You are currently looking at version 1.1 of this notebook. To download notebooks and datafiles, as well as get help on Jupyter notebooks in the Coursera platform, visit the <u>Jupyter Notebook FAQ</u> course resource.

## **Assignment 1**

In this assignment, you'll be working with messy medical data and using regex to extract relevant infromation from the data.

Each line of the dates.txt file corresponds to a medical note. Each note has a date that needs to be extracted, but each date is encoded in one of many formats.

The goal of this assignment is to correctly identify all of the different date variants encoded in this dataset and to properly normalize and sort the dates.

Here is a list of some of the variants you might encounter in this dataset:

- 04/20/2009; 04/20/09; 4/20/09; 4/3/09
- Mar-20-2009; Mar 20, 2009; March 20, 2009; Mar. 20, 2009; Mar 20 2009;
- 20 Mar 2009; 20 March 2009; 20 Mar. 2009; 20 March, 2009
- Mar 20th, 2009; Mar 21st, 2009; Mar 22nd, 2009
- Feb 2009; Sep 2009; Oct 2010
- 6/2008; 12/2009

• 2009; 2010

Once you have extracted these date patterns from the text, the next step is to sort them in ascending chronological order according to the following rules:

- Assume all dates in xx/xx/xx format are mm/dd/yy
- Assume all dates where year is encoded in only two digits are years from the 1900's (e.g. 1/5/89 is January 5th, 1989)
- If the day is missing (e.g. 9/2009), assume it is the first day of the month (e.g. September 1, 2009).
- If the month is missing (e.g. 2010), assume it is the first of January of that year (e.g. January 1, 2010). • Watch out for potential typos as this is a raw, real-life derived dataset.

With these rules in mind, find the correct date in each note and return a pandas Series in chronological order of the original Series' indices.

```
For example if the original series was this:
```

- 2010 1
- 2
- 1978
- 2015 1985

Your function should return this:

1999

- 2
- 2 1

```
Your score will be calculated using Kendall's tau, a correlation measure for ordinal data.
        This function should return a Series of length 500 and dtype int.
In [2]: import pandas as pd
        doc = []
        with open('dates.txt') as file:
            for line in file:
                doc.append(line)
        df = pd.Series(doc)
        df.head(10)
Out[2]: 0
                  03/25/93 Total time of visit (in minutes):\n
                                 6/18/85 Primary Care Doctor:\n
             sshe plans to move as of 7/8/71 In-Home Servic...
                         7 on 9/27/75 Audit C Score Current:\n
             2/6/96 sleep studyPain Treatment Pain Level (N...
                             .Per 7/06/79 Movement D/O note:\n
             4, 5/18/78 Patient's thoughts about current su...
             10/24/89 CPT Code: 90801 - Psychiatric Diagnos...
                                   3/7/86 SOS-10 Total Score:\n
                       (4/10/71)Score-1Audit C Score Current:\n
        dtype: object
In [3]: def date sorter():
            # Your code here
            global df
            dates\_extracted = df.str.extractall(r'(?P<origin>(?P<month>\d?\d)[/|-](?P<day>\d?\d)[/|-](?P<year>\d{4}))')
            index left = ~df.index.isin([x[0] for x in dates extracted.index])
            dates extracted = dates extracted.append(df[index left].str.extractall(r'(?P<origin>(?P<month>\d?\d)[/|-](?P<day>(
        [0-2]?[0-9])|([3][01]))[/|-](?P<year>\d{2}))'))
            index_left = ~df.index.isin([x[0] for x in dates_extracted.index])
            del dates extracted[3]
            del dates extracted[4]
            dates_extracted = dates_extracted.append(df[index_left].str.extractall(r'(?P<origin>(?P<day>\d?\d) ?(?P<month>[a-z]
        A-Z[\{3,\})\.?,? (?P<year>\{4\}))')
            index_left = ~df.index.isin([x[0] for x in dates_extracted.index])
            dates extracted = dates_extracted.append(df[index_left].str.extractall(r'(?P<origin>(?P<month>[a-zA-Z]{3,})\.?-? ?
         (?P<day>\d\d?)(th|nd|st)?,?-? ?(?P<year>\d{4}))'))
            del dates extracted[3]
            index left = ~df.index.isin([x[0] for x in dates_extracted.index])
            # Without day
            dates_without_day = df[index_left].str.extractall('(?P<origin>(?P<month>[A-Z][a-Z]{2,}),?\.? (?P<year>\d{4}))')
            dates_without_day = dates_without_day.append(df[index_left].str.extractall(r'(?P<origin>(?P<month>\d\d?)/(?P<year>
        \d{4}))'))
            dates_without_day['day'] = 1
            dates_extracted = dates_extracted.append(dates_without_day)
            index_left = ~df.index.isin([x[0] for x in dates_extracted.index])
            # Only year
            dates only year = df[index left].str.extractall(r'(?P<origin>(?P<year>\d{4}))')
            dates_only_year['day'] = 1
            dates_only_year['month'] = 1
            dates extracted = dates extracted.append(dates only year)
            index left = ~df.index.isin([x[0] for x in dates extracted.index])
            # Year
            dates_extracted['year'] = dates_extracted['year'].apply(lambda x: '19' + x if len(x) == 2 else x)
            dates_extracted['year'] = dates_extracted['year'].apply(lambda x: str(x))
            # Month
            dates_extracted['month'] = dates_extracted['month'].apply(lambda x: x[1:] if type(x) is str and x.startswith('0')
            month dict = dict({'September': 9, 'Mar': 3, 'November': 11, 'Jul': 7, 'January': 1, 'December': 12,
                                'Feb': 2, 'May': 5, 'Aug': 8, 'Jun': 6, 'Sep': 9, 'Oct': 10, 'June': 6, 'March': 3,
                                'February': 2, 'Dec': 12, 'Apr': 4, 'Jan': 1, 'Janaury': 1, 'August': 8, 'October': 10,
                                'July': 7, 'Since': 1, 'Nov': 11, 'April': 4, 'Decemeber': 12, 'Age': 8})
            dates_extracted.replace({"month": month_dict}, inplace=True)
            dates_extracted['month'] = dates_extracted['month'].apply(lambda x: str(x))
            # Day
            dates_extracted['day'] = dates_extracted['day'].apply(lambda x: str(x))
            # Cleaned date
            dates_extracted['date'] = dates_extracted['month'] + '/' + dates_extracted['day'] + '/' + dates_extracted['year']
            dates_extracted['date'] = pd.to_datetime(dates_extracted['date'])
            dates_extracted.sort_values(by='date', inplace=True)
            df1 = pd.Series(list(dates_extracted.index.labels[0]))
            return df1
        date_sorter()
Out[3]: 0
                 9
```

```
84
          2
         53
         28
        474
        153
7
        13
8
        129
9
         98
10
        111
11
        225
12
        31
13
        171
14
        191
15
        486
16
        335
17
        415
18
         36
19
        405
        323
20
21
        422
22
        375
23
        380
24
        345
25
        57
26
        481
27
        436
28
        104
29
        299
       • • •
470
       220
471
        243
472
        208
473
        139
474
        320
475
        383
476
        286
477
        244
478
        480
479
        431
480
        279
481
        198
482
        381
        463
483
        366
484
        439
485
        255
486
487
        401
        475
488
```

257

152

235

464

253 231

427

141

186

161 413

Length: 500, dtype: int64

489

490

491 492

493

494 495

496

497

498

499

In [ ]: