```
% J Hundley
% assign07a.m
응 {
   Modify assign06b.m to use user defined functions.
   Assume that the distance to the building along the ground is 120 meters
   and the angle measured alone the line of sight is 30 degrees
   plus/minus 3 degrees.
   --Read degrees using load() from data file into a vector degrees.
a) compute the height of the building for given the distance and each acceptable angle
  display a label and the table of angles and heights from the results of a).
b) get and print average angle in the vector
clc, clear all
%*****CONSTANT****
          = 120;
DISTANCE
                     % meters
RADIAN_FILE = 'dataAssign07.txt';
%getHeight = @(radians) DISTANCE .* tan( radians );
%*****INPUT****
if ~exist( RADIAN FILE, 'file' )
    fprintf( 'File not found\n' )
else
    % read data file
    theta = load( RADIAN_FILE );
    %*****COMPUTATION****
    % compute the height of the building for given distance and each angle
    %heightAll = DISTANCE .* tand( theta );
    heightAll = DISTANCE .* tan( theta );
    % get average angle of angles in vector
    meanTheta = mean( theta );
    % compute the height of the building using the average angle
    heightMean = DISTANCE .* tan( meanTheta );
    %****OUTPUT****
    % print title, headers and table of angles and heights
    fprintf( ' Angle
                     Height\n')
    fprintf( 'Radians
                        Meters\n' )
                       %5.2f \n', [theta'; heightAll'] )
    fprintf( ' %6.4f
    % print a average angle and height using average angle
    fprintf('\nThe height %5.2f meters for the average angle %6.4f radians.\n',...
        heightMean, meanTheta )
    % print the number of degrees read
    fprintf( '%.0f radians were read from the data file.\n', length( theta ) )
end % end good file open
```

```
% J Hundley
% assign07b.m
응 {
  Modify assign07a.m to use anonymous, user-defined, and subfunctions functions.
   Assume that the distance to the building along the ground is 120 meters
   and the angle measured alone the line of sight is 30 degrees
   plus/minus 3 degrees.
   --Read degrees using load() from data file into a vector degrees.
a) compute the height of the building for given the distance and each acceptable angle
  display a label and the table of angles and heights from the results of a).
b) get and print average angle in the vector
c) draw a graph of the measurements
응 }
clc, clear all
%*****CONSTANT****
DISTANCE = 120;
                     % meters
RADIAN_FILE = 'dataAssign07.txt';
getHeight = @(radians) DISTANCE .* tan( radians );
%*****INPUT****
if ~exist( RADIAN_FILE, 'file' )
    fprintf( 'File not found\n' )
else
    % read data file
    theta = load( RADIAN_FILE );
    %*****COMPUTATION****
    % compute the height of the building for given distance and each angle
    %heightAll = DISTANCE .* tand( theta );
    heightAll = getHeight( theta );
    % get average angle of angles in vector
    meanTheta = mean( theta );
    % compute the height of the building using the average angle
    heightMean = getHeight( meanTheta );
    %****OUTPUT****
    % print angle and height report
    printReport( theta, heightAll, heightMean, meanTheta )
end % end good file open
```

```
% J Hundley
                                                       PRIMARY FUNCTION
% printReport.m used by assign07b.m
                                                       FUNCTION NAME SAME AS FILE NAME
function [] = printReport( theta, heightAll, heightMean, meanTheta )
% print angle and height report
% print title, headers and table of angles and heights
fprintf( ' Angle Height\n' )
fprintf( 'Radians Meters\n' )
fprintf( ' %6.4f %5.2f \n', [theta'; heightAll'] )
% print a average angle and height using average angle
fprintf('\nThe height %5.2f meters for the average angle %6.4f radians.\n',...
    heightMean, meanTheta )
% print the number of degrees read
fprintf( '%.0f radians were read from the data file.\n', length( theta ) )
% draw a plot of the measurements
plotData( theta, heightAll )
end
function [] = plotData( theta, heightAll )
                                                     SUBFUNCTION LOCATED IN SAME FILE
                                                     AS PRIMARY FUNCTION THAT USES IT
% plot angle and height measurements
measureNum = 1:length( theta );
[hAx,hLine1,hLine2] = plotyy( measureNum, theta, measureNum, heightAll );
title( 'Angles .vs Heights' )
xlabel( 'Measurement number' )
hLine1.LineStyle = '--';
hLine2.LineStyle = ':';
ylabel(hAx(1),'Angles (radians)') % left y-axis
ylabel(hAx(2),'Heights (meters)') % right y-axis
end
```

Read all instructions before beginning your work.

COMP1200-MatLab - assign 07 Due 4:45 pm - Friday - October 25, 2019 Submit assign07a.m assign07b.m and printReport.m via Canvas

NOTE:

Your submitted file(s) MUST be spelled and cased as instructed. [-5 points for not doing so.]

Before you start writing your program:

Read the complete instructions.

Problem:

Trigonometry can be used to find the height of a building. Suppose you measure the angle between the line of sight and the horizontal line connecting the measuring point and the building. You can calculate the height of the building with the following formulas:

tan(theta)=h/d h=d*tan(theta)

Assume that the distance to the building along the ground is 120 meters.

