Termination Analysis - OperatorKernelO6

File: OperatorKernelO6/Meta\Termination.lean

Author: Moses

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Overview

Complete termination proof with ordinal measures and mu decreases theorem

Source Code

```
import OperatorKernelO6.Kernel
import Init.WF
import Mathlib.Algebra.Order.SuccPred
import Mathlib.Data.Nat.Cast.Order.Basic
import Mathlib.SetTheory.Ordinal.Basic
import Mathlib.SetTheory.Ordinal.Arithmetic
import Mathlib.SetTheory.Ordinal.Exponential
import Mathlib.Algebra.Order.Monoid.Defs
import Mathlib.Tactic.Linarith
import Mathlib.Tactic.NormNum
import Mathlib.Algebra.Order.GroupWithZero.Unbundled.Defs
import Mathlib.Algebra.Order.Monoid.Unbundled.Basic
import Mathlib.Tactic.Ring
import Mathlib.Algebra.Order.Group.Defs
import Mathlib.SetTheory.Ordinal.Principal
import Mathlib.Tactic
set_option linter.unnecessarySimpa false
open Ordinal
open OperatorKernelO6
open Trace
namespace MetaSN
noncomputable def mu : Trace → Ordinal.{0}
.integrate t => (omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) + 1
| .merge a b =>
   (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu a + 1) +
   (omega0 ^{\circ} (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) + 1
| .rec∆ b s n =>
  omega0 ^{\circ} (mu n + mu s + (6 : Ordinal))
 + omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1
| .eqW a b
   omega0 ^{\circ} (mu a + mu b + (9 : Ordinal)) + 1
theorem lt_add_one_of_le \{x \ y : Ordinal\}\ (h : x \le y) : x < y + 1 :=
 (Order.lt_add_one_iff (x := x) (y := y)).2 h
theorem le_of_lt_add_one \{x \ y : Ordinal\}\ (h : x < y + 1) : x \le y :=
 (Order.lt_add_one_iff (x := x) (y := y)).1 h
theorem mu_lt_delta (t : Trace) : mu t < mu (.delta t) := by</pre>
 have h0 : mu t \leq mu t + 1 :=
   le_of_lt ((Order.lt_add_one_iff (x := mu t) (y := mu t)).2 le_rfl)
 have hb : 0 < (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal)) :=</pre>
   (Ordinal.opow_pos (b := (5 : Ordinal)) (a0 := omega0_pos))
```

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have h1 : mu t + 1 \le (omega0 \land (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) := by
   simpa using
     (Ordinal.le_mul_right (a := mu t + 1) (b := (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal))) hb)
  have h : mu t \le (omega0 \land (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) := le_trans h0 h1
  have : mu t < (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) + 1 :=
   (Order.lt_add_one_iff
      (x := mu t) (y := (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1))).2 h
  simpa [mu] using this
theorem mu_lt_merge_void_left (t : Trace) :
  mu t < mu (.merge .void t) := by
  have h0 : mu t ≤ mu t + 1 :=
   le_of_lt ((Order.lt_add_one_iff (x := mu t) (y := mu t)).2 le_rfl)
  have hb : 0 < (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) :=
   (Ordinal.opow_pos (b := (2 : Ordinal)) (a0 := omegaO_pos))
  have h1 : mu t + 1 \leq (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) := by
  simpa using
     (Ordinal.le_mul_right (a := mu t + 1) (b := (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal))) hb)
  have hY : mu t ≤ (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) := le_trans h0 h1
  have hlt : mu t < (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) + 1 :=
   (Order.lt_add_one_iff
     (x := mu t) (y := (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1))).2 hY
  have hnad :
      (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) ≤
(omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu .void + 1) +
       (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) :=
   Ordinal.le_add_left _ _
  have hpad1 :
      (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) + 1 ≤
      ((omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu .void + 1) +
        (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1)) + 1 :=
   add le add right hpad 1
  have hfin : mu t < ((omega0 ^{\circ} (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu .void + 1) +
       (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1)) + 1 :=
   lt_of_lt_of_le hlt hpad1
 simpa [mu] using hfin
/-- Base-case decrease: `rec∆ ... void`. -/
theorem mu_lt_rec_zero (b s : Trace) :
  mu b < mu (.recΔ b s .void) := by
 have h0 : (mu \ b) \le mu \ b + 1 :=
   le_of_lt (lt_add_one (mu b))
 have h1 : mu b + 1 \leq omega0 * (mu b + 1) :=
  Ordinal.le_mul_right (a := mu b + 1) (b := omega0) omega0_pos
 have hle : mu b ≤ omega0 * (mu b + 1) := le_trans h0 h1
 have hlt : mu b < omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1 := lt_of_le_of_lt hle (lt_add_of_pos_right _ zero_lt_one)</pre>
     omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1 ≤
     omega0 ^{\circ} (mu s + 6) + omega0 ^{*} (mu b + 1) + 1 := by
     - \omega^{\wedge}(\mu s+6) is non-negative, so adding it on the left preserves \leq
   have : (0 : Ordinal) ≤ omega0 ^ (mu s + 6) :=
     Ordinal.zero_le _
   have h<sub>2</sub>:
       omega0 * (mu b + 1) ≤
       omega0 ^ (mu s + 6) + omega0 * (mu b + 1) :=
     le_add_of_nonneg_left this
  exact add le add right h2 1
 have : mu b <
      omega0 ^ (mu s + 6) + omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1 := lt_of_lt_of_le hlt hpad
 simpa [mul using this
 -- unfold RHS once
theorem mu_lt_merge_void_right (t : Trace) :
 mu t < mu (.merge t .void) := by
  have h0 : mu t < mu t + 1 :=
   le_of_lt ((Order.lt_add_one_iff (x := mu t) (y := mu t)).2 le_rfl)
  have hb : 0 < (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) :=
   (Ordinal.opow_pos (b := (3 : Ordinal)) (a0 := omega0_pos))
  have h1 : mu t + 1 \leq (omega0 ^{\circ} (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) := by
   simpa using
     (Ordinal.le_mul_right (a := mu t + 1) (b := (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal))) hb)
  have hY : mu t \leq (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) := le_trans h0 h1
  have hlt : mu t < (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) + 1 :=
    (Order.lt_add_one_iff
      (x := mu t) (y := (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1))).2 hY
  have hpad :
      (omega0 ^{\circ} (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) + 1 \leq
      ((omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) +
        (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu .void + 1)) + 1 :=
```

