

## Programming Examples

1.

```
#include <stdio.h>
# define max 3
void display(int a[]);
void push(int a[],int x);
int peek(int a[]);
int pop(int a[]);
int top=-1;
int a[max];
int main()
{
    int option,x;
    do
    {
        printf("\n\n");
        printf("*****MAIN MENU*****\n");
        printf("1. push\n");
        printf("2. pop\n");
        printf("3. peek\n");
        printf("4. display\n");
        printf("5. exit\n");
        printf("Enter you option : ");
        scanf("%d",&option);
        switch(option)
        {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the number to be pushed on stack: ");
                scanf("%d",&x);
                push(a,x);
                break;

            case 2:
                x=pop(a);
                if(x!=-1)
                    printf("The value deleted form stack is : %d",x);
                break;

            case 3:
                x=peek(a);
                if(x!=-1)
                    printf("The value stored at top of stack is : %d",x);
                break;
```

```

        case 4:
            display(a);
            break;
        }
    }while(option!=5);
}

void push(int a[],int x)
{
    if(top==max-1)
        printf("stack overflow");
    else
    {
        top++;
        a[top]=x;
    }
}

int pop(int a[])
{
    int x;
    if(top==--1)
    {
        printf("stack underflow");
        return -1;
    }
    else
    {
        x=a[top];
        top--;
        return x;
    }
}

int peek(int a[])
{
    if(top==--1)
    {
        printf("stack is empty");
        return -1;
    }
    else
        return(a[top]);
}

```

```
}
```

```
void display(int a[])
{
    int i;
    if(top== -1)
        printf("stack is empty");
    else
    {
        for(i=top; i>=0; i--)
            printf("%d ", a[i]);
    }
}
```

```
*****MAIN MENU*****
1. push
2. pop
3. peek
4. display
5. exit
Enter you option : 1
Enter the number to be pushed on stack: 1

*****MAIN MENU*****
1. push
2. pop
3. peek
4. display
5. exit
Enter you option : 1
Enter the number to be pushed on stack: 2

*****MAIN MENU*****
1. push
2. pop
3. peek
4. display
5. exit
Enter you option : 1
Enter the number to be pushed on stack: 3

*****MAIN MENU*****
1. push
2. pop
3. peek
4. display
5. exit
Enter you option : 2
The value deleted form stack is : 3

*****MAIN MENU*****
1. push
2. pop
3. peek
4. display
5. exit
Enter you option : 3
The value stored at top of stack is : 2
```

```

*****MAIN MENU*****
1. push
2. pop
3. peek
4. display
5. exit
Enter you option : 4
2 1

*****MAIN MENU*****
1. push
2. pop
3. peek
4. display
5. exit
Enter you option : 5
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .

```

2.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <malloc.h>
struct stack
{
    int data;
    struct stack *next;
};

struct stack *push(struct stack *top, int x);
struct stack *pop(struct stack *top);
int peek(struct stack *top);
struct stack *display(struct stack *top);
struct stack *top=NULL;

int main()
{
    int x,option;
    do{
        printf("\n\n");
        printf("****main menu****\n");
        printf("1.push\n");
        printf("2.pop\n");
        printf("3.peek\n");
        printf("4.display\n");
        printf("5.exit\n");
        printf("Enter your option : ");
        scanf("%d",&option);
        switch(option)
        {

```

```

        case 1:
            printf("Enter the number to be pushed on the stack : ");
            scanf("%d",&x);
            top=push(top,x);
            break;
        case 2:
            top=pop(top);
            break;
        case 3:
            x=peek(top);
            if(x!=-1)
                printf("stack is empty");
            else
                printf("the value at the top of stack is %d",x);
            break;
        case 4:
            top=display(top);
            break;
    }

```

```

    }while(option!=5);
}

```

```

struct stack *push(struct stack *top, int x)
{
    struct stack *new_node;
    new_node=(struct stack*)malloc(sizeof(struct stack));
    new_node->data=x;
    if(top==NULL)
    {
        new_node->next=NULL;
        top=new_node;
    }
    else
    {
        new_node->next=top;
        top=new_node;
    }
    return top;
}

```

```

struct stack *pop(struct stack *top)
{

```

```

    struct stack *ptr;
    ptr=top;
    if(top==NULL)
        printf("stack underflow");
    else
    {
        top=top->next;
        printf("The value being deleted is : %d",ptr->data);
        free(ptr);
    }
    return top;
}

```

```

int peek(struct stack *top)
{
    if(top==NULL)
        return -1;
    else
        return top->data;
}

```

