



Projet: Développement d'un système de partage de fichiers

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Gnutella Peer-To-Peer

In this project we chose to work with Gnutella Peer-To-Peer.

It is a decentralized computer protocol for peer-to-peer file search and transfer.

It is composed mainly by 5 different messages :

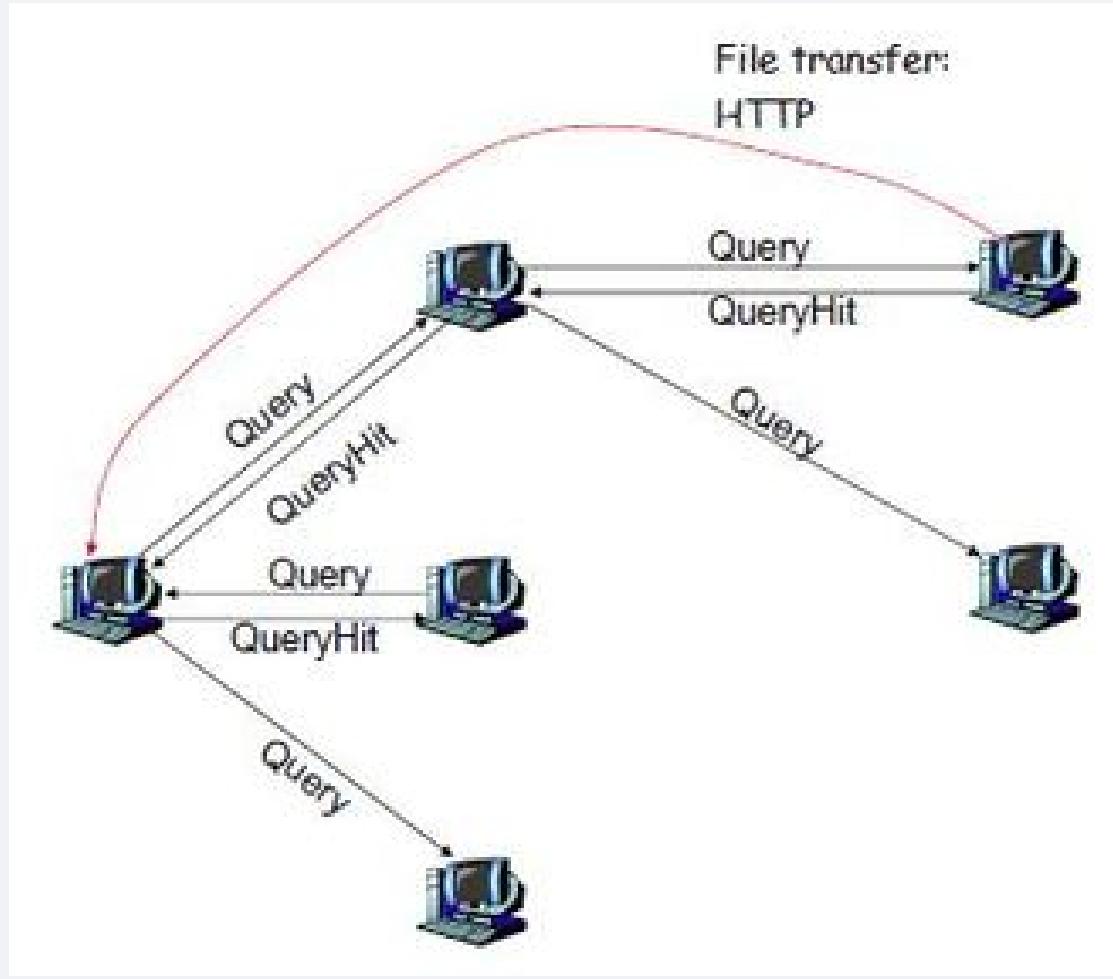
*- "Ping" : query from a component in a network to another one, to determine whether there is a connection to it

*- "Pong" : the answer to a ping, much more like an "Echo response".

*- "Push" : a style of Internet-based communication where the request for a given transaction is initiated by the publisher or central server.

*- "query" : The primary mechanism for searching the distributed network.

*- "queryHit" : It is a reply to a query from a component in the Gnutella Network and it sent over the reverse path.



Gnutella general architecture

Gnutella uses the "Flooding Protocol" to speak to all its neighbors which consists of a method to search for a resource on a peer-to-peer network. Each Peer broadcasts queries for all the neighbours, and each neighbour does the same with its attached neighbours until a certain result is achieved.

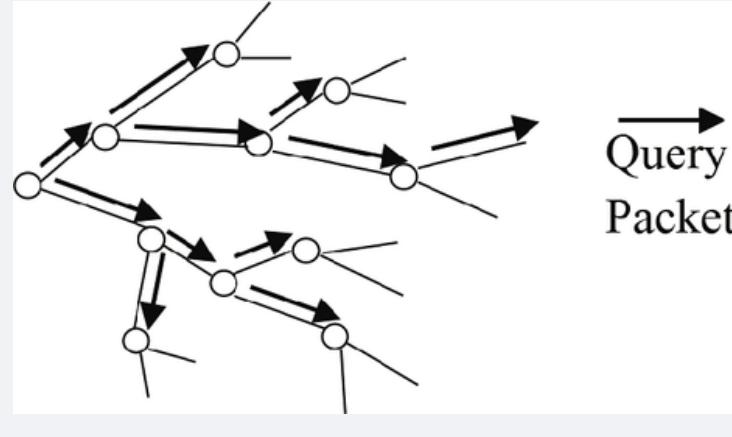
That result is indeed when the queried peer has the desired object, it sends a message back to the querying peer.

We define the scalability here as a limited scope flooding.

We also note that it isn't necessary to have a hierarchy in the Gnutella network.

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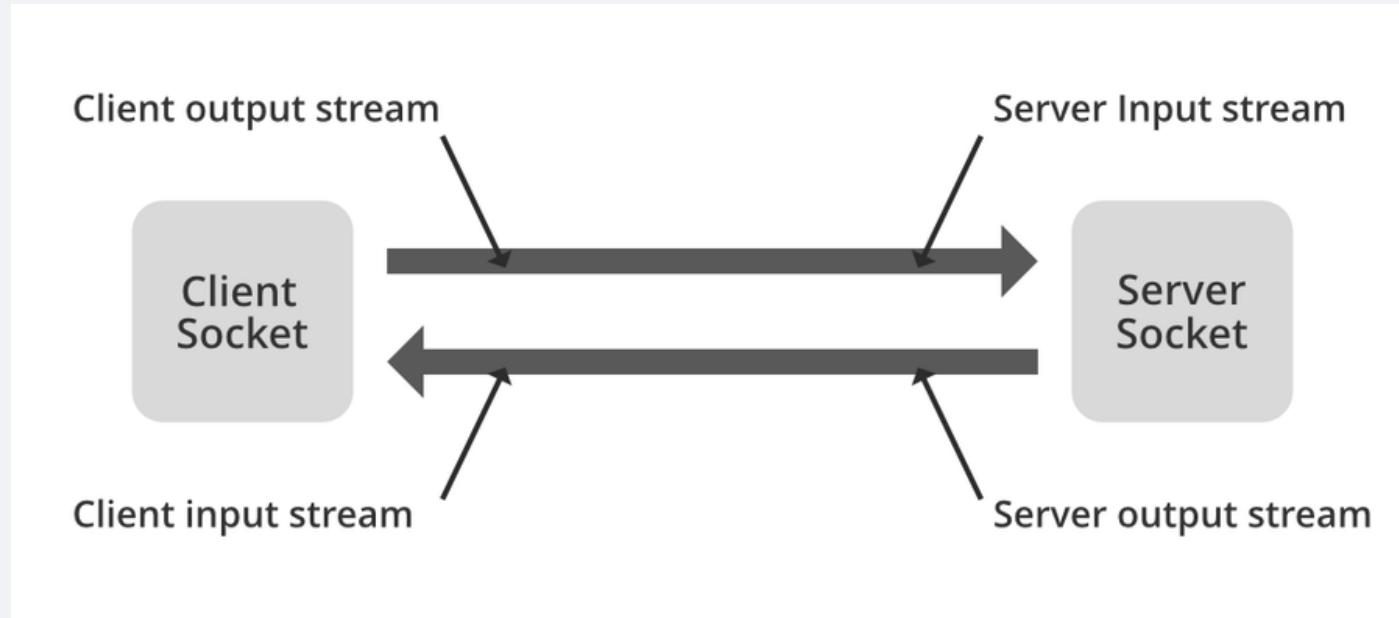
Flooding

1st approach: The method using Sockets

For this method, we have used the Sockets of Java.

It is a communication tunnel used by a Thread (which will also be implemented through the extension of the Thread class).

This tunnel allows to send or receive a result between a client and a remote server interconnected by a port.



Socket general structure

The principle we used is that each Peer can act as a client and a server at the same time. This approach consists in the use of the principle of Multithreads and Sockets.

*- The code is composed of 5 files:

*) Main.java :

It is the main class where all the operation is located, we get the useful information (file name, directories, peer ID, ports... etc).

We define the clients one by one as Threads, and these clients are in fact the neighbors of each peer according to a topology which will be defined in the file «topology.txt». And we wait for the end of all the threads.

```
//s'il existe un file à downloader, cette partie du code sera executée:  
if (fileToDownload_exist){  
    //long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();  
  
    //recuperer le fichier à downloader  
    String fileToDownload_Name=scan.nextLine();  
    System.out.println("The file to be downloaded is : "+fileToDownload_Name);  
  
    System.out.println("~~[[ Start time : "+System.currentTimeMillis());  
    ++nbMsgCount;  
    msgID= peerID +"." +nbMsgCount;  
  
    //Création d'un thread client pour chaque pair voisin  
    String[] neighbours=prop.getProperty("peer"+peerID+".next").split(regex: ",");  
    TTL = neighbours.length; //ttl selon la longueur de la liste des voisins  
  
    for(int i=0;i<neighbours.length;i++){  
        int connectionPort = Integer.parseInt(prop.getProperty("peer"+neighbours[i]+".port")); //port de connection pour chaque voisin Peer  
        int neighbourPeer = Integer.parseInt(neighbours[i]); //recuperation des voisins peers  
  
        System.out.println("connection port : "+connectionPort+" || neighbourPeer : "+neighbourPeer);  
        //Initialisation d'un client voisin selon les données dans topology.txt  
        Client client = new Client(connectionPort, neighbourPeer, fileToDownload_Name, msgID, peerID, TTL);  
        //execution du client voisin dans un nouveau thread  
        Thread t=new Thread(client);  
        t.start();  
        thread.add(t);  
        peers.add(client); //ajout du client dans la liste des clients  
    }  
}
```

*) Server.java : (Un Thread):

For this class we will establish the connection with the clients accepting the request of their Sockets.

We define another class called « Download » that is also a Thread. In this class we will search for the file to download locally.

We check if the message received by the server is duplicated or not (that is to say that the ID of the message has not already appeared) and we instantiate the neighboring clients to this Peer that acts as a server. The list of neighbors can be retrieved from the file « topology.txt ».

Lastly, we define the « ClientasServer » class that will establish the sending of the desired file to the client that requested it, that is, the Peer server will behave like a client.

```
public class Server extends Thread{
    int peerID;
    String directory;
    int port;
    ServerSocket serverSocket = null;
    Socket socket = null;
    String msg;
    static ArrayList<String> msgList;
    static boolean duplicateStatus = false;
    static int[] peersHaveTheFile = new int[10];
    public Server(int port, String directory, int peerID) {
        this.port = port;
        this.directory = directory;
        this.peerID = peerID;
        msgList=new ArrayList<String>();
    }

    public void run(){
        //Création d'un socket de serveur
        try{
            serverSocket = new ServerSocket(port);
        }
        catch(IOException io){
            io.printStackTrace();
        }
        //Accepter la création d'un socket serveur pour chaque demande
        while(true){
            try{
                socket = serverSocket.accept();
                System.out.println("Connected to client at "+socket.getRemoteSocketAddress()+" with peer "+peerID);
                //Initialiser la classe Download pour écouter les téléchargements
                new Download(socket,directory,peerID,msgList).start();
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
{ public void ClientasServer(int ClientPeerID,int ServerPortNb,String filename,String sharedDir)
{
    try{
        Socket clientasserversocket=new Socket(host: "localhost",ServerPortNb); //creation du socket
        // Les flux d'objets entrée et sortie
        ObjectOutputStream ooos=new ObjectOutputStream(clientasserversocket.getOutputStream());
        ooos.flush();
        ObjectInputStream oois=new ObjectInputStream(clientasserversocket.getInputStream());
        oois.writeObject(filename);
        //lecture du longueur fichier en tant qu'une variable de bytes
        int readbytes=(int)oois.readObject();
        System.out.println("bytes transferred: "+readbytes);

        //lecture du fichier en tant qu'une variable de bytes
        byte[] b=new byte[readbytes];
        oois.readFully(b);

        String currentDir = System.getProperty(key: "user.dir"); // Pour trouver le répertoire où le code est installé

        Path fileName= Path.of(currentDir+"\\"+PeerFilesdirectory.txt"); //trouver le nom de fichier concerné pour le téléchargement

        String PeersFilesDirectory = Files.readString(fileName); // Pour lire le fichier PeerFilesdirectory.txt contenant le nom du reperto
        sharedDir = PeersFilesDirectory;

        //fichier à recevoir
        OutputStream fileos=new FileOutputStream(sharedDir+"/"+filename);
        BufferedOutputStream bos=new BufferedOutputStream(fileos);
        bos.write(b, off: 0,(int) readbytes); //envoi du fichier octet par octet
    }
}
```

*) MessageSpecs.java :

This class defines the format of the message that will be exchanged in the network.

It is composed of

- * - msgID: the unique id of the messages
- * - senderPeerID: the ID of the Peer who sent the message
- * - fileName: the name of the file to download
- * - TTL: the lifetime of a message

```
import java.io.Serializable;
//cette classe va definir la structure des messages echangees dans le reseau

public class MessageSpecs implements Serializable {
    String msgID; //l'id unique des messages
    int senderPeerID; //l'ID du peer qui a envoyé le message
    String fileName; //le nom de fichier à telecharger
    int TTL; //la durée de vie d'un message
}
```

*) DownloadFromServer.java: (Un Thread):

This class accepts a connection from a client and instantiate the class «Telechargement».

