# Lab 01: More reliable transmission on top of UDP

Distributed & network programming

# A program that would be able to reliably copy a file from one machine to another

python3 server.py 12300

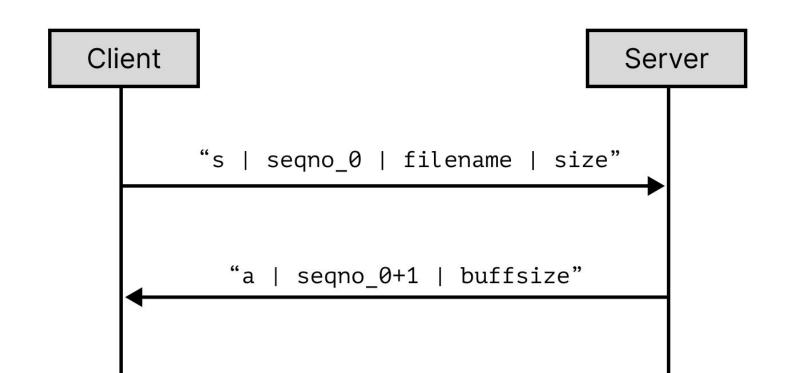
```
python3 client.py \
    server-hostname:12300 \
    path/to/local/file.jpg \
    filename-on-server.jpg
```

### General structure of the protocol

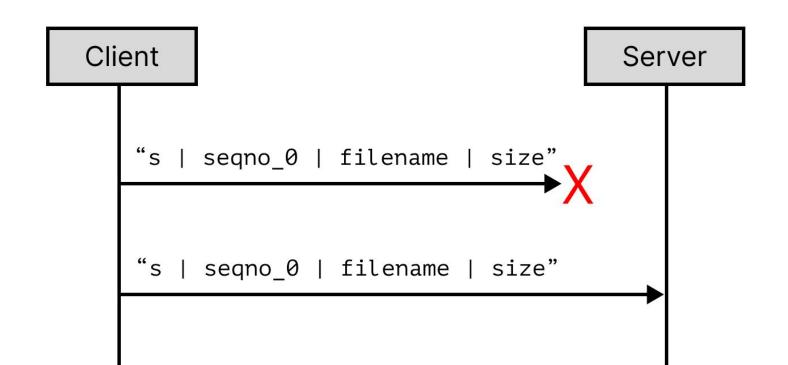
1. Stage 1: Establish a session

2. Stage 2: Deliver chunks of the file

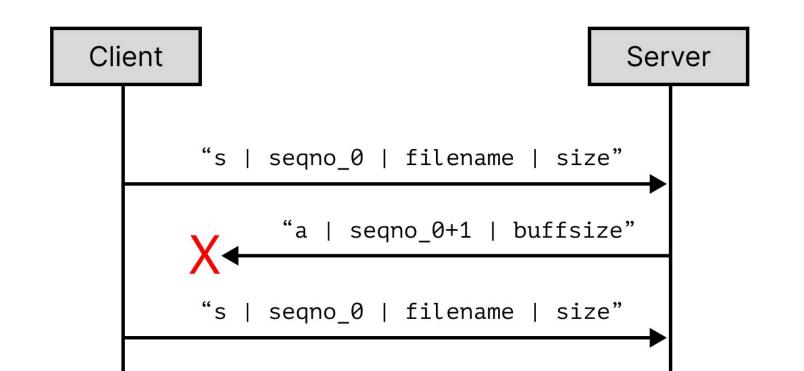
#### Stage 1: Establish a session



### Stage 1: Establish a session, start message was lost



# Stage 1: Establish a session, ack message was lost



**Not really** 

# Not really

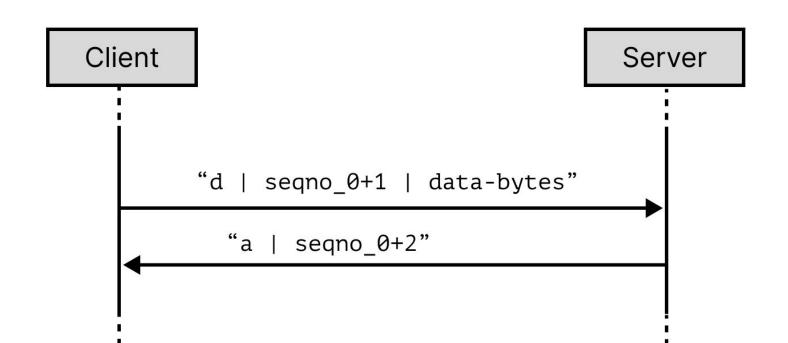
What happens if we retry a message that we thought was lost, but was actually delayed?

# **Not really**

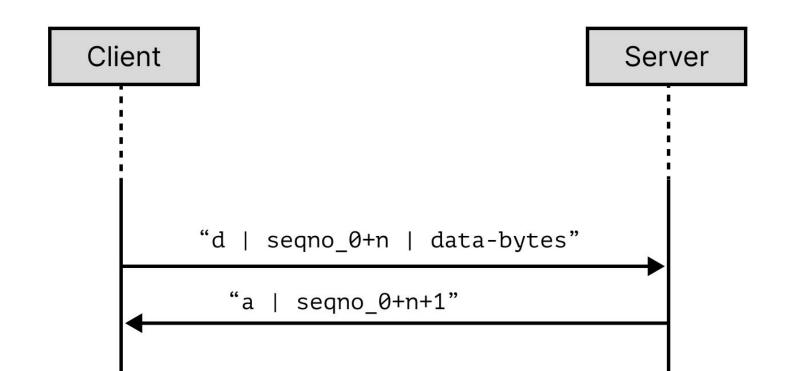
What happens if we retry a message that we thought was lost, but was actually delayed?

#### **Duplicates**

#### Stage 2: Deliver chunks of the file, first chunk



#### Stage 2: Deliver chunks of the file, nth chunk



# Stage 2: Deliver chunks of the file, data message was lost



Last data message probably wouldn't be exactly buffsize, that's alright.

Once all chunks are delivered, output file should assembled on server side with specified filename.

# To test against

```
bad_server 12300

good_client \
   server-hostname:12300 \
   path/to/local/file.jpg \
   filename-on-server.jpg
```

#### Useful methods

```
import socket
s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_DGRAM)
s.settimeout(3)
# bind using specific network interface to specific port
s.bind((address, port))
# use any available port
s.bind(('', 0))
msg, client address = s.recvfrom(BUFFSIZE)
s.sendto(message, client address)
```

#### Assemble and parse packets

```
packet = f"d | {seqno} | ".encode() + data_chunk
prefix, rest = packet.split(" | ".encode(), 1)
# prefix gonna be b"d"
seqno, data = rest.split(" | ".encode(), 1)
segno = int(segno.decode())
```