Session 8

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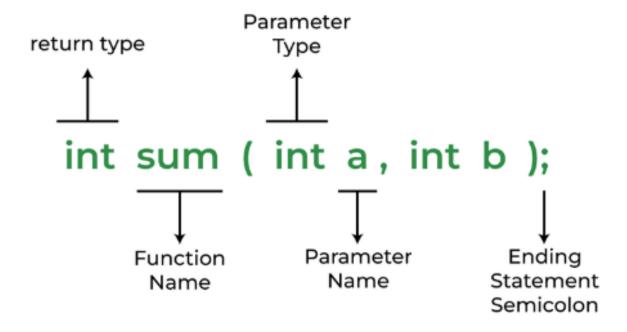
Syntax

```
return_type name_of_the_function (parameter_1, parameter_2);
```

The parameter name is not mandatory while declaring functions. We can also declare the function without using the name of the data variables.

Example

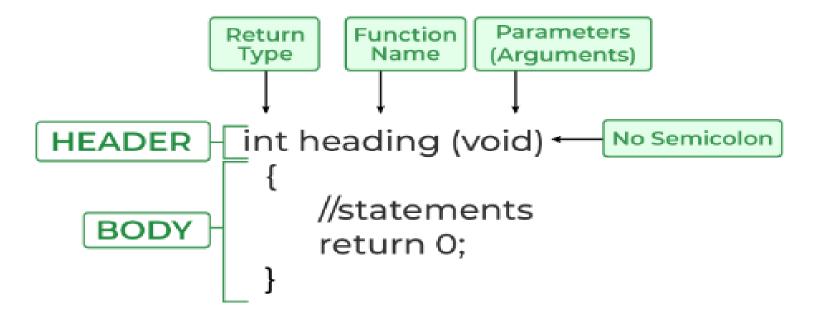
```
int sum(int a, int b); // Function declaration with parameter names
int sum(int , int); // Function declaration without parameter names
```



Function Declaration

```
return_type function_name (para1_type para1_name, para2_type para2_name)
{
    // body of the function
}
```