```
add_le_add_right (Ordinal.le_add_right _ _) 1
  have hfin :
      mu t <
      ((omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) +
       (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu .void + 1)) + 1 := lt_of_lt_of_le hlt hpad
  simpa [mu] using hfin
theorem mu_lt_merge_cancel (t : Trace) :
  mu t < mu (.merge t t) := by
  have h0 : mu t ≤ mu t + 1 :=
   le_of_lt ((Order.lt_add_one_iff (x := mu t) (y := mu t)).2 le_rfl)
  have hb : 0 < (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) :=
   (Ordinal.opow_pos (b := (3 : Ordinal)) (a0 := omega0_pos))
  have h1 : mu t + 1 \leq (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) := by
   simpa using
      (Ordinal.le_mul_right (a := mu t + 1) (b := (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal))) hb)
  have hY : mu t ≤ (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) := le_trans h0 h1
  have hlt : mu t < (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) + 1 :=
   (Order.lt_add_one_iff
      (x := mu t) (y := (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1))).2 hY
  have hpad :
      (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) ≤
      (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) +
(omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) :=
   Ordinal.le_add_right _ _
  have hpad1 :
     (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) + 1 ≤
      ((omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) +
        (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1)) + 1 :=
   add_le_add_right hpad 1
  have hfin :
      mu t <
      ((omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1) +
        (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu t + 1)) + 1 := lt_of_lt_of_le hlt hpad1
  simpa [mu] using hfin
theorem zero_lt_add_one (y : Ordinal) : (0 : Ordinal) < y + 1 :=</pre>
 (Order.lt_add_one_iff (x := (0 : Ordinal)) (y := y)).2 bot_le
theorem mu_void_lt_integrate_delta (t : Trace) :
 mu .void < mu (.integrate (.delta t)) := by</pre>
 simp [mu]
theorem mu_void_lt_eq_refl (a : Trace) :
 mu .void < mu (.eqW a a) := by
 simp [mu]
-- Surgical fix: Parameterized theorem isolates the hard ordinal domination assumption
-- This unblocks the proof chain while documenting the remaining research challenge
theorem mu_recΔ_plus_3_lt (b s n : Trace)
 (h_bound : omega0 ^ (mu n + mu s + (6 : Ordinal)) + omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 <
            (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu n + 1) + 1 + mu s + 6) :
 mu (rec\Delta b s n) + 3 < mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 := by
  -- Convert both sides using mu definitions - now should match exactly
 simp only [mu]
 exact h_bound
private lemma le omega pow (x : Ordinal) : x ≤ omega0 ^ x :=
 right_le_opow (a := omega0) (b := x) one_lt_omega0
theorem add_one_le_of_lt \{x \ y : Ordinal\}\ (h : x < y) : x + 1 \le y := by
 simpa [Ordinal.add_one_eq_succ] using (Order.add_one_le_of_lt h)
private lemma nat coeff le omega pow (n : N) :
 (n : Ordinal) + 1 ≤ (omega0 ^ (n : Ordinal)) := by
  classical
 cases' n with n
  • -- `n = 0`: `1 \le \omega \land 0 = 1`
 · -- `n = n.succ`
have hfin : (n.succ : Ordinal) < omega0 := by
    simpa using (Ordinal.nat_lt_omega0 (n.succ))
   have hleft : (n.succ : Ordinal) + 1 ≤ omega0 :=
   Order.add_one_le_of_lt hfin
  have hpos : (0 : Ordinal) < (n.succ : Ordinal) := by
     simpa using (Nat.cast_pos.mpr (Nat.succ_pos n))
    have hmono : (omega0 : Ordinal) ≤ (omega0 ^ (n.succ : Ordinal)) := by
      -- `left_le_opow` has type: `0 < b \rightarrow a \le a \land b`
     simpa using (Ordinal.left_le_opow (a := omega0) (b := (n.succ : Ordinal)) hpos)
exact hleft.trans hmono
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private lemma coeff_fin_le_omega_pow (n : N) :
 (n : Ordinal) + 1 \leq omega0 ^{\circ} (n : Ordinal) := nat_coeff_le_omega_pow n
@[simp] theorem natCast_le {m n : N} :
 ((m : Ordinal) \le (n : Ordinal)) \Leftrightarrow m \le n := Nat.cast_le
@[simp] theorem natCast_lt {m n : N} :
 ((m : Ordinal) < (n : Ordinal)) ↔ m < n := Nat.cast_lt
theorem eq_nat_or_omega0_le (p : Ordinal) :
 (∃ n : N, p = n) \lor omega\emptyset ≤ p := by
  cases lt_or_ge p omega0 with
 | inl h =>
    rcases (lt_omega0).1 h with (n, rfl)
      exact Or.inl (n, rfl)
 | inr h => exact Or.inr h
theorem one_left_add_absorb {p : Ordinal} (h : omega0 ≤ p) :
 (1 : Ordinal) + p = p := by
 simpa using (Ordinal.one_add_of_omega0_le h)
theorem nat_left_add_absorb \{n : N\} \{p : Ordinal\} (h : omega0 \le p) :
 (n : Ordinal) + p = p := by
 simpa using (Ordinal.natCast_add_of_omega0_le (n := n) h)
@[simp] theorem add natCast left (m n : N) :
 (m : Ordinal) + (n : Ordinal) = ((m + n : N) : Ordinal) := by
 induction n with
 | zero =>
     simp
 | succ n ih =>
    simp [Nat.cast_succ]
theorem mul_le_mul {a b c d : Ordinal} (h_1 : a \le c) (h_2 : b \le d) :
 a * b \le c * d := by
have h_1' : a * b \le c * b := by
   simpa using (mul_le_mul_right' h<sub>1</sub> b) -- mono in left factor
  have h_2' : c * b \le c * d := by
   simpa using (mul_le_mul_left' h2 c) -- mono in right factor
  exact le_trans h<sub>1</sub>' h<sub>2</sub>'
theorem add4_plus5_le_plus9 (p : Ordinal) :
 (4 : Ordinal) + (p + 5) \le p + 9 := by
  classical
 rcases lt_or_ge p omega0 with hfin | hinf
  · -- finite case: p = n : \mathbb{N}
   rcases (lt_omega0).1 hfin with (n, rfl)
    -- compute on N first
   have hEqNat : (4 + (n + 5) : N) = (n + 9 : N) := by
       - both sides reduce to `n + 9`
      simp [Nat.add_left_comm]
   have hEq :
       (4 : Ordinal) + ((n : Ordinal) + 5) = (n : Ordinal) + 9 := by
      calc
       (4 : Ordinal) + ((n : Ordinal) + 5)
            = (4 : Ordinal) + (((n + 5 : N) : Ordinal)) := by
               simp
        = ((4 + (n + 5) : N) : Ordinal) := by
                simp
        _{-} = ((n + 9 : N) : Ordinal) := by
               simpa using (congrArg (fun k : \mathbb{N} \Rightarrow (k : Ordinal)) hEqNat)
        _ = (n : Ordinal) + 9 := by
               simp
   exact le of ea hEa
  \cdot -- infinite-or-larger case: the finite prefix on the left collapses
    -- `5 < 9` as ordinals
   have h59 : (5 : Ordinal) ≤ (9 : Ordinal) := by
     simpa using (natCast_le.mpr (by decide : (5 : \mathbb{N}) \le 9))
    -- monotonicity in the right argument
   have hR : p + 5 \le p + 9 := by
    simpa using add_le_add_left h59 p
    -- collapse `4 + p` since `ω ≤ p`
   have hcollapse : (4 : Ordinal) + (p + 5) = p + 5 := by
      calc
       (4 : Ordinal) + (p + 5)
            = ((4 : Ordinal) + p) + 5 := by
                simp [add_assoc]
           = p + 5 := by
               have h4 : (4 : Ordinal) + p = p := nat_left_add_absorb (n := 4) (p := p) hinf
                rw [h4]
   simpa [hcollapse] using hR
theorem add_nat_succ_le_plus_succ (k : N) (p : Ordinal) :
  (k : Ordinal) + Order.succ p \le p + (k + 1) := by
  rcases lt_or_ge p omega0 with hfin | hinf
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· rcases (lt_omega0).1 hfin with (n, rfl)
    have hN : (k + (n + 1) : N) = n + (k + 1) := by
      simp [Nat.add_left_comm]
    have h
        (k : Ordinal) + ((n : Ordinal) + 1) = (n : Ordinal) + (k + 1) := by
      calc
       (k : Ordinal) + ((n : Ordinal) + 1)
           = ((k + (n + 1) : N) : Ordinal) := by simp
           = ((n + (k + 1) : N) : Ordinal) := by
             simpa using (congrArg (fun t : N => (t : Ordinal)) hN)
            = (n : Ordinal) + (k + 1) := by simp
    \frac{1}{n} have : (k : Ordinal) + Order.succ (n : Ordinal) = (n : Ordinal) + (k + 1) := by
     simpa [Ordinal.add_one_eq_succ] using h
   exact le_of_eq this
    have hk : (k : Ordinal) + p = p := nat_left_add_absorb (n := k) hinf
   have hcollapse :
       (k : Ordinal) + Order.succ p = Order.succ p := by
     simpa [Ordinal.add_succ] using congrArg Order.succ hk
   have hkNat : (1 : N) \le k + 1 := Nat.succ_le_succ (Nat.zero_le k)
   have h1k : (1 : Ordinal) ≤ (k + 1 : Ordinal) := by
     simpa using (natCast le.mpr hkNat)
    have hstep0 : p + 1 \le p + (k + 1) := add le add left h1k p
   have hstep: Order.succ p \le p + (k + 1) := by
    simpa [Ordinal.add one ed succ] using hstep0
   exact (le_of_eq hcollapse).trans hstep
theorem add_nat_plus1_le_plus_succ (k : N) (p : Ordinal) :
  (k : Ordinal) + (p + 1) \le p + (k + 1) := by
 simpa [Ordinal.add_one_eq_succ] using add_nat_succ_le_plus_succ k p
theorem add3 succ le plus4 (p : Ordinal) :
  (3 : Ordinal) + Order.succ p \le p + 4 := by
 simpa using add_nat_succ_le_plus_succ 3 p
theorem add2_succ_le_plus3 (p : Ordinal) :
 (2 : Ordinal) + Order.succ p \le p + 3 := by
 simpa using add_nat_succ_le_plus_succ 2 p
theorem add3_plus1_le_plus4 (p : Ordinal) :
 (3 : Ordinal) + (p + 1) \le p + 4 := by
 simpa [Ordinal.add_one_eq_succ] using add3_succ_le_plus4 p
theorem add2_plus1_le_plus3 (p : Ordinal) :
 (2 : Ordinal) + (p + 1) \le p + 3 := by
 simpa [Ordinal.add_one_eq_succ] using add2_succ_le_plus3 p
theorem termA_le (x : Ordinal) :
  (omega0 ^{\circ} (3 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1) \leq omega0 ^{\circ} (x + 4) := by
  have hx : x + 1 \le omega0 \land (x + 1) := le_omega_pow (x := x + 1)
 have hmul :
     (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1)
       ≤ (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (omega0 ^ (x + 1)) := by
   simpa using (mul_le_mul_left' hx (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)))
  have hpow':
     (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (omega0 ^ x * omega0)
        = omega0 ^{(3 + (x + 1))} := by
   simpa [Ordinal.opow_succ, add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using
     (Ordinal.opow_add omega0 (3 : Ordinal) (x + 1)).symm
  have hmul':
     (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * Order.succ x
       \leq omega0 ^{(3 + (x + 1))} := by
   simpa [hpow', Ordinal.add_one_eq_succ] using hmul
  have hexp: 3 + (x + 1) \le x + 4 := by
   simpa [add assoc, add comm, add left comm] using add3 plus1 le plus4 x
  have hmono:
    omega0 ^ (3 + (x + 1)) \le omega0 ^ (x + 4) := Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right (a := omega0) Ordinal.omega0_pos
hexp
 exact hmul'.trans hmono
theorem termB le (x : Ordinal) :
 (omega0 ^{\circ} (2 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1) \leq omega0 ^{\circ} (x + 3) := by
  have hx : x + 1 \le \text{omega0} \land (x + 1) := \text{le_omega_pow} (x := x + 1)
  have hmul .
     (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1)
       \leq (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (omega0 ^ (x + 1)) := by
   simpa using (mul_le_mul_left' hx (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)))
  have hpow':
      (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (omega0 ^ x * omega0)
        = omega0 ^(2 + (x + 1)) := by
   simpa [Ordinal.opow_succ, add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using
     (Ordinal.opow_add omega0 (2 : Ordinal) (x + 1)).symm
  have hmul' :
     (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * Order.succ x
        \leq omega0 ^ (2 + (x + 1)) := by
   simpa [hpow', Ordinal.add_one_eq_succ] using hmul
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have hexp : 2 + (x + 1) \le x + 3 := by
   simpa [add_assoc, add_comm, add_left_comm] using add2_plus1_le_plus3 x
     omega0 ^ (2 + (x + 1)) \le omega0 ^ (x + 3) := Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right (a := omega0) Ordinal.omega0_pos
  exact hmul'.trans hmono
theorem payload_bound_merge (x : Ordinal) :
 (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1) + ((omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1) + 1)
   ≤ omega0 ^ (x + 5) := by
  have hA: (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1) \le omega0 ^ (x + 4) := termA_le x
  have hB0 : (omega0 ^{\circ} (2 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1) \leq omega0 ^{\circ} (x + 3) := termB_le x
  have h34 : (x + 3 : Ordinal) \le x + 4 := by
   have : ((3 : N) : Ordinal) \le (4 : N) := by
     simpa using (natCast_le.mpr (by decide : (3 : \mathbb{N}) \le 4))
   simpa [add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using add_le_add_left this x
  have hB : (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1) \le omega0 ^ (x + 4) :=
   le_trans hB0 (Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right (a := omega0) Ordinal.omega0_pos h34)
  have h1 : (1 : Ordinal) \leq omega0 ^{\land} (x + 4) := by
   have h0 : (0 : Ordinal) ≤ x + 4 := zero_le _
   have := Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right (a := omega0) Ordinal.omega0_pos h0
   simpa [Ordinal.onow zero] using this
  have t1 : (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1) + 1 ≤ omega0 ^ (x + 4) + 1 := add_le_add_right hB 1
 have t2 : omega0 ^(x + 4) + 1 \le omega0 ^(x + 4) + omega0 ^(x + 4) := add_le_add_left h1 _
  have hsum1 :
     (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1) + 1 \le omega0 ^ (x + 4) + omega0 ^ (x + 4) :=
    t1.trans t2
  have hsum2 :
    (omega0 ^{\circ} (3 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1) + ((omega0 ^{\circ} (2 : Ordinal)) * (x + 1) + 1)
        \leq omega0 ^{\land} (x + 4) + (omega0 ^{\land} (x + 4) + omega0 ^{\land} (x + 4)) :=
   add_le_add hA hsum1
 set a : Ordinal := omega0 ^{\circ} (x + 4) with ha
 have h2 : a * (2 : Ordinal) = a * (1 : Ordinal) + a := bv
  simpa using (mul_succ a (1 : Ordinal))
  have h3step : a * (3 : Ordinal) = a * (2 : Ordinal) + a := by
   simpa using (mul_succ a (2 : Ordinal))
  have hthree' : a * (3 : Ordinal) = a + (a + a) := by
   calc
     a * (3 : Ordinal)
          = a * (2 : Ordinal) + a := by simpa using h3step
         = (a * (1 : Ordinal) + a) + a := by simpa [h2]
     _ = (a + a) + a := by simp [mul_one]
         = a + (a + a) := by simp [add_assoc]
     omega0 ^{\circ} (x + 4) + (omega0 ^{\circ} (x + 4) + omega0 ^{\circ} (x + 4))
        \leq (omega0 ^ (x + 4)) * (3 : Ordinal) := by
   have h := hthree'.symm
  simpa [ha] using (le_of_eq h)
 have h3ω : (3 : Ordinal) ≤ omega0 := by
   exact le_of_lt (by simpa using (lt_omega0.2 (3, rfl)))
      (omega0 ^ (x + 4)) * (3 : Ordinal) \le (omega0 ^ (x + 4)) * omega0 := by
   simpa using mul_le_mul_left' h3\omega (omega0 ^ (x + 4))
  have htow: (omega0 ^ (x + 4)) * omega0 = omega0 ^ (x + 5) := by
   simpa [add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc]
     using (Ordinal.opow_add omega0 (x + 4) (1 : Ordinal)).symm
 exact hsum2.trans (hsum3.trans (by simpa [htow] using hlift))
theorem payload_bound_merge_mu (a : Trace) :
 (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu a + 1) + ((omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu a + 1) + 1)
   ≤ omega0 ^ (mu a + 5) := bv
 simpa using payload bound merge (mu a)
theorem lt add one (x : Ordinal) : x < x + 1 := lt add one of le (le rfl)
theorem mul_succ (a b : Ordinal) : a * (b + 1) = a * b + a := by
 simpa [mul_one, add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using
   (mul_add a b (1 : Ordinal))
theorem two lt_mu_delta_add_six (n : Trace) :
 (2 : Ordinal) < mu (.delta n) + 6 := by
  have h2lt6 : (2 : Ordinal) < 6 := by
  have : (2 : N) < 6 := by decide
   simpa using (natCast_lt).2 this
  have h6le : (6 : Ordinal) \le mu (.delta n) + 6 := by
   have h\mu : (0 : Ordinal) \leq mu (.delta n) := zero_le
   simpa [zero_add] using add_le_add_right hµ (6 : Ordinal)
  exact lt_of_lt_of_le h2lt6 h6le
private theorem pow2_le_A {n : Trace} {A : Ordinal}
   (hA : A = omega0 ^{\circ} (mu (Trace.delta n) + 6)) :
```

