2696. Minimum String Length After Removing Substrings

You are given a string S consisting only of **uppercase** English letters.

You can apply some operations to this string where, in one operation, you can remove **any** occurrence of one of the substrings "AB" or "CD" from S.

Return the *minimum* possible length of the resulting string that you can obtain.

Note that the string concatenates after removing the substring and could produce new "AB" or "CD" substrings.

Example 1:

```
Input: s = "ABFCACDB"
Output: 2
Explanation: We can do the following operations:
- Remove the substring "ABFCACDB", so s = "FCACDB".
- Remove the substring "FCACDB", so s = "FCAB".
- Remove the substring "FCAB", so s = "FC".
So the resulting length of the string is 2.
It can be shown that it is the minimum length that we can obtain.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: s = "ACBBD"
```

Output: 5

Explanation: We cannot do any operations on the string so the length remains the

same.

Constraints:

- 1 <= s.length <= 100
- S consists only of uppercase English letters.

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```
Straight forward approach
    Time complexity: O(n^2)
    Space complexity: 0(1)
*/
class Solution {
    public:
        int minLength(std::string s){
            bool flag=true;
            while(flag){
                flag=false;
                string::size_type i=s.find("AB");
                if (i!=string::npos){
                    flag=true;
                    s.erase(i,2);
                }
                i=s.find("CD");
                if (i!=string::npos){
                    flag=true;
                    s.erase(i,2);
                }
            }
            return s.size();
        }
};
```

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```
Stack
  Time complexity: O(n)
  Space complexity: O(n)
*/
class Solution {
  public:
     int minLength(std::string s){
       std::stack<char> st;
       bool push=true; // To know what to push
       for(char& c: s){
          push=true; // By default we will push the current character
          if(!st.empty() && c=='B'){ // if current character is 'B'
             // if the previuos character is 'A', remove it and
             // no need to push 'B'
             if(st.top()=='A') st.pop(),push=false;
          }
          else if(!st.empty() && c=='D'){ // if current character is 'D'
             // if the previuos character is 'C', remove it and
             // no need to push 'D'
             if(st.top()=='C') st.pop(),push=false;
          }
          if(push) st.push(c);
       }
       return st.size();
};
```