10 March 2022 battleship • EN

Problem 5 - Battleship (battleship)

The goal of this problem is to find the correct solution in a game of battleships by guessing the position of each ship. To find a valid solution you're given clues about the ships' configuration.

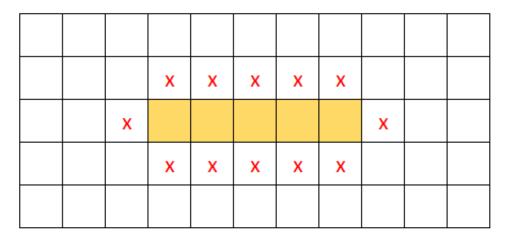
Each game is a grid of $N \times N$ squares. For each row and each column you're given the following information:

- X, a natural number (black in the example), indicates how many squares of that row/column are occupied by ships.
- Y, a natural number (green in the example), indicates how many ships (or parts of ships) appear in that row/column.
- Z, a natural number (red in the example), indicates the longest number of consecutive empty spaces in that row/column.

You also know all ship lengths are between two values L_{min} and L_{max} inclusive.

Additional rules:

- A ship must not touch other ships, so two adjacent squares of the grid cannot be occupied by different ships.
- Its possible multiple solutions exist for a given input problem, so any valid solution is acceptable.



Cells arounds a ship that must be empty

Input data

The first line of the input file contains an integer T, the number of test cases to solve, followed by T test cases, numbered from 1 to T.

Then, for each test case:

- a line with N L_{min} L_{max} , the width of the square grid and the minimum and maximum length of all the ships.
- a line with N integers, X_{column} , the number of occupied squares for each column.

battleship Page 1 of 3

- a line with **N** integers, Y_{column} , the number of ships for each column.
- a line with N integers, Z_{column} , max consecutive empty spaces for each column.
- a line with **N** integers, X_{row} , the number of occupied squares for each row.
- a line with **N** integers, Y_{row} , the number of ships for each row.
- a line with N integers, Z_{row} , max consecutive empty spaces for each row.

Output data

For each test case in the input file the output file must contain a line with the characters:

Case #t:

```
X X X \dots X X X
```

$$X X X \dots X X X$$

. . .

where t is the test case number (from 1 to T) followed by N lines, each of which contains N space separated characters indicating 0 for an empty space and 1 for an occupied square.

Constraints

- $1 \le T \le 2$
- $8 \le N \le 12$
- $2 \le L_{min} \le 3$
- $4 \le L_{max} \le 5$
- There is always at least one valid solution for each given test case

Scoring

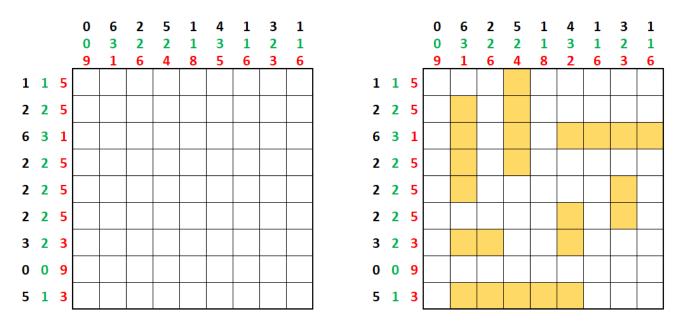
- **input 1**: T = 1 and N = 8
- input 2: T = 1 and N = 9
- input 3: T = 2 and N = 10
- **input** 4: T = 2 and N = 11
- **input 5**: T = 2 and N = 12

battleship Page 2 of 3

Examples

input	output
1 9 2 5 0 6 2 5 1 4 1 3 1 0 3 2 2 1 3 1 2 1 9 1 6 4 8 2 6 3 6 1 2 6 2 2 2 3 0 5 1 2 3 2 2 2 2 0 1 5 5 1 5 5 5 3 9 3	Case #1: 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0

Explanation



Example of input (left), and valid solution (right).

battleship Page 3 of 3