Amplitude Modulation function (Question-2)

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V_AM
<pre>%_V_AM()_ is the function to generate Conventional AM signals % Concept is -> % message wave(mw)=Am*cos(2*pi*fm.*t); % carrier wave(cw)=cos((2*pi*fc.*t)+ PHIc); % V_AM in time(vt)=A.*mw.*cw + Ac.*cw;</pre>
<pre>function [vt,vf,amod,u]=V_AM(fc,fm,PHIc,A,Ac,Am,t,f)</pre>
<pre>vt=((A*Am*cos(2*pi*fm.*t))+Ac).*cos((2*pi*fc.*t)+PHIc); % generating time domain signal mn=A*Am;</pre>
Not enough input arguments.
<pre>Error in V_AM (line 10) vt=((A*Am*cos(2*pi*fm.*t))+Ac).*cos((2*pi*fc.*t)+PHIc); % generating time domain signal</pre>
Calculating modulation Index and proposing of Ac value
<pre>amod=A*Am/Ac; if(Ac>mn) u="Ac should be greator than "+mn +" . Here Ac=1 works!!"; elseif(A==mn) u="Ac should be greator than "+mn +" . Here Ac=1 just worked but still it is not advisable to use it. Ac= "+(mn+1)+" will work here !!"; else u="Ac should be greator than "+ mn+" . Here Ac=1 does not work. Ac= "+(mn+1)+" will work here !!"; end</pre>
For freq domain it is just F.T of vt
<pre>vf=(A*Am*(1/4).*(exp(1i*PHIc).*(D_D(f,(fc-fm))+D_D(f,(fc +fm)))+exp(-1i*PHIc).*(D_D(f,(-fc-fm))+D_D(f,(-fc+fm)))))+((Ac*(1/2).*(D_D(f,(-fc))+D_D(f,(fc)))));% generating freq domain signal</pre>
end

Dirac delta function

```
function vf=D_D(f,fx)
% fx is the point at which d_d is to be ploted
    vf=zeros(size(f));
    if(ismember(fx,f)) % if fx is in f
        vf(fx+1-f(1))=1; % at point fx vf=1
    end
end
```

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