In this class, we perform the download and the reception of the file by the Server

```
wnloadFromServer.java >  Telechargement >  run()
import java.nio.file.Path;

public class DownloadFromServer extends Thread{
    //cette classe servira pour le telechargement depuis le serveur
    int nbPort;
    String directory;
    ServerSocket serverSocket;
    Socket socket;
    DownloadFromServer(int nbPort, String directory){
        this.nbPort = nbPort;
        this.directory = directory;
    }

    public void run(){
        try{
            serverSocket = new ServerSocket(nbPort); //creation d'un socket serveur
        }
        catch(IOException io){
            io.printStackTrace();
        }

        try{
            socket = serverSocket.accept();
        }
        catch(IOException io){
            io.printStackTrace();
        }
        //initialisation de la classe Telechargement pour lancer un nouveau telechargement de ce niveau
        new Telechargement(socket, nbPort, directory).start();
    }
}
```

```

class Telechargement extends Thread{
    //cette classe est où se déroule le telechargement au niveau d'un Peer qui se comporte comme un serveur
    int nbPort;
    Socket socket;
    String directory;
    String fileName;
    Telechargement(Socket socket, int nbPort, String directory){
        this.socket = socket;
        this.nbPort = nbPort;
        this.directory = directory;
    }

    public void run(){
        try{
            // les flux d'entrée et sortie d'objets
            InputStream is=socket.getInputStream();           //Connecter le Client jouant le rôle de serveur au fichier Client
            ObjectInputStream ois=new ObjectInputStream(is);
            OutputStream os=socket.getOutputStream();
            ObjectOutputStream oos=new ObjectOutputStream(os);

            fileName=(String)ois.readObject();                //Nom du fichier à télécharger

            //while(true)
            // {
            //     File myFile = new File(directory+"/"+fileName);
            //     long length = myFile.length();
            //     System.out.println("File length: "+length+ " File name : "+fileName);
            // }
            //*****
        }
    }
}

```

*) Client.java: (Un Thread):

This class creates a connection and sends the message according to the parameters defined in the «MessageSpecs.java».

```

nt.java > ⚙ Client > ⌂ run()
import java.io.OutputStream;
import java.net.Socket;

public class Client extends Thread {

    int connectionPort;
    int peerToConnect;
    String fileToDownload;
    Socket socket=null;
    int[] peersArray;

    MessageSpecs message=new MessageSpecs();
    String msgID;
    int senderPeerID;
    int TTL;

    public Client(int connectionPort, int peerToConnect, String fileToDownload, String msgID, int senderPeerID, int TTL) {
        this.connectionPort=connectionPort;
        this.peerToConnect=peerToConnect;
        this.fileToDownload=fileToDownload;
        this.msgID=msgID;
        this.senderPeerID=senderPeerID;
        this.TTL=TTL;
    }
    public void run(){
        try{
            socket = new Socket(host: "localhost",connectionPort); //établissement d'une connection avec le client
            //les flux d'entrée et de sortie d'objets
            OutputStream os=socket.getOutputStream();
            ObjectOutputStream objOS=new ObjectOutputStream(os);
            InputStream is=socket.getInputStream();
            ObjectInputStream objIS=new ObjectInputStream(is);

```

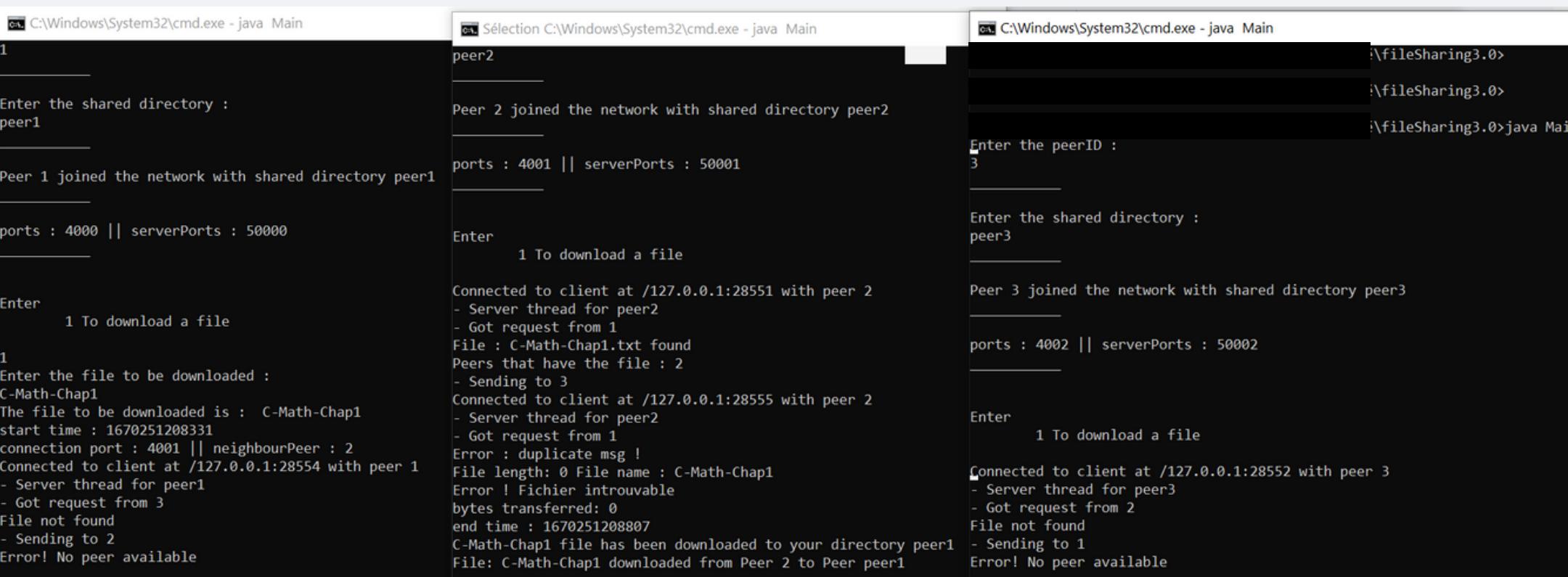
1st approach: Execution Results

In each instance of CMD, we run a peer. We'll have 3 peers, with the respective IDs , "1", "2" and "3".

In this example, the peer "1" says that he's looking for a file. He enters the name of the file "C-Math-Chap1.txt". Then he forwards a message to his neighbor peer "2". Peer "2" does a local search in his files and he says that he found the file. He establishes a "download" communication with peer "1" to send the wanted file to its directory "peer1".

Peer "2" forwards the message to peer "3" and he does a local research but he can't find the file so he sends "File not found". Peer "3" sends back to peer "1" to look for the same file, but "1" says that he doesn't have the file because the download starts after the end of the search messages in all the network. In other words, the downloads starts in the first peer that finds the wanted file in his directory and also after all the search messages went through the whole network peers.

We also print the start time and end time of the transmission (since the moment we type the file to search for, untill the moment the download has ended), then we calculate the response time by using a simple substraction.



The image shows three separate command-line windows (CMD) running simultaneously. Each window displays the output of a Java application named 'Main'. The windows are labeled 'peer1', 'peer2', and 'peer3' respectively.

