

Hardware Reparatur

Löten 

SMD Löten 

Feines Handwerk 

Exakt 

Kabelbau 

Manuals verstehen 

Level 1 Reparaturen 

Level 2 Reparaturen 

Level 3 Reparaturen 

Hardware Kenntnisse

Laptop 

Tablet 

Smartphone 


Desktop PC 

Display v TV 

Hi-Fi Audio 

Video 

Eventtechnik 

Projektor 

iMac 

iPod 


Kopfhörer 

Lautsprecher 

Car-Hi-Fi 


Smartwatch 


DVB Receiver 

Elektrotechnik Bauteile 


Drucker 

Arbeitsabläufe

Ersatzteilverwaltung 


Kostenvoranschläge erstellen 

Kundensupport 


Zusammenarbeit mit Kunden 

Garantieabgeltungen 

Fehlersuche 


Fehlerbehebung 

Refurbishment 

Automatisierung von Arbeit 

Sicherheitsbewusstsein 

Software Systeme

Manjaro/Arch Linux 

Debian/Ubuntu/Kali/Fedora Linux 

Apple iOS 

Mac OS und Mac OS ARM 

Apple iPad OS 

Android 


Manjaro ARM 

Windows 

Software Kenntnisse

Microsoft Office 

Google Dienste 

Jira/Confluence 

Citrix 

Umgang mit KI 

GitHub 


Asana 


Notion 

NeoVim 

Terminal 

SAP 

Bildbearbeitung 

MS Teams 

Erklärung

Grundkenntnisse

Gutes theoretisches Wissen

Erfahrung in Praktik und Theorie

Gute praktische und theoretische Kenntnisse

Sehr gute praktische und theoretische Kenntnisse

```

import os
import csv
from reportlab.lib.colors import HexColor
from reportlab.pdfgen import canvas
from reportlab.lib.pagesizes import A4
from reportlab.platypus import Paragraph
from reportlab.lib.styles import ParagraphStyle

width=logo_width,
text_width = c.stringWidth(name, "Helvetica-Bold", height=logo_height)
def add_header(c, width, height, margin):
    mask="auto",
    # Icons zeichnen
    # Überschrift und die Freizeitaktivitäten
    try:
        print(f"Fehler bei")
    except Exception as e:
        pass
    for i in range(num_icons):
        c.drawString(margin, height - margin - 15, on_x_position = x_position)
        "Aaron Feldmann Skill Auflistung"
        text_width + i * (icon_params["width"]
def read_data_from_csv(file_path):
    line(margin, height - margin - 10, c.setFillColor(c.HexColor(
    width - margin, height - margin - 10, text = (
    Liest die Daten aus einer CSV-Datei und gibt sie als Dictionary zurück. icon_x_position "Dieses Dokument wurde
    "" y_position - 17, "erstellt. Den Source
    data = {} def draw_categories(
    with open(file_path, newline='datacodings folder') width=width, height=height, margin=margin, icon_params=icon_params) getSampleStyleShe
    reader = csv.DictReader(csvfile)
    for row in reader:
        fill=1, style.fontName = "Helvetica
        category = row['Kategorie']
        icon = row['Icon'].strip() if row['Icon'] else None
        value = row['Wert'].strip()
        ) if 'Wert' in row and position != None:
            icon_x_position,
            y_position - 15, paragraph = Paragraph(text
            width=icon_params["width"]
            data[category].append(
            data[category].append(
            "Name": row['Name'],
            "Icon": icon, right_categories = ["Software Systeme", )
            "Value": value
            "Programiersprachen", "Software
            })
            print(f"Fehler bei Icon '{icon_path}': {e}")
            icon_params = set_icon_parameters(height=13, width=13, y_offset=3)
            return data
            for category, items in data.items():
                def add_explanation(c, data, margin, column_width, bottom
                # Bestimme Position basierend auf der Kategorie font_size = 8 # Schriftgr
def set_icon_parameters(height=13, width=13, y_offset=3):
    y_position = y_position - 1
    column_width = (width - 2
    Definiert Standardparameter für Icons.
    position = margin explanation_x = margin + column_width
    margin = 10 # Abst
    elif category in right_categories:
        explanation_y = bottom_margin + 200
    return {"height": height, "width": width, "x_offset": x_offset, "y_offset": y_offset}
