

# A1163\_LNCRNA\_cluster\_genome\_50000\_GITHUB

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## 1 To see if LncRNAs are randomly distributed across genome using the genome cut into 50kb chunks.

## 2 IN BASH

### 2.1 To make a chromosome bed grab the chromosome descriptions from the GFF file

```
cat Aspergillus_fumigatusa1163.ASM15014v1.53.gff3 | awk '{if ($3=="supercontig") print $0}'>A1163_chromosome.gff
```

### 2.2 Convert to a bed and sort

```
conda activate GFF_utils gff2bed < A1163_chromosome.gff> A1163_new_chr.bed sort -V -k1,1 -k2,2 A1163_new_chr.bed>A1163_new_chr.sorted.bed
```

### 2.3 Then chop into 50kb bits using bedops and sort

```
bedops -chop 50000 A1163_new_chr.sorted.bed >A1163_50000bit.bed
```

### 2.4 now get the region LncRNA transcripts cover on the genome

```
cat A1163_ML_UX_LncRNA_T_TPM_CUTOFF_6_8.gtf | awk '$3~ "transcript" {print $0}'>transcript_A1163_ML_UX_LncRNA_T_TPM_CUTOFF_6_8.gtf
```

### 2.5 Make into a bed file

```
gtf2bed < transcript_A1163_ML_UX_LncRNA_T_TPM_CUTOFF_6_8.gtf> transcript_A1163_ML_UX_LncRNA_T_TPM_CUTOFF_6_8.bed sort -V -k1,1 -k2,2 transcript_A1163_ML_UX_LncRNA_T_TPM_CUTOFF_6_8.bed >transcript_A1163_ML_UX_LncRNA_T_TPM_CUTOFF_6_8.sorted.bed conda deactivate ## now intersect the chopped 50kb regions with the positions of LncRNAs using bedtools conda activate aligners bedtools intersect -a transcript_A1163_ML_UX_LncRNA_T_TPM_CUTOFF_6_8.sorted.bed -b A1163_50000bit.bed -wa -wb > LncRNA_A116350k.csv conda deactivate
```

## 2.6 Do not want to include regions with assembly gaps

## 2.7 grab assembly gaps from the annotation, make a bed and sort

```
cat Aspergillus_fumigatusa1163.ASM15014v1.53.gff3|grep ena__assembly_gap >assembly_gap.gff
conda activate GFF_utils gff2bed < assembly_gap.gff> assembly_gap.bed conda deactivate sort
-V -k1,1 -k2,2 assembly_gap.bed>A1163__assembly_gap.sorted.bed
```

## 2.8 Intersect with the 50kb chunks

```
conda activate aligners bedtools intersect -a A1163__assembly_gap.sorted.bed -b
A1163_50000bit.bed -wa -wb > A1163discard__assembly.csv conda deactivate
```

## 3 Give each of the chunks a new unique name by opening up the csv files in LibreOffice/excel - “chunk names”

A1163discard\_\_assembly.csv LncRNA\_A116350k.csv and making a copy of A1163\_50000bit.bed named A1163\_50000bit.csv ie see line below use the =CONCAT(K1:M1) to string together the chromosome start and stop of each chunk. DS499594 0 50000 DS499594050000

```
[1]: #libraries needed
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import scipy.stats
from scipy.stats import normaltest

[2]: # done at 50000 get rid of slices that are too small or have assembly gaps
# Column 13 was the column my chunk names were in
df_discard=pd.read_csv("A1163discard__assembly.csv",header=None)
to_drop=list(set(df_discard.iloc[:,13].tolist()))
len(to_drop)

#drop regions with assembly gaps
df=pd.read_csv("LncRNA_A116350k.csv",header=None)
df=df[df.iloc[:,13].apply(lambda x:x not in to_drop)]
df.rename(columns={df.columns[13]: 'rename'},inplace=True)
df["length"]=df.iloc[:,12]-df.iloc[:,11]

#drop those under 50000
df=df[df.length==50000]

# 50kb chunks in AF293 genome drop regions with assembly gaps and are smaller_
↳in length than 50k
df2=pd.read_csv("A1163_50000bit.csv", header=None)
df2=df2[df2.iloc[:,3].apply(lambda x:x not in to_drop)]
df2["length"] = df2.iloc[:,2]-df2.iloc[:,1]
df2=df2[df2.length==50000]
```

```

# count number of LncRNAs in each chunk
df3=df.groupby(by="rename").agg('count')

# is the number of usable chunks in the genome
a=df2.shape[0]

# number of chunks LncRNAs are in
b=df3.shape[0]

# get the counts of LncRNAs per 50kb chunk
# chunks with ones in
Lncr=df3.length.tolist()

#chunks with none
list_of_zeros = [0] * (a-b)

#combine the two
LNCR=list_of_zeros+Lncr

```

```

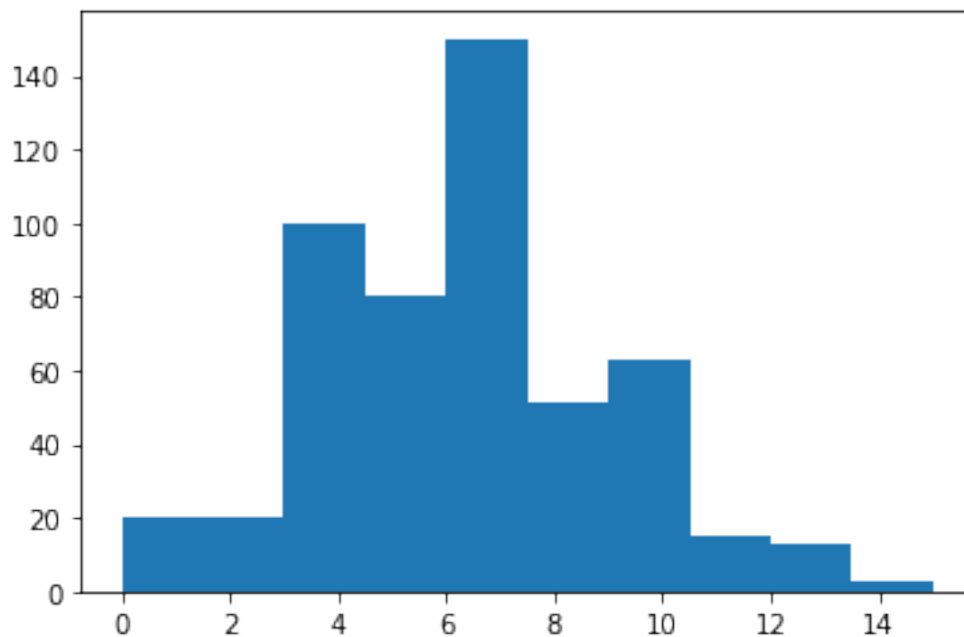
[3]: plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (3,2.5)
plt.hist(LNCR)

```

```

[3]: (array([ 20.,  20., 100.,  80., 150.,  51.,  63.,  15.,  13.,   3.]),
      array([ 0. ,  1.5,  3. ,  4.5,  6. ,  7.5,  9. , 10.5, 12. , 13.5, 15. ]),
      <BarContainer object of 10 artists>)

```



```
[4]: # Check for normal distribution  
     scipy.stats.shapiro(LNCR)
```

```
[4]: ShapiroResult(statistic=0.981400191783905, pvalue=3.7701638575526886e-06)
```

```
[5]: scipy.stats.normaltest(LNCR)
```

```
[5]: NormaltestResult(statistic=8.647468324359421, pvalue=0.013250312231583843)
```