

Module 07 – JSON, Classes, Functions and Objects

Introduction

In this document I will describe the steps I took to create a Python script that reads a JSON file, then stores that data. It then presents the user with menu choices, takes the user's selection and performs a task based on that input. User provided information can then be stored with the data read from the JSON file. This process loops until the user selects to exit the program. This assignment expands on the assignment from Module 06, in addition to classes for file processing and I/O we add person and student, with student inheriting from the person class. We define all classes and functions prior to the main program and call these from within the program body depending on case. We also continue to work with structured error handling within the script.

Creating the script

I began by opening Visual Studio Code and reviewing the starter file for this assignment and the instructions in the Mod07-Assignment file.

- Before defining any constants or variables I used “import json” and “from sys import exit”.
- Under “# Define the Data Constants” I created a “MENU” constant that is used to present the user with their options, I also created a “FILE_NAME” constant that is used for the JSON file.
- Under “# Define the Data Variables” I created Variables for menu_choice and students. All other variables are now defined locally in the functions where they are used.
 - Imports, constants and variables can be seen in the image below.

```
9  import json
10 from sys import exit
11
12 # Define the Data Constants
13 MENU: str = """
14 ----- Course Registration Program -----
15     Select from the following menu:
16         1. Register a Student for a Course.
17         2. Show current data.
18         3. Save data to a file.
19         4. Exit the program.
20 -----
21 """
22
23 FILE_NAME: str = "Enrollments.json"
24
25
26 # Define the Data Variables and constants
27
28 menu_choice: str = "" # Hold the choice made by the user.
29 students: list = [] # A table of student data
30
```

- Next, I defined the class “Person”. Within this I defined first and last name properties and included some error handling to that the user didn’t enter any non-letter characters.
 - This can be seen in the image below.

```
31 #Define class Student
32 class Person:
33
34     def __init__(self, first_name: str, last_name: str):
35         self.first_name = first_name
36         self.last_name = last_name
37
38     @property
39     def first_name(self):
40         return self.__first_name.title()
41
42     @first_name.setter
43     def first_name(self, value:str):
44         if value.isalpha() or value == "":
45             self.__first_name = value
46         else:
47             raise ValueError("First name should only contain letters!")
48
49     @property
50     def last_name(self):
51         return self.__last_name.title()
52
53     @last_name.setter
54     def last_name(self, value:str):
55         if value.isalpha() or value == "":
56             self.__last_name = value
57         else:
58             raise ValueError("The last name should only contain letters!")
59
```

- After defining “Person” I created and defined the class “Student”. This inherited first and last name from “Person” as well as included the property for course name. I also use error handling to check that the value was not left blank from the user input.
 - This is shown in the screenshot below.

```
60 # Define class Student, with inheritance from Person
61 class Student(Person):
62
63     def __init__(self, first_name: str, last_name: str, course_name: str = ""):
64         super().__init__(first_name, last_name)
65         self.course_name = course_name
66
67     @property
68     def course_name(self):
69         return self.__course_name
70
71     @course_name.setter
72     def course_name(self, value: str):
73         if value != "":
74             self.__course_name = value
75         else:
76             raise ValueError("The course name cannot be left blank!")
77
```

- Under “# File processing” I defined the class “FileProcessor” and then created functions for reading and writing to the JSON file. Each function is converted to a static function that belongs to the class FileProcessor by using @staticmethod. Error handling is also incorporated in these functions.
 - This can be seen in the screenshot below.

```
78 # File processing - Define class FileProcessor
79 class FileProcessor:
80     # Function for reading data from file
81     @staticmethod
82     def read_data_from_file(file_name: str, student_data: list):
83         try:
84             with open(file_name, "r") as file:
85                 student_data = json.load(file)
86         except FileNotFoundError as e:
87             IO.output_error_messages("File does not exist!", e)
88         except Exception as e:
89             IO.output_error_messages("There was a non-specific error!", e)
90         finally:
91             if file.closed == False:
92                 file.close()
93         return student_data
94
95     # Function for writing user input data to file
96     @staticmethod
97     def write_data_to_file(file_name: str, student_data: list):
98         try:
99             with open(file_name, "w") as file:
100                 json.dump(student_data, file)
101                 print("-" * 50)
102                 print("INFO: All rows saved to file!")
103                 print("-" * 50)
104         except TypeError as e:
105             IO.output_error_messages("Data is not in valid JSON format!", e)
106         except Exception as e:
107             IO.output_error_messages("There was a non-specific error!", e)
108         finally:
109             if file.closed == False:
110                 file.close()
111
112
```