```

struct stack *display(struct stack *top)
{
    struct stack *ptr;
    ptr=top;
    if(top==NULL)
        printf("stack is empty");
    else
    {
        while(ptr!=NULL)
        {
            printf("%d",ptr->data);
            ptr=ptr->next;
        }
    }
    return top;
}

```

\*\*\*\*main menu\*\*\*\*

1.push  
2.pop  
3.peek  
4.display  
5.exit

Enter your option : 1

Enter the number to be pushed on the stack : 1

\*\*\*\*main menu\*\*\*\*

1.push  
2.pop  
3.peek  
4.display  
5.exit

Enter your option : 1

Enter the number to be pushed on the stack : 2

\*\*\*\*main menu\*\*\*\*

1.push  
2.pop  
3.peek  
4.display  
5.exit

Enter your option : 1

Enter the number to be pushed on the stack : 3

\*\*\*\*main menu\*\*\*\*

1.push  
2.pop  
3.peek  
4.display  
5.exit

Enter your option : 4

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\*\*\*\*main menu\*\*\*\*

1.push  
2.pop  
3.peek  
4.display  
5.exit

Enter your option : 2

The value being deleted is : 3

```

****main menu****
1.push
2.pop
3.peek
4.display
5.exit
Enter your option : 3
the value at the top of stack is 2

****main menu****
1.push
2.pop
3.peek
4.display
5.exit
Enter your option : 4
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****main menu****
1.push
2.pop
3.peek
4.display
5.exit
Enter your option : 5
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .

```

3.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#define max 10
int S[max], topA=-1, topB=max;
void push_A(int x);
void push_B(int x);
int pop_A();
int pop_B();
void display_A();
void display_B();
int main()
{
    int option;
    int x;
    do
    {
        printf("\n\n");
        printf("***menu***\n");
        printf("1.push in stack A\n");
        printf("2.push in stack B\n");
        printf("3.pop from stack A\n");

```



```

printf("4.pop from stack B\n");
printf("5.display stack A\n");
printf("6.display stack B\n");
printf("7.exit\n");
printf("Enter your choice : ");
scanf("%d",&option);
switch(option)
{
case 1:
    printf("Enter the value to push on stack A : ");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    push_A(x);
    break;

case 2:
    printf("Enter the value to push on stack B : ");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    push_B(x);
    break;

case 3:
    x=pop_A();
    if(x!=-1)
        printf("The value popped from stack A= %d",x);
    break;

case 4:
    x=pop_B();
    if(x!=-1)
        printf("The value popped from stack B=%d",x);
    break;

case 5:display_A();
    break;
case 6:display_B();
    break;

}

```

```

}while(option!=7);

```

```

}

```

```

void push_A(int x)
{
    if(topA==topB-1)
        printf("stack overflow");
    else
    {
        topA=topA+1;
        S[topA]=x;
    }
}

void push_B(int x)
{
    if(topA==topB-1)
        printf("stack overflow");
    else
    {
        topB=topB-1;
        S[topB]=x;
    }
}

int pop_A()
{
    int x;
    if(topA== -1)
    {
        printf("stack underflow");
    }
    else
    {
        x=S[topA];
        topA--;
    }
    return x;
}

int pop_B()
{
    int x;
    if(topB==max)
    {

```

```
        printf("stack underflow");
    }
    else
    {
        x=S[topB];
        topB++;
    }
    return x;
}
```

```
void display_A()
{
    int i;
    if(topA== -1)
        printf("stack is empty");
    else
    {
        for(i=topA;i>=0;i--)
            printf("%d ",S[i]);
    }
}
```

```
void display_B()
{
    int i;
    if(topB==max)
        printf("stack is empty");
    else
    {
        for(i=topB;i<max;i++)
            printf("%d ",S[i]);
    }
}
```

```
***menu***
1.push in stack A
2.push in stack B
3.pop from stack A
4.pop from stack B
5.display stack A
6.display stack B
7.exit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the value to push on stack A : 1
```

```
***menu***
1.push in stack A
2.push in stack B
3.pop from stack A
4.pop from stack B
5.display stack A
6.display stack B
7.exit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the value to push on stack A : 2
```

```
***menu***
1.push in stack A
2.push in stack B
3.pop from stack A
4.pop from stack B
5.display stack A
6.display stack B
7.exit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the value to push on stack A : 3
```

```
***menu***
1.push in stack A
2.push in stack B
3.pop from stack A
4.pop from stack B
5.display stack A
6.display stack B
7.exit
Enter your choice : 2
Enter the value to push on stack B : 4
```

```
***menu***
1.push in stack A
2.push in stack B
3.pop from stack A
4.pop from stack B
5.display stack A
6.display stack B
7.exit
Enter your choice : 2
Enter the value to push on stack B : 5
```

```

***menu***
1.push in stack A
2.push in stack B
3.pop from stack A
4.pop from stack B
5.display stack A
6.display stack B
7.exit
Enter your choice : 2
Enter the value to push on stack B : 6

```

```

***menu***
1.push in stack A
2.push in stack B
3.pop from stack A
4.pop from stack B
5.display stack A
6.display stack B
7.exit
Enter your choice : 5
3 2 1

```

```

***menu***
1.push in stack A
2.push in stack B
3.pop from stack A
4.pop from stack B
5.display stack A
6.display stack B
7.exit
Enter your choice : 6
6 5 4

```

```

***menu***
1.push in stack A
2.push in stack B
3.pop from stack A
4.pop from stack B
5.display stack A
6.display stack B
7.exit
Enter your choice : 7
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .

```

4.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#define max 5
int top=-1;
int S[max];
void push(int a);

```

```

int pop();
int main()
{
    int arr[8];
    int num,i,x;
    printf("Enter the number of elements in the array : ");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    printf("Enter the elements of the array : ");
    for(i=0;i<num;i++)
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    for(i=0;i<num;i++)
        push(arr[i]);
    for(i=0;i<num;i++)
    {
        x=pop();
        arr[i]=x;
    }
    printf("the revesed array is : ");
    for(i=0;i<num;i++)
        printf("%d ",arr[i]);
}

void push(int a)
{
    top=top+1;
    S[top]=a;
}

int pop()
{
    return S[top--];
}

```

```

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter the number of elements in the array : 5
Enter the elements of the array : 1 2 3 4 5
the revesed array is : 5 4 3 2 1 계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .

```

5.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define max 10
int top = -1;
int stack[max];

```

```

void push(char c);
char pop();
int main()
{
    char arr[max],temp;
    int i, flag=1;
    printf("Enter an expression : ");
    gets(arr);
    for(i=0;i<strlen(arr);i++)
    {
        if(arr[i]=='(' || arr[i]=='{' || arr[i]=='[')
            push(arr[i]);
        if(arr[i]==')' || arr[i]=='}' || arr[i]==']')
            if(top == -1)
                flag=0;
            else
            {
                temp=pop();
                if(arr[i]==')' && (temp=='{' || temp=='['))
                    flag=0;
                if(arr[i]=='}' && (temp=='(' || temp=='['))
                    flag=0;
                if(arr[i]==']' && (temp=='(' || temp=='{'))
                    flag=0;
            }
    }
    if(top>=-1)
        flag=0;
    if(flag==1)
        printf("valid");
    else
        printf("invalid");
}

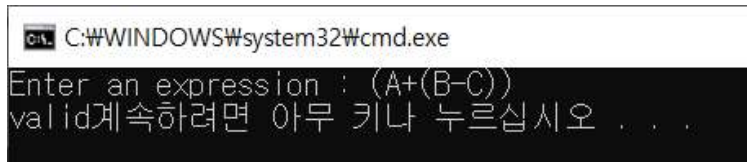
void push(char c)
{
    if(top==max-1)
        printf("stack overflow");
    else
    {
        top=top+1;
        stack[top]=c;
    }
}

```

```

char pop()
{
    if(top== -1)
        printf("stack underflow");
    else
        return (stack[top--]);
}

```



6.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
# define max 500
char stack[max];
int top=-1;
void change(char input[], char output[]);
void push(char input[], char value);
char pop(char input[]);
int prior(char value);
int main()
{
    char input[500],output[500];
    int i;
    printf("Enter the infix expression : ");
    gets(input);
    strcpy(output, "");
    change(input,output);
    puts(output);
}

```

```

void change(char input[], char output[])
{
    int i=0,j=0;
    char temp;
    while(input[i]!='\0')
    {

```



```

if(input[i]!='(')
{
    push(stack,input[i]);
    i++;
}
else if(input[i]==')')
{
    while((top!=-1) && (stack[top]!='('))
    {
        output[j]=pop(stack);
        j++;
    }
    if(top== -1)
    {
        printf("incorrect\n");
    }
    temp=pop(stack);
    i++;
}
else if(isdigit(input[i]) || isalpha(input[i]))
{
    output[j]=input[i];
    i++;
    j++;
}
else if(input[i] == '+' || input[i] == '-' || input[i] == '*' || input[i] == '/' ||
input[i] == '%')
{
    while((top!=-1) && (stack[top]!='(') &&
(prior(stack[top])>=prior(input[i])))
    {
        output[j]=pop(stack);
        j++;
    }
    push(stack,input[i]);
    i++;
}
else
{
    printf("incorrect element in expression\n");
    exit(1);
}
}

```

