1

#### The title

First Author & Ernst-August Doelle  $^{1,2}$ 

- <sup>1</sup> Wilhelm-Wundt-University
- $^{2}$ Konstanz Business School

### Author Note

Add complete departmental affiliations for each author here. Each new line herein must be indented, like this line.

Enter author note here.

The authors made the following contributions. First Author: Conceptualization,
Writing - Original Draft Preparation, Writing - Review & Editing; Ernst-August Doelle:
Writing - Review & Editing, Supervision.

Correspondence concerning this article should be addressed to First Author, Postal address. E-mail: my@email.com

# Abstract

One or two sentences providing a **basic introduction** to the field, comprehensible to a scientist in any discipline.

Keywords: keywords

Word count: X

The title

#### Results

The aggregated data-set describes 193,318 observations of daily physical activity and sleep from 24,752 unique participants. Table 1 shows demographic information for all participants. A table of study characteristics can be found in supplementary materials.

# The effects of physical activity volume on sleep

We estimated the effects of physical activity on sleep (RQ1) using mixed-effects models. We estimated the effect of physical activity volume on sleep by age, and the results are presented in Table 2 and Figure 1. There was no meaningful relationship between physical activity volume and sleep duration. However, we observed a curvilinear relationships between physical activity volume and sleep efficiency, onset, and regularity, all of which interacted with age. Sleep efficiency improved with greater physical activity volume, but improvements tapered off for older individuals. Physical activity volume and sleep onset had a positive association for younger individuals, but a negative association for older individuals, where sleep onset was reduced among those with the highest physical activity. There was a strong positive association between physical activity volume and sleep regularity, which was strongest among older participants. For participants aged 35 years and above, this link weakened among those with a physical activity volume greater than two standard deviations.

# The effects of physical activity intensity on sleep

We estimated how physical activity intensity affects sleep across different age groups. We present the results controlling for sex, SES, and BMI, in Table 2 and Figure 2. We found that higher physical activity intensity is directly proportional to longer sleep duration and better sleep efficiency. In the case of older participants, physical activity intensity had a

U-shaped relationship with sleep onset, meaning that individuals with very low or very high physical activity intensity had longer sleep onset. We also found a strong link between physical activity intensity and improved sleep regularity, which weakened at higher intensity levels.

## The effects of sleep duration on physical activity

We estimated the effect of sleep duration on physical activity by age. Results, controlling for sex, SES, and BMI are presented in Table 3 and Figure 3. As age increases, both physical activity volume and intensity decrease. We found a subtle inverted U-shaped relationship between average sleep duration and physical activity volume, where the highest volume of physical activity was linked to average sleep duration.

## The effects of sleep efficiency on physical activity

We estimated the effect of sleep efficiency on physical activity by age. Results, controlling for sex, SES, and BMI are presented in Table 3 and Figure 4. We did not find a relationship between physical activity volume and sleep efficiency. However, there was a subtle U-shaped relationship where individuals with above-average sleep efficiency engaged in more intense physical activity.

#### The effects of sleep onset on physical activity

We estimated the effect of sleep onset on physical activity by age. Results, controlling for sex, SES, and BMI are presented in Table 3 and Figure 5. There were strong U-shaped relationships where average sleep onset was linked to the highest levels of physical activity volume and intensity. The U-shaped relationship between sleep onset and physical activity volume attenuated for older participants.

# The effects of sleep regularity on physical activity

We estimated the effect of sleep regularity on physical activity by age. Results, controlling for sex, SES, and BMI are presented in Table 3 and Figure 6. There was a U-shaped relationship between sleep regularity and physical activity volume. Participants with below-average sleep regularity tended to have average physical activity volume. Increases in regularity above the average were linked to greater physical activity volume. There was a strong linear relationship between sleep regularity and physical activity intensity which slightly attenuated with age. Greater sleep regularity was associated with greater physical activity the following day.

