The frog from the previous problems now has a list of the K different distances that can jump.

There are N stones numbered 1, 2, ..., N, and each of them is positioned 1 meter apart. The frog is initially on the ground 1 meter from the first stone and wants to reach stone N.

Find how many different ways the frog can get to stone N.

#### Input

The first line has N and K. The following line has K numbers separated by a space.

#### Output

An integer representing the different ways the frog can get to stone N.



### Sample 1

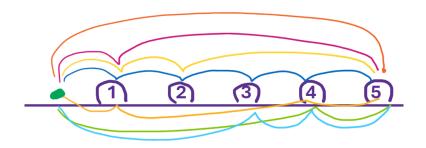
Input	Output
5 4	7
1345	

## Sample 2

Input	Output
5 2	1
4 5	

### Sample 1

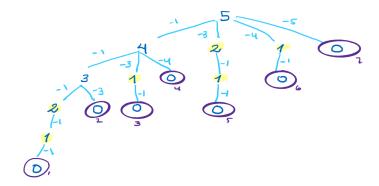
Input	Output
5 4	7
1345	



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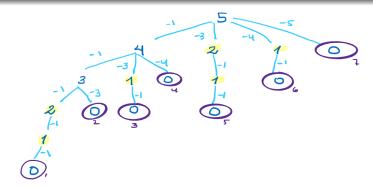
#### Frog III: Top-down DP

 $F(s) = The number of ways to reach s. Where <math>1 \le s \le n$ 



#### Frog III: Top-down DP

 $F(s) = The number of ways to reach s. Where <math>1 \le s \le n$ 



$$F(n) = \sum_{0}^{k} F(n-\mathsf{jumps}(i))$$

Alejandra V. February 2024

5/10

#### Frog III: Top-down DP

```
public int count(int n, int[] jumps, int[] dp) {
    if (n < 0) {
       return 0;
    if (n == 0) {
       return 1;
    if (dp[n] != -1) {
       return dp[n];
    dp[n] = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < jumps.length; i++) {</pre>
       dp[n] += count(n - jumps[i], jumps, dp);
    }
    return dp[n];
 }
```

6/10

### Frog III: Bottom-up DP

F(s) = The number of ways to reach s. Where <math>1 < s < n

$$N = 5 \quad \text{Jumps} = \{1, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$BC = 0 = 1$$

$$1 = 1 + \text{dip}[1-1]$$

$$2 = 1 + \text{dip}[2-1]$$

$$3 = 2 + \text{dip}[3-1] + \text{dip}[3-3]$$

$$4 = 4 + \text{dip}[4-1] + \text{dip}[4-3] + \text{dip}[4-4]$$

$$5 = 7 + \text{dip}[5-1] + \text{dip}[5-3] + \text{dip}[5-4] + \text{dip}[5-5]$$

Alejandra V. February 2024 7 / 10

#### Frog III: Bottom-up DP

 $F(s) = The number of ways to reach s. Where <math>1 \le s \le n$ 

n= 5 jumps= 11, 3, 4, 5}

$$d\rho$$
BC = 0 = 1
$$1 = 1 + d\rho[1-1]$$

$$2 = 1 \rightarrow d\rho[2-1]$$

$$3 = 2 + d\rho[3-1] + d\rho[3-3]$$

$$4 = 4 \rightarrow d\rho[4-1] + d\rho[4-3] + d\rho[4-4]$$

$$5 = 7 \rightarrow d\rho[5-1] + d\rho[5-3] + d\rho[5-4] + d\rho[5-5]$$

$$F(n) = \sum_{i=0}^{k} F(n-jumps(i))$$

8/10

### Frog III: Bottom-up DP

```
public int count(int n, int[] jumps, int[] dp) {
    dp[0] = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < jumps.length; j++) {
            if (i - jumps[j] >= 0) {
                 dp[i] += dp[i - jumps[j]];
            }
        }
    }
    return dp[n];
}
```

9/10

February 2024



Alejandra V. February 2024 10