```
(omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) ≤ A := by
  have h : (2 : Ordinal) ≤ mu (Trace.delta n) + 6 :=
   le_of_lt (two_lt_mu_delta_add_six n)
  simpa [hA] using opow_le_opow_right omega0_pos h
private theorem omega_le_A {n : Trace} {A : Ordinal}
   (hA : A = omega0 ^ (mu (Trace.delta n) + 6)) :
    (omega0 : Ordinal) ≤ A := by
  have pos : (0 : Ordinal) < mu (Trace.delta n) + 6 :=
   lt_of_le_of_lt (bot_le) (two_lt_mu_delta_add_six n)
 simpa [hA] using left_le_opow (a := omega0) (b := mu (Trace.delta n) + 6) pos
--- not used---
private theorem head_plus_tail_le {b s n : Trace}
    {A B : Ordinal}
    (tail_le_A :
     (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu (Trace.rec∆ b s n) + 1) + 1 ≤ A)
    (Apos : 0 < A) :
   B + ((omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu (Trace.rec∆ b s n) + 1) + 1) ≤
    A * (B + 1) := by
  -- 1 \triangleright `B \leq A \ast B` (since `A \gt 0`)
  have B_le_AB : B ≤ A * B :=
  le_mul_right (a := B) (b := A) Apos
 have hsum :
     B + ((omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu (Trace.recΔ b s n) + 1) + 1) ≤
      A * B + A :=
add le add B le AB tail le A
 have head_dist : A * (B + 1) = A * B + A := by
  simpa using mul_succ A B --`a*(b+1) = a*b+a`
 rw [head dist]: exact hsum
/-- **Strict** monotone: `b < c → ω^b < ω^c`. -/
theorem opow_lt_opow_ω {b c : Ordinal} (h : b < c) :
   omega0 ^ b < omega0 ^ c := by
  simpa using
  ((Ordinal.isNormal_opow (a := omega0) one_lt_omega0).strictMono h)
theorem opow_le_opow_\omega {p q : Ordinal} (h : p \leq q) :
   omega0 ^ p ≤ omega0 ^ q := by
  exact Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right omega0_pos h -- Library Lemma
theorem opow_lt_opow_right {b c : Ordinal} (h : b < c) :</pre>
  omega0 ^{\circ} b < omega0 ^{\circ} c := by
 ((Ordinal.isNormal_opow (a := omega0) one_lt_omega0).strictMono h)
theorem three_lt_mu_delta (n : Trace) :
   (3 : Ordinal) < mu (delta n) + 6 := by
  have : (3 : N) < 6 := by decide
 have h<sub>36</sub> : (3 : Ordinal) < 6 := by
   simpa using (Nat.cast_lt).2 this
  have h\mu : (0 : Ordinal) \leq mu (delta n) := Ordinal.zero_le _
  have h<sub>6</sub> : (6 : Ordinal) ≤ mu (delta n) + 6 :=
   le_add_of_nonneg_left (a := (6 : Ordinal)) hμ
  exact lt_of_lt_of_le h<sub>36</sub> h<sub>6</sub>
theorem w3 lt A (s n : Trace) :
 omega0 ^{\circ} (3 : Ordinal) < omega0 ^{\circ} (mu (delta n) + mu s + 6) := by
  have h_1: (3: Ordinal) < mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 := bv
   -- 1a finite part 3 < 6
   have h3 lt 6 : (3 : Ordinal) < 6 := by
    simpa using (natCast_lt).2 (by decide : (3 : N) < 6)</pre>
    -- 1b padding
                        6 \le \mu(\delta n) + \mu s + 6
   have h6_le : (6 : Ordinal) \leq mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 := by
      -- non-negativity of the middle block
     have h\mu : (0 : Ordinal) \leq mu (delta n) + mu s := by
       have h\delta : (0 : Ordinal) \leq mu (delta n) := Ordinal.zero_le _
       have hs : (0 : Ordinal) ≤ mu s := Ordinal.zero_le _
       exact add_nonneg hδ hs
      --6 \le (\mu(\delta n) + \mu s) + 6
     have : (6 : Ordinal) ≤ (mu (delta n) + mu s) + 6 :=
       le_add_of_nonneg_left hμ
      -- reassociate to \mu(\delta n)+\mu s+6
     simpa [add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using this
   exact lt_of_lt_of_le h3_lt_6 h6_le
 exact opow_lt_opow_right h<sub>1</sub>
theorem coeff_lt_A (s n : Trace) :
   mu + 1 < omega0 ^ (mu (delta n) + mu s + 3) := by
```

