#### USB Format Tool - Make Bootable USB Drive with MBR and 2 Partitions - active FAT32 + NTFS

- Use <u>USB\_FORMAT</u> with <u>SAMSUNG Portable SSD T5 500 GB</u> Or USB-Stick gives <u>UEFI/MBR Partitioning</u> with active FAT32 + NTFS Partition
- Copy your PE boot.wim file to USB FAT32 Boot Drive for booting from RAMDISK USB\_FORMAT makes preconfigured entry for boot.wim
- Copy VHD and Rename as Win10x64.vhd file to USB NTFS Drive for booting as FILEDISK USB\_FORMAT makes entry for Win10x64.vhd
- Or Use UEFI MULTI to Add WIM file to make Portable SSD booting from RAMDISK filename = Win10XPE.wim See below
- Or Use UEFI MULTI to Add VHD file to make Portable SSD booting with FILEDISK W10x64 VHD
- Add Win10x64 ISO file from TechBench to NTFS Drive used by WinNTSetup for Install Win10x64 in VHD or partition of SSD hard disk
- Boot from USB after beep use **F8** or other <u>HotKey Boot Menu</u> Select **WIM** or **VHD** in Boot Manager Menu
- Use WinNTSetup x64 and ISO file for Install of Windows 10 x64 in VHD or partition of internal SSD hard disk Details See below

For Compact Install of Win10x64 in 25 GB VHD booting as FILEDISK the steps taken are:

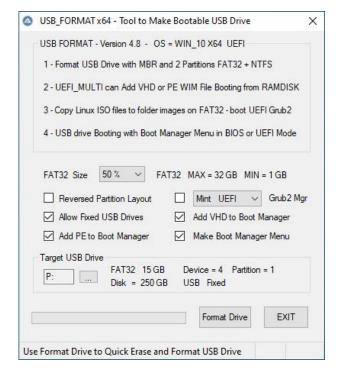
- 1. Disconnect Internet LAN Ethernet cable as to avoid automatic download of Windows Updates
- WinNTSetup in 25 GB VHD Win10x64\_2004.vhd located on internal SSD using 2004 ISO + Drivers + Unattend Local Account + Compact:XPRESS4K Mode
- 3. Reboot with VHD for Install of Win10x64 in VHD
- 4. After Install and on arrival at Win10x64 Desktop then Disable LAN Network adapter and Disable Windows Update for 35 days
- 5. Connect to WLAN to allow Install of missing Drivers and to allow Activation of Win10x64 Disconnect WLAN
- 6. Option Install <u>7-zip</u> <u>VLC player</u> and Office and <u>registry\_backup\_portable</u>
- 7. Open Admin Command Window and use wmic UserAccount where Name='Vx64W' set PasswordExpires=False More Info
- 8. Boot from USB Or Reboot with other OS and Switch off Defender Start VHD WIMBOOT Select Win10x64\_2004.vhd
- 9. VHD WIMBOOT Capture WimBoot LZX mode to make Win10x64\_2004\_LZX.wim use wimlib Capture and Apply to reduce Win Used Size
- 10. VHD\_WIMBOOT Apply Compact LZX mode of WIM Win10x64\_2004\_LZX.wim in New VHD Win10x64.vhd on Portable SSD
- 11. Option in Trusted Installer cmd window use WinSxS\_reduce batchfile base\_winsxs.cmd applied to mounted VHD
- 12. Reboot from USB with Win10x64.vhd on Portable SSD Windows Used Size Typical 5 GB and Minimal 3 GB

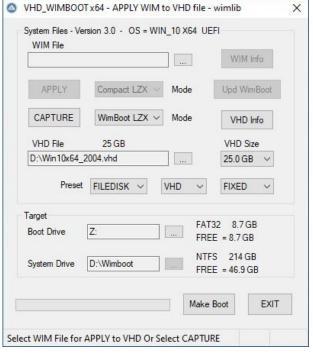
Downloads: from wimb GitHub - USB FORMAT - UEFI MULTI - System Info - VHD WIMBOOT - MBR Backup - WOF Compress