Participant characteristics

			Age group		
Characteristic	2-11 years	12-18 years	19-35 years	36-65 years	66+ years
Numeric variables					
Z	10,065	3,431	373	4,187	6,615
Valid weartime hours	21.77 (3.03)	21.20(3.97)	21.06(3.46)	22.57(2.49)	23.78 (1.03)
PA volume	43.68 (25.56)	42.28 (16.83)	41.37 (11.44)	39.80(13.35)	31.23 (10.39)
PA intensity	-2.11 (0.19)	-2.20 (0.19)	-2.35(0.20)	-2.50(0.19)	-2.67 (0.22)
Sleep duration	$429.14 \ (120.91)$	374.98 (131.77)	334.95 (108.40)	399.97 (70.13)	397.38 (74.34)
Sleep efficiency	0.78 (0.12)	0.81 (0.15)	0.87 (0.10)	0.87 (0.07)	0.86(0.06)
Sleep onset	20.89 (1.14)	22.17(2.03)	24.03 (1.73)	23.66 (1.37)	24.41 (1.32)
Sleep regularity	54.58 (12.72)	54.07 (13.28)	53.13 (13.30)	$59.11 \ (11.76)$	$54.68 \ (12.59)$
Age	9.58 (1.36)	13.73 (2.40)	22.56 (6.04)	57.77 (6.91)	72.22 (4.74)
BMI	17.98(3.31)	20.08(5.30)	24.79 (5.94)	26.99(4.92)	27.08 (4.41)
Accelerometer Wear Location					
Hip	$7,487 \ (74.39\%)$	1,321 (38.50%)	1	I	1
Wrist	$2,578 \ (25.61\%)$	2,110 (61.50%)	373 (100.00%)	4,187 (100.00%)	6,615 (100.00%)
Region					
Africa	910 (9.04%)	175 (5.10%)	1	1	
Asia	$635 \ (6.31\%)$	95 (2.77%)	ı	ı	1
Europe	3,002 (29.83%)	$1,238 \ (36.08\%)$	107 (28.69%)	3,772 (90.09%)	6,612 (99.95%)
North america	$1,342 \ (13.33\%)$	85 (2.48%)	1	ı	1
Oceania	$1,798 \ (17.86\%)$	$694\ (20.23\%)$	146 (39.14%)	415 (9.91%)	3~(0.05%)
South america	2,378 $(23.63%)$	$1,144 \ (33.34\%)$	120 (32.17%)	ı	1
Season					
Autumn	$3,310 \ (32.89\%)$	821 (23.93%)	34 (9.12%)	1,003 (23.96%)	1,412 (21.35%)
Spring	2,320 $(23.05%)$	$1,718 \ (50.07\%)$	$272\ (72.92\%)$	1,145 (27.35%)	2,149 (32.49%)

Table 1 continued

			Age group		
Characteristic	2-11 years	12-18 years	19-35 years	36-65 years	66+ years
Summer Winter	1,260 (12.52%) 3,175 (31.54%)	372 (10.84%) 520 (15.16%)	30 (8.04%) 37 (9.92%)	956 (22.83%) 1,083 (25.87%)	1,364 (20.62%) 1,690 (25.55%)
Sex		,	,		
Female	5,259 (52.25%)	1,757 (51.21%)	232 (62.20%)	2,250 (53.74%)	2,739 (41.41%)
Male	4,806 (47.75%)	1,674 (48.79%)	141 (37.80%)	1,937 (46.26%)	3,876 (58.59%)
Sleep Conditions Reported					
Yes	49 (0.49%)	1 (0.03%)	1	268 (6.40%)	690 (10.43%)
Socioeconomic Status					
Low	3,576 (35.53%)	898 (26.17%)	$67\ (17.96\%)$	1,180 (28.18%)	2,505 (37.87%)
Medium	2,798 (27.80%)	1,228 (35.79%)	148 (39.68%)	$1,681 \ (40.15\%)$	2,589 (39.14%)
High	$3,691 \ (36.67\%)$	$1,305 \ (38.04\%)$	$158 \ (42.36\%)$	$1,326 \ (31.67\%)$	1,521 (22.99%)

Note. For categorical variables the value is the count, and percentage. For numeric variables the value is the Mean and SD.

