

Frequency Domain Filtering - Overlap-Save Method

Implement the Frequency Domain Filtering between $x[n]$ and $h[n]$.

Parameters

- $x[n] = \cos(2\pi F_0 n T_s) + \cos(2\pi F_1 n T_s)$
- $F_0 = 31.25$ [Hz]
- $F_1 = 312.5$ [Hz]
- $F_s = 1$ [kHz];
- $N=256$; $M = 129$;
- $h = \text{fir1}(M