



其他交通工具不是数字。

modes/types/forms/means 交通模式。

per year → annually.

Overview ~~变化~~ 变化: Version 1 - 大部分上升, 只有..下降 (这类的) → 不必列每一个, 找出多數
Version 2 - 整体上升, 有些个别下降
→ 但是这样可以提及到 All modes.

B₁ - 大部分 (Car, Train, long distance bus and other forms of travel, Taxi)

B₂ - Walking, Bicycle, Local bus → (起因).

percentage - proportion - share ~ % citizens → dwellers
能用矿物燃料的消费 → The consumption of fossil fuel

年龄层。

年龄段

→ people aged under 30

→ people who were under 30 years old

→ under 30-year-old people

→ the age group of under 30

→ the youngest age group.

B₁ - 74岁以下 - 都是 Green 绿色 (环境)

规律 1 - Green > Red > Blue - under 30

规律 2 - G > B > R - 35-49, 50-64, 65-74

B₂ - 75岁以上 - 都是 Blue 蓝色

规律 3 - B > G > R

..., followed by ... constituted

Overall, agriculture consumed more water than industrial and domestic in the majority of areas, while water resource was mainly allocated to industrial in NA and Europe.

To be specific, the water consumption of agriculture in SEA constituted 81%, followed by 12% for industry and 7% for residential use. Meanwhile, the water cost of agriculture still occupied the largest proportion in SA, A and CA [..%, ..%, ..%], whereas the figure for citizens' household water consumption was higher than that of manufacture.

task 2

題型3 - Discuss both views and give your own opinion Well-being

Intro: The topic of/concerning whether ... is ongoing, I reckon that ... 对的连接

B₁: Some people support/believe that ..., because ...

B₂: On the other hand, other people argue that ..., because ...

B₃: In my opinion, ... (中立 - 一边倒 - 否定前者)

只用在对比句上

下同：先做什么再做什么。 (有对比 - 跟 - 拼 -)

induced

Confidential 机密

没有培养好学生的积极的行徳观。

national sector → 国家部[イケイブ]

impart