N = 24,752

Physical activity on sleep controlling for SES, gender and BMI

Table 2

	Physical Activity Volume	ctivity	Volume		Physical Activity Intensity	tivity	Intensity	
Term	$\beta$ [95% CI]	SE	t	d	$\beta$ [95% CI]	SE	t	d
Sleep duration								
(Intercept)	0.66 [0.48, 0.85]	0.10	96.9	.003	0.61 [0.41, 0.80]	0.10	00.9	.005
Physical activity	-0.02 [-0.08, 0.05]	0.03	-0.53	.625	0.08 [0.03, 0.13]	0.03	3.01	.003
Age	-0.01 [-0.01, -0.01]	0.00	-14.42	< .001	-0.01 [-0.01, -0.01]	0.00	-14.17	< .001
Physical activity <sup>2</sup>	0.00 [-0.01, 0.01]	0.01	-0.02	.984	0.00 [-0.04, 0.04]	0.03	0.02	986.
Physical activity $\times$ age	[0.00, 0.00]	0.00	0.44	929.	[0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-2.00	.048
$Age \times Physical activity^2$	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	1.13	.261	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-0.44	999.
Sleep efficency								
(Intercept)	-0.36 [-0.66, -0.06]	0.15	-2.34	.123	-0.44 [-0.76, -0.11]	0.17	-2.63	660.
Physical activity	0.25 [0.22, 0.29]	0.02	13.94	< .001	0.06 [0.01, 0.11]	0.03	2.37	.023
Age	0.01 [0.01, 0.01]	0.00	5.88	.013	0.01 [0.01, 0.01]	0.00	6.55	800.
Physical activity $^2$	-0.03 [-0.04, -0.02]	0.00	-7.14	< .001	0.02 [-0.01, 0.05]	0.02	1.34	.187
Physical activity $\times$ age	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-7.94	< .001	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-1.86	690.
$Age \times Physical activity^2$	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	0.82	.419	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-1.94	.059
Sleep onset								
(Intercept)	-0.96 [-1.10, -0.81]	0.07	-12.87	< .001	-0.93 [-1.08, -0.78]	0.08	-12.20	< .001
Physical activity	0.14 [0.10, 0.19]	0.02	6.51	< .001	-0.03 [-0.07, 0.01]	0.02	-1.62	.105
Age	0.02 [0.02, 0.02]	0.00	31.18	< .001	0.02 [0.02, 0.02]	0.00	25.58	< .001
Physical activity $^2$	-0.02 [-0.03, -0.01]	0.01	-3.57	.010	-0.02 [-0.05, 0.01]	0.01	-1.26	.224
Physical activity $\times$ age	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-7.23	< .001	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-0.01	686.
$Age \times Physical activity^2$	$0.00 \ [0.00, \ 0.00]$	0.00	1.76	.104	$0.00 \ [0.00,  0.00]$	0.00	1.99	.058
Sleep regularity								
(Intercept)	0.02 [-0.33, 0.37]	0.18	0.11	.921	-0.11 [-0.58, 0.36]	0.24	-0.47	.684
Physical activity	$0.33 \ [0.28,  0.38]$	0.02	13.55	< .001	$0.30\ [0.25,\ 0.34]$	0.02	11.95	< .001

Table 2 continued

	Physical Activity Volume	ctivity	Volume		Physical Activity Intensity	tivity	Intensity	
Term	eta [95% CI]	SE	t	d	eta [95% CI]	${ m SE}$	t	d
Age	$0.01 \ [0.00, \ 0.01]$	0.00	0.00  6.95	.001	0.01 [0.01, 0.01]	0.00	0.00 7.37	< .001
Physical activity <sup>2</sup>	-0.03 [-0.04, -0.02]	0.01	0.01 -6.08	< .001	-0.05 [-0.08, -0.02]	0.01	-3.60	< .001
Physical activity $\times$ age	$0.00 \ [0.00, \ 0.00]$	0.00	0.13	868.	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	0.00 -5.73	< .001
$Age \times Physical activity^2$	$0.00 \ [0.00, \ 0.00]$	0.00	0.00 - 2.51	.036	$0.00 \ [0.00, \ 0.00]$	0.00	0.52	.610

Note. Adjusted for SES, BMI, and sex.