    c.showPage() # Neue Seite
    x_position = margin c.setFont("Helvetica-Bold", 12)
    c.setFont("Courier", font_
    else:
        c.setFillColor(HexColor("#000000"))
        c.drawString(explanation_x, explanation_y, explanation)
        c.line(
def get_color_for_value(value):
    continue
    c.drawString(explanation_x, explanation_y, explanation)
    c.line(
    Gibt die entsprechende Farbe für den Wert zurück.
    "" explanation_x,
    with open(code_file, "r")
    "" c.setFont("Helvetica-Bold", 12)
    for line in file:
    if value == "1":
        return HexColor("#ADD8E6")
        c.drawString(x_position, y_position, line)
        x_position = margin
    elif value == "2":
        return HexColor("#87CEEB") # Mittelblau
        y_position -= 15
        )
    elif value == "3":
        return HexColor("#4682B4") # Dunkelblau
        items: for item in data.get("Erklärung", []):
            column_index +
            y_position = h
            draw_item(c, item, x_position, y_position)
            y_position = h
            icons_folder, color=color_for_value(item["Value"])
    elif value == "4":
        return HexColor("#5F9EA0") # Blaugrün
        icons_folder, color=color_for_value(item["Value"])
    elif value == "5":
        return HexColor("#2E8B57") # Dunkelgrün
        y_position -= 20
        c.setFillColor(color)
        # Wechsle zu n
        c.rect(explanation_x, explanation_y, 225, 15, fill=1)
        c.showPage
    else:
        return HexColor("#FFFFFF")
        # Aktualisiere die Y-Positionen für die Spalten
        c.setFont(
        # Standardmäßig links_categories
        c.drawString(explanation_x + 5, explanation_y, explanation)
        column_in
        y_position_left = y_position
        elif category in right_categories:
            y_position
def create_pdf(filename, data, icons_folder):
    y_offset=3, height=height
    def add_logo_and_description(c, icons_folder, logo_path, logo_width, logo_height, margin):
        ""
        Erstellt ein PDF mit den Daten aus der CSV-Datei, Icons und Python-Code.
        c.drawString(x_pos
        ""
        def draw_item(c, item, x_position, y_position):
            ""
            # Python-Code
            c.drawString(x_pos
            c = canvas.Canvas(filename, pagesize=A4)
            ""
            width, height = A4
            Zeichnet einen einzelnen Eintrag
            logo_path
            names, path_names in the folder, "pl.png")
            margin = 50
            ""
            logo_width = 150
            script_dir = os.path.dirname(o
            name = item["Name"]
            logo_height = 150
            csv_file_path = os.path.join(s
            # Überschrift und Hauptinhalt
            icon_path = os.path.join(
            logo_x = width - margin
            icon_width = 50
            path.join(sc
            add_header(c, width, height, margin, icons_folder, item["Icon"])
            if item["Icon"] != None:
                logo_path = os.path.join
                logo_x = width - margin
                logo_y = height - margin
                draw_categories(c, data, icons_folder, width, height, margin, icon_params)
                value = item["Value"]
                margin, (width - margin) / 2)
                # Logo hinzufügen
            add_explanation(c, data, margin, item["Value"])
            margin
            try:
                code_file_path = os.path.join(
                create_pdf(output_pdf_path, da
            # Python-Code hinzufügen
            # Namen zeichnen
            c.drawString(
            add_code_with_columns(c, code_file_path, height=100, column_width=400,
            c.setFont("Helvetica", 12)
            logo_x,
            c.save()
            c.drawString(x_position + 5, y_position logo_y, name)

```