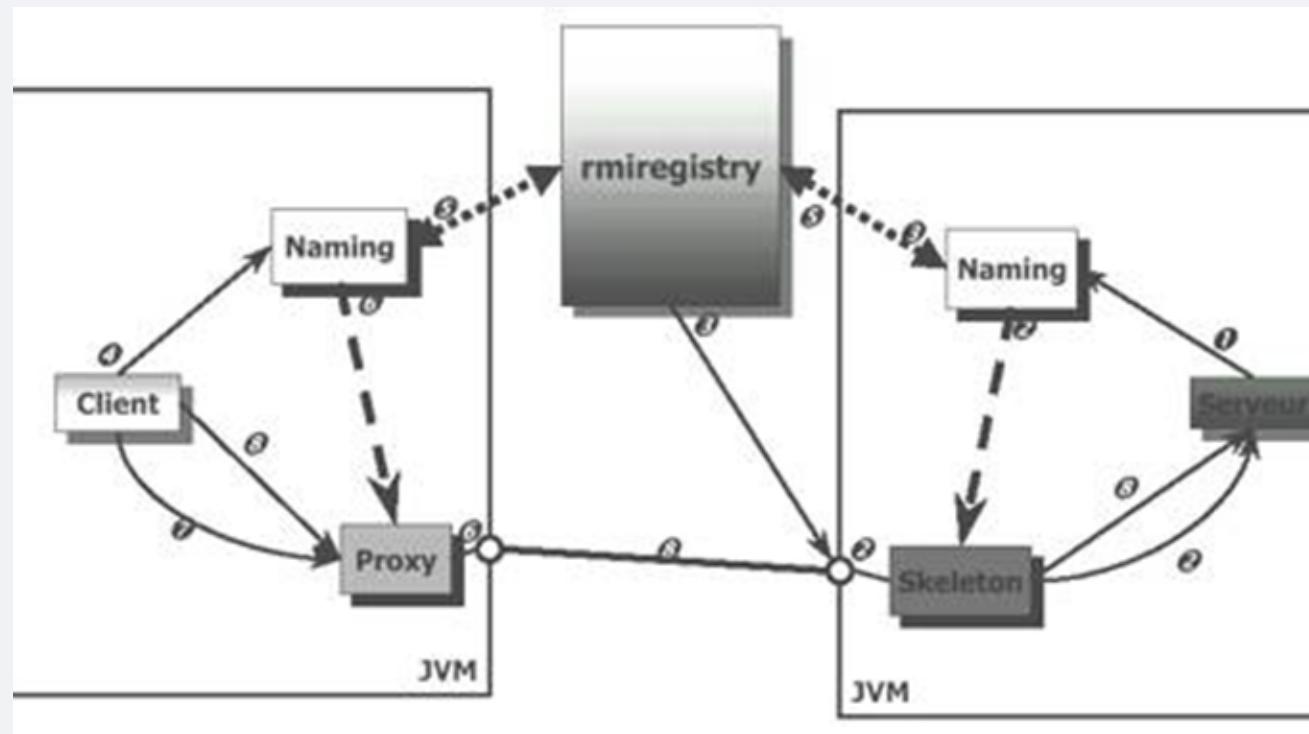
- Peer 1 (Left Window):** Prints the shared directory as 'peer1'. It then enters a loop where it asks for a file to download. When 'C-Math-Chap1' is specified, it prints the start time (1670251208331), connection port (4001), and neighbourPeer (2). It then connects to peer 2 at 127.0.0.1:28551. The file is found, and a peer list is shown. A connection is established with peer 2 at 127.0.0.1:28555. An error occurs due to a duplicate message, and the file is eventually downloaded from peer 2 to peer 1's directory. The end time is 1670251208807.
- Peer 2 (Middle Window):** Prints the shared directory as 'peer2'. It receives a connection from peer 1. It performs a local search for 'C-Math-Chap1' and finds it. It then establishes a connection with peer 1 at 127.0.0.1:28551 and sends the file. The connection ends at 127.0.0.1:28555.
- Peer 3 (Right Window):** Prints the shared directory as 'peer3'. It receives a connection from peer 1. It performs a local search for 'C-Math-Chap1' and cannot find it. It then establishes a connection with peer 1 at 127.0.0.1:28551 and sends a 'File not found' message. The connection ends at 127.0.0.1:28555.

2nd approach: The method using RMI

For this method, we have used RMI:

RMI:

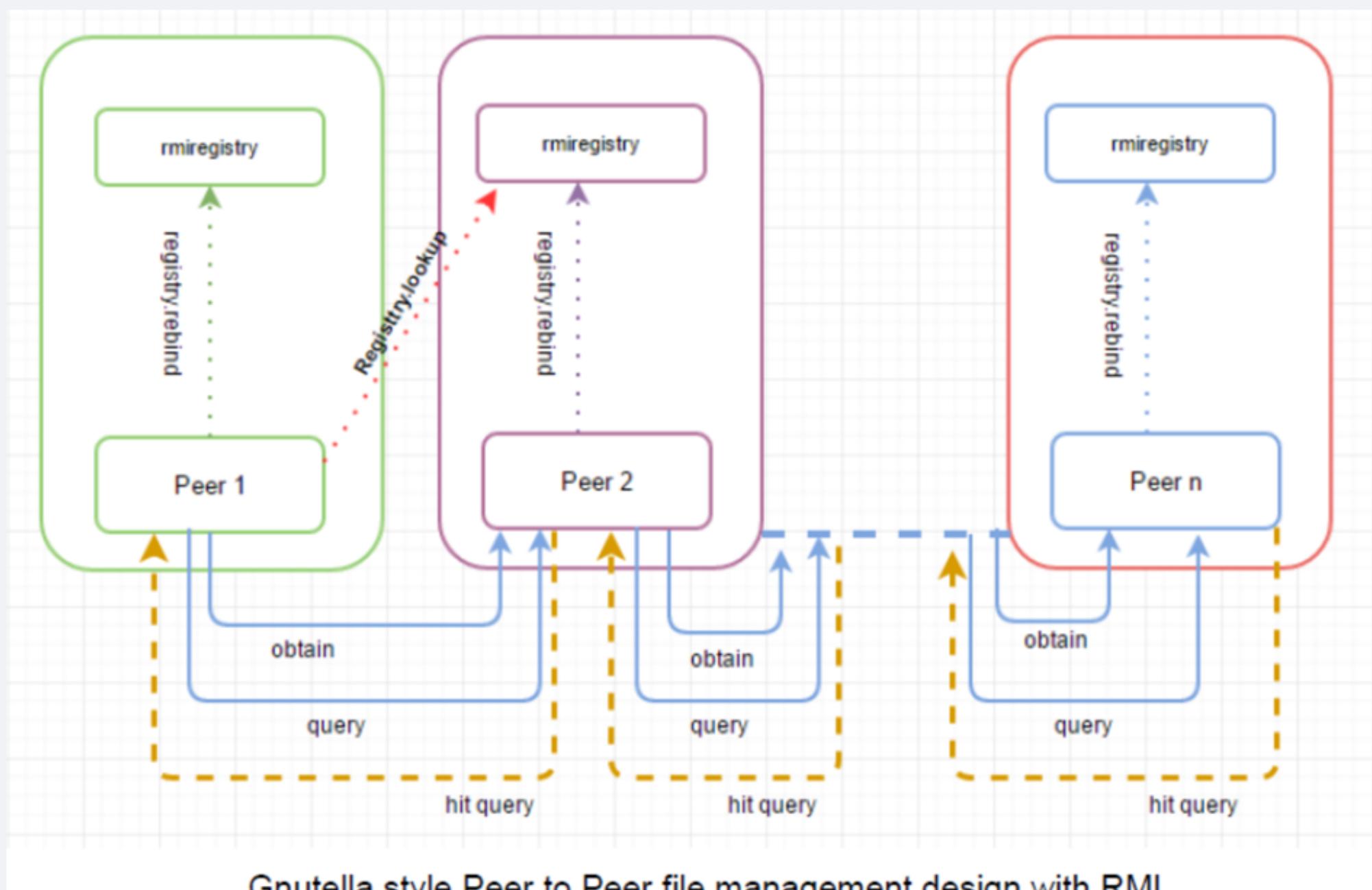
- The call can be made between java objects that run on separate JVMs.
- The call can be made on the same machine or on machines connected in network.
- The exchanges respect a protocol: Remote method protocol.



In this example, we suppose that the topologie is static

We will run the program first locally on the same machine then we will proceed the execution of the program using two different machines connected to the same network.

*) Code explication :



*) PeerInterface.java: interface :

*- obtain(filename)
 *- query(fromPeerId,msgId,fieldname)
 => remote methods

```
> gnutellaP2P > J PeerInterface.java > •○ PeerInterface
1 package gnutellaP2P;
2 import java.rmi.*;
3 //
4 // Interface pour les méthodes remote
5 public interface PeerInterface extends Remote{
6     public byte[] obtain(String filename) throws RemoteException;
7     public HitQuery query(int fromPeerId, String msgId, String fileName) throws RemoteException;
8 }
9
```

*) HitQuery.java: class:

This class is used to handle the details of the result of every query. It contains properties of the peer details of the requested file and the path through which search performed.

```
1 package gnutellaP2P;
2
3 import java.io.Serializable;
4 import java.util.ArrayList;
5
6 //class pour HitQuery : réponse des voisins
7 public class HitQuery implements Serializable {
8
9     private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
10    public ArrayList<PeerDetails> foundPeers = new ArrayList<PeerDetails>();
11    public ArrayList<String> paths = new ArrayList<String>();
12 }
```

*) PeerInterfaceRemote.java: class :

implement l'interface PeerInterface.java

*- Attributes: serialVersionUID = 1L; sharedDirectory;

```
ArrayList<String> localFiles=new ArrayList<String>();
ArrayList<String> processdMsgIds;
peerId;currentPeerPort;
```

*- Define remote methods:

query(fromPeerId,msgId,fieldname)

=> This remote method takes the filename, message id as arguments. It checks whether the peer already processed that msgId or not. If it is already processed, it will skip the process and return to the called client. If message id is not there with the peer then it will perform the search locally. It will establish the connection with its neighbor peers and will get the results. All these results will be sent back to the called client.