Sleep on physical activity controlling for SES, gender and BMI

Table 3

	Physical Activity Volume	ctivity	Volume		Physical Activity Intensity	tivity	Intensity	
Term	$\beta$ [95% CI]	SE	t	d	$\beta$ [95% CI]	SE	t	d
Sleep duration								
(Intercept)	0.36 [-0.17, 0.89]	0.27	1.33	305	0.96 [0.51, 1.40]	0.23	4.24	.046
Sleep duration	0.01 [-0.04, 0.05]	0.03	0.31	.775	0.00 [-0.03, 0.03]	0.03	-0.05	.962
Age	-0.01 [-0.01, 0.00]	0.00	-4.24	.035	-0.02 [-0.03, -0.02]	0.00	-13.66	.003
Sleep duration <sup>2</sup>	-0.02 [-0.03, 0.00]	0.01	-2.82	600.	0.00 [-0.01, 0.01]	0.00	0.39	969.
Sleep duration $\times$ age	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-0.90	.400	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	0.70	.509
$Age \times Sleep duration^2$	$0.00 \ [0.00, 0.00]$	0.00	-0.08	.934	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-1.51	.142
Sleep efficency								
(Intercept)	0.35 [-0.20, 0.90]	0.28	1.26	.326	0.96 [0.52, 1.41]	0.23	4.26	.046
Sleep efficiency	0.05 [0.02, 0.09]	0.02	2.97	.012	0.05 [0.02, 0.08]	0.01	3.36	.002
Age	-0.01 [-0.01, -0.01]	0.00	-4.46	.030	-0.02 [-0.03, -0.02]	0.00	-13.26	.003
Sleep efficiency <sup>2</sup>	0.00 [0.00, 0.01]	0.00	1.27	.205	0.01 [0.00, 0.02]	0.00	2.76	200.
Sleep efficiency $\times$ age	$0.00 \ [0.00, 0.00]$	0.00	-1.65	.105	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-1.11	.303
$Age \times Sleep efficiency^2$	$0.00 \ [0.00, 0.00]$	0.00	-0.67	.513	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-1.20	.257
Sleep onset								
(Intercept)	0.41 [-0.15, 0.98]	0.29	1.43	.281	0.99 [0.54, 1.45]	0.23	4.31	.045
Sleep onset	0.04 [-0.02, 0.10]	0.03	1.42	.236	0.02 [-0.04, 0.07]	0.03	29.0	.546
Age	-0.01 [-0.01, -0.01]	0.00	-4.83	.024	-0.02 [-0.03, -0.02]	0.00	-13.27	.003
Sleep onset <sup>2</sup>	-0.05 [-0.07, -0.03]	0.01	-5.28	< .001	-0.02 [-0.04, 0.00]	0.01	-1.84	620.
Sleep onset $\times$ age	$0.00 \ [0.00, 0.00]$	0.00	-1.16	307	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-0.06	.955
$Age \times Sleep onset^2$	$0.00 \ [0.00, 0.00]$	0.00	2.54	.016	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	0.60	.564
Sleep regularity								
(Intercept)	0.32 [-0.18, 0.81]	0.25	1.25	.327	0.95 [0.54, 1.37]	0.21	4.48	.041
Sleep regularity	$0.21 \ [0.18, \ 0.24]$	0.01	14.18	< .001	$0.12 \ [0.09, \ 0.14]$	0.01	10.13	< .001

Table 3 continued

	Physical Activity Volume	ctivity	Volume		Physical Activity Intensity	tivity	Intensity	
Term	$\beta~[95\%~{ m CI}]$	SE	t	d	$\beta$ [95% CI]	SE	t	d
Age	-0.01 [-0.01, 0.00]	0.00	-4.19	.037	-0.02 [-0.03, -0.02]	- 00.0	-13.76	.003
Sleep regularity <sup>2</sup>	0.02 [0.01, 0.04]	0.01	2.92	800.	0.01 [-0.01, 0.02]	0.01	96.0	.356
Sleep regularity $\times$ age	$0.00 \ [0.00, \ 0.00]$	0.00	-6.83	< .001	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-2.26	060.
$Age \times Sleep regularity^2$	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-0.90	.377	0.00 [0.00, 0.00]	0.00	-0.19	.848

Note. Adjusted for SES, BMI, and sex.

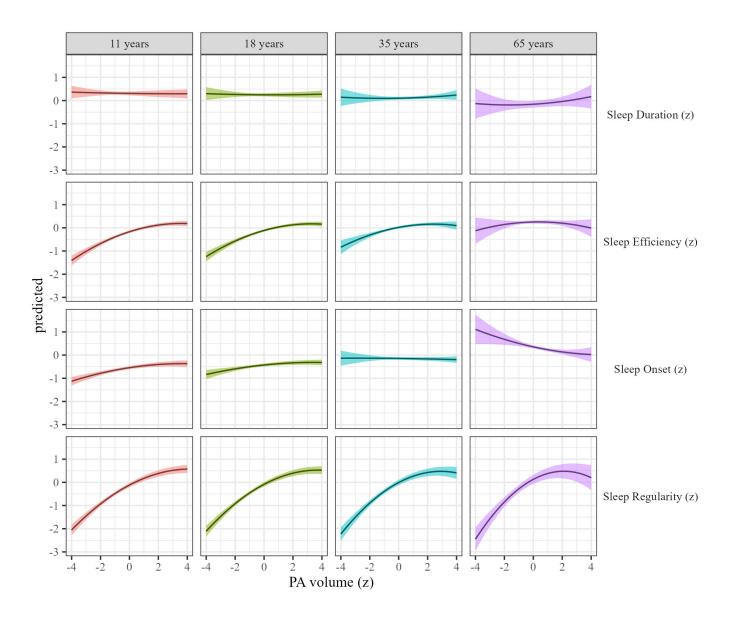
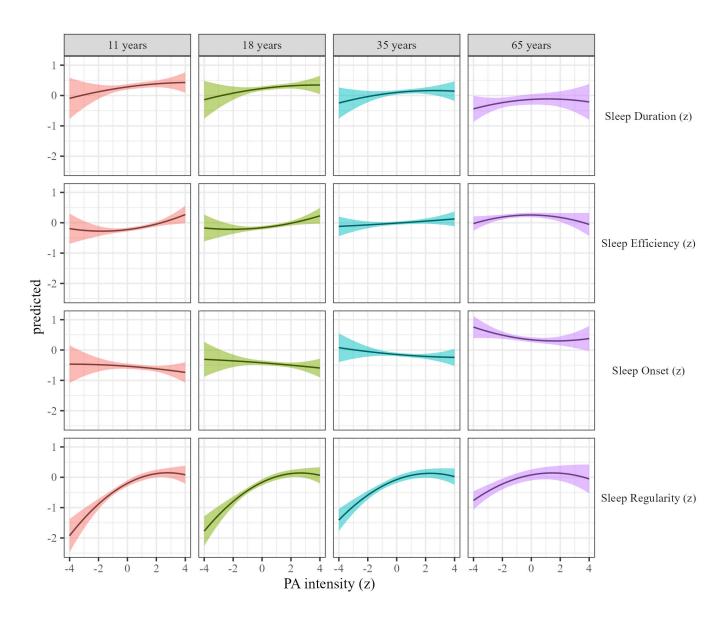