Downloads: UEFI MULTI and WinNTSetup and Windows 10 x64 ISO from TechBench Or using Windows-ISO-Downloader Tool

More Info: Info USB FORMAT - UEFI MULTI topic and Forums MSFN and Reboot.pro and VHD WIMBOOT and BOOTICE 1.3.3.2

More Info: Compact mode installs - VHD WIMBOOT



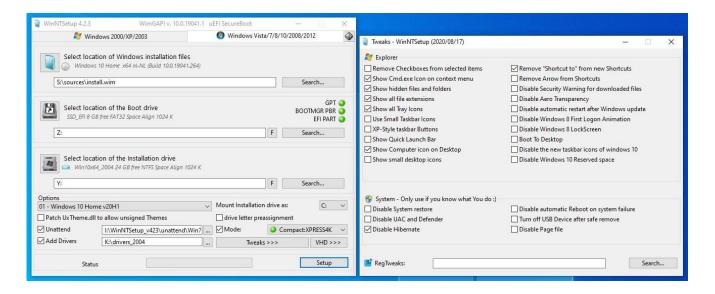


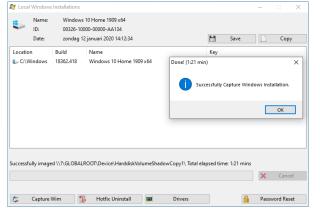
### How to use WinNTSetup x64 and ISO file for Installation of Windows 10 x64 in VHD or partition of SSD harddisk

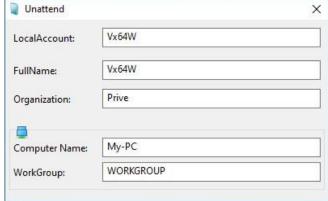
Option - For Minimal Used Size Disconnect Internet LAN Ethernet cable as to avoid automatic download of Windows Updates

- 0. Get Ready to have Microsoft Account, Win10 key + Computer name and Backup your User Data

  Option In Windows 10 x64 use <a href="mailto:produkey-x64">produkey-x64</a> and Save All keys and Backup Data with <a href="mailto:syncBack">SyncBack</a> Free and Save <a href="mailto:syncBack">System Info</a>
- 1. Boot from USB after beep use **F8** menu Select **Win10XPE-WIM** or Win10x64 **VHD** in Boot Manager Menu
- 2. In WinNTSetup x64 location Windows Installation file sources\install.wim use R-mouse to select Win10x64 ISO file from TechBench
- 3. Select Boot drive (usually EFI drive Z:) and Select VHD to Create 50 GB VHD located on internal SSD harddisk VHD is mounted as Drive Y:
- 4. Choose Win10 Edition Home or Professional and Select desired Tweaks in case of SSD partition Format with NTFS
- 5. Select Compact:XPRESS4K Mode to reduce the Used Size of the Installed Windows
- 6. Option select Unattended Install and to Add Drivers for Local Account Select unattend\Win7-10-Select.xml and fill in the form
- 7. Select Setup and select Legacy Boot Menu Style and OK to Install Win10x64 in VHD or partition of internal SSD harddisk and Reboot
- 8. Option After Install and on arrival at Win10x64 Desktop then Disable LAN Network adapter and Disable Windows Update for 35 days
- 9. Install missing Drivers and Update Win10x64 Install 7-zip VLC player and Office and registry backup portable and Reboot
- 10. Open Admin Command Window and use wmic UserAccount where Name='Vx64W' set PasswordExpires=False More Info
- 11. Boot from USB Or Reboot with other OS and Switch off Defender Start VHD WIMBOOT Select your VHD e.g. Win10x64\_2004.vhd
- 12. VHD WIMBOOT Capture WimBoot LZX mode to make Win10x64\_2004\_LZX.wim use wimlib Capture and Apply to reduce Win Used Size
- 13. VHD\_WIMBOOT Apply Compact LZX mode of WIM Win10x64\_2004\_LZX.wim in Win10x64\_2004.vhd
- 14. Copy VHD to USB NTFS drive and use <u>UEFI\_MULTI</u> to Add VHD to Boot Manager menu for booting from USB with VHD Option Personalise your VHD located on internal SSD change the User Data location and Switch to Microsoft Account
- 15. Option Boot internal VHD on separate Data partition Create 5x empty folder for Documents, Pictures, Downloads, Music and Videos
  In My Computer use R-mouse on icon > Properties > tab Location > Move ... Select the Created folder to change the User Data location
- 16. Option For your normal Windows 10 booting from internal SSD then Switch to Microsoft Account via Config > Accounts and Reboot
- 17. Option Switch off Defender In WinNTSetup Menu Local Windows Installations Ctrl+Shift +O and Capture Wim to make Backup WIM After Next Install of Win10x64 with Captured WIM file then often first booting via F8 in **Safe Mode** is required and then Reboot normal







