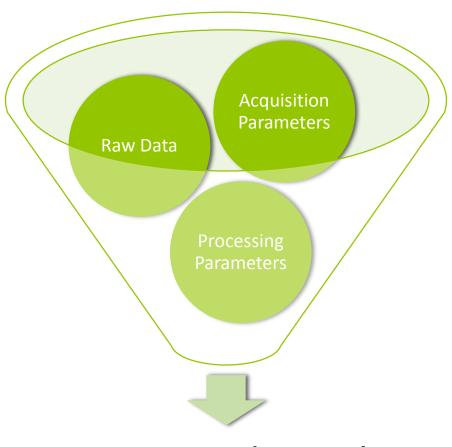
Nervous Activity Analyzer Biological Signals

by Jonas, Robel, Maria

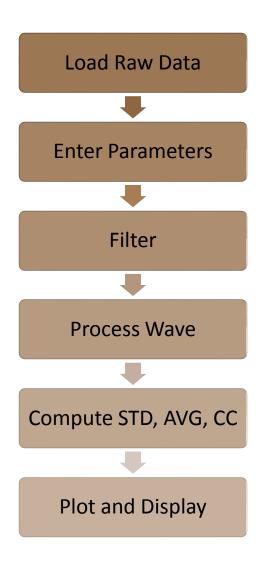
3-June-2014

INPUTS & OUTPUTS

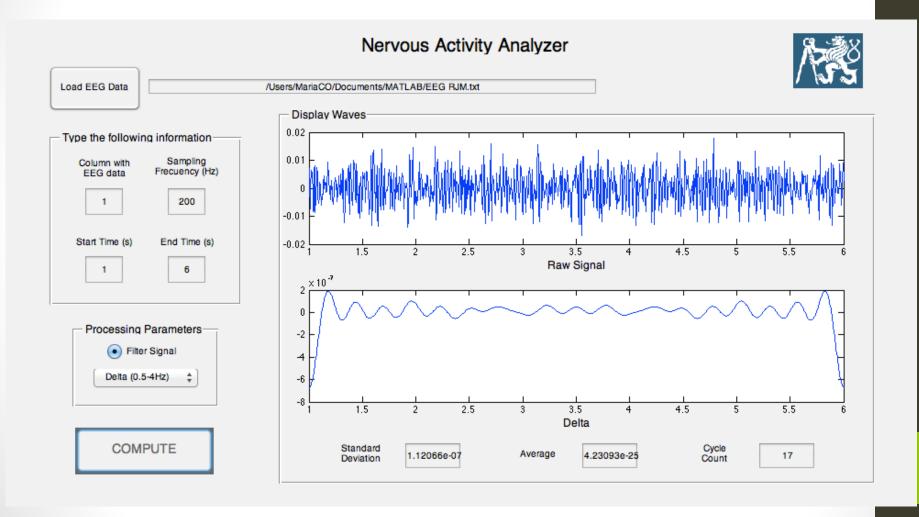


Computed Signal

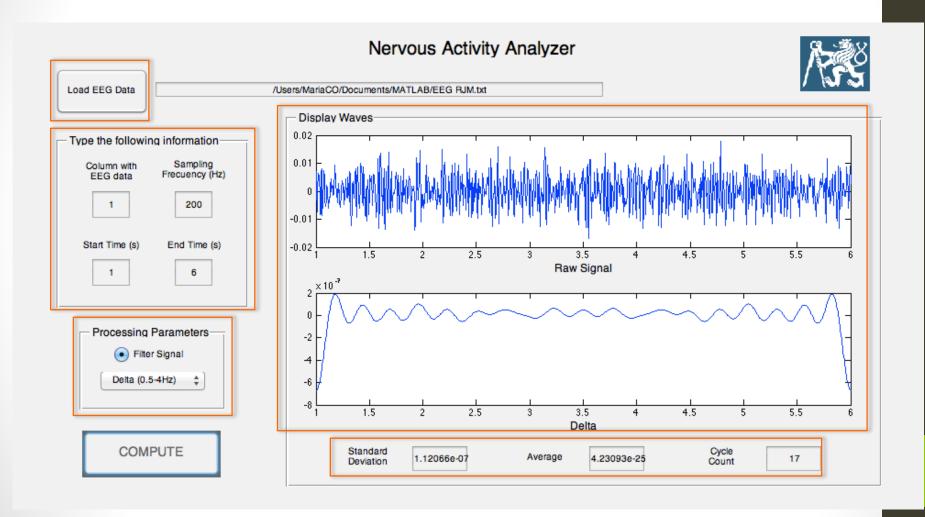
WORKFLOW



Graphical User Interface - GUI



Graphical User Interface - GUI



Load Raw Data

- [filename,filepath]=uigetfile({'*.*','All Files'},'Select EEG File');
- fullpathname=strcat(filepath, filename);
- set(handles.text_path, 'String', fullpathname)
- handles.rawdata1=load(fullpathname)