Obtain(filename)

=> This remote method takes the file name as an argument. It will send the file contents as bytes and client will create a new file with these bytes of data.

*) Peer.java: class:

*- Enter the directory path that is going to be shared with other peers

Prompts for file name to search

*- Get the neighbor peers from the config file and get the result from those peers.

*- Display the list of peers containing the requested file.

*- Prompt to enter the peer id from where the file should be downloaded

*- Establish connection with peer and download the file.

The screenshot shows an IDE interface with the following details:

- Project Explorer:** Shows the project structure under "P2PGNUTELLA-MASTER".
- Code Editor:** Displays the `Peer.java` file content. The code handles peer operations, including entering a shared directory, reading local files, and managing neighbor peers.
- Toolbars and Menus:** Standard Java development toolbar and menu options.

```
src > gnutellaP2P > J Peer.java > Peer > peerOperations(String[])
24     peerinstance.peeroperations(args);
25 }
26 // Methode qui gère les opérations qui peuvent peut-être réalisées par le peer
27 //
28 public void peerOperations(String args[]) {
29
30     String sharedDir;
31     ArrayList<String> localFiles = new ArrayList<String>();
32     List<Thread> threadInstancesList = new ArrayList<Thread>();
33     int port;
34     int peerid;
35     int searchCounter = 0;
36     int choice;
37     Boolean bExit = false;
38     ArrayList<NeighborPeers> neighborPeers = new ArrayList<NeighborPeers>();
39     String searchFileName;
40     ArrayList<PeerDetails> searchResult_Peers = new ArrayList<PeerDetails>();
41     ArrayList<NeighborConnectionThread> neighborConnThreadList = new ArrayList<NeighborConnectionThread>();
42 //
43 try {
44     BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
45     //
46     // entrer ID du peer
47     System.out.println("Enter the peerid");
48     peerid = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
49     //entrer le port
50     System.out.println("Enter the port");
51     port = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
52     System.out.println("Session for peer id: " + peerid + " started...");
```

The screenshot shows an IDE interface with the following details:

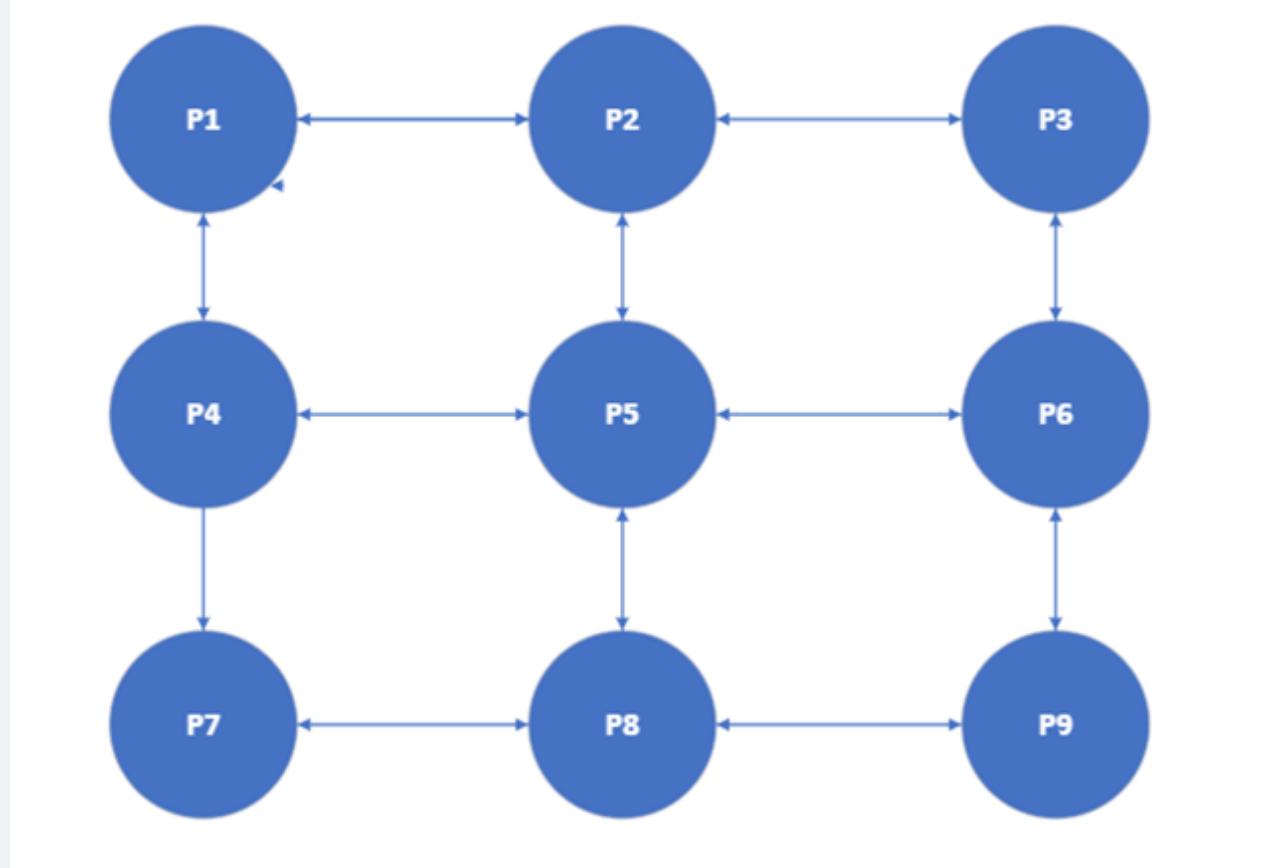
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- Toolbars and Menus:** Standard Java development toolbar and menu options.

```
src > gnutellaP2P > J Peer.java > Peer > peerOperations(String[])
54     // entrer le répertoire partagé du peer
55     System.out.println("Enter the shared directory");
56     sharedDir = br.readLine();
57
58     //Appel d'une fonction getLocalFiles:
59     // Lire les fichiers contenus dans le repertoire partagé
60     getLocalFiles(sharedDir, localFiles);
61     //Appel d'une fonction runPeerAsServer:
62     // Le peer se comporte comme un serveur qui posséde le fichier désiré
63     runPeerAsServer(peerid, port, sharedDir, localFiles);
64
65     // Affichage: Menu utilisateur
66     while (true) {
67         System.out.println("***** Main Menu *****");
68         System.out.println("1. Search File");
69         System.out.println("2. Exit");
70         System.out.println("*****");
71         System.out.println("Select your choice");
72         choice = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
73         switch (choice) {
74             case 1:
75                 // l'option de recherche d'un fichier
76                 //dans ce cas le peer se comporte comme un client
77                 // nettoyage de l'historique des recherches
78                 neighborPeers.clear();
79                 threadInstancesList.clear();
80                 neighborConnThreadList.clear();
81                 searchResult_Peers.clear();
82                 //entrer le fichier à chercher
83                 System.out.println("Enter file name to search");
```

2nd approach: Execution Results

*) Execution of the code :

