Effects of Loan Charesteristics on Loan APR.

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Investigation Overview

I want to explore the dataset to find out the factors that affects the APR of a loan. From the initial investigation it is found out APR is spread across 0.1. to 0.5 for each loan.

Dataset Overview

import numpy as np

loan = pd.read_csv('loan.csv')

This document explores a dataset containing information of 113,937 loans with 81 variables on each loan, including loan amount, borrower rate (or interest rate), current loan status, borrower income, borrower employment status, borrower credit history, and the latest payment information.

import all packages and set plots to be embedded inline

```
In [2]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sb

%matplotlib inline

# suppress warnings from final output
import warnings
warnings.simplefilter("ignore")

In [10]:

# load in the dataset into a pandas dataframe
```

Note that the above cells have been set as "Skip"-type slides. That means that when the notebook is rendered as http slides, those cells won't show up.

Spread of Loan APR

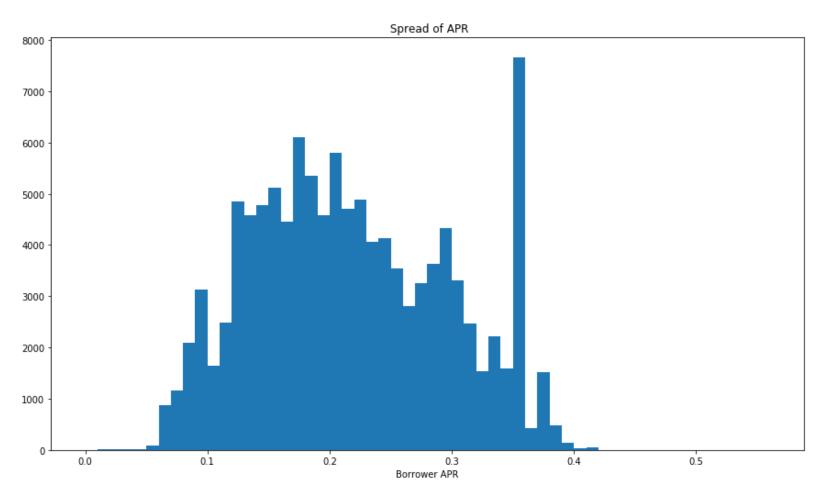
The slides gives the idea of how the loan APR is spread across different values.

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In [42]:
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```
bins = np.arange(0, loan.BorrowerAPR.max()+0.05, 0.01)
plt.figure(figsize=[14.70, 8.27])
plt.hist(data = loan, x = 'BorrowerAPR', bins = bins);
plt.xlabel('Borrower APR');
plt.title(' Spread of APR')
```

Out[42]:

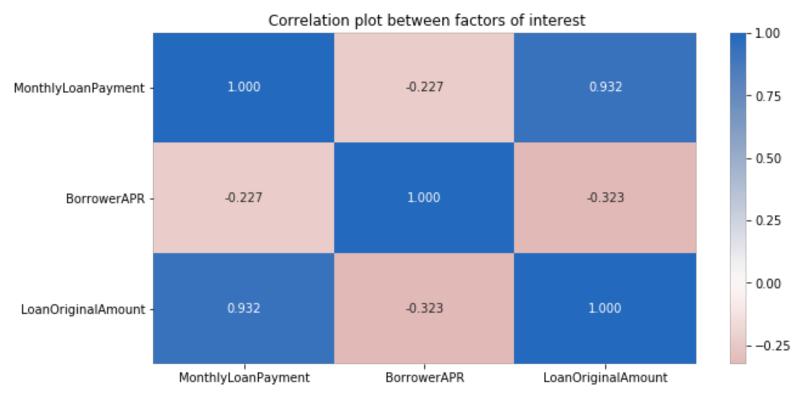
Text(0.5, 1.0, ' Spread of APR')



Correlation between Numerical and Categorical variables.

The variables that are considered here numeric variables = 'MonthlyLoanPayment', 'BorrowerAPR', 'LoanOriginalAmount'] categoric variables = 'ProsperRating (Alpha)', 'Income_Level', 'ListingCategory (numeric)'

In [40]:



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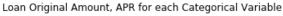
Combination of Loan original amount and APR against other factors.

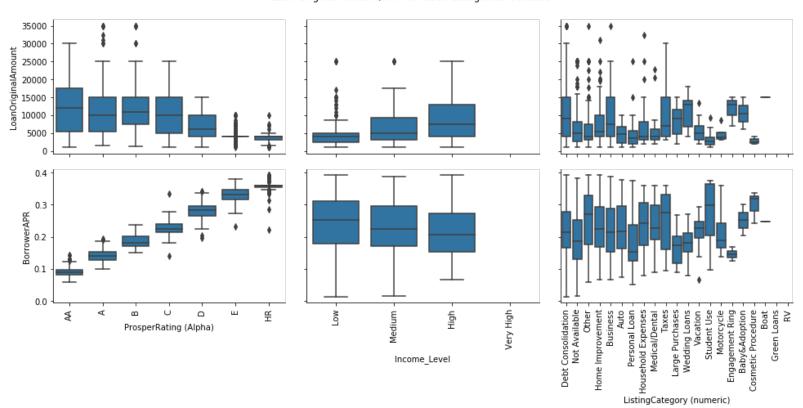
From the above plot, we see there is a negative correlation between loan original amount and Borrower APR. So we further look into other factors that affects the combination of both.

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ordered_rist = pa.apr.types.categorrearbtype(ordered = ride,
                                    categories = list2)
loan['ListingCategory (numeric)'] = loan['ListingCategory (numeric)'].astype(ordered)
# Income. Level
income order = ['Low', 'Medium', 'High', ' Very High']
ordered = pd.api.types.CategoricalDtype(ordered =True, categories = income order)
loan['Income Level'] = loan['Income Level'].astype(ordered)
# Prosper Rating
list order = list order = ['AA', 'A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'HR']
prosper list = pd.api.types.CategoricalDtype(ordered = True,
                                    categories = list order)
loan['ProsperRating (Alpha)'] = loan['ProsperRating (Alpha)'].astype(prosper_list)
samples = np.random.choice(loan.shape[0], 2000, replace = False)
loan samp = loan.loc[samples,:]
def boxgrid(x, y, **kwargs):
    """ Quick hack for creating box plots with seaborn's PairGrid. """
    default color = sb.color palette()[0]
    sb.boxplot(x, y, color = default color)
    plt.xticks(rotation= 90)
plt.figure(figsize=[14.70, 8.27])
g = sb.PairGrid(data = loan_samp, y_vars = ['LoanOriginalAmount', 'BorrowerAPR'], x
                size = 3, aspect = 1.5)
g.map(boxgrid)
plt.subplots adjust(top=0.9)
g.fig.suptitle('Loan Original Amount, APR for each Categorical Variable')
plt.show();
```

