Lec 10

Pointers :-

What is a Pointer in c?

· A Pointer is similar to a variable but the deference is that:-

1- Pointers are store the address of a location in memory. 2- Variable stored the Value.

in other words, we can say, a Pointer is used to reference a location in memory.

· Like any variable, you must declare a Pointer before using it.

Syntax:-

Asterisk (*) unary oferlator

Data type * Pointer name

Data type * Pointer name

Data type * Pointer name

Data type Must be the same type that the Pointer will Point to.

Example:

unsigned int *Ptr;

unsigned int esi co cipis ais crisioned int

التاريخ: ١ /	العوضوع: * هفرض إن دانشكل اللمورة	
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Ejul est mili duos la Falla Pointer II par *

architecture () lesinter pointer) architecture

الموضوع التاريخ: up 31 advess bus DET COLUMN TOUR POINTER IL DE TE jest of architecture IL unsigned int *Ptr; // Global Pointer Not initialized Zevo < abbress < delaut 11 * * لو حاولت أعل access لعيمة الرساور وليها crash wild does zolivil lislosepl e int main()] unsigned int * Pty1; Mocal Pointer Not Initialite Prints ("abress = 0x%x, Ptr1); Prints ("In Value = 0x %x in" *Ptr1); anis g colizo a dolless & pino Build & run des o solt & * local obsign Not initilized go Il Pointers Il un lo egil * Wild Pointelse and Global of - The behavior of uninitialized Pointer is undefined because they Point to some ay bitary memory location. 12/ + Not initilized & Pointer del ouviero la cular *

- wild Pointer 11 Man by with what

alxaclabrico + Variable + address abol Pointer 11 is silis 1

Zero dizo NULL a à Printer Masso -

NULL = 0

unsigned int *PtY = NULL = Recommended

Pointers I) zo stile in NULL was NULL por Jew on Zero

NULL Pointer's and Pointer's co ist

- A NULL Pointer is a Pointer that Points to nothing.

Why do we need a NULL Pointer?

A null Pointers Prevents the surprising behavior of the Program.

- if you porget to assign availed address to the

Pointer at the Time of secleration and later you

Will try to access the Pointer, the Program

behavior may be unserined

what does unselines mean?

It means your program might work as your

desire or it might be crashed

Wanid malloc on Ress II address II malloc was resulted address I entered painters pointers po

- Dangling Pointers arise when the referencing object is deleted or deallocated, without changing the value of the Pointers.
- when we try to access Jangling Pointer it craches the Program.
- We can solve this Problem using the NULL Pointer.

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Pointer ELI SIZE LE MILL NULL I ELI SIZE IX SIZEOF(); Printing SIZE II SIZE IX

what if we need to Pointer Point to any type?
To resolve The above Problem, a language introduces
a generic type of Pointer (Void Pointer) that an Store
The address of any type

What is Void Pointer in e?

A void Pointer in c is called a genelic Pointer, it has no associated data type.

it can store the address of any type of object

and It can be type asted to any type.

- A void Pointer Jeclaration is similar to the normal

- Pointer, but the difference is that instead of.

- data types we use the Void Key Word.

Pointer als jelice est l'alle est

Syntax:-

Void *Ptr = NULL3 Sirect accessals consider Pointel 1x

EXPLIST type asting)

((unsigned Int *) Ptr) <

Variable a is EUSI of

ال Variable من و زي دارا داب

الموضوع: التاريخ: / / unsigned int Numbra = 553 unsigned short Number 2 = 66; unsigned chall Numbers = 77; Void *Ptr = NULL; Ptr = & Number 13 Prints ("Number 1 value = %i \n" * ((unsigned int)Ptr)); 6 COB, Le OS SIETUI à out Pointer U Jaili Lis 2 relines as repersion unsigned int gives Pointer Cerent'& bytept & a Void Pointer Recht Ptr Sizeof Il Bostie Els At aliens - 12 Pointer 1 4 = sizell will Pointer 1 moi Les co Void glis size of Il apricipal & 1 byte of & Gicc 1/2 + Luo fall be insil Void > incomplete data type São Number 3 20 il pled Ptr = 82 Number 33 *((unsigned int*)Ptr)=223 0 (

Void Swap (int *Ptr Num1, int *Ptr Num2) {

int temp = * PtrNum1; *PtrNum1 = * PtrNum2; *PtrNum2 = temp; 3

Numberone = 55 Numbertub = 66 Numberone = 66 Numbertuo = 55

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Parameter 11 Le justino

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-	call by Value	Call by reference
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10	· White calling a Punction,	while calling a function,
_	We Pass the Values of	instead of Passing the Values
-	Variables to it.	of Variables, we Pass address
0		of Vanables (location of Variables)
3	-in This method, the value of	in this method, the address of
3	each variable in The colling	acctual Narrable in the colling
	function is copied into	function is copled into the
	Colves Ponsingdummy Naribles	burning variables of the colles
	of the called Runction	Lunction
-		Yes
-	- with this method, the changes	- With this method using addresses
	made to the dummy variables	we would have access to actual
-	in the called function have no	variables and hence we would
-	effect on the Values of actual	be able to mahipulate them.
-	Variables in the coming Runetion.	
13		
	-We cannot after the values	we can alter the values of
9	of acctual variables	Voriables through hunction calls.
9		0.5
9	- Values of Variables are	- Pointer NaViables are necessary
100	Passed by simple Technique	to define to store the address
0		Values of Variables.
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