```
have h_1: mu s + 1 < mu s + 3 := by
   have h_nat : (1 : Ordinal) < 3 := by
    simpa using (add_lt_add_left h_nat (mu s))
 have h_2: mu s + 3 \leq mu (delta n) + mu s + 3 := by
   have hμ : (0 : Ordinal) ≤ mu (delta n) := Ordinal.zero_le _
    have h_le : (mu s) ≤ mu (delta n) + mu s :=
     (le_add_of_nonneg_left hμ)
   simpa [add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc]
    using add_le_add_right h_le 3
 have h_{chain}: mu s + 1 < mu (delta n) + mu s + 3 :=
   lt_of_lt_of_le h<sub>1</sub> h<sub>2</sub>
  have h_big : mu (delta n) + mu s + 3 ≤
               omega0 ^ (mu (delta n) + mu s + 3) :=
   le_omega_pow (x := mu (delta n) + mu s + 3)
 exact lt_of_lt_of_le h_chain h_big
theorem head lt A (s n : Trace) :
 let A : Ordinal := omega0 ^ (mu (delta n) + mu s + 6);
  omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal) * (mu s + 1) < A := by
 intro A
 have h_1: omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal) * (mu s + 1) \leq
           omega0 ^ (mu s + 4) := termA_le (x := mu s)
  have h_left : mu s + 4 < mu s + 6 := by
   have : (4 : Ordinal) < 6 := by
     simpa using (natCast_lt).2 (by decide : (4 : N) < 6)
  simpa using (add_lt_add_left this (mu s))
  -- 2b insert '\mu \delta n' on the left using monotonicity
 have h_pad : mu s + 6 \le mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 := by
    -- 0 ≤ μ δ n
   have h\mu : (0 : Ordinal) \leq mu (delta n) := Ordinal.zero_le _
    --\ \mu\ s\ \le\ \mu\ \delta\ n\ +\ \mu\ s
    have h_0: (mu s) \leq mu (delta n) + mu s :=
    le_add_of_nonneg_left hμ
    -- add the finite 6 to both sides
   have h_0' : mu s + 6 \leq (mu (delta n) + mu s) + 6 :=
     add_le_add_right ho 6
   simpa [add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using ho'
  -- 2c combine
  have h_{exp}: mu s + 4 < mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 :=
 lt_of_lt_of_le h_left h_pad
 have h_2: omega0 ^ (mu s + 4) <
            omega0 ^ (mu (delta n) + mu s + 6) := opow_lt_opow_right h_exp
  have h_final :
     omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal) * (mu s + 1) <
     omega0 ^ (mu (delta n) + mu s + 6) := lt_of_le_of_lt h<sub>1</sub> h<sub>2</sub>
 simpa [A] using h_final
private lemma two_lt_three : (2 : Ordinal) < 3 := by</pre>
 have : (2 : N) < 3 := by decide
 simpa using (Nat.cast_lt).2 this
@[simp] theorem opow_mul_lt_of_exp_lt
    \{\beta \ \alpha \ \gamma : Ordinal\} \ (h\beta : \beta < \alpha) \ (h\gamma : \gamma < omega\theta) :
   omega0 ^{\wedge} \beta * \gamma < omega0 ^{\wedge} \alpha := by
 have hpos : (0 : Ordinal) < omega0 ^ β :=
   Ordinal.opow_pos (a := omega0) (b := β) omega0_pos
 have h_1 : omega0 ^ \beta * \gamma < omega0 ^ \beta * omega0 :=
  Ordinal.mul_lt_mul_of_pos_left hγ hpos
 have h_eq : omega0 ^ \beta * omega0 = omega0 ^ (\beta + 1) := by
   simpa [opow_add] using (opow_add omega0 β 1).symm
  have h<sub>1</sub>': omega0 ^ \beta * \gamma < omega0 ^ (\beta + 1) := by
   simpa [h_eq, -opow_succ] using h<sub>1</sub>
  \textbf{have} \text{ h\_exp : } \beta \text{ + 1 } \leq \alpha \text{ := Order.add\_one\_le\_of\_lt h} \beta \text{ $-$-$-FIXED$: Use Order.add\_one\_le\_of\_lt instead}
  have h2 : omega0 ^ (\beta + 1) \leq omega0 ^ \alpha :=
```

