



Malware Definition

Stands for Malicious Software, a Piece of software that developed by the malicious Actor to damage, or gain unauthorized access to the Victim machine.



Malware Types (1)

Virus: is a standalone malicious software not embedded in another program, the user must click on the virus executable itself.

Trojan: a malware that is often disguised as a legitimate file, the attacker embedded the malicious code inside the file, Hence the file will appear to the User as a usual file to encourage the user to open the file, and in the background is malicious software.



Malware Types (2)

Worm: is a self-replicating malicious Software that can spread throughout a network without human assistance by exploiting vulnerabilities in Software and Operation systems

Spyware: is a malicious Software that gathers information about you, including the sites you visit, the things you download, your usernames and passwords, payment information, and the emails you send and receive.

Keylogger: a kind of spyware that record and steal keystrokes that user enters.

Malware Types (3)

Ransomware: is a malicious software that steal and Encrypt that sensitive files on the victim machine and then ask pop-up a ransom message for money transfer.

Rootkits: a malicious software that designed to remain hidden on the victim machine, rootkit required an admin privilege to be installed on the victim machine.

How machines get infected with malware?

- 1. Phishing emails.
- 2.Infected removable drives.
- 3. Bundled with other software.
- 4. Hacked or compromised webpages.
- 5.Other malware

Thanks!

Any questions?