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Loan Orginal Amount vs APR to different Prosper Ratings.

We found the major factor affecting the correlation between APR and Loan Original Amount is the Prosper APR. We plot heat map to further understand this correlation. This plot shows irrespective of all other factors, loans with higher prosper rating tend to have very low APR.

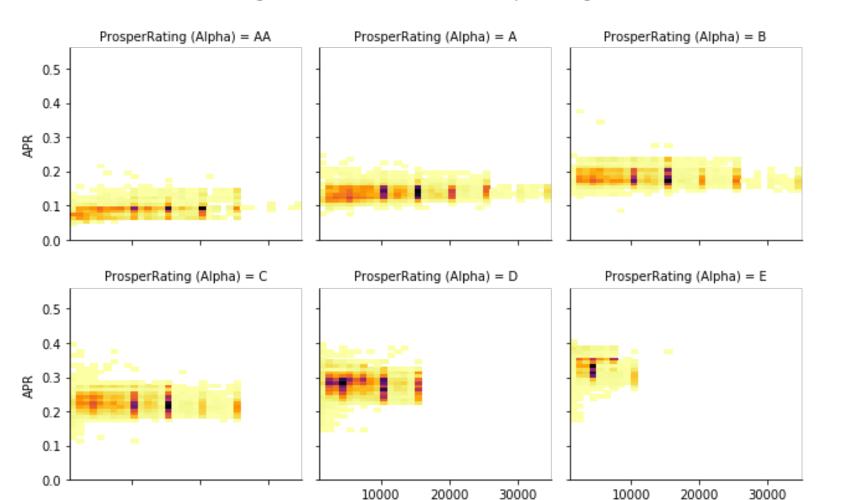
```
In [38]:
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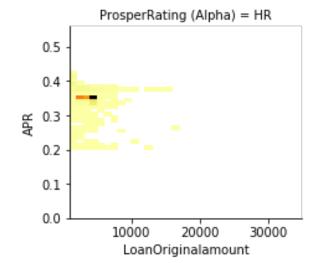
```
def hist2dgrid(x, y, **kwargs):
    """ Quick hack for creating heat maps with seaborn's PairGrid. """
    palette = kwargs.pop('color')
    bins_y = np.arange(0, loan.BorrowerAPR.max()+0.05, 0.01)
    bins_x = np.arange(1000, loan.LoanOriginalAmount.max()+200, 1000)
    plt.hist2d(x, y, bins = [bins_x, bins_y], cmap = palette, cmin = 0.5)
# create faceted heat maps on levels of Prosper rating.
plt.figure(figsize=[14.70, 8.27])
g = sb.FacetGrid(data = loan, col = 'ProsperRating (Alpha)', col_wrap = 3, size = 3;
g.map(hist2dgrid, 'LoanOriginalAmount', 'BorrowerAPR', color = 'inferno_r')
g.set_xlabels('LoanOriginalamount')
g.set_ylabels('APR')
plt.subplots_adjust(top=0.9)
g.fig.suptitle('Original Amount vs APR for each Prosper Rating')

plt.show()
```

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Original Amount vs APR for each Prosper Rating





In []:

```
! jupyter nbconvert slide_deck_template.ipynb --to slides --post serve --template or
```

```
[NbConvertApp] Converting notebook slide_deck_template.ipynb to slides [NbConvertApp] Writing 441669 bytes to slide_deck_template.slides.html [NbConvertApp] Redirecting reveal.js requests to https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/reveal.js/3.5.0 (https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/reveal.js/3.5.0)
Serving your slides at http://127.0.0.1:8000/slide_deck_template.slide s.html (http://127.0.0.1:8000/slide_deck_template.slides.html)
Use Control-C to stop this server
WARNING:tornado.access:404 GET /custom.css (127.0.0.1) 1.46ms
```

In []: