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import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.optim as optim
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, TensorDataset
from keras.datasets import reuters
from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
import numpy as np
# Parameters
num words = 10000
                     # Top most frequent words to consider
                      # Max sequence length for padding
maxlen = 200
embed dim = 64
batch size = 64
num epochs = 5
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else "cpu")
# 1. Load Reuters dataset from Keras
(x train, y train), (x test, y test) =
reuters.load data(num words=num words)
# 2. Pad sequences to fixed length
x train = pad sequences(x train, maxlen=maxlen)
x test = pad sequences(x test, maxlen=maxlen)
# 3. Convert to torch tensors
x train = torch.tensor(x train, dtype=torch.long)
y train = torch.tensor(y train, dtype=torch.long)
x test = torch.tensor(x test, dtype=torch.long)
y test = torch.tensor(y test, dtype=torch.long)
# 4. Create Dataset and DataLoader
train ds = TensorDataset(x train, y train)
train_dl = DataLoader(train_ds, batch_size=batch size, shuffle=True)
# 5. Define Model
class ReutersDNN (nn.Module):
    def init (self, vocab size, embed dim, num classes):
        super(). init ()
        self.embedding = nn.Embedding(vocab size, embed dim)
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(embed dim * maxlen, 128)
        self.relu = nn.ReLU()
        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(128, num classes)
   def forward(self, x):
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x = self.embedding(x)
                                         # [batch size, maxlen,
embed dim]
        x = x.view(x.size(0), -1) # flatten: [batch size,
maxlen*embed dim]
       x = self.relu(self.fc1(x))
       return self.fc2(x)
num classes = len(np.unique(y train.numpy()))
model = ReutersDNN(num words, embed dim, num classes).to(device)
# 6. Loss and optimizer
criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=0.001)
# 7. Training loop
for epoch in range (num epochs):
    model.train()
    total loss, correct = 0, 0
    for xb, yb in train dl:
        xb, yb = xb.to(device), yb.to(device)
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        output = model(xb)
        loss = criterion(output, yb)
        loss.backward()
       optimizer.step()
       total loss += loss.item()
        correct += (output.argmax(1) == yb).sum().item()
    acc = correct / len(train ds)
    print(f"Epoch {epoch+1}, Loss: {total loss:.4f}, Accuracy: {acc:.4f}")
# 8. Evaluation on test data
model.eval()
with torch.no grad():
    x \text{ test} = x \text{ test.to(device)}
    y test = y test.to(device)
    preds = model(x test).argmax(1)
    test acc = (preds == y test).sum().item() / len(y test)
    print(f"Test Accuracy: {test acc:.4f}")
```