Figure 1. Sleep metrics on Physical activity volume



 $Figure\ 2$ . Sleep metrics on Physical activity intensity

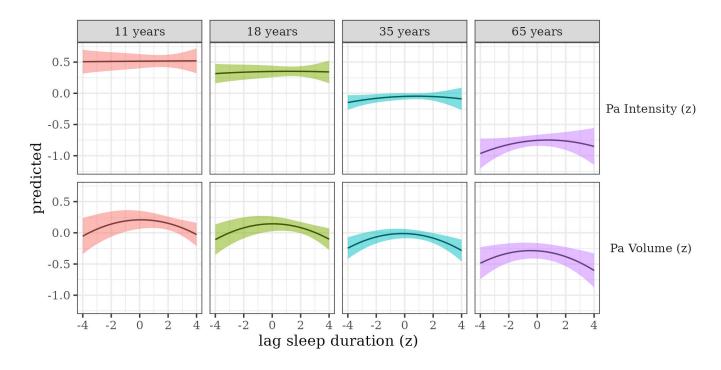


Figure 3. Physical activty by sleep duration

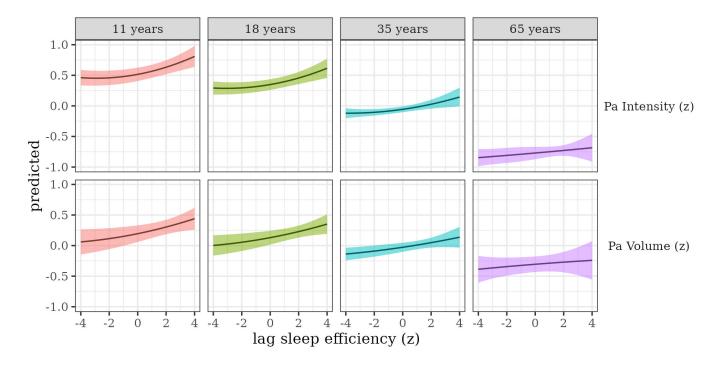


Figure 4. Physical activty by sleep efficiency

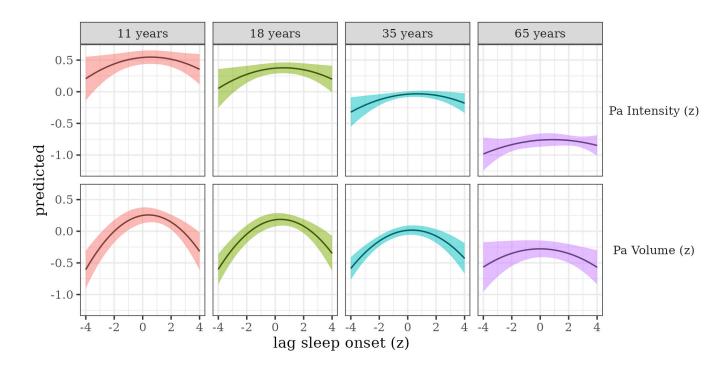


Figure 5. Physical activty by sleep onset

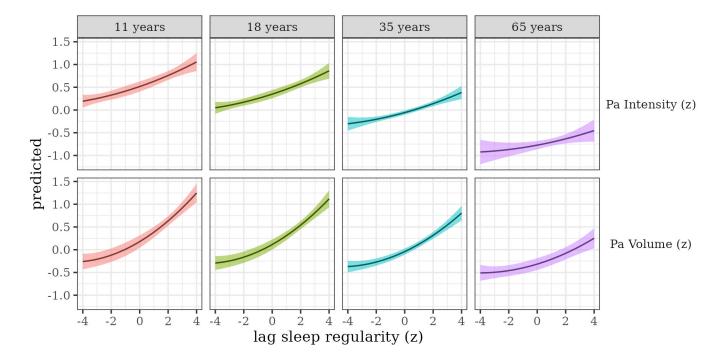


Figure 6. Physical activty by sleep regularity