optimal \boldsymbol{W}_{NN}^* you obtain are non-negative. What will the relation $(<,\leq,=,\geq,>)$ between the neural network loss $\mathcal{L}_{NN}(\boldsymbol{W}_{NN}^*)$ and the linear regression loss $\mathcal{L}_{LS}(\boldsymbol{w}_{LS}^*)$ be? Provide a mathematical argument to justify your answer.

From a we get short $L_{i,o}^{*} = L^{A}(w_{i,o}^{*}) = L(W_{i,o}(w_{i,o}^{*})) \geq L_{i,o}^{*}$

From
$$W_{NN}^{A} \geq 0$$
 we get short

$$f_{W_{NN}}^{A} \left(x_{i}^{2}\right) = W_{L_{A}}^{A} \text{ Belli}\left(W_{L}^{A} \text{ Belli}\left(\dots, \text{ Belli}\left(W_{A}^{A} x_{i}^{2}\right)\right)\right)$$

$$= W_{L_{A}}^{A} \left(X_{i}^{2}\right) = W_{L_{A}}^{A} \text{ Belli}\left(W_{L}^{A} \text{ Belli}\left(\dots, \text{ Belli}\left(W_{A}^{A} x_{i}^{2}\right)\right)\right)$$

$$= W_{L_{A}}^{A} \left(X_{i}^{2}\right)$$

$$= W_{L_{A}}^{A} \left(X_{i}^{2}\right) = W_{L_{A}}^{A} \text{ Belli}\left(W_{L_{A}}^{A} \text{ Belli}\left(\dots, \text{ Belli}\left(W_{A}^{A} x_{i}^{2}\right)\right)\right)$$

$$= W_{L_{A}}^{A} \left(X_{i}^{2}\right)$$

$$= W_{L_{A}}^{$$

b) In contrast to (a), now assume that the optimal weights \boldsymbol{w}_{LS}^* you obtain are non-negative. What will the relation $(<, \leq, =, \geq, >)$ between the linear regression loss $\mathcal{L}_{LS}(\boldsymbol{w}_{LS}^*)$ and the neural network loss $\mathcal{L}_{NN}(\boldsymbol{W}_{NN}^*)$ be? Provide a mathematical argument to justify your answer.

See the sample solution on Piazza.