Python Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) Exercise: Classes and Objects Exercises

OOP Exercise 1: Create a Class with instance attributes

Write a Python program to create a Vehicle class with max_speed and mileage instance
attributes.

OOP Exercise 2: Create a Vehicle class without any variables and methods

OOP Exercise 3: Create a child class Bus that will inherit all of the variables and methods of the Vehicle class

Given:

```
class Vehicle:
    def __init__(self, name, max_speed, mileage):
        self.name = name
        self.max_speed = max_speed
        self.mileage = mileage
```

Create a Bus object that will inherit all of the variables and methods of the parent Vehicle class and display it.

Expected Output:

```
Vehicle Name: School Volvo Speed: 180 Mileage: 12
```

Refer: Inheritance in Python

OOP Exercise 4: Class Inheritance

Given:

Create a **Bus** class that inherits from the **Vehicle** class. Give the capacity argument of **Bus.seating_capacity()** a **default** value of 50.

Use the following code for your parent Vehicle class.

```
class Vehicle:
    def __init__(self, name, max_speed, mileage):
        self.name = name
        self.max_speed = max_speed
        self.mileage = mileage

def seating_capacity(self, capacity):
        return f"The seating capacity of a {self.name} is {capacity} passengers"
```

Expected Output:

```
The seating capacity of a bus is 50 passengers
```

Refer:

- <u>Inheritance in Python</u>
- Polymorphism in Python

OOP Exercise 5: Define a property that must have the same value for every class instance (object)

Define a **class** attribute"**color**" with a default value **white**. I.e., Every Vehicle should be white.

Use the following code for this exercise.

```
class Vehicle:
    def __init__(self, name, max_speed, mileage):
        self.name = name
        self.max_speed = max_speed
        self.mileage = mileage

class Bus(Vehicle):
    pass

class Car(Vehicle):
```

Expected Output:

```
Color: White, Vehicle name: School Volvo, Speed: 180, Mileage: 12
Color: White, Vehicle name: Audi Q5, Speed: 240, Mileage: 18
```

Refer: Class Variable in Python

OOP Exercise 6: Class Inheritance

Given:

Create a **Bus** child class that inherits from the Vehicle class. The default fare charge of any vehicle is **seating capacity * 100**. If Vehicle is **Bus** instance, we need to add an extra 10% on full fare as a maintenance charge. So total fare for bus instance will become the **final amount = total fare + 10% of the total fare.**

Note: The bus seating capacity is **50**. so the final fare amount should be **5500**. You need to override the fare() method of a Vehicle class in Bus class.

Use the following code for your parent Vehicle class. We need to access the parent class from inside a method of a child class.

```
class Vehicle:
    def __init__(self, name, mileage, capacity):
        self.name = name
        self.mileage = mileage
        self.capacity = capacity

    def fare(self):
        return self.capacity * 100

class Bus(Vehicle):
```

```
pass
School_bus = Bus("School Volvo", 12, 50)
print("Total Bus fare is:", School_bus.fare())
```

Expected Output:

```
Total Bus fare is: 5500.0
```

OOP Exercise 7: Check type of an object

Write a program to determine which class a given Bus object belongs to.

Given:

```
class Vehicle:
    def __init__(self, name, mileage, capacity):
        self.name = name
        self.mileage = mileage
        self.capacity = capacity

class Bus(Vehicle):
    pass

School_bus = Bus("School Volvo", 12, 50)
```

OOP Exercise 8: Determine if School_bus is also an instance of the Vehicle class

Given:

```
class Vehicle:
    def __init__(self, name, mileage, capacity):
        self.name = name
        self.mileage = mileage
        self.capacity = capacity

class Bus(Vehicle):
    pass

School_bus = Bus("School Volvo", 12, 50)
```