Program: assign07a.m

Edit your assign06b.m to use a file of <u>radians</u>. All requirements for assign06 still apply. I suggest you begin by saving you assign06b.m as assign07a.m. and make the needed changes.

Problem Constants:

distance 120 % meters
file name 'dataAssign07.txt'

Problem Inputs:

angles (theta) in radians from data file

Problem Outputs:

heights of the building for given the distance and angles

average angle

height of the building using the average angle

Other variables:

as needed

Equations:

See above.

Output:

Angle	Height
Radians	Meters
0.5566	74.67
0.5661	76.26
0.4845	63.16
0.5669	76.39
0.5375	71.52
0.4814	62.69
0.5004	65.62

The height 69.93 meters for the average angle 0.5276 radians. 7 radians were read from the data file.

Do not use commands and statements beyond what has been taught on class.

New commands:

Note: angles are radians not degrees Set decimals as shown with columns right aligned.

Continue to use:

all from assign06
Use descriptive variables.

Program: assign07b.m

Edit your assign07a.m to include the following anonymous function and user-defined function definition. You can use parts of assign07a.m but remove statements and comments that do not apply to the assign07b.m requirements.

assign07b.m will complete all requirements except printing the output report. A user-defined function, printReport(), will print the output report.

```
In assign07b.m:
```

Complete all requirements except printing the output report.

Use the following anonymous function to compute the heights for the vector of angles and average angle. An anonymous function should be place near the top of the script with the constants.

```
getHeight = @(radians) DISTANCE .* tan( radians);
```

Use printReport() to print the output report.

Do not use commands and statements beyond what has been taught on class.

New commands:

anonymous function user-defined function subfunction NO global variables

Continue to use:

fprintf()
Do not use disp()

In **printReport()** include all statements and comments needed to print all the output and draw a graph. Use the given subfunction to plot the measurements.

Function should be named as given and save in a file printReport.m.

Variable names may be different, but the order and quantity should be as given.

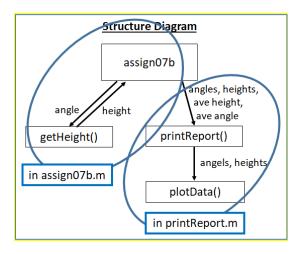
```
function [] = printReport( theta, heightAll, heightMean, meanTheta )
% print angle and height report
```

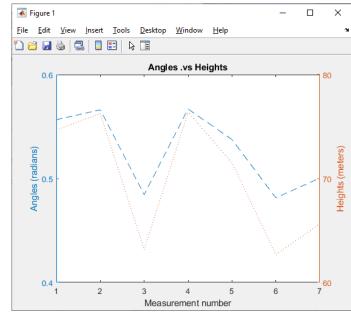
Subfunction, plotData(), is located in the primary function, printReport.m file, and is used by the primary function to draw a graph.

```
function [] = plotData( theta, heightAll )
% plot angle and height measurements
measureNum = 1:length( theta );
[hAx,hLine1,hLine2] = plotyy( measureNum, theta, measureNum, heightAll );
title( 'Angles .vs Heights' )
xlabel( 'Measurement number' )
hLine1.LineStyle = '--';
hLine2.LineStyle = ':';
ylabel(hAx(1),'Angles (radians)') % left y-axis
ylabel(hAx(2),'Heights (meters)') % right y-axis
end
```

Printed output:

Same an assign07a.m





ALL script files

Instructions for all assignment scripts:

	See Standards for Documentation of MATLAB Programs on the Canvas Resource	es page.
	Insert comments at the top and throughout each file.	
	o Include the follow comments at the beginning of this (and ALL) files.	
	% submitter's name, GROUP # or "none"	GRADE OF ZERO for a file if
	% other group members' names or "none"	submitter name not part of Canvas
	% program file name, ex. assign02a.m	group.
	% due date of the assignment	
	% statement about collaboration REQUIRED.	(-3pts) No <u>CURRENT</u> GROUP# or
	% a short narrative about what the file does	" <u>none</u> ".
	O Use the algorithm given as comments throughout your program.	(-3pts) For your own protection,
☐ Observe the instructor's rule for naming variables. type "none" for other group		
	 Use ALL CAPS for constants variable names. 	members if submitting alone.
	 Start other variables with lower case. 	(-5pts) Five point penalty for not
	 Use descriptive variable names. 	joining your Canvas group.
	☐ Use Sample Input/Output as a guide.	
	= +++++++	
	o Indent blocks as needed. Use Smart Indent.	no collaboration statement.
	O Divide your solution program code into sections as noted in the algorithm.	
	Use blank lines as needed to group statements.	
	O Use section comments as well as the algorithm step comments.	
	o Remove statements from previous assignments that do not apply to the current requirements.	
	Use comments to show units.	
	Use the CONSTANT and variable names, not numbers.	NOTE:
	Exceptions are incrementers (or counters) and numbers without identity.	Your submitted file(s) MUST be
	No extra output, i.e. use semicolons	spelled and cased as instructed.

Submit via Canvas:

assign07a.m MATLAB script file assign07b.mMATLAB script file ${\tt printReport.}\underline{\tt m}$ MATLAB function file [-5 points for not doing so.]