Given two strings s and goal, return true if and only if s can become goal after some number of **shifts** on s.

A **shift** on S consists of moving the leftmost character of S to the rightmost position.

• For example, if s = "abcde", then it will be "bcdea" after one shift.

Example 1:

```
Input: s = "abcde", goal = "cdeab"
Output: true
```

Example 2:

```
Input: s = "abcde", goal = "abced"
Output: false
```

Constraints:

- 1 <= s.length, goal.length <= 100
- s and goal consist of lowercase English letters.

```
Straight simulation v1: without STL
  Time complexity: O(n^2)
  Space complexity: O(1)
class Solution {
  public:
     bool rotateString(std::string s,std::string goal) {
       int n=s.size();
       if(n!=goal.size()) return false;
       while(n--){
          s.push_back(s[0]);
          s.erase(s.begin());
          if(s==goal) return true;
       }
       return false;
     }
};
```

796. Rotate String

```
Straight simulation v2: using STL rotate()
Time complexity: O(n^2)
Space complexity: O(1)
*/
class Solution {
  public:
    bool rotateString(std::string s,std::string goal) {
      int n=s.size();
      if(n!=goal.size()) return false;
      for(int i=1;i<=n;++i){
         std::rotate(s.begin(),s.begin()+1,s.end());
         if(s==goal) return true;
      }
      return false;
    }
};</pre>
```

```
/*
    Concatenation check
    Time complexity: O(n)
    Space complexity: O(2n)
*/
class Solution {
    public:
        bool rotateString(std::string s,std::string goal) {
            int n=s.size();
            if(n!=goal.size()) return false;

            // if `goal` can be obtained by rotating `s`, `goal` must be
            // a subtring of s+s
            std::string ss=s+s;
            return ss.find(goal)!=std::string::npos;
        }
};
```

```
KMP (see LC's problem 28)
  Time complexity: O(n)
  Space complexity: O(2n+m)
*/
class Solution {
  public:
     bool rotateString(std::string s,std::string goal){
       if(s.size()!=goal.size()) return false;
       std::string ss=s+s;
       int n=ss.size();
       int m=goal.size();
       // Build Longest prefix suffix array
       std::vector<int> lps(m,0);
       int prev=0,i=1;
       while(i<m){
          if(goal[prev]==goal[i]){
            lps[i]=prev+1;
            prev++;
            i++;
          else if(prev==0){
            lps[i]=0;
            i++;
          else prev=lps[prev-1];
       }
```

```
// Check the 1st occurence of `goal` in `s+s`
    i=0;
    int j=0;
    while(i<n){
        if(ss[i]==goal[j]){
            i++;
            j++;
        }
        else if(j==0) i++;
        else j=lps[j-1];

        if(j==m) return true;
    }

    return false;
}</pre>
```