```

        while((top!=-1) && (stack[top]!='('))
        {
            output[j]=pop(stack);
            j++;
        }
        output[j]='\0';
    }

void push(char input[], char value)
{
    if(top==max-1)
        printf("Stack overflow\n");
    else
    {
        top++;
        stack[top]=value;
    }
}

char pop(char input[])
{
    char value=' '; //top== -1일때 초기화 해놓지 않으면 오류발생
    if(top== -1)
        printf("stack underflow");
    else
    {
        value=stack[top];
        top--;
    }
    return value;
}

int prior(char value)
{
    if(value=='/' || value=='*')
        return 3;
    if(value=='%')
        return 2;
    if(value=='+' || value=='-')
        return 1;
}

```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter the infix expression : a+b-c*d
ab+cd*-
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter the infix expression : (a-b)+c*d/e-c
ab-cd*e/+c-
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

7.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
# define max 100
double stack[max];
int top=-1;
double cal(char input[]);
void push(double input[], double value);
double pop(double input[]);
int main()
{
    char input[100];
    double value;
    printf("Enter any postfix expression :");
    gets(input);
    value=cal(input);
    printf("%.1lf",value);
}

double cal(char input[])
{
    int i=0;
    int value_1,value_2,value_3;
    while(input[i]!='\0')
    {
        if(isdigit(input[i]))
            push(stack,(double)(input[i]-'0'));
        else
        {
            value_1=pop(stack);
            value_2=pop(stack);
```

```

        if(input[i]=='+')
            value_3=value_2+value_1;
        if(input[i]=='-')
            value_3=value_2-value_1;
        if(input[i]=='/')
            value_3=value_2/value_1;
        if(input[i]=='*')
            value_3=value_2*value_1;
        if(input[i]=='%')
            value_3=value_2%value_1;

        push(stack,value_3);
    }

    i++;
}
return pop(stack);
}

void push(double input[], double value)
{
    if(top==max-1)
        printf("stack overflow");
    else
    {
        top++;
        stack[top]=value;
    }
}

double pop(double input[])
{
    double value=-1;
    if(top==--1)
        printf("Stack underflow");
    else
    {
        value=stack[top];
        top--;
    }
    return value;
}

```

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

Enter any postfix expression :934\*8+4/-  
4.0계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .

8.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define max 100
char stack[max];
char input[100],output[100], temp[100];
int top=-1;
void rev(char arr[]);
void change(char temp[], char output[]);
void push(char array[], char value);
char pop(char array[]);
int prior(char value);
int main()
{
    printf("Enter any infix expression : ");
    gets(input);
    rev(input);
    puts(temp);
    change(temp,output);
    puts(output);
    strcpy(temp,"");
    rev(output);
    puts(temp);
}

void rev(char arr[])
{
    int len, i=0, j=0;
    len=strlen(arr);
    j=len-1;
    while(j>=0)
    {
        if(arr[j]=='(')
            temp[i++]=')';
        else if(arr[j]==')')
            temp[i++]='(';
    }
}
```

```

        else
            temp[i]=arr[j];

        i++;
        j--;
    }
    temp[i]='\0';
}

void change(char temp[], char output[])
{
    int i=0,j=0;
    while(temp[i]!='\0')
    {
        if(temp[i]=='(')
        {
            push(stack,temp[i]);
            i++;
        }
        else if(temp[i]==')')
        {
            while((top!=-1)&&(stack[top]!='('))
            {
                output[j]=pop(stack);
                j++;
            }
            if(top== -1)
            {
                printf("incorrect");
            }
            pop(stack);
            i++;
        }
        else if(isdigit(temp[i]) || isalpha(temp[i]))
        {
            output[j]=temp[i];
            i++;
            j++;
        }
        else if(temp[i] == '+' || temp[i] == '-' || temp[i] == '*' || temp[i] == '/' ||
temp[i] == '%')
        {
            while((top!=-1) && (stack[top]!='(') &&
(prior(stack[top])>prior(temp[i])))

```

```

        {
            output[j]=pop(stack);
            j++;
        }
        push(stack,temp[i]);
        i++;
    }
    else
    {
        printf("incorrect element in expression");
        exit(1);
    }
}
while(top!=-1 && stack[top]!='(')
{
    output[j]=pop(stack);
    j++;
}
output[j]='\0';
}

```

```

void push(char array[], char value)
{
    if(top==max-1)
        printf("stack overflow");
    else
    {
        top++;
        stack[top]=value;
    }
}

```

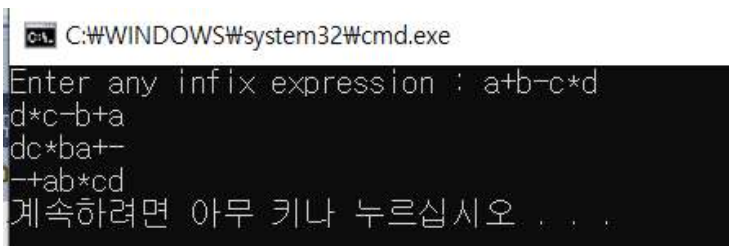
```

char pop(char array[])
{
    char value= ' ';
    if(top==--1)
        printf("stack underflow");
    else
    {
        value=stack[top];
        top--;
    }
    return value;
}

```

```
}
```

```
int prior(char value)
{
    if(value=='*' || value=='/')
        return 3;
    if(value=='%')
        return 2;
    if(value=='+' || value=='-')
        return 1;
}
```



9.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <string.h>
# define max 100
double stk[max];
int top=-1;
char input[100];
double cal(char input[]);
void push(double input[], double value);
double pop();
int main()
{
    double value;
    printf("Enter any postfix expression :");
    gets(input);
    value=cal(input);
    printf("%.1lf",value);
}

double cal(char input[])
{
    int i;
    double value_1,value_2,value_3;
    i=strlen(input)-1;
```



```

while(i>=0)
{
    if(isdigit(input[i]))
        push(stk,(double)(input[i]-'0'));
    else
    {
        value_1=pop(stk);
        value_2=pop(stk);

        if(input[i]=='+')
            value_3=value_1+value_2;
        if(input[i]=='-')
            value_3=value_1-value_2;
        if(input[i]=='/')
            value_3=value_1/value_2;
        if(input[i]=='*')
            value_3=value_1*value_2;
        if(input[i]=='%')
            value_3=(int)value_1%(int)value_2;

        push(stk,value_3);
    }

    i--;
}
return pop(stk);
}

void push(double stk[], double value)
{
    if(top==max-1)
        printf("stk overflow");
    else
    {
        top++;
        stk[top]=value;
    }
}

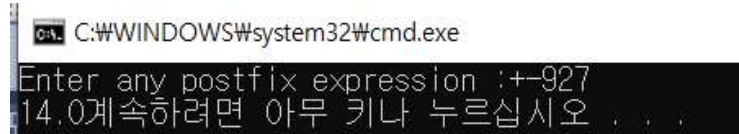
double pop(double stk[])
{

```

```

    double value;
    if(top== -1)
        printf("stk underflow");
    else
    {
        value=stk[top];
        top--;
    }
    return value;
}

```



10.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

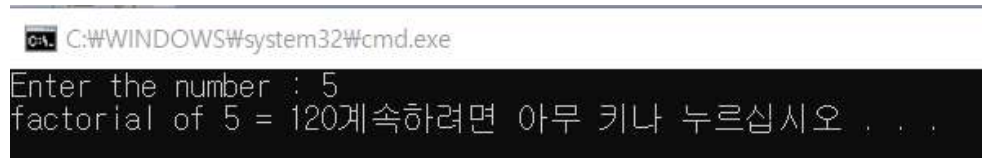
```

int main()
{
    int num,val;
    printf("Enter the number : ");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    val=fact(num);
    printf("factorial of %d = %d",num,val);

}

int fact(int n)
{
    if(n==1)
        return 1;
    else
        return (fact(n-1)*n);
}

```



11.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```

int main()
{
    int x,y;

```

```

    int result;
    printf("Enter the number");
    scanf("%d %d",&x,&y);
    result=cal(x,y);
    printf("%d",result);
}


```

```

int cal(int x, int y)
{
    int rem;
    rem=x%y;
    if(rem==0)
        return y;
    else
        return cal(y,rem);
}

```

---

 C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

```

Enter the number 8 12
4계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .

```

12.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```

int main()
{
    int x,y;
    int result;
    printf("Enter the number");
    scanf("%d %d",&x,&y);
    result=exp(x,y);
    printf("%d",result);
}

```

```

int exp(int x, int y)
{
    if(y==0)
        return 1;
    else
        return (x*exp(x,y-1));
}

```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter the number3 4
81계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

13.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int x;
```

```
    int result;
```

```
    printf("Enter the number : ");
```

```
    scanf("%d",&x);
```

```
    result=fb(x);
```

```
    printf("%d",result);
```

```
}
```

```
int fb(int x)
```

```
{
```

```
    if(x==0)
```

```
        return 0;
```

```
    else if(x==1)
```

```
        return 1;
```

```
    else
```

```
        return (fb(x-1)+fb(x-2));
```

```
}
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter the number : 4
3계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

## Programming Exercises

1.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <malloc.h>
```

```
struct stack
```

```
{
```

```
    int data;
```

```
    struct stack *next;
```

```
};
```

```
struct stack *top =NULL;
```

```
struct stack *display(struct stack *top);
```

```
struct stack *push(struct stack *top, int val);
```

```
struct stack *pop(struct stack *top);
```

```
int main ()
```

```
{
```

```
    int option, val;
```

```
    do
```

```
    {        printf("\n\n");
```

```
              printf("1.push\n");
```

```
              printf("2.pop\n");
```

```
              printf("3.display\n");
```

```
              printf("4.exit");
```

```
              printf("Enter your option : ");
```

```
              scanf("%d", &option);
```

```
              switch(option)
```

```
              {
```

```
                case 1:
```

```
                    printf("Enter the number to be pushed on stack");
```

```
                    scanf("%d",&val);
```

```
                    top=push(top,val);
```

```
                    break;
```

```
                case 2:
```

```
                    top=pop(top);
```

```
                    break;
```

```
                case 3:
```

```
                    top=display(top);
```

```
                    break;
```

```
              }
```

```
    }while(option!=4);
```

```
}
```

```
struct stack *push(struct stack *top, int val)
{
    struct stack *new_node;
    new_node=(struct stack *)malloc(sizeof(struct stack));
    new_node->data=val;
    if(top==NULL)
    {
        new_node->next=NULL;
        top=new_node;
    }
    else
    {
        new_node->next=top;
        top=new_node;
    }
    return top;
}
```

```
struct stack *pop(struct stack *top)
{
    struct stack *ptr;
    ptr=top;
    if(top==NULL)
        printf("stack underflow");
    else
    {
        top=top->next;
        printf("the value being deleted is %d", ptr->data);
        free(ptr);
    }
    return top;
}
```

```
struct stack *display(struct stack *top)
{
    struct stack *ptr;
    ptr=top;
    if(top==NULL)
    {
        printf("stack is empty");
    }
}
```

```

else
{
    while(ptr!=NULL)
    {
        printf("%d",ptr->data);
        ptr=ptr->next;
    }
    return top;
}

```

```

1.push
2.pop
3.display
4.exitEnter your option : 1
Enter the number to be pushed on stack1

```

```

1.push
2.pop
3.display
4.exitEnter your option : 1
Enter the number to be pushed on stack2

```

```

1.push
2.pop
3.display
4.exitEnter your option : 1
Enter the number to be pushed on stack3

```

```

1.push
2.pop
3.display
4.exitEnter your option : 3
321

```

```

1.push
2.pop
3.display
4.exitEnter your option : 4
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .

```

2.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
# define max 10

```

```

void push(char stack[], char val);
char pop(char stack[]);
void change(char infix[], char postfix[]);
char stack[max];
int top=-1;
int main()
{
    char infix[10], postfix[10];
    printf("Enter any infix expression : ");
    gets(infix);
    change(infix,postfix);
    puts(postfix);
}

void change(char infix[], char postfix[])
{
    int i=0;
    int j=0;
    while(infix[i]!='\0')
    {
        if(isdigit(infix[i]) || isalpha(infix[i]))
        {
            postfix[j]=infix[i];
            i++;
            j++;
        }
        else if(infix[i] == '+')
        {
            push(stack,infix[i]);
            i++;
        }
        else
        {
            printf("wrong");
            exit(1);
        }
    }
    while(top!=-1)
    {
        postfix[j]=pop(stack);
        j++;
    }
    postfix[j]='\0';
}

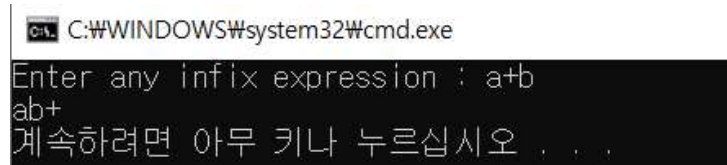
```



```
}
```

```
void push(char stack[], char val)
{
    if(top==max-1)
        printf("stack overflow");
    else
    {
        top++;
        stack[top]=val;
    }
}
```

```
char pop(char stack[])
{
    char val;
    if(top==--1)
        printf("stack underflow");
    else
    {
        val=stack[top];
        top--;
    }
    return val;
}
```



3.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
# define max 10
void rev(char infix[]);
void change(char infix[], char postfix[]);
void push(char stack[], char val);
char pop(char stack[]);
char stack[max];
char infix[10], postfix[10], temp[10];
int top=-1;
int main()
```

```

{
    printf("Enter any infix expression : ");
    gets(infix);
    rev(infix);
    change(temp,postfix);
    strcpy(temp,"");
    rev(postfix);
    puts(temp);
}

void rev(char infix[])
{
    int j,i=0;
    j=strlen(infix);
    j=j-1;
    while(j>=0)
    {
        temp[i]=infix[j];
        i++;
        j--;
    }temp[i]='\0';
}

void change(char infix[], char postfix[])
{
    int i=0;
    int j=0;
    while(infix[i]!='\0')
    {
        if(isdigit(infix[i]) || isalpha(infix[i]))
        {
            postfix[j]=infix[i];
            i++;
            j++;
        }
        else if(infix[i] == '+')
        {
            push(stack,infix[i]);
            i++;
        }
        else
        {
            printf("wrong");
            exit(1);
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    while(top!=-1)
    {
        postfix[j]=pop(stack);
        j++;
    }
    postfix[j]='\0';
}

void push(char stack[], char val)
{
    if(top==max-1)
        printf("stack overflow");
    else
    {
        top++;
        stack[top]=val;
    }
}

char pop(char stack[])
{
    char val;
    if(top==--1)
        printf("stack underflow");
    else
    {
        val=stack[top];
        top--;
    }
    return val;
}

```

```

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter any infix expression : a+b
+ab
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .

```

4.

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define max 5
void push(char name[5][10],char name_i[]);
void display(char name[5][10]);
char *pop(char *value ,char name[5][10]);

```

```

char name[max][10];
int top=-1;
int main()
{
    int i,option;
    char value[10];
    char name_i[10];
    do{
        printf("\n");
        printf("1. push\n");
        printf("2. pop\n");
        printf("3. display\n");
        printf("4. exit\n");

        printf("Enter the option : ");
        scanf("%d",&option);
        switch(option)
        {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the name of student : ");
                scanf("%s",name_i);
                push(name,name_i);
                break;

            case 2:
                pop(value,name);
                printf("%s",value);
                break;

            case 3:
                display(name);
                break;
        }
    }while(option!=4);
}

```

```

void push(char name[5][10],char name_i[])
{
    if(top==max-1)
        printf("stack overflow");
    else

```

```
        {
            top++;
            strcpy(name[top],name_i);
        }
    }
```

```
char *pop(char *value ,char name[5][10])
{
    char val[10];
    if(top== -1)
        printf("stack underflow");
    else
    {
        strcpy(value,name[top]);
        top--;
        return value;
    }
}
```

```
void display(char name[5][10])
{
    int i;
    if(top== -1)
        printf("stack is empty");
    else
    {
        for(i=top;i>=0;i--)
            printf("%s\n",name[i]);
    }
}
```

```
1. push
2. pop
3. display
4. exit
Enter the option : 1
Enter the name of student : amy

1. push
2. pop
3. display
4. exit
Enter the option : 1
Enter the name of student : billy

1. push
2. pop
3. display
4. exit
Enter the option : 1
Enter the name of student : cox

1. push
2. pop
3. display
4. exit
Enter the option : 1
Enter the name of student : zico

1. push
2. pop
3. display
4. exit
Enter the option : 3
zico
cox
billy
amy

1. push
2. pop
3. display
4. exit
Enter the option : 2
zico
```

```

1. push
2. pop
3. display
4. exit
Enter the option : 2
zico
1. push
2. pop
3. display
4. exit
Enter the option : 2
cox
1. push
2. pop
3. display
4. exit
Enter the option : 3
billy
amy
1. push
2. pop
3. display
4. exit
Enter the option : 4