Topologie Mesh 3*3:



- Execution of Peer.java class for 9 peers:

```
Peer 1>PORT=8001
PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
PS          \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
1
Enter the port
8001
Session for peer id: 1 started...
Enter the shared directory
\P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer1
Peer 1 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8001
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
[]
```

A screenshot of a terminal window titled "Peer 1>PORT=8001". The window shows the execution of the "Peer.java" class from the "gnutellaP2P" package. The user enters the peer ID (1) and port (8001). The session starts, and the peer begins acting as a server on 127.0.0.1:8001. A main menu is displayed with options 1. Search File and 2. Exit. The user interface includes tabs for PROBLEMS, OUTPUT, DEBUG CONSOLE, and TERMINAL, with TERMINAL being active. To the right, a sidebar lists other peers: peer1 (selected), peer2, peer3, peer4, peer5, peer6, peer7, peer8, and peer9.

```
Peer 2>PORT=8002
PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
PS          \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
2
Enter the port
8002
Session for peer id: 2 started...
Enter the shared directory
\P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer2
Peer 2 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8002
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
[]
```

A screenshot of a terminal window titled "Peer 2>PORT=8002". The window shows the execution of the "Peer.java" class from the "gnutellaP2P" package. The user enters the peer ID (2) and port (8002). The session starts, and the peer begins acting as a server on 127.0.0.1:8002. A main menu is displayed with options 1. Search File and 2. Exit. The user interface includes tabs for PROBLEMS, OUTPUT, DEBUG CONSOLE, and TERMINAL, with TERMINAL being active. To the right, a sidebar lists other peers: peer1, peer2 (selected), peer3, peer4, peer5, peer6, peer7, peer8, and peer9.

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS : \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
3
Enter the port
8003
Session for peer id: 3 started...
Enter the shared directory
\P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer3
Peer 3 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8003
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
```

Ln 1, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF Java Properties ⌂ ⌂

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS : \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
4
Enter the port
8004
Session for peer id: 4 started...
Enter the shared directory
\P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer4
Peer 4 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8004
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
```

Ln 1, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF Java Properties ⌂ ⌂

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS : \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
5
Enter the port
8005
Session for peer id: 5 started...
Enter the shared directory
\P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer5
Peer 5 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8005
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
```

Ln 1, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF Java Properties ⌂ ⌂

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS : \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
6
Enter the port
8006
Session for peer id: 6 started...
Enter the shared directory
\P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer6
Peer 6 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8006
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
```

Ln 7, Col 19 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF Java Properties ⌂ ⌂

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS : \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
7
Enter the port
8007
Session for peer id: 7 started...
Enter the shared directory
\P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer7
Peer 7 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8007
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
```

Ln 7, Col 19 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF Java Properties ⌂ ⌂

PROBLEMS (11) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS          \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
8
Enter the port
8008
Session for peer id: 8 started...
Enter the shared directory
          \P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer8
Peer 8 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8008
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice

```

Ln 7, Col 19 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF Java Properties R Q

PROBLEMS (11) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS          \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
9
Enter the port
8009
Session for peer id: 9 started...
Enter the shared directory
          \P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer9
Peer 9 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8009
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice

```

Ln 7, Col 19 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF Java Properties R Q

- peer 1 search fo commonFile1:

Terminal Help config.properties - P2PGnutella-master - Visual Studio Code

PROBLEMS (11) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS          \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
1
Enter the port
8001
          \P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer1
Peer 1 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8001
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
1
Enter file name to search:
commonFile1.txt
Message id for search: Peer1.Search1
Sending request to peerid.2 8002
Sending request to peerid.4 8004
*** Search Paths ***
Search Path: 12369
Search Path: 145
Search Path: 1478
*****
commonFile1.txt File found in the nework at below peers
--Found at Peer3 , running on 127.0.0.1:8003
--Found at Peer9 , running on 127.0.0.1:8009
--Found at Peer5 , running on 127.0.0.1:8005
--Found at Peer7 , running on 127.0.0.1:8007
***Download Menu***
1.Download file
2.Exit
*****
Select operation

```

Ln 7, Col 19 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF Java Properties R Q

Terminal Help config.properties - P2PGnutella-master - Visual Studio Code

PROBLEMS (11) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS          \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
2
Enter the port
8002
Session for peer id: 2 started...
Enter the shared directory
\P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer2
Peer 2 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8002
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
Incoming Request to peer 2: From - 1 Search locally and send request to neighbours for msg id- Peer1.Search1
Local Search: File not found in the current peer
Outgoing Request from peer 2: Sending request to peerid.3 8003
Outgoing Request from peer 2: Sending request to peerid.5 8005
Incoming Request to peer 2: From - 5 Duplicate Request - Already searched in this peer- with message id - Peer1
.Search1
HitQuery: Send following result back to 1
--Found at Peer3 on localhost:8003
--Found at Peer9 on localhost:8009
[]
```

peer1
peer 2
peer3
peer4
peer5
peer6
peer7
peer8
peer9

Terminal Help config.properties - P2PGnutella-master - Visual Studio Code

PROBLEMS (11) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS          \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
3
Enter the port
8003
Session for peer id: 3 started...
Enter the shared directory
\P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer3
Peer 3 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8003
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
Incoming Request to peer 3: From - 2 Search locally and send request to neighbours for msg id- Peer1.Search1
Local Search: File Found in the current peer
Outgoing Request from peer 3: Sending request to peerid.6 8006
HitQuery: Send following result back to 2
--Found at Peer3 on localhost:8003
--Found at Peer9 on localhost:8009
[]
```

peer1
peer 2
peer3
peer4
peer5
peer6
peer7
peer8
peer9

Terminal Help config.properties - P2PGnutella-master - Visual Studio Code

PROBLEMS (11) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS          \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
4
Enter the port
8004
Session for peer id: 4 started...
Enter the shared directory
\P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer4
Peer 4 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8004
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
Incoming Request to peer 4: From - 1 Search locally and send request to neighbours for msg id- Peer1.Search1
Local Search: File not found in the current peer
Outgoing Request from peer 4: Sending request to peerid.5 8005
Outgoing Request from peer 4: Sending request to peerid.7 8007
HitQuery: Send following result back to 1
--Found at Peer5 on localhost:8005
--Found at Peer7 on localhost:8007
[]
```

peer1
peer 2
peer3
peer4
peer5
peer6
peer7
peer8
peer9

Terminal Help config.properties - P2PGnutella-master - Visual Studio Code

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS : \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid 5
Enter the port 8005
Session for peer id: 5 started...
Enter the shared directory C:\Users\souha\Desktop\P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer5
Peer 5 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8005
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
ncoming equest to peer 5: From - 4 Search locally and send request to neighbours for msg id- Peer1.Search1
ocal Search: File Found in the current peer
ncoming equest to peer 5: From - 2 Duplicate equest - lready searched in this peer- with message id - Peer1
.Search1
utgoing equest from peer 5: Sending request to peerid.2 8002
utgoing equest from peer 5: Sending request to peerid.6 8006
utgoing equest from peer 5: Sending request to peerid.8 8008
it uery: Send following result back to 4
--Found at Peer5 on localhost:8005
ncoming equest to peer 5: From - 6 Duplicate equest - lready searched in this peer- with message id - Peer1
.Search1
ncoming equest to peer 5: From - 8 Duplicate equest - lready searched in this peer- with message id - Peer1
.Search1
```