Function Definition

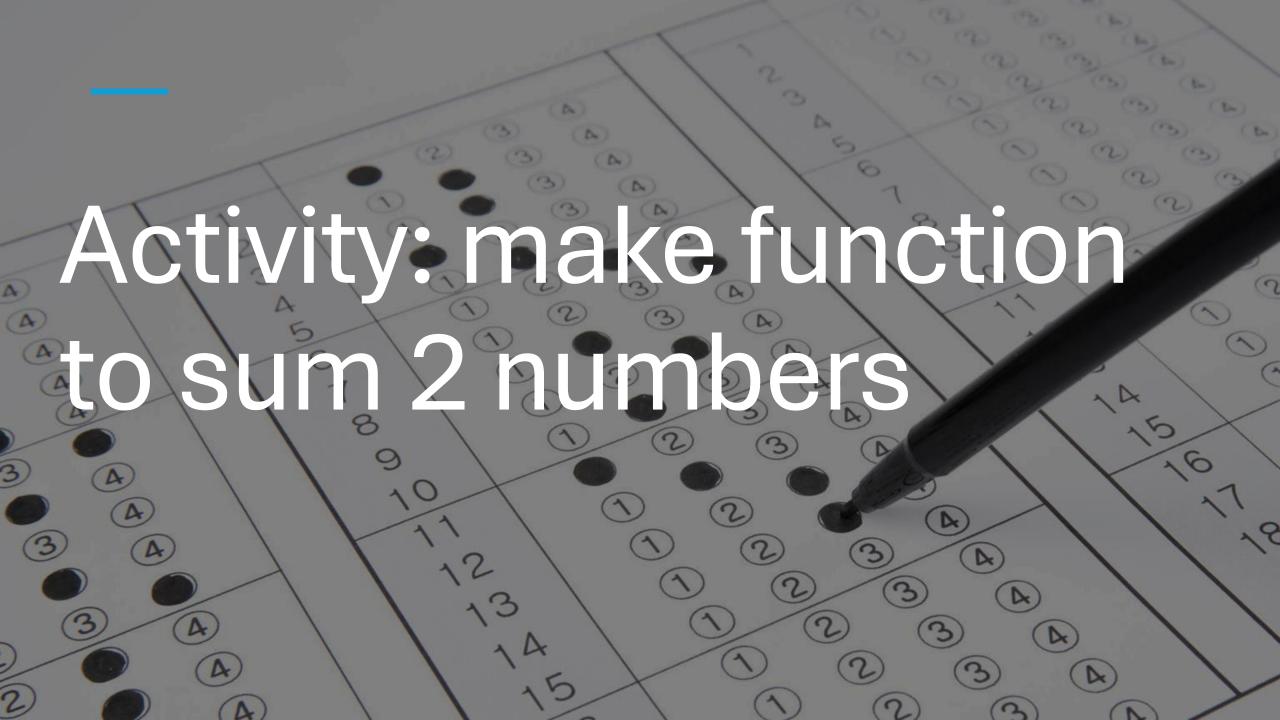


Function Definition in C

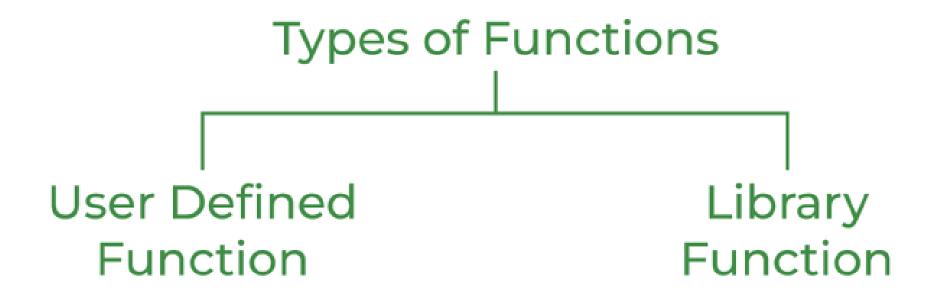
Functions Call

Working of Function in C

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                           → Function Defination
                int sum (int a, int b)
                   return a + b;
 Function
                                               Function
Returning
                                               Calling
    Value
                int main()
              int add = sum (10, 30);
                printf ("Sum is: %d", add);
                return 0;
```



Types of Functions



1. Library Function

For Example:

```
pow(), sqrt(), strcmp(), strcpy() etc.
```

2. User Defined Function

```
int sum(int a, int b)
{
  return a + b;
}
```

Passing Parameters to Functions

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                   Formal Parameter
int sum(lint a, int b
  return a + b;
int main()
                                     Actual Parameter
  int add = sum([10, 30]);
  printf("Sum is: %d", add);
  return 0;
```

1. Pass by Value

```
void swap(int var1, int var2)
  int temp = var1;
 var1 = var2;
 var2 = temp;
// Driver code
int main()
  int var1 = 3, var2 = 2;
  printf("Before swap Value of var1 and var2 is: %d, %d\n",
          var1, var2);
  swap(var1, var2);
  printf("After swap Value of var1 and var2 is: %d, %d",
          var1, var2);
  return 0;
```

Output

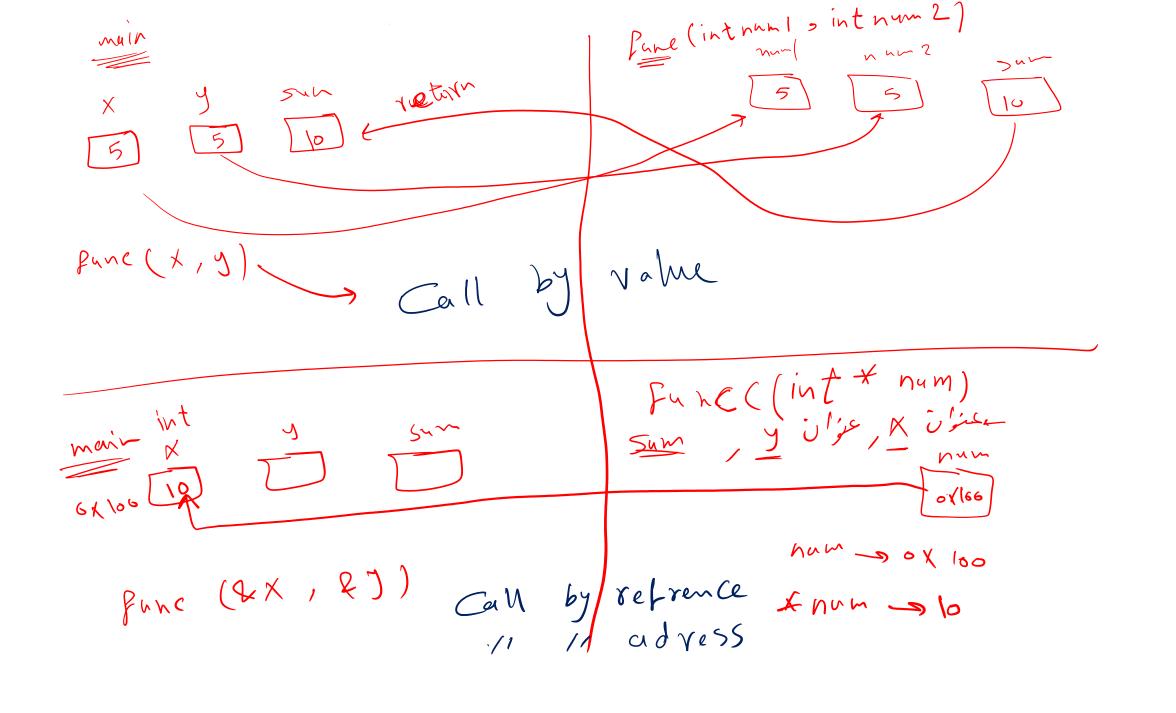
Before swap Value of var1 and var2 is: 3, 2 After swap Value of var1 and var2 is: 3, 2

2. Pass by Reference

```
// C program to show use of
// call by Reference
#include <stdio.h>
void swap(int *var1, int *var2)
  int temp = *var1;
  *var1 = *var2;
  *var2 = temp;
// Driver code
int main()
  int var1 = 3, var2 = 2;
  printf("Before swap Value of var1 and var2 is: %d, %d\n",
          var1, var2);
  swap(&var1, &var2);
  printf("After swap Value of var1 and var2 is: %d, %d",
          var1, var2);
  return 0;
```

Output

Before swap Value of var1 and var2 is: 3, 2 After swap Value of var1 and var2 is: 2, 3



Task

 Let user enter 2 numbers and store them in 2 variables then call function to swap the values of the 2 variables

Links