1653. Minimum Deletions to Make String Balanced

You are given a string S consisting only of characters 'a' and 'b'.

You can delete any number of characters in s to make s balanced. s is balanced if there is no pair of indices (i,j) such that i < j and s[i] = 'b' and s[j] = 'a'.

Return the *minimum* number of deletions needed to make s *balanced*.

Example 1:

Input: s = "aababbab"

Output: 2

Explanation: You can either:

Delete the characters at 0-indexed positions 2 and 6 ("aababbab" -> "aaabbb"), or Delete the characters at 0-indexed positions 3 and 6 ("aababbab" -> "aabbbb").

Example 2:

Input: s = "bbaaaaabb"

Output: 2

Explanation: The only solution is to delete the first two characters.

Constraints:

- 1 <= s.length <= 105
- s[i] is 'a' or 'b'.

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Brute force Time complexity: O(2n)=O(n)Extra space complexity: O(n) typedef std::vector<int> vi; class Solution { public: int minimumDeletions(std::string s) { int n=s.size(); vi suff_a_in_right(n,0); for(int i=n-2;i>=0;--i){ $suff_a_in_right[i] += (s[i+1]== 'a')?suff_a_in_right[i+1] +1:suff_a_in_right[i+1];$ } int b_in_left=0,ans=INT_MAX; for(int i=0;i< n;++i){ ans=std::min(ans,b_in_left+suff_a_in_right[i]); if(s[i]=='b') b_in_left++; } return ans;

};

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Brute force: optimize space Time complexity: O(2n)=O(n)Extra space complexity: O(1) typedef std::vector<int> vi; class Solution { public: int minimumDeletions(std::string s) { int n=s.size(); int total_a=0; for(auto& c: s){ if(c=='a') total_a++; } int b_in_left=0,a_in_left=0,ans=INT_MAX; for(int i=0;i<n;++i){ if(s[i]=='a') a_in_left++; ans=std::min(ans,b_in_left+(total_a-a_in_left)); if(s[i]=='b') b_in_left++; } return ans; } **}**;