Terminal Help config.properties - P2PGnutella-master - Visual Studio Code

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS : \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid 6
Enter the port 8006
Session for peer id: 6 started...
Enter the shared directory \P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer6
Peer 6 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8006
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
ncoming equest to peer 6: From - 3 Search locally and send request to neighbours for msg id- Peer1.Search1
ocal Search: File not found in the current peer
ncoming equest to peer 6: From - 5 Duplicate equest - lready searched in this peer- with message id - Peer1
.Search1
utgoing equest from peer 6: Sending request to peerid.5 8005
utgoing equest from peer 6: Sending request to peerid.9 8009
it uery: Send following result back to 3
--Found at Peer9 on localhost:8009
```

Terminal Help config.properties - P2PGnutella-master - Visual Studio Code

PROBLEMS 11 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS : \P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid 7
Enter the port 8007
Session for peer id: 7 started...
Enter the shared directory \P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer7
Peer 7 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8007
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
ncoming equest to peer 7: From - 4 Search locally and send request to neighbours for msg id- Peer1.Search1
ocal Search: File Found in the current peer
utgoing equest from peer 7: Sending request to peerid.8 8008
it uery: Send following result back to 4
--Found at Peer7 on localhost:8007
```

Terminal Help config.properties - P2PGnutella-master - Visual Studio Code

PROBLEMS (11) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
P!          (P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid 8
Enter the port 8008
Session for peer id: 8 started...
Enter the shared directory
  \P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer8
Peer 8 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8008
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
  ncoming equest to peer 8: From - 7 Search locally and send request to neighbours for msg id- Peer1.Search1
  ocal Search: File not found in the current peer
  ncoming equest to peer 8: From - 5 Duplicate equest - already searched in this peer- with message id - Peer1
  .Search1
  utgoing equest from peer 8: Sending request to peerid.5 8005
  utgoing equest from peer 8: Sending request to peerid.9 8009
  it very: Send following result back to 7
  ncoming equest to peer 8: From - 9 Duplicate equest - already searched in this peer- with message id - Peer1
  .Search1
```

Terminal Help config.properties - P2PGnutella-master - Visual Studio Code

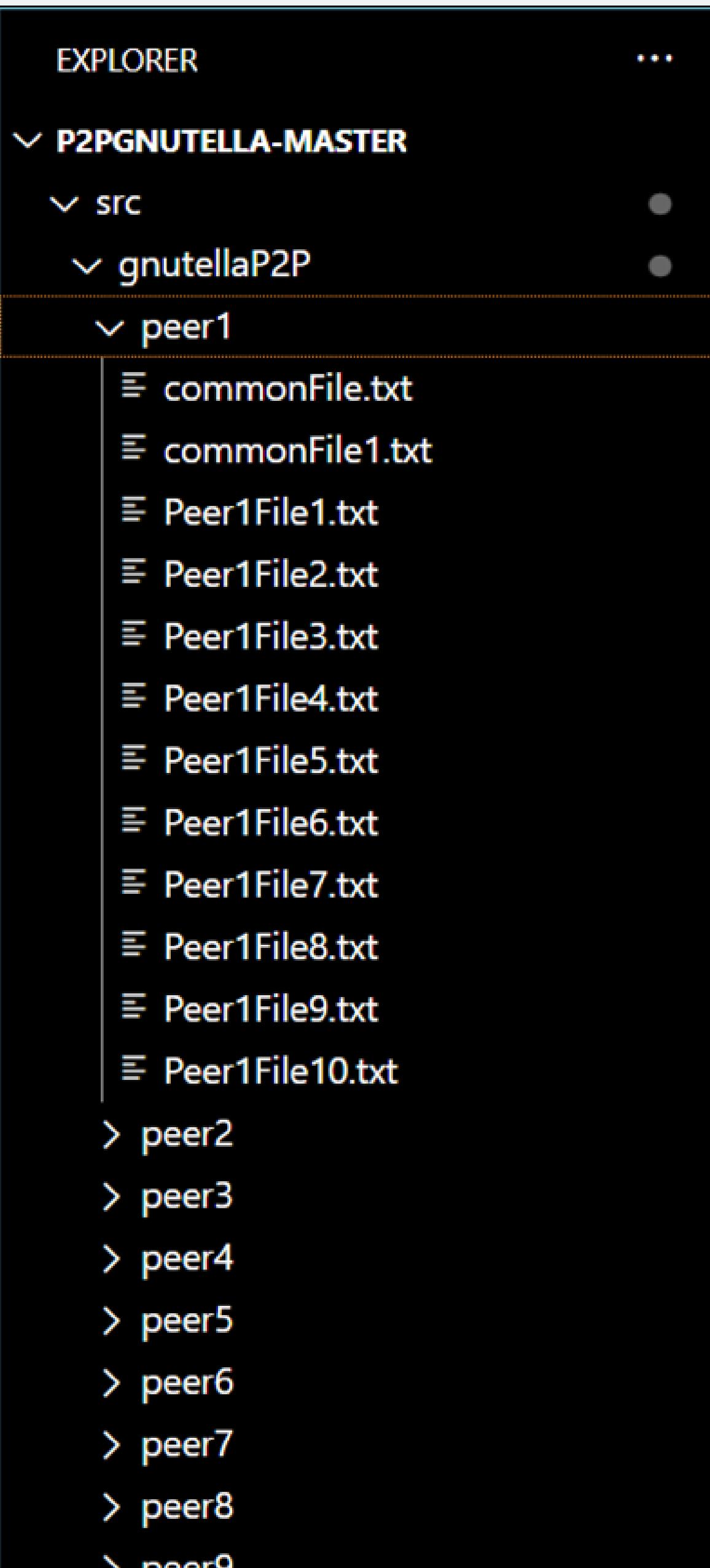
PROBLEMS (11) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
PS          (P2PGnutella-master\src> java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid 9
Enter the port 8009
Session for peer id: 9 started...
Enter the shared directory
  \P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer9
Peer 9 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8009
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
  ncoming equest to peer 9: From - 6 Search locally and send request to neighbours for msg id- Peer1.Search1
  ocal Search: File Found in the current peer
  ncoming equest to peer 9: From - 8 Duplicate equest - already searched in this peer- with message id - Peer1
  .Search1
  utgoing equest from peer 9: Sending request to peerid.8 8008
  it very: Send following result back to 6
--Found at Peer9 on localhost:8009
```

Terminal Help config.properties - P2PGnutella-master - Visual Studio Code

PROBLEMS (11) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
1
Enter file name to search:
commonFile1.txt
Message id for search: Peer1.Search1
Sending request to peerid.2 8002
Sending request to peerid.4 8004
*** Search Paths ***
Search Path: 12369
Search Path: 145
Search Path: 1478
*****
commonFile1.txt File found in the nework at below peers
--Found at Peer3 , running on 127.0.0.1:8003
--Found at Peer9 , running on 127.0.0.1:8009
--Found at Peer5 , running on 127.0.0.1:8005
--Found at Peer7 , running on 127.0.0.1:8007
***Download Menu***
1.Download file
2.Exit
*****
Select operaion
1
Enter peer id to connect and download the file
3
Downloading from localhost:8003
"commonFile1.txt" downloaded to path
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
```



```
# Neighbor details
#3X3 Mesh
peerid.1.neighbors=peerid.2,peerid.4
peerid.2.neighbors=peerid.1,peerid.3,peerid.5
peerid.3.neighbors=peerid.2,peerid.6
peerid.4.neighbors=peerid.1,peerid.5,peerid.7
peerid.5.neighbors=peerid.2,peerid.4,peerid.6,peerid.8
peerid.6.neighbors=peerid.3,peerid.5,peerid.9
peerid.7.neighbors=peerid.4,peerid.8
peerid.8.neighbors=peerid.5,peerid.7,peerid.9
peerid.9.neighbors=peerid.6,peerid.8
```

*) RMI execution in two differents PCs :

* - Peer1:

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - java gnutellaP2P/Peer
P2PGnutella-master\P2PGnutella-master\src>java gnutellaP2P/Peer
Enter the peerid
1
Enter the port
8001
Session for peer id: 1 started...
Enter the shared directory
          \shared
Peer 1 acting as server on 127.0.0.1:8001
***** Main Menu *****
1. Search File
2. Exit
*****
Select your choice
1
Enter file name to search:
Peer2File2.txt
Message id for search: Peer1.Search1
Sending request to peerid.2 8002
*** Search Paths ***
Search Path: 12
*****
Peer2File2.txt File found in the nework at below peers
--Found at Peer2 , running on 127.0.0.1:8002
***Download Menu***
1.Download file
2.Exit
*****
Select operaion
1
Enter peer id to connect and download the file
2
Downloading from localhost:8002
```

* - Peer2:

```
PROBLEMS (11) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
PS
Enter the peerid
2
Enter the port
8002
Session for peer id: 2 started...
Enter the shared directory
          \P2PGnutella-master\src\gnutellaP2P\peer2
--Found at Peer2 on localhost:8002
[]
```

* - config file:

```
1  # Peer details
2  peerid.1.ip=192.168.43.140
3  peerid.1.port=8001
4  peerid.2.ip=192.168.43.215
5  peerid.2.port=8002
6
7
8
9  peerid.1.neighbors=peerid.2
```

Performance Evaluation

*)System Performance:

In this section we evaluate the performances of the system that is running the applications, which means we evaluate the performances of the computer that runs the application.

We measure this performance using a command line in CMD "Winsat formal"

```
C:\Windows\system32>winsat formal
Outil d'évaluation du système Windows
> Exécution de l'évaluation formelle
> En cours d'exécution : Énumération de fonctions ''
> Heure d'exécution 00:00:00.00
> En cours d'exécution : Évaluation WinSAT Direct3D "-aname DWM -time 10 -fbc 10 -disp off -normalw 1 -alphaw 2 -width 1280 -height 1024 -winwidth
rtdelta 3 -nolock"
> Évaluation des performances des graphismes du bureau
> Heure d'exécution 00:00:20.78
> En cours d'exécution : Évaluation WinSAT Direct3D "-aname Batch -time 5 -fbc 10 -disp off -animate 10 -width 1280 -height 1024 -totalobj 300 -bat
delta 3 -texnobj 1"

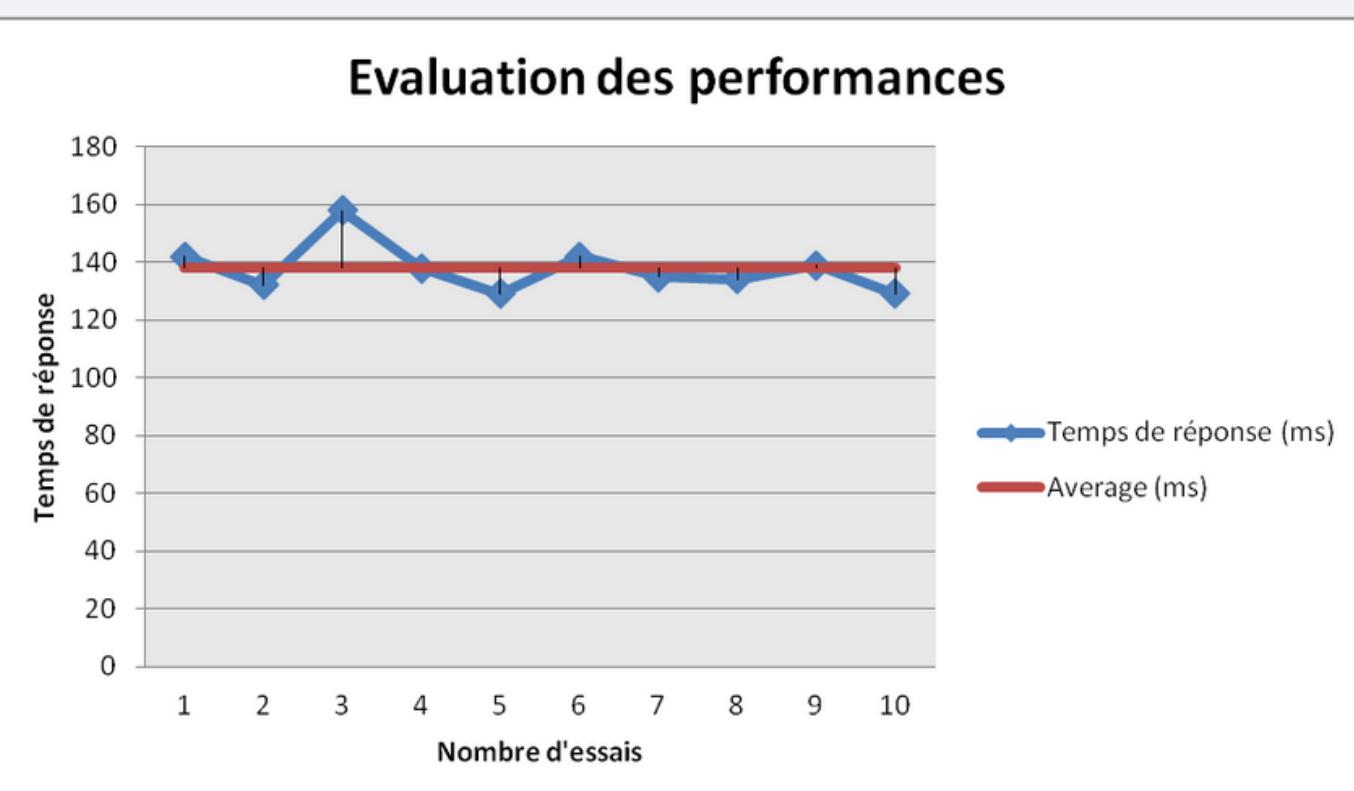
```

=> The final result of the performances :

> Compression LZW d'UC	457.14 MB/s
> Chiffrement AES256 d'UC	5376.39 MB/s
> Compression Vista d'UC	1017.43 MB/s
> Hachage SHA1 d'UC	2054.97 MB/s
> Compression LZW d'UC monoprocesseur	89.37 MB/s
> Chiffrement AES256 d'UC monoprocesseur	852.43 MB/s
> Compression Vista d'UC monoprocesseur	226.19 MB/s
> Hachage SHA1d'UC monoprocesseur	627.69 MB/s
> Performances de la mémoire	25152.26 MB/s
> Performances de Direct3D Batch	42.00 F/s
> Performances de Direct3D Alpha Blend	42.00 F/s
> Performances Direct3D ALU	42.00 F/s
> Performances de Direct3D Texture Load	42.00 F/s
> Performances de Direct3D Batch	42.00 F/s
> Performances de Direct3D Alpha Blend	42.00 F/s
> Performances Direct3D ALU	42.00 F/s
> Performances de Direct3D Texture Load	42.00 F/s
> Performances géométriques Direct3D	42.00 F/s
> Performances géométriques Direct3D	42.00 F/s
> Performances de tampon constant Direct3D	42.00 F/s
> Débit de la mémoire vidéo	5886.96 MB/s
> Temps de codage vidéo Dshow	0.00000 s
> Temps de décodage vidéo Dshow	0.00000 s
> Temps de décodage de Media Foundation	0.00000 s
> Disk Sequential 64.0 Read	303.06 MB/s
> Disk Random 16.0 Read	7.87 MB/s
> Durée d'exécution totale 00:00:30.55	7.7
	5.2

*)Application Performance:

In this section we evaluate the performances of the application where we do many trials and we measure the response time for each one and we calculate the average of it then we plot everything on a plot to have a visualisation about the performance of the application (of the Gnutella Peer-2-Peer network).



Try	Temps de réponse (ms)
1	142
2	132
3	158
4	138
5	129
6	142
7	135
8	134
9	139
10	129
Average (ms)	137,8

COLLAB with a colleague : Comparison of the Performance between Gnutella and BitTorrent P2P network

Evaluation des performances

