

EXP NO: 2	SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE (SVM) AND RANDOM FOREST FOR BINARY & MULTICLASS CLASSIFICATION
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AIM

To build classification models using **Support Vector Machines (SVM)** and **Random Forest**, apply them to a dataset, and evaluate the models using performance metrics like accuracy and confusion matrix.

ALGORITHM

Part A: SVM Model

1. Import necessary libraries
2. Load and explore the dataset
3. Handle missing values if any
4. Encode categorical variables
5. Split dataset into training and testing sets
6. Build SVM classifier using SVC()
7. Train and predict
8. Evaluate the model using accuracy and confusion matrix

Part B: Random Forest Model

1. Initialize Random Forest using RandomForestClassifier()
2. Train and predict
3. Evaluate and compare with SVM

CODE:

```
# 1. Import libraries
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.svm import SVC
```

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix

import seaborn as sns

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt


# 2. Load dataset

iris = load_iris()
X = iris.data
y = iris.target


# 3. Feature scaling

scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)


# 4. Train-test split

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)


# -----
# Part A: SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE
# -----


# 5. Initialize and train SVM

svm_model = SVC(kernel='linear') # You can also try 'rbf', 'poly'
svm_model.fit(X_train, y_train)


# 6. Predict and evaluate SVM

y_pred_svm = svm_model.predict(X_test)
print("SVM Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_svm))
print("SVM Confusion Matrix:\n", confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_svm))
```

```
# -----  
  
# Part B: RANDOM FOREST  
  
# -----  
  
# 7. Initialize and train Random Forest  
rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)  
rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)  
  
# 8. Predict and evaluate Random Forest  
y_pred_rf = rf_model.predict(X_test)  
print("Random Forest Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_rf))  
print("Random Forest Confusion Matrix:\n", confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_rf))  
  
# -----  
  
# 9. Visual comparison using seaborn heatmap  
# -----  
  
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))  
  
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)  
sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_svm), annot=True, cmap='Blues', fmt='d')  
plt.title("SVM Confusion Matrix")  
  
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)  
sns.heatmap(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_rf), annot=True, cmap='Greens', fmt='d')  
plt.title("Random Forest Confusion Matrix")  
plt.tight_layout()  
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:

```
SVM Accuracy: 0.9777777777777777
```

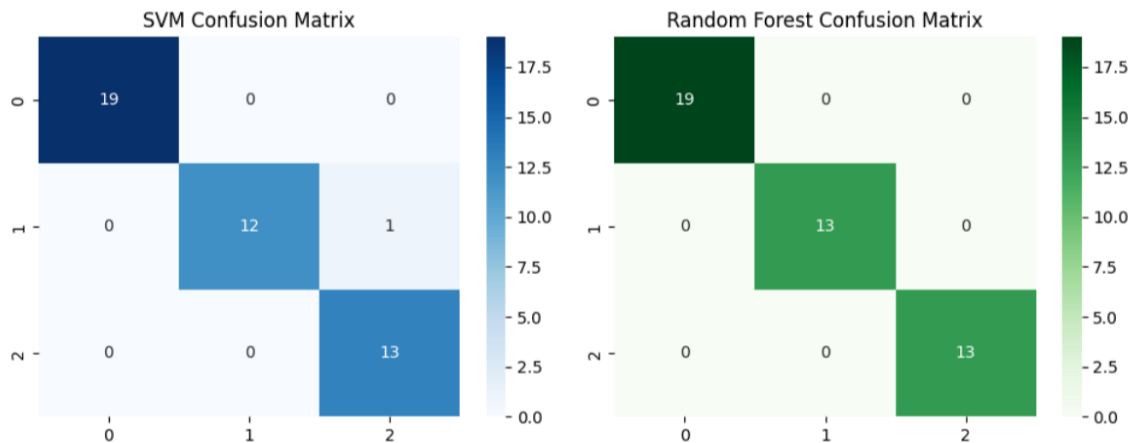
```
SVM Confusion Matrix:
```

```
[[19  0  0]
 [ 0 12  1]
 [ 0  0 13]]
```

```
Random Forest Accuracy: 1.0
```

```
Random Forest Confusion Matrix:
```

```
[[19  0  0]
 [ 0 13  0]
 [ 0  0 13]]
```

**RESULT:**

The Support Vector Machine (SVM) and Random Forest algorithms were successfully implemented for both binary and multiclass classification tasks. The models were trained and tested on the given dataset, and both achieved good accuracy.