

## 1371. Find the Longest Substring Containing Vowels in Even Counts

Given the string `S`, return the size of the longest substring containing each vowel an even number of times. That is, 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o', and 'u' must appear an even number of times.

### Example 1:

**Input:** `s = "eleetminicoworoeep"`

**Output:** 13

**Explanation:** The longest substring is "leetminicowor" which contains two each of the vowels: **e**, **i** and **o** and zero of the vowels: **a** and **u**.

### Example 2:

**Input:** `s = "leetcodeisgreat"`

**Output:** 5

**Explanation:** The longest substring is "leetc" which contains two e's.

### Example 3:

**Input:** `s = "bcbcbc"`

**Output:** 6

**Explanation:** In this case, the given string "bcbcbc" is the longest because all vowels: **a**, **e**, **i**, **o** and **u** appear zero times.

### Constraints:

- $1 \leq s.length \leq 5 \times 10^5$
- `s` contains only lowercase English letters.

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**Brute force - TLE**

Time complexity:  $O(n^2 * (26+n+26)) = O(n^3 + 2*26.n^2) = O(n^3)$

Space complexity:  $O(26) = O(1)$

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```
class Solution {
public:
    int findTheLongestSubstring(std::string s) {
        int n=s.size();
        int ans=0;
        for(int left=0;left<n;++left){
            for(int right=left;right<n;++right){
                std::vector<int> freq(26,0);
                for(int i=left;i<=right;++i){
                    if(s[i]=='a' || s[i]=='e' || s[i]=='i' || s[i]=='o' || s[i]=='u') freq[s[i]-'a']++;
                }

                int sum=0;
                for(int i=0;i<26;++i){
                    freq[i]%=2;
                    sum+=freq[i];
                }

                if(sum==0) ans=std::max(ans,right-left+1);
            }
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```

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**Preprocessing + Brute force - TLE**

Time complexity:  $O(5n+n+n^2)=O(n^2)$

Space complexity:  $O(5n)=O(n)$

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typedef std::vector<int> vi;

typedef std::vector<vi> vvi;

class Solution {

public:

int findTheLongestSubstring(std::string s) {  
 int n=s.size();

vvi pre(5,vi(n+1));  
 for(int i=1;i<=n;++i){  
 pre[0][i]=pre[0][i-1]+int(s[i-1]=='a');  
 pre[1][i]=pre[1][i-1]+int(s[i-1]=='e');  
 pre[2][i]=pre[2][i-1]+int(s[i-1]=='i');  
 pre[3][i]=pre[3][i-1]+int(s[i-1]=='o');  
 pre[4][i]=pre[4][i-1]+int(s[i-1]=='u');  
 }

int ans=0;  
 for(int left=0;left<n;++left){  
 for(int right=left;right<n;++right){  
 int sum\_a=pre[0][right+1]-pre[0][left];  
 int sum\_e=pre[1][right+1]-pre[1][left];  
 int sum\_i=pre[2][right+1]-pre[2][left];  
 int sum\_o=pre[3][right+1]-pre[3][left];  
 int sum\_u=pre[4][right+1]-pre[4][left];

if(sum\_a%2==0&&sum\_e%2==0&&sum\_i%2==0&&sum\_o%2==0&&sum\_u%2==0)

ans=std::max(ans,right-left+1);

}

}

return ans;

}

};

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### Bitmask version 1

Time complexity:  $O(32+n)=O(n)$

Space complexity:  $O(2^5)=O(32)=O(1)$

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```
typedef std::vector<int> vi;
typedef std::vector<vi> vvi;
class Solution {
public:
    int findTheLongestSubstring(std::string s) {
        int n=s.size();

        vi seen(32,INT_MIN);
        seen[0]=-1;
        int mask=0;
        int ans=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n;++i){
            if(s[i]=='a') mask^=(1<<4);
            else if(s[i]=='e') mask^=(1<<3);
            else if(s[i]=='i') mask^=(1<<2);
            else if(s[i]=='o') mask^=(1<<1);
            else if(s[i]=='u') mask^=(1<<0);
            if(seen[mask]!=INT_MIN) ans=std::max(ans,i-seen[mask]);
            else seen[mask]=i;
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```

## 1371. Find the Longest Substring Containing Vowels in Even Counts

```
/*
    Bitmask version 2
    Time complexity:  $O(32+n)=O(n)$ 
    Space complexity:  $O(2^5)=O(32)=O(1)$ 
*/
typedef std::vector<int> vi;
typedef std::vector<vi> vvi;
class Solution {
public:
    int findTheLongestSubstring(std::string s) {
        int n=s.size();

        vi seen(32,INT_MIN);
        seen[0]=-1;
        int mask=0;
        int ans=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n;++i){
            if(s[i]=='a') mask^=16;
            else if(s[i]=='e') mask^=8;
            else if(s[i]=='i') mask^=4;
            else if(s[i]=='o') mask^=2;
            else if(s[i]=='u') mask^=1;
            if(seen[mask]!=INT_MIN) ans=std::max(ans,i-seen[mask]);
            else seen[mask]=i;
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```