**Questions 21 to 30 are based on the following passage.**

A team led by Ramanathan Raguram of the National Institute of Mental Health and Neurosciences in Bangalore studied 31 people who stayed at a Hindu temple for the [21]\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of their treatment for [22]\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ psychiatric disorders. At the end of their stay, their scores on a test [23]\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ psychiatric scale have improved by an average of nearly 20 per cent.

In the temple, no specific [24]\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or ceremonies were performed except a simple morning prayer for 15 minutes and a help of [25]\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ temple work for the rest of the day. Tender loving care, a non-threatening environment, and the hope of recovery are the factors [26]\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the improvement of those patients.

“A six-week temple treatment can produce the same improvement expected within four weeks of [27]\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ drugs such as chlorpromazine and risperidone,” says Raguram. Such findings are not [28]\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to India, according to an expert on mental disorders, Perth. He says there is a “treatment protocol” practiced at the traditional village of Aro in Nigeria which is similar in many ways to the healing temple. But he [29]\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that such temple treatment should be [30]\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to other approaches rather than as an alternative.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A．rating | I．complementary |
| B．dramatic | J．administering |
| C．cautions | K．server |
| D．efficacy | L．accounting |
| E．purpose | M．rituals |
| F．renowned | N．embracing |
| G．routine | O．specific |
| H．contributing |  |

**Questions 31 to 35 are based on the following passage.**

People living on parts of the south coast of England face a serious problem. In 1993, the owners of a large hotel and of several houses discovered, to their horror, that their gardens had disappeared overnight. The sea had eaten into the soft limestone cliffs on which they had been built. While experts were studying the problem, the hotel and several houses disappeared altogether, sliding down the cliff and into the sea.

Erosion（侵蚀）of the white cliffs along the south coast of England has always been a problem but it has become more serious in recent years. Dozens of homes have had to be abandoned as the sea has crept farther and farther inland. Experts have studied the areas most affected and have drawn up a map for local people, forecasting the year in which their homes will be swallowed up by the hungry sea.

Angry owners have called on the Government to erect sea defenses to protect their homes. Government surveyors have pointed out that in most cases, this is impossible. New sea walls would cost hundreds of millions of pounds and would merely make the waves and currents go further along the coast, shifting the problem from one area to another. The danger is likely to continue, they say, until the waves reach an inland area of hard rock which will not be eaten as limestone is. Meanwhile, if you want to buy a cheap house with an uncertain future, apply to a house agent in one of the threatened areas on the south coast of England. You can get a house for a knockdown price but it may turn out to be a knockdown home.

31．What is the cause of the problem that people living on parts of the south coast of England face?

A. The disappearance of hotels, houses and gardens.

B. The experts’ lack of knowledge

C. The rising of the sea level.

D. The washing-away of limestone cliffs.

32．The erosion of the white cliffs in the south of England \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. will soon become a problem for people living in central England

B. has now become a threat to the local residents

C. is quickly changing the map of England

D. can be stopped if proper measures are taken

33．The experts’ study on the problem of erosion can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. lead to its eventual solution

B. provide an effective way to slow it down

C. help to prevent it from worsening

D. warn people whose homes are in danger

34．It is not feasible to build sea defenses to protect against erosion because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. it is too costly and will endanger neighboring areas

B. the government is too slow in taking action

C. they will be easily knocked down by waves and currents

D. house agents along the coast do not support the idea

35．According to the author, when buying a house along the south coast of England, people should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. be aware of the potential danger involved

B. guard against being cheated by the house agent

C. take the quality of the house into consideration

D. examine the house carefully before making a decision