

GROUP ASSIGNMENT
(MAX 4 MEMBERS PER GROUP)

Assignment Brief






Title: School Management System — Data Structures in Action
Course: Data Structures and Algorithms
Semester: Sem1-2024/2025
Instructor: Dismas Kitaria
Due Date: 24/10/2025

Objective

You are required to design and implement a **modular School Management System** that solves real-world problems using **at least five different data structures**. Your system should reflect thoughtful design, efficient algorithms, and ethical considerations in handling student and institutional data.

Scenario

Meru University is modernizing its internal systems. As a systems architect, your task is to prototype a School Management System that supports:

-  Student registration and lookup
-  Course allocation and scheduling
-  Fee tracking and reporting
-  Library book management
-  Performance analytics

Each module must use a **specific data structure** that best suits its operational needs. You are expected to justify your choices and demonstrate how they improve system performance and usability.

Required Modules & Data Structures

Module	Suggested Data Structure(s)	Example Task
Student Registry	Hash Table / Linked List	Quickly find a student by ID, add new students, or remove graduates.
Course Scheduling	Queue / Circular Array	Allocate students to courses based on registration order and course capacity.

Module	Suggested Data Structure(s)	Example Task
Fee Tracking	Binary Search Tree / AVL Tree	Maintain sorted records of payments and generate fee clearance reports.
Library System	Stack / Hash Map	Track book borrowing and returns, and check availability by ISBN.
Performance Analytics	Graph / Matrix / Heap	Analyze student performance across subjects and identify top performers.

Deliverables

1. System Design Document

Provide a comprehensive design blueprint:

- **Architecture Overview:** Describe how modules interact and share data.
Example: Use a central controller to manage requests between modules.
 - **Data Structure Justification:** Explain why each structure was chosen.
Example: A hash table allows constant-time student lookup.
 - **Flow Diagrams or Pseudocode:** Visualize logic and data flow.
Example: Show how a student is added to the registry and enrolled in a course.
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2. Code Implementation

Develop a working prototype:

- **Modular Code:** Organize code into separate files or classes per module.
 - **Comments & Documentation:** Explain logic clearly for each function.
 - **Sample Data:** Include mock student records, course lists, fee transactions, etc.
Tip: Use JSON, CSV, or hardcoded arrays for testing.
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3. Performance Report

Analyze how well your system performs:

- **Time Complexity:** Use Big-O notation to describe operations.
Example: Searching a student in a hash table is $O(1)$.
 - **Space Complexity:** Estimate memory usage for each structure.
 - **Trade-offs:** Discuss alternatives and why your choices are optimal.
Example: A BST offers sorted output but slower lookup than a hash table.
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4. Ethical Reflection

Reflect on the ethical dimensions of your system:

- **Fairness:** Does your course allocation system treat all students equally?
 - **Privacy:** How is student data protected from unauthorized access?
 - **Transparency:** Can users understand how decisions are made?
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Submission Checklist

Before submitting, ensure you have:

- ☐ A complete design document
- ☐ Functional code with sample data
- ☐ A performance analysis section
- ☐ A thoughtful ethical reflection