### How to make Win10XPE WIM file for booting from RAMDISK

Download: Win10XPE Builder Or Win10XPE at GitHub and Unpack with 7-Zip x64 - More Info: Win10XPE

**Download** Win10\_1909\_English\_x64.iso or newer from <u>TechBench</u> Or using <u>Windows-ISO-Downloader</u> Tool

Mount ISO with double-click and Copy the Content of the ISO to Folder Win10\_1909\_English\_x64 on your Harddisk

In WinBuilder > Build Core > Select Run ALL Programs From RAM to get WIM file with all Programs integrated

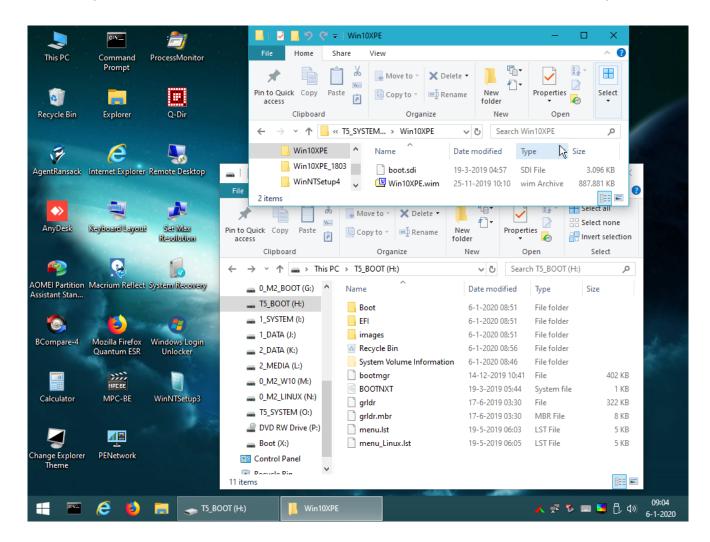
In WinBuilder > Apps > System Tools DeSelect XPE Startup (when Selected build fails)

In WinBuilder Select the Folder Win10\_1909\_English\_x64 on your Harddisk and Start building with Play button

Use Win10XPE\ISO\sources\boot.wim as your Boot Image file and use Win10XPE\ISO\Boot\boot.sdi for booting WIM file from RAMDISK

First copy both files to folder Win10XPE located on NTFS System Drive of Portable SSD and then use <u>UEFI\_MULTI</u> to make Boot Manager entry

# After booting from USB with Win10XPE.wim file located on Portable SSD in folder Win10XPE on USB NTFS System Drive



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Instead of <u>USB\_FORMAT</u> you can use Windows Disk Management to Partition and Format USB Drive

- 1. In **Disk Management** remove existing exFat Volume and Create new partitions
- 2. MBR partitioning with 1st partition 20 GB FAT32 Set Active used as Boot Drive and 2nd partition NTFS used as System Drive
- 3. In admin command window run DiskPart
- 4. In DiskPart type list volume and select volume <FAT32 volume nr> and active and exit

BIOS mode booting requires Active partition with BOOTMGR bootsector

UEFI mode booting requires FAT32 partition with x64 file efi\boot\bootx64.efi Or x86 file efi\boot\bootia32.efi

- 1st partition 20 GB FAT32 Set Active used for Boot Manager and Grub4dos Boot files
- 2nd partition NTFS used for VHD + PE WIM System files

### How to Inject Win10 VHD System to Fix Computer

In case of computer troubles it is often desired to have a quick fix available without disturbing existing configuration. We can decide to Inject from USB in 10 minutes a 50 GB VHD with New Windows 10 x64 System for local account. Windows 10 in VHD has the advantage that the VHD can be copied to any location.

