## **Definition: Conditional Entropy**

Let X be a random variable and  $\mathcal{A}$  an event. Applying the definition of entropy to the conditional probability distribution  $P_{X|\mathcal{A}}$  allows us to naturally define the entropy of X conditioned on the event  $\mathcal{A}$ :

$$H(X|\mathcal{A}) := \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P_{X|\mathcal{A}}(x) \cdot \log rac{1}{P_{X|\mathcal{A}}(x)}.$$

This leads to the following notion:

## **Definition: Conditional entropy**

Let X and Y be random variables, with respective images  $\mathcal X$  and  $\mathcal Y$ . The conditional entropy H(X|Y) of X given Y is defined as

$$H(X|Y) := \sum_{y \in \mathcal{Y}} P_Y(y) \cdot H(X|Y \!=\! y) \,,$$

with the convention that the corresponding argument in the summation is 0 for  $y \in \mathcal{Y}$  with  $P_Y(y) = 0$ .

Note that the conditional entropy H(X|Y) is not the entropy of a probability distribution but an expectation: the average uncertainty about X when given Y.

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