```

5.

```

#include <stdio.h>
# define max1 5
# define max2 5
int stackA[max1];
int stackB[max2];
int top1=-1;
int top2=-1;
void pusha(int stack[],int val);
void pushb(int stack[],int val);
int main()
{
    int option,val,i;
    int flag=1;
    do{
        printf("\n");
        printf("1. push A stack\n");
        printf("2. push B stack\n");
        printf("3. compare the element\n");
        printf("4. exit\n");
        printf("Enter your option : ");
        scanf("%d",&option);
    }
}

```

```

switch(option)
{
case 1:
    printf("Enter the number : ");
    scanf("%d",&val);
    pusha(stackA,val);
    break;
case 2:
    printf("Enter the number : ");
    scanf("%d",&val);
    pushb(stackB,val);
    break;
case 3:
    for(i=top1;i>=0;i--)
    {
        if(stackA[i]!=stackB[i])
            flag=0;
    }
    if(flag==1)
        printf("same");
    else
        printf("not same");
    break;
}

}while(option!=4);

}

void pusha(int stack[],int val)
{
    if(top1==max1-1)
        printf("stack overflow");
    else
    {
        top1++;
        stack[top1]=val;
    }
}

void pushb(int stack[],int val)
{
    if(top2==max2-1)

```



```

                printf("stack overflow");
            else
            {
                top2++;
                stack[top2]=val;
            }
    }
}

```

```

1. push A stack
2. push B stack
3. compare the element
4. exit
Enter your option : 1
Enter the number : 1

1. push A stack
2. push B stack
3. compare the element
4. exit
Enter your option : 1
Enter the number : 2

1. push A stack
2. push B stack
3. compare the element
4. exit
Enter your option : 1
Enter the number : 3

1. push A stack
2. push B stack
3. compare the element
4. exit
Enter your option : 2
Enter the number : 1

1. push A stack
2. push B stack
3. compare the element
4. exit
Enter your option : 2
Enter the number : 2

1. push A stack
2. push B stack
3. compare the element
4. exit
Enter your option : 2
Enter the number : 4

1. push A stack
2. push B stack
3. compare the element
4. exit
Enter your option : 3
not same
1. push A stack
2. push B stack
3. compare the element
4. exit
Enter your option : 4
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .

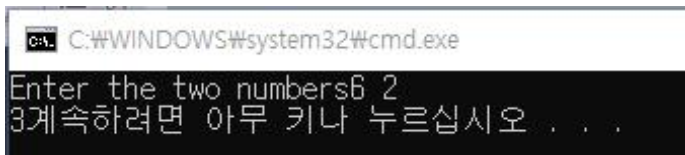
```

6.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
{
    int x,y;
    int res;
    printf("Enter 2 the two numbers");
    scanf("%d %d",&x,&y);
    res=F(x,y);
    printf("%d",res);
}
```

```
int F(int x, int y)
{
    if(x>=y)
        return (F(x-y,y)+1);
    else
        return 0;
}
```



7.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
{
    int x,y;
    int res;
    printf("Enter the two numbers");
    scanf("%d %d",&x,&y);
    res=F(x,y);
    printf("%d",res);
}
```

```
int F(int x, int y)
{
    if(x==1)
        return 1;
    else
        return (F(x-1,y)+F(x-1,y-1));
}
```

```
}
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter the two numbers3 2
4계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

8.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int x;
```

```
    int res;
```

```
    printf("Enter the two numbers : ");
```

```
    scanf("%d",&x);
```

```
    res=lamda(x);
```

```
    printf("lambda=%d",res);
```

```
}
```

```
int lamda(int x)
```

```
{
```

```
    if(x==1)
```

```
        return 0;
```

```
    else if(x>1)
```

```
        return (lamda(x/2)+1);
```

```
    }
```

```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Enter the two numbers : 4
lambda=2계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .
```

9.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int x,y;
```

```
    int res;
```

```
    printf("Enter the two numbers : ");
```

```
    scanf("%d %d",&x,&y);
```

```
    res=F(x,y);
```

```
    printf("%d",res);
```

```
}
```

```

int F(int x, int y)
{
    if((x==0)||((x>=y)&&(y>=1)))
        return 1;
    else
        return (F(x-1,y)+F(x-1,y-1));
}

```

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

```

Enter the two numbers : 2 3
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .

```

10.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void reverse(char *s) ;
```

```
int main()
```

```

{
    char s[100];

```

```

    printf("입력 : ");
    gets(s);

```

```
    reverse(s);
```

```
}
```

```
void reverse(char *s)
```

```

{
    char c=*s;
    if(c!='\0')
        reverse(++s);
    printf("%c",c);
}

```

C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

```

입력 : yumi
imuy
계속하려면 아무 키나 누르십시오 . . .

```