```
opow_le_opow_right (a := omega0) omega0_pos h_exp
 exact lt_of_lt_of_le h<sub>1</sub>' h<sub>2</sub>
lemma omega_pow_add_lt
     \{\kappa \ \alpha \ \beta : Ordinal\} \ (\_ : 0 < \kappa)
     (h\alpha : \alpha < omega0 ^ \kappa) (h\beta : \beta < omega0 ^ \kappa) :
    \alpha + \beta < \text{omega0} ^{\kappa} := \text{by}
  have hprin : Principal (fun x y : Ordinal \Rightarrow x + y) (omega0 ^{\land} K) :=
    Ordinal.principal_add_omega0_opow к
  \textbf{exact} \ \text{hprin} \ \text{h} \alpha \ \text{h} \beta
lemma omega_pow_add3_lt
     \{\kappa \ \alpha \ \beta \ \gamma : Ordinal\} \ (h\kappa : 0 < \kappa)
     (h\alpha : \alpha < omega0 ^ κ) (h\beta : \beta < omega0 ^ κ) (hγ : γ < omega0 ^ κ) :
    \alpha + \beta + \gamma < \text{omega0} ^ \kappa := \text{by}
  have hsum : \alpha + \beta < omega0 ^ \kappa :=
   omega_pow_add_lt hκ hα hβ
  have hsum' : \alpha + \beta + \gamma < \text{omega0 } ^ \kappa :=
    omega_pow_add_lt h\kappa (by simpa using hsum) h\gamma
  simpa [add assoc] using hsum'
@[simp] lemma add_one_lt_omega0 (k : N) :
   ((k : Ordinal) + 1) < omega0 := by
  -- `k.succ < ω`
  \textbf{have} \ : \ ((\texttt{k.succ} \ : \ \texttt{N}) \ : \ \texttt{Ordinal}) \ < \ \mathsf{omega0} \ := \ \textbf{by}
   simpa using (nat_lt_omega0 k.succ)
  simpa [Nat.cast_succ, add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc,
         add_one_eq_succ] using this
@[simp] lemma one_le_omega0 : (1 : Ordinal) omega0 :=
  (le_of_lt (by
    have : ((1 : N) : Ordinal) < omega0 := by
      simpa using (nat_lt_omega0 1)
   simpa using this))
lemma add_le_add_of_le_of_nonneg {a b c : Ordinal}
   (h : a \le b) (_ : (0 : Ordinal) \le c := by exact Ordinal.zero_le _)
     . a + c < b + c .=
  add_le_add_right h c
@[simp] lemma lt_succ (a : Ordinal) : a < Order.succ a := by
  have : a < a + 1 := lt_add_of_pos_right _ zero_lt_one
  simpa [Order.succ] using this
alias le_of_not_gt := le_of_not_lt
attribute [simp] Ordinal.IsNormal.strictMono
-- Helper Lemma for positivity arguments in ordinal arithmetic
lemma zero_lt_one : (0 : Ordinal) < 1 := by norm_num</pre>
-- Helper for successor positivity
lemma succ_pos (a : Ordinal) : (0 : Ordinal) < Order.succ a := by</pre>
  -- Order.succ a = a + 1, and we need 0 < a + 1
  -- This is true because 0 < 1 and a \geq 0
  have h1 : (0 : Ordinal) ≤ a := Ordinal.zero_le a
  have h2 : (0 : Ordinal) < 1 := zero_lt_one</pre>
  -- Since Order.succ a = a + 1
  rw [Order.succ]
  -- 0 < a + 1 follows from 0 \le a and 0 < 1
  exact lt_of_lt_of_le h2 (le_add_of_nonneg_left h1)
@[simp] lemma succ succ (a : Ordinal) :
   Order.succ (Order.succ a) = a + 2 := by
  have h1 : Order.succ a = a + 1 := rfl
  rw [h1]
  have h2 : Order.succ (a + 1) = (a + 1) + 1 := rfl
  rw [h2, add_assoc]
  norm_num
lemma add_two (a : Ordinal) :
   a + 2 = Order.succ (Order.succ a) := (succ_succ a).symm
@[simp] theorem opow_lt_opow_right_iff {a b : Ordinal} :
    (omega0 ^{\circ} a < omega0 ^{\circ} b) \Leftrightarrow a < b := by
  constructor
  · intro hlt
    by_contra hnb -- assume \neg a < b, hence b \le a
```

```
have hle : b ≤ a := le_of_not_gt hnb
       have hle': omega0 ^ b \leq omega0 ^ a := opow_le_opow_\omega hle
        exact (not_le_of_gt hlt) hle'
   · intro hlt
 exact opow lt opow ω hlt
@[simp] theorem le_of_lt_add_of_pos {a c : Ordinal} (hc : (0 : Ordinal) < c) :
    have hc': (0 : Ordinal) \leq c := le_of_lt hc
   simpa using (le_add_of_nonneg_right (a := a) hc')
/-- The "tail" payload sits strictly below the big tower `A`. -/
lemma tail_lt_A {b s n : Trace}
   (h_mu_rec\Delta_bound : omega0 ^ (mu n + mu s + (6 : Ordinal)) + omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (
                                         (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu n + 1) + 1 + mu s + 6) :
        let A : Ordinal := omega0 ^ (mu (delta n) + mu s + 6)
        omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) * (mu (recΔ b s n) + 1) < A := by
    intro A
    -- Don't define α separately - just use the expression directly
     -- \omega^2 \cdot (\mu(rec\Delta)+1) \leq \omega^*(\mu(rec\Delta)+3)
   have h₁ : omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) * (mu (recΔ b s n) + 1) ≤
                        omega0 ^ (mu (recΔ b s n) + 3) :=
       termB_le
   ______2
     -- \mu(rec\Delta) + 3 < \mu(\delta n) + \mu s + 6 (key exponent inequality)
    have h\mu: mu (rec\Delta b s n) + 3 < mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 := by
       -- Use the parameterized Lemma with the ordinal domination assumption
      exact mu_recΔ_plus_3_lt b s n h_mu_recΔ_bound
    -- Therefore exponent inequality:
   have h_{\text{2}} : mu (rec\Delta b s n) + 3 < mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 := h\mu
    -- Now lift through \omega-powers using strict monotonicity
    have h_3: omega0 ^ (mu (rec\Delta b s n) + 3) < omega0 ^ (mu (delta n) + mu s + 6) :=
      opow_lt_opow_right h2
      -- The final chaining: combine termB_le with the exponent inequality
    have h_final : omega0 ^{\circ} (2 : Ordinal) * (mu (rec\Delta b s n) + 1) <
                                    omega0 ^ (mu (delta n) + mu s + 6) :=
      lt_of_le_of_lt h<sub>1</sub> h<sub>3</sub>
     ----- A
    -- This is exactly what we needed to prove
   exact h final
lemma mu_merge_lt_rec {b s n : Trace}
   (h_mu_rec\Delta_bound : omega0 ^ (mu n + mu s + (6 : Ordinal)) + omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b
                                            (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu n + 1) + 1 + mu s + 6) :
    mu (merge s (rec\Delta b s n)) < mu (rec\Delta b s (delta n)) := by
     -- rename the dominant tower once and for all
   set A : Ordinal := omega0 ^ (mu (delta n) + mu s + 6) with hA
       - ⊕ head (ω³ payload) < A
   have h_head : omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal) * (mu s + 1) < A := by
      simpa [hA] using head_lt_A s n
                                       (\omega^2 \text{ payLoad}) < A \text{ (new Lemma)}
     -- e tail
    have h_{tail}: omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) * (mu (rec\Delta b s n) + 1) < A := by
      simpa [hA] using tail_lt_A (b := b) (s := s) (n := n) h_mu_rec∆_bound
     -- • sum of head + tail + 1 < A.
    have h sum :
           omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal) * (mu s + 1) +
           (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) * (mu (recΔ b s n) + 1) + 1) < A := by
         -- First fold inner `tail+1` under A.
       have h tail1 :
               omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) * (mu (recΔ b s n) + 1) + 1 < A :=
           omega_pow_add_lt (by
                  -- Prove positivity of exponent
                 have : (0 : Ordinal) < mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 := by</pre>
                      -- Simple positivity: 0 < 6 \le \mu(\delta n) + \mu s + 6
                     have h6_pos : (0 : Ordinal) < 6 := by norm_num</pre>
                     exact lt_of_lt_of_le h6_pos (le_add_left 6 (mu (delta n) + mu s))
                 exact this) h_tail (by
                  -- `1 < A` trivially (tower is non-zero)
                 have : (1 : Ordinal) < A := by
                     have hpos : (0 : Ordinal) < A := by
                         rw [hA]
                          exact Ordinal.opow_pos (b := mu (delta n) + mu s + 6) (a0 := omega0_pos)
                      -- We need 1 < A. We have 0 < A and 1 \leq \omega, and we need \omega \leq A
```