- Next, I created the class IO. Here I created functions for handling error messages, prompting user menu choices, gathering student information, displaying the data, saving the data and exiting the program.
 - The classes, related functions and error handling can be seen in the screenshots below.

```
113 # User input and output - Define class IO
114 class IO:
115     # Function for displaying error messages
116     @staticmethod
117     def output_error_messages(message: str, error: Exception = None):
118         print(message, end="\n\n")
119         if error is not None:
120             print("-- Technical Error Message --")
121             print(error, error.__doc__, type(error), sep="\n")
122
123     # Function for displaying the menu options to the user
124     @staticmethod
125     def output_menu(menu: str):
126         print()
127         print(menu)
128         print()
129
130     # Function for prompting user menu selection and storing choice
131     @staticmethod
132     def input_menu_choice():
133         choice = "0"
134         try:
135             choice = input("Select a menu option (1-4): ")
136             if choice not in ("1", "2", "3", "4"):
137                 raise Exception("Invalid selection!\nYou must select (1-4)!")
138         except Exception as e:
139             IO.output_error_messages(e.__str__())
140         return choice
141
142     # Function for displaying current data to user
143     @staticmethod
144     def output_student_courses(student_data: list):
145         print()
146         print("The current data is: ")
147         for student in student_data:
148             student_first_name = student["FirstName"]
149             student_last_name = student["LastName"]
150             course_name = student["CourseName"]
151             print(f"{student_first_name},{student_last_name},{course_name}")
152
```

```

153     # Function for user to enter student data
154     @staticmethod
155     def input_student_data(student_data: list):
156         try:
157             student_first_name = input("Enter the student's first name: ")
158             if not student_first_name.isalpha():
159                 raise ValueError("The student's first name should only contain letters!")
160
161             student_last_name = input("Enter the student's last name: ")
162             if not student_last_name.isalpha():
163                 raise ValueError("The student's last name should only contain letters!")
164
165             course_name = input("Please enter the name of the course: ")
166
167             student = {"FirstName": student_first_name,
168                       "LastName": student_last_name,
169                       "CourseName": course_name}
170             student_data.append(student)
171             print()
172             print(f"You have registered {student['FirstName']} {student['LastName']} for {student['CourseName']}!")
173             print()
174         except ValueError as e:
175             IO.output_error_messages("Value entered was not the correct type of data!", e)
176         except Exception as e:
177             IO.output_error_messages("There was a non-specific error!", e)
178         return student_data
179

```

- Once the file processing and IO had all been defined, the main body of the program was created. It starts with reading the data from the file using `FileProcessor.read_data_from_file` and filling students with the data found there. After that I use a match case loop to run the pre-defined functions based on user choices (1-4).
 - This is shown below.

```

184     # Present and Process the data
185     if __name__ == "__main__":
186         while (True):
187             IO.output_menu(menu=MENU)
188             menu_choice = IO.input_menu_choice()
189             match menu_choice:
190                 # Case 1 enter new student data
191                 case "1":
192                     student = IO.input_student_data(student_data=students)
193                 # Case 2 show current data
194                 case "2":
195                     IO.output_student_courses(student_data=students)
196                 # Case 3 save data
197                 case "3":
198                     FileProcessor.write_data_to_file(file_name=FILE_NAME, student_data=students)
199                 # Case 4 exit program
200                 case "4":
201                     print("Exiting the program")
202                     exit()
203     # End

```

Testing the script

- I ran the script from Visual Studio Code and tested for the following.
 - Takes user input for first name, last name and course name.
 - Program displayed this input.
 - The program saved this to the correct JSON file, this was verified by opening the file and reviewing the contents.
 - I was able to enter multiple registrations.
 - I was able to display multiple registrations.
 - I was able to save multiple registrations to file.

Summary

Using the class demonstrations, my assignment from module 6 and documents provided for module 7 I was able to classes, define properties and functions that take user input, presents it to the user and saves it into a JSON file. I expanded my ability to create a loop, take a user's input, save it to file and add to that file as the user inputs more data. I also learned how to check for certain error conditions and present the error information to the user.