HSSIGNMEN-2 Mounica Subramani

It is an unstable behavior when training a deep neural network. 1a) Vanishing gradent: It is the situation where a deep multi layer NN (or) RNN is unable to propagate useful gradient information from the output end of the model Why it happens: A problem with training networks with many layers is that the gradient diminishes. drawatically as it is propagated backward through the network. [The backpropagated error typically electroases (or increases) exponentially as function of distance from the Isnal Layer. The result is, the general inability of models with many layers to learn on a given dataset. learn on a given dataset.

It is a situation where large error gradients accumulate and result in very large updates to neural hetwork model weights during training. Explading gradient: An error gradient is the direction and magnitude calculated during the training of a neural hetwork that is used to update the network weights in right direction and by right amount. why it happens: The explosion occurse through exponential growth by repeatedly multiplying gradients through the network layers that have values larger than 1.0. (1e) explosion of long form components.