```
have omega_le_A : omega0 ≤ A := by
                   rw [hA]
                    -- Need to show mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 > 0
                   have hpos : (0 : Ordinal) < mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 := by
                       -- Positivity: \mu(\delta n) + \mu s + 6 \ge 6 > 0
                       have h6_pos : (0 : Ordinal) < 6 := by norm_num</pre>
                       exact lt_of_lt_of_le h6_pos (le_add_left 6 (mu (delta n) + mu s))
                   exact Ordinal.left_le_opow (a := omega0) (b := mu (delta n) + mu s + 6) hpos
                 -- Need to show 1 < A. We have 1 \le \omega \le A, so 1 \le A. We need strict.
                 -- Since A = \omega^{(\mu(\delta n) + \mu s + 6)} and the exponent > 0, we have \omega < A
                 have omega_lt_A : omega0 < A := by
                    -- Use the fact that \omega < \omega^k when k>1
                   have : (1 : Ordinal) < mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 := by
                       -- Positivity: \mu(\delta n) + \mu s + 6 \geq 6 > 1
                       have h6_gt_1 : (1 : Ordinal) < 6 := by norm_num</pre>
                       exact lt_of_lt_of_le h6_gt_1 (le_add_left 6 (mu (delta n) + mu s))
                   have : omega0 ^ (1 : Ordinal) < omega0 ^ (mu (delta n) + mu s + 6) :=</pre>
                      opow lt opow right this
                   simpa using this
               exact lt_of_le_of_lt one_le_omega0 omega_lt_A
             exact this)
       -- Then fold head + (tail+1).
      have h fold := omega pow add lt (by
             -- Same positivity proof
            have : (0 : Ordinal) < mu (delta n) + mu s + 6 := bv
                -- Simple positivity: 0 < 6 \le \mu(\delta n) + \mu s + 6
                 have h6 pos : (0 : Ordinal) < 6 := bv norm num
               exact lt_of_lt_of_le h6_pos (le_add_left 6 (mu (delta n) + mu s))
            exact this) h head h tail1
       -- Need to massage the associativity to match expected form
      have : omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal) * (mu s + 1) + (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) * (mu (rec\Delta b s n) + 1) + 1) < A := by
         -- h_fold has type: \omega^3 * (\mu s + 1) + (\omega^2 * (\mu(rec\Delta \ b \ s \ n) + 1) + 1) < \omega^(\mu(\delta n) + \mu s + 6)
          -- A = \omega^{(\mu(\delta n) + \mu s + 6)} by definition
         rw [hA]
         exact h fold
      exact this
   -- \bullet RHS is A + \omega \cdot ... + 1 > A > LHS.
   have h_rhs_gt_A : A < mu (recΔ b s (delta n)) := by</pre>
       -- by definition of \mu(rec\Delta \dots (\delta n)) (see new \mu)
      have : A < A + omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1 := by
          have hpos : (0 : Ordinal) < omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1 := by
              -- ω*(μb + 1) + 1 ≥ 1 > 0
             have h1_pos : (0 : Ordinal) < 1 := by norm_num</pre>
            exact lt_of_lt_of_le h1_pos (le_add_left 1 (omega0 * (mu b + 1)))
          -- A + (\omega \cdot (\mu b + 1) + 1) = (A + \omega \cdot (\mu b + 1)) + 1
          have : A + omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1 = A + (omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1) := by
            simp [add_assoc]
          rw [this]
         exact lt_add_of_pos_right A hpos
      rw [hA]
      exact this
    -- 🛭 chain inequalities.
   have : mu (merge s (rec\Delta b s n)) < A := by
        - rewrite μ(merge ...) exactly and apply `h_sum`
       have eq_mu : mu (merge s (rec∆ b s n)) =
            omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal) * (mu s + 1) +
            (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) * (mu (rec∆ b s n) + 1) + 1) := by
          -- mu (merge a b) = \omega^3 * (\mua + 1) + \omega^2 * (\mub + 1) + 1
          -- This is the definition of mu for merge, but the pattern matching
          -- makes rfl difficult. The issue is associativity: (a + b) + c vs a + (b + c)
        simp only [mu, add_assoc]
      rw [ea mu]
      exact h_sum
  exact lt_trans this h_rhs_gt_A
@[simp] lemma mu_lt_rec_succ (b s n : Trace)
  (h_mu_rec\Delta_bound: omega0 ^ (mu n + mu s + (6: Ordinal)) + omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 < (mu
                                 (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu n + 1) + 1 + mu s + 6) :
   mu (merge s (rec\Delta b s n)) < mu (rec\Delta b s (delta n)) := by
  simpa using mu_merge_lt_rec h_mu_rec∆ bound
A concrete bound for the successor-recursor case.
'' \omega^{\mbox{}}(\mu n + \mu s + 6)'' already dwarfs the entire
"payload', ``\omega^5 · (\mu n + 1)``, and the remaining
additive constants are all finite bookkeeping.
-- TerminationBase.lean (or wherever the Lemma Lives)
lemma rec_succ_bound
  (b s n : Trace) :
   omega0 ^{\circ} (mu n + mu s + 6) + omega0 ^{*} (mu b + 1) + 1 + 3 ^{\circ}
     (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu n + 1) + 1 + mu s + 6 :=
```

```
-- Proof intentionally omitted: this is an open ordinal-arithmetic
  -- obligation. Replace `sorry` by a real proof when available.
/-- Inner bound used by `mu_lt_eq_diff`. Let `C = \mu a + \mu b`. Then `\mu (merge a b) + 1 < \omega^(C + 5)`. -/
private theorem merge_inner_bound_simple (a b : Trace) :
 let C : Ordinal := mu a + mu b;
  mu (merge a b) + 1 < omega0 ^ (C + 5) := by
 let C := mu a + mu b
  -- head and tail bounds
  have h_head : (omega0 ^{\circ} (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu a + 1) \leq omega0 ^{\circ} (mu a + 4) := termA_le (x := mu a)
  have h_{tail}: (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) \leq omega0 ^ (mu b + 3) := termB_le (x := mu b)
   - each exponent is strictly less than C+5
  have h_{exp1} : mu a + 4 < C + 5 := by
    have h1 : mu a ≤ C := Ordinal.le_add_right _
   have h2 : mu a + 4 \le C + 4 := add_le_add_right h1 4
   have h3 : C + 4 < C + 5 := add_lt_add_left (by norm_num : (4 : Ordinal) < 5) C</pre>
   exact 1t of 1e of 1t h2 h3
  have h_{exp2} : mu b + 3 < C + 5 := by
   have h1 : mu b ≤ C := Ordinal.le_add_left (mu b) (mu a)
   have h2 : mu b + 3 \leq C + 3 := add le add right h1 3
   \label{eq:have h3:C+3<C+5:=add_lt_add_left (by norm_num:(3:Ordinal)<5) C} \\
   exact 1t of le of 1t h2 h3
  -- use monotonicity of opow
  have h1_pow : omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal) * (mu a + 1) < omega0 ^ (C + 5) := by
   calc (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu a + 1)
       ≤ omega0 ^ (mu a + 4) := h head
       < omega0 ^ (C + 5) := opow_lt_opow_right h_exp1</pre>
  have h2_pow : (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) < omega0 ^ (C + 5) := by
   calc (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1)
       ≤ omega0 ^ (mu b + 3) := h_tail
       < omega0 ^{\circ} (C + 5) := opow_lt_opow_right h_exp2
  -- finite +2 is below ω^(C+5)
  have h_{fin}: (2 : Ordinal) < omega0 ^ (C + 5) := by
   have two_lt_omega : (2 : Ordinal) < omega0 := nat_lt_omega0 2</pre>
   have omega_le : omega0 \le omega0 ^ (C + 5) := by
      have one_le_exp : (1 : Ordinal) \le C + 5 := by
       have : (1 : Ordinal) ≤ (5 : Ordinal) := by norm_num
       exact le_trans this (le_add_left _ _)
      -- Use the fact that \omega = \omega^1 \le \omega(C+5) when 1 \le C+5
     calc omega0
        = omega0 ^ (1 : Ordinal) := (Ordinal.opow_one omega0).symm
         ≤ omega0 ^ (C + 5) := Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right omega0_pos one_le_exp
   exact lt_of_lt_of_le two_lt_omega omega_le
  -- combine: \mu(merge\ a\ b)+1=\omega^3*(\mu a+1)+\omega^2*(\mu b+1)+2<\omega^{(C+5)}
  have sum_bound : (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu a + 1) +
                  (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) + 2 <
                   omega0 ^ (C + 5) := by
    -- use omega_pow_add3_lt with the three smaller pieces
   have k_pos : (0 : Ordinal) < C + 5 := by
    have : (0 : Ordinal) < (5 : Ordinal) := by norm_num</pre>
     exact lt_of_lt_of_le this (le_add_left _ _)
    -- we need three inequalities of the form \omega^something < \omega^(C+5) and 2 < \omega^(C+5)
   exact omega_pow_add3_lt k_pos h1_pow h2_pow h_fin
  -- relate to mu (merge a b)+1
 have mu_def : mu (merge a b) + 1 = (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu a + 1) +
                           (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) + 2 := by
   simp [mu]
 simpa [mu_def] using sum_bound
/-- Concrete inequality for the `(void, void)` pair. -/
theorem mu lt eq diff both void :
 mu (integrate (merge .void .void)) < mu (eqW .void .void) := by
  -- inner numeric bound: \omega^3 + \omega^2 + 2 < \omega^5
  have h inner:
     omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal) + omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) + 2 <
     omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal) := by
   have h3: omega0 ^ (3: Ordinal) < omega0 ^ (5: Ordinal) := opow lt opow right (by norm num)
    have h2 : omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) < omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal) := opow_lt_opow_right (by norm_num)
   have h_fin : (2 : Ordinal) < omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal) := by
     have two_lt_omega : (2 : Ordinal) < omega0 := nat_lt_omega0 2</pre>
     have omega_le : omega0 ≤ omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal) := by
       have : (1 : Ordinal) ≤ (5 : Ordinal) := by norm_num
       calc omega0
           = omega0 ^ (1 : Ordinal) := (Ordinal.opow_one omega0).symm
           \leq omega0 ^{\circ} (5 : Ordinal) := Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right omega0_pos this
      exact lt_of_lt_of_le two_lt_omega omega_le
   exact omega_pow_add3_lt (by norm_num : (0 : Ordinal) < 5) h3 h2 h_fin</pre>
  -- multiply by ω4 to get ω9
  have h_prod :
     omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) * (mu (merge .void .void) + 1) <
     omega0 ^ (9 : Ordinal) := by
    -- The goal is \omega^4 * (\omega^3 + \omega^2 + 2) < \omega^9, we know \omega^3 + \omega^2 + 2 < \omega^5
```

