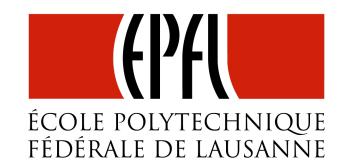


Practical Session #10



Project Part 3

Interaction & Animation



Basic topics (0..4/6)



3 points: implementation of technique

1 point: visual quality of results



1. Basic camera control

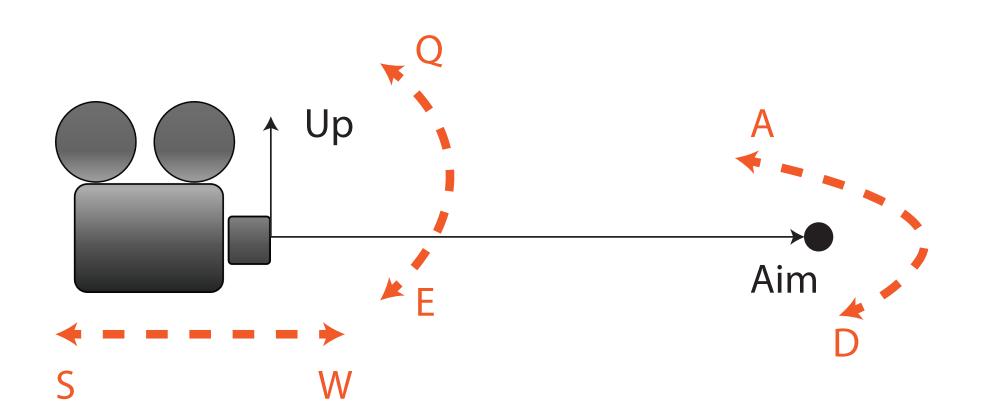


Perspective camera defined by:

- camera position cam_pos
- camera aim (or look-at point) cam_look
- up direction cam_up



View = lookAt(cam pos, cam look, cam up)



Task 1: Fly-through mode: Change position, aim and up direction by key strokes

- Use W and S to move the camera along the view direction
- A and D to rotate the aim about the up direction
- Q and E to pitch the camera up and down
- Add inertia to your camera controls
 - e.g. after pressing W, the camera velocity increases by a certain amount then decreases over time to 0
- Example: http://lgg.epfl.ch/teaching/icg/fly_over.mp4
- Hint: See HW3 for an example of keystroke handling



1. Basic camera control



Task 2: First-person shooting (FPS) exploration mode:

Control the x and y components of the camera while snapping the camera to the corresponding height of the terrain.

Use the same keys as the previous section to control the camera

Hint: You will need to query the terrain height at a position (x, y). Use glGetTexImage(...) or glReadPixels(...) to access the generated height map from FBO.



2. Camera path control



Task 3: Use Bezier curves to control the camera path

The basics (check this webpage for details: https://pomax.github.io/bezierinfo/):

- edit the control points of a bezier curve
- animate the camera by sampling two curves for the camera position and aim

Task 3.1 Design a nice camera path to explore your terrain.

You will be graded based on the visual quality

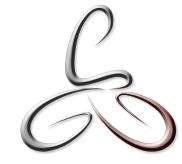
Example: http://lgg.epfl.ch/teaching/icg/camerapath.mp4

Task 3.2 Control the camera velocity along the path.

Change the velocity by keystrokes: W to increase and S to reduce the velocity.



Advanced topics (4..6/6)



Idea 1: Physically realistic movements of the camera

- Objects don't accelerate instantaneously as they have mass
- Build a simple physical system to emulate a physically plausible motion (possibly integrating jumping)

Idea 2: Clouds rendering

- https://www.guerrilla-games.com/read/the-real-time-volumetric-cloudscapes-of-horizon-zero-dawn
- https://www.gamedev.net/topic/680832-horizonzero-dawn-cloud-system/

Idea 3: Ease-in/out camera movement

- Use another bezier curve to control the camera velocity along the camera path.

Idea 4: Particle System

- Example: http://lgg.epfl.ch/teaching/icg/Snowing.mov
- Refer to the accompanied pdf for technical details.