Windows 10 is Universal and will adjust automatically the drivers needed for the hardware in use.

- Prepare Portable SSD Bootable from USB with PE WIM and VHD file as described in this document Win10\_Install PDF
- Disconnect Internet LAN Ethernet cable
- Boot from USB after beep use F8 menu Select in Boot Manager Menu Win10XPE WIM file located on Portable SSD
- Copy 50 GB VHD with New System for local account and located on USB Portable SSD to your internal SSD Drive C:
- <u>UEFI\_MULTI</u> is used to Add VHD in Boot Manager Menu for booting from internal SSD
- BOOTICE use tab BCD and Z:\efi\microsoft\boot\BCD Or Z:\Boot\BCD in Prof Mode to Set as Default the Added VHD
- For existing System Drive C: use Malware Removal Tool like McAfee Stinger
- Restore Registry use Registry Backup Portable Copy folders from RegBackup\MY-PC\datetime\C to Drive C:
- Reboot from internal SSD by selecting in Boot Manager menu the Injected VHD with New Windows 10 x64 System
- On Data partition Create 5x empty folder for Documents, Pictures, Downloads, Music and Videos

  My Computer R-mouse on icon > Properties > tab Location > Move ... Select folder to change the User Data location
- Switch to your Microsoft Account via Config > Accounts and Reboot
- Restore Backup of User Data earlier created with SyncBack Free on external USB and kept safely offline
- Connect Internet LAN Ethernet cable

Alternatively you can use:

### How to Fix Booting of Windows 10 using bcdboot

Use bcdboot to Fix on the hidden FAT32 drive the EFI\Microsoft\Boot\BCD entry Or Boot\BCD entry

- Boot from USB after beep use F8 menu In Win10XPE use R-mouse menu to Open Admin Command Window
- Use  $\underline{\text{bcdboot}}$  to Fix the hidden FAT32 drive mounted by  $\underline{\text{WinNTSetup}}$  x64 as Drive Z:

bcdboot C:\Windows /s Z: /f ALL

## How to Re-Install Windows 10

If you want to Re-Install Windows 10 x64 while completely disturbing existing configuration then

- Boot with Win10XPE from USB after beep use F8 menu In Win10XPE then
- Backup to external USB drive your User Data from C:\Users\YourName
- In WinNTSetup x64 use as Windows Installation file your Capture Wim file Or use Win10x64 ISO file from TechBench
- Select as Installation drive your Attached VHD mounted as Drive Y: Or your internal SSD drive C: and Use NTFS Format
- Select Setup and Legacy Boot Menu Style and OK to Install Win10x64 in VHD or partition of internal SSD and Reboot

### **How to Backup your Computer**

### A. System Backup

- Switch off Defender WinNTSetup R-mouse menu Local Windows Inst. Capture Wim to make Backup WIM file Time = 5 min The Captured WIM file of your System can be used for fast Re-Install of Win10 including all Programs and Settings
- Registry Backup Portable can make a Backup in folder C:\RegBackup of the Windows Registry useful for System Restore Time = 5 sec
- <u>MBR Backup</u> can make Backup of Partition Table and Bootsectors of all Local Harddisks Fixed + Removable Time = 10 sec Use TinyHexer to study and Restore Bootsectors - Hopefully Never Needed

### **B. Data Backup**

- SyncBack Free Make Backup of User Data on external USB and kept safely Offline Time = initially few hours update in 10 min
- Backup using File History available in Windows 10 More Info Time = initially few hours autoupdate running in the background
- Backup your Data in OneDrive in the Cloud Backup kept safely on Remote Location Time = initially few hours autoupdate

### How to make USB Drive booting with Linux ISO files in MBR BIOS mode and in UEFI Secure mode

In <u>USB\_FORMAT</u> and <u>UEFI\_MULTI</u> select Mint UEFI Or Super UEFI as Grub2 Manager - Install of Grub2 in MBR optionally for MBR BIOS mode

- Super UEFI and MBR BIOS Grub2 options require addon-glim-agFM and needed to add BIOS mode Grub2 using grub\core.img and i386-pc
- Use R-mouse 7-zip menu to Extract here will Add the content of addon to existing USB\_FORMAT or UEFI\_MULTI folder- More Info
- A. Linux Mint UEFI Manager Addon is Not needed Only for some Linux ISO files Renamed in folder images

BIOS mode - Grub4dos Menu from \menu.lst and menu\_Linux.lst

B. Super UEFI Grub2 Manager - use addon-glim-agFM with Super-UEFIinSecureBoot-Disk v3 and alive Grub2 Boot Manager

Copy Your Linux ISO to folder \iso\YourLinux on FAT32 USB Boot drive U-BOOT- support for a lot of Linux ISO files in (glim) menu

UEFI Secure - Grub2 Menu from \grub\grub.cfg and x86\_64-efi folder - GRUB2 Live ISO Multiboot (glim) menu and \grub\glim\main.cfg

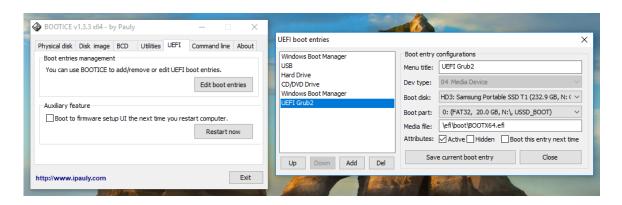
BIOS mode - MBR Or Grub4dos core.img > Grub2 Menu from grub\grub.cfg and i386-pc folder - GRUB2 Live ISO Multiboot in \grub\glim

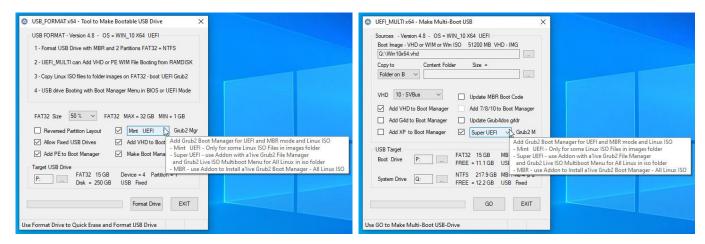
alive Grub2 File Manager from agFM Addon can be used in UEFI Secure Grub2 and BIOS Grub4dos Menu to select a lot of Linux ISO files

After booting in UEFI Secure mode from USB then use the MokManager to Add ENROLL\_THIS\_KEY\_IN\_MOKMANAGER.cer to the firmware

More info on UEFI Secure booting - Super-UEFIinSecureBoot-Disk v3.zip Release Download and Extracted twice (zip and img) with 7z

In case UEFI Grub2 is not available as Boot option in your F8 HotKey Boot Menu then you need to use BOOTICE 1.3.3.2 to Add UEFI entry Unneeded for USB-Stick, but UEFI Grub2 boot entry is easily lost in case of Portable SSD Select as UEFI Boot entry on USB the Linux Mint Grub2 file \EFI\Boot\BOOTX64.EFI





How to Boot from USB with AIO Boot - AIO Boot - AIO Info - More Info Win10 Inst Eng.pdf

- Download AIOBoot-v0.9.9.8.7z Unpack and Copy content of folder AIOBoot-v0.9.9.8 to USB FAT32 and overwrite existing UEFI Boot files
- On USB run AIOCreator.exe Select Integration Linux OS and your Linux ISO Linux Mint Knoppix Live Ubuntu Kali Linux 64-bit Live
- UEFI MULTI will Keep AIO UEFI files and Add a1ive Grub2 File Manager to AIO\grubfm and Add Boot Manager entry \AIO\grub\grub2win