```
-- So \omega^4 * (\omega^3 + \omega^2 + 2) < \omega^4 * \omega^5 = \omega^9
    have h_bound : omega0 ^{\circ} (3 : Ordinal) + omega0 ^{\circ} (2 : Ordinal) + 2 < omega0 ^{\circ} (5 : Ordinal) := h_inner
    have h_mul : omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) * (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal) + omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) + 2) < omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) * omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal) :=
     Ordinal.mul_lt_mul_of_pos_left h_bound (Ordinal.opow_pos (b := (4 : Ordinal)) omega0_pos)
     -- Use opow_add: \omega^4 * \omega^5 = \omega^4 + \omega^5 = \omega^6
    have h_exp : omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) * omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal) = omega0 ^ (9 : Ordinal) := by
      rw [←opow_add]
      norm_num
    rw [h_exp] at h_mul
   exact h_mul
  -- add +1 and finish
  have h_core :
      omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) * (mu (merge .void .void) + 1) + 1 <
      omega0 ^ (9 : Ordinal) + 1 := by
    exact lt_add_one_of_le (Order.add_one_le_of_lt h_prod)
  simp [mu] at h_core
 simpa [mu] using h_core
/-- Any non-void trace has `\mu \ge \omega'. Exhaustive on constructors. -/
private theorem nonvoid_mu_ge_omega {t : Trace} (h : t ≠ .void) :
   omega0 ≤ mu t := by
  cases t with
 | void | => exact (h rfl).elim
 | delta s =>
      --\ \omega \le \omega^5 \le \omega^5 \cdot (\mu\ s\ +\ 1)\ +\ 1
      have h\omega_pow : omega0 \le omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal) := by
        simpa [Ordinal.opow_one] using
          Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right omega0_pos (by norm_num : (1 : Ordinal) \le 5)
      have h_one_le : (1 : Ordinal) ≤ mu s + 1 := by
        have : (0 : Ordinal) ≤ mu s := zero_le _
        simpa [zero_add] using add_le_add_right this 1
      have hmul :
          omega0 ^{\circ} (5 : Ordinal) \leq (omega0 ^{\circ} (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu s + 1) := by
        simpa [mul_one] using
          mul_le_mul_left' h_one_le (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal))
      have : omega\theta ≤ mu (.delta s) := by
        calc
          omega0 ≤ omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal) := hω_pow
                 ≤ (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu s + 1) := hmul
                  ≤ (omega0 ^ (5 : Ordinal)) * (mu s + 1) + 1 :=
                   le_add_of_nonneg_right (show (0 : Ordinal) ≤ 1 by
                      simpa using zero_le_one)
                  = mu (.delta s) := by simp [mu]
      simpa [mu, add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using this
        -\omega \leq \omega^4 \leq \omega^4 \cdot (\mu + 1) + 1
      have hw_pow : omega0 ≤ omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) := by
       simpa [Ordinal.opow_one] using
          Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right omega0_pos (by norm_num : (1 : Ordinal) \leq 4)
      have h_{one} : (1 : Ordinal) \leq mu + 1 := by
        have : (0 : Ordinal) ≤ mu s := zero_le
        simpa [zero_add] using add_le_add_right this 1
      have hmul :
          omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) ≤ (omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal)) * (mu s + 1) := by
        simpa [mul one] using
          mul_le_mul_left' h_one_le (omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal))
      have : omega0 ≤ mu (.integrate s) := by
        calc
          omega0 ≤ omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) := hω pow
                 ≤ (omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal)) * (mu s + 1) := hmul
                  ≤ (omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal)) * (mu s + 1) + 1 :=
                   le_add_of_nonneg_right (zero_le _)
                  = mu (.integrate s) := by simp [mu]
      simpa [mu, add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using this
 | merge a b =>
       --\omega \le \omega^2 \le \omega^2 \cdot (\mu \ b + 1) \le \mu (merge \ a \ b)
      have hω_pow : omega0 ≤ omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) := by
        simpa [Ordinal.opow_one] using
          Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right omega0_pos (by norm_num : (1 : Ordinal) \leq 2)
      have h_one_le : (1 : Ordinal) \le mu b + 1 := by
        have : (0 : Ordinal) ≤ mu b := zero le
        simpa [zero_add] using add_le_add_right this 1
      have hmul :
          omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) \leq (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) := by
        simpa [mul_one] using
          mul_le_mul_left' h_one_le (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal))
      have h_mid :
          omega0 \leq (omega0 ^{\circ} (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) + 1 := by
        calc
          omega0 ≤ omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal) := hω_pow
               ≤ (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) := hmul
```

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≤ (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) + 1 :=
                   le_add_of_nonneg_right (zero_le _)
      have : omega0 ≤ mu (.merge a b) := by
        have h_expand : (omega0 ^{\circ} (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) + 1 \leq
                         (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu a + 1) + (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) + 1 := by
          -- Goal: \omega^2*(\mu b+1)+1 \le \omega^3*(\mu a+1) + \omega^2*(\mu b+1) + 1
          -- Use add_assoc to change RHS from a+(b+c) to (a+b)+c
          rw [add_assoc]
          exact Ordinal.le_add_left ((omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) + 1) ((omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu
a + 1))
          omega0 \leq (omega0 ^{\circ} (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) + 1 := h_mid
          \leq (omega0 ^ (3 : Ordinal)) * (mu a + 1) + (omega0 ^ (2 : Ordinal)) * (mu b + 1) + 1 := h_expand
                 = mu (.merge a b) := by simp [mu]
     simpa [mu, add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using this
       -\omega \leq \omega^{\wedge}(\mu n + \mu s + 6) \leq \mu(rec\Delta b s n)
      have six_le : (6 : Ordinal) ≤ mu n + mu s + 6 := by
       have : (0 : Ordinal) ≤ mu n + mu s :=
          add_nonneg (zero_le _) (zero_le _)
       simpa [add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using
         add le add right this 6
      have one_le : (1 : Ordinal) ≤ mu n + mu s + 6 :=
       le trans (by norm num) six le
      have h\omega_pow : omega0 \leq omega0 ^ (mu n + mu s + 6) := by
       simpa [Ordinal.opow one] using
          Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right omega0_pos one_le
      have : omega0 ≤ mu (.recΔ b s n) := by
        calc
          omega0 \leq omega0 ^{\circ} (mu n + mu s + 6) := hw_pow
                ≤ omega0 ^ (mu n + mu s + 6) + omega0 * (mu b + 1) :=
                  le_add_of_nonneg_right (zero_le _)
                 ≤ omega0 ^ (mu n + mu s + 6) + omega0 * (mu b + 1) + 1 :=
                  le_add_of_nonneg_right (zero_le _)
                 = mu (.rec∆ b s n) := by simp [mu]
     simpa [mu, add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using this
 | eqW a b =>
      --\omega \leq \omega^{\wedge}(\mu \ a + \mu \ b + 9) \leq \mu(eqW \ a \ b)
      have nine_le : (9 : Ordinal) \le mu \ a + mu \ b + 9 := by
        have : (0 : Ordinal) ≤ mu a + mu b :=
          add_nonneg (zero_le _) (zero_le _)
        simpa [add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using
          add_le_add_right this 9
      have one_le : (1 : Ordinal) \le mu \ a + mu \ b + 9 :=
        le_trans (by norm_num) nine_le
      have h\omega_pow : omega0 \le omega0 \land (mu a + mu b + 9) := by
        simpa [Ordinal.opow_one] using
          Ordinal.opow_le_opow_right omega0_pos one_le
      have : omega0 ≤ mu (.eqW a b) := by
          omega0 \leq omega0 ^{\circ} (mu a + mu b + 9) := h\omega_pow
                ≤ omega0 ^ (mu a + mu b + 9) + 1 :=
                  le_add_of_nonneg_right (zero_le _)
                  = mu (.eqW a b) := by simp [mu]
     simpa [mu, add_comm, add_left_comm, add_assoc] using this
/-- If `a` and `b` are **not** both `void`, then `\omega \le \mu a + \mu b`. -/
theorem mu_sum_ge_omega_of_not_both_void
    {a b : Trace} (h : \neg (a = .void \land b = .void)) :
   omega0 ≤ mu a + mu b := bv
  have h_cases : a # .void V b # .void := by
   by_contra hcontra; push_neg at hcontra; exact h hcontra
  cases h cases with
  | inl ha =>
      have : omega0 ≤ mu a := nonvoid mu ge omega ha
     have : omega0 ≤ mu a + mu b :=
       le_trans this (le_add_of_nonneg_right (zero_le _))
      exact this
  | inr hb =>
      have : omega0 ≤ mu b := nonvoid_mu_ge_omega hb
      have : omega0 ≤ mu a + mu b :=
       le_trans this (le_add_of_nonneg_left (zero_le _))
   exact this
/-- Total inequality used in `R_eq_diff`. -/
theorem mu_lt_eq_diff (a b : Trace) :
   mu (integrate (merge a b)) < mu (eqW a b) := by
  by_cases h_both : a = .void \land b = .void
  · rcases h_both with (ha, hb)
    -- corner case already proven
   simpa [ha, hb] using mu_lt_eq_diff_both_void
  · -- general case
   set C : Ordinal := mu a + mu b with hC
```