000			EEG RJM.txt		
CH1 Input -0.00994873 -0.00567627 -0.000350952 0.00360107 0.00134277	alpha beta -9.43585E-006 -0.000156764 -0.000377901 -0.000531002 -0.000565271	delta theta 4.98473E-005 -0.00062528 -0.001375 -0.00150483 -0.000995866	C5 -Gamma 4.37682E-005 3.0851E-005 -1.06451E-006 -3.22119E-005 -5.22267E-005	0.000210477 0.000148385 4.60298E-005 -4.39356E-005 -9.71149E-005	0.000247318 -0.00364706 -0.00318385 0.00148266 0.00458012
-0.00401306 -0.00254822 -0.000930786 0.00521851 0.00596619	-0.000545968 -0.000552026 -0.000576746 -0.000549408 -0.00040301	-0.000391147 -0.000117415 -5.38004E-005 0.000182988 0.000826019	-6.76668E-005 -8.96792E-005 -0.000118231 -0.000142339 -0.000148582	-0.000132906 -0.000179997 -0.000236956 -0.000275852 -0.000265758	0.00300853 -0.000607658 -0.00182106 0.000186972 0.00297832

Enter Parameters

- handles.column1 = str2double(get(hObject,'String'));
- handles.fs1 = str2double(get(hObject,'String'));
- handles.t11 = str2double(get(hObject,'String'));
- handles.t21 = str2double(get(hObject,'String'));
- handles.Filter1 = (get(hObject,'Value'));
- handles.Wave1 = (get(hObject,'Value'));

Filter

- Filtering the EEG data by using FIR filters.
- It was filtered for the following:
 - 50Hz Powerline interference with a band stop filter
 - 0.5Hz Highpass and 90Hz Low pass filter
- FIR was chosen over IIR because:
 - FIR filters are inherently stable
 - FIR filters have a linear phase
 - FIR are robust to quantization

```
%FIR FILTERS
a = fir1(100,[f1n f2n], 'stop'); %50hz notch filter
y = filter(a,1,data1);
b = fir1(100,[f11 f21], 'low'); %90Hz lowpass filter
x0 = filter(b,1,y);
c = fir1(100,[f1h f2h], 'high'); %0.5Hz highpass filter
x = filter(c,1,x0);
```

Specify values for Wn

- fir1 implements the classical method of windowed linearphase FIR digital filter design.
- b = fir1(n,Wn, 'ftype')
- n specifies the order of the filter
- Wn = [f1 f2] is a two element vector between 0 and 1 where 1 corresponds on the Nyquist Frequency
- They were calculated using the following code

```
k = 0.003;
f1n = (50/(fs/2)) - k;
f2n = (50/(fs/2)) + k;
f1l = (90/(fs/2)) - k;
f2l = (90/(fs/2)) + k;
f1h = (0.5/(fs/2)) - k;
f2h = (0.5/(fs/2)) + k;
```

Process Wave

- Extraction of Delta, Theta, Alfa, Beta or Gamma wave using FFT & IFFT functions.
- 1. transform given signal to frequency domain using FFT
- 2. extract desired wave (frequency band) into blank vector using switch, based on user's selection

```
switch wave case 1 curve='Delta' B(round(m/2-0.5*m/fs):round(m/2-4*m/fs)) = fur(round(m/2-0.5*m/fs):round(m/2-4*m/fs)) B(round(m/2+0.5*m/fs):round(m/2+4*m/fs)) = fur(round(m/2+0.5*m/fs):round(m/2+4*m/fs))
```

- 3. transform back into time domain using IFFT
- 4. create time vector based on sampling frequency and duration

t=t1:1/fs:t2

5. plot against the time vector

Compute STD, AVG, CC

Standard deviation

```
Sdev=std(z)
```

Average

Avg=mean(z)

Cycle count

```
Cc=0
tr=0
for F = 2:m
       E=F-1;
       if tr==1
                    if z(F) < z(E)
                                 Cc=Cc+1
                                 t.r=-1
                    end
        end
       if z(F) < z(E)
                    tr=-1
        else
                    tr=1
        end
end
```

Plot and Display

- plot(handles.plot1,t,data1)
- plot(handles.plot2,t,z)

- set(handles.Sel_wave,'String',curve)
- set(handles.STD1, 'String', STD)
- set(handles.AVG1, 'String', AVG)
- set(handles.CC1, 'String', CC)