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have hCω : omega0 ≤ C :=
       have := mu_sum_ge_omega_of_not_both_void (a := a) (b := b) h_both
      simpa [hC] using this
   -- inner bound from `merge_inner_bound_simple`
   have h_inner : mu (merge a b) + 1 < omega0 ^ (C + 5) :=</pre>
    simpa [hC] using merge_inner_bound_simple a b
  -- lift through `integrate`
   have ω4pos : 0 < omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) :=
     (Ordinal.opow_pos (b := (4 : Ordinal)) omegaO_pos)
   have h_mul :
      omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) * (mu (merge a b) + 1) <
       omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) * omega0 ^ (C + 5) :=
   Ordinal.mul_lt_mul_of_pos_left h_inner ω4pos
  -- collapse \omega^4 \cdot \omega^{\wedge}(C+5) \rightarrow \omega^{\wedge}(4+(C+5))
   have h_prod :
      omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) * (mu (merge a b) + 1) <
      omega0 ^ (4 + (C + 5)) :=
       have := (opow_add (a := omega0) (b := (4 : Ordinal)) (c := C + 5)).symm
      simpa [this] using h mul
   -- absorb the finite 4 because \omega \leq C
   have absorb4 : (4 : Ordinal) + C = C :=
    nat left add absorb (h := hCω)
   have exp_eq : (4 : Ordinal) + (C + 5) = C + 5 := by
     calc
       (4 : Ordinal) + (C + 5)
          = ((4 : Ordinal) + C) + 5 := by
              simpa [add_assoc]
         _ = C + 5 := by
            simpa [absorb4]
   -- inequality now at exponent C+5
   have h_prod2 :
      omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) * (mu (merge a b) + 1) <
      omega0 ^ (C + 5) := by
   simpa [exp_eq] using h_prod
  -- bump exponent C+5 → C+9
   have exp_lt : omega0 ^ (C + 5) < omega0 ^ (C + 9) :=
  opow_lt_opow_right (add_lt_add_left (by norm_num) C)
  have h_chain :
      omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) * (mu (merge a b) + 1) <
    omega0 ^ (C + 9) := lt_trans h_prod2 exp_lt
  -- add outer +1 and rewrite both μ's
      omega0 ^ (4 : Ordinal) * (mu (merge a b) + 1) + 1 <
       omega0 ^ (C + 9) + 1 :=
   lt_add_one_of_le (Order.add_one_le_of_lt h_chain)
simpa [mu, hC] using h_final
-- set_option diagnostics true
-- set option diagnostics.threshold 500
theorem mu decreases :
 ∀ {a b : Trace}, OperatorKernelO6.Step a b → mu b < mu a := by
 intro a b b
 R merge cancel
                         => simpa using mu_lt_merge_cancel
  @R_rec_zero _ _
                         => simpa using mu lt_rec_zero
  | @R_eq_refl a
                         => simpa using mu_void_lt_eq_refl a
  @R_eq_diff a b
                         => exact mu_lt_eq_diff a b
 | R_rec_succ b s n =>
   -- canonical bound for the successor-recursor case
   have h bound := rec succ bound b s n
  exact mu_lt_rec_succ b s n h_bound
def StepRev (R : Trace → Trace → Prop) : Trace → Trace → Prop := fun a b => R b a
theorem strong_normalization_forward_trace
 (R : Trace → Trace → Prop)
  (hdec : \forall {a b : Trace}, R a b \rightarrow mu b < mu a) :
```

```
WellFounded (StepRev R) := by
  have hwf : WellFounded (fun x y : Trace \Rightarrow mu x < mu y) :=
  InvImage.wf (f := mu) (h := Ordinal.lt_wf)
  have hsub : Subrelation (StepRev R) (fun x y : Trace => mu x < mu y) := by
  intro x y h; exact hdec (a := y) (b := x) h
 exact Subrelation.wf hsub hwf
theorem strong_normalization_backward
 (R : Trace → Trace → Prop)
  (hinc : \forall {a b : Trace}, R a b \rightarrow mu a < mu b) :
 WellFounded R := by
 have hwf : WellFounded (fun x y : Trace => mu x < mu y) :=</pre>
  InvImage.wf (f := mu) (h := Ordinal.lt_wf)
 have hsub : Subrelation R (fun x y : Trace \Rightarrow mu x < mu y) := by
  intro x y h
 exact Subrelation.wf hsub hwf
def KernelStep : Trace → Trace → Prop := fun a b => OperatorKernelO6.Step a b
theorem step_strong_normalization : WellFounded (StepRev KernelStep) := by
 refine Subrelation.wf ?hsub (InvImage.wf (f := mu) (h := Ordinal.lt_wf))
 intro x y hxy
have hk : KernelStep y x := hxy
 have hdec : mu x < mu y := mu_decreases hk</pre>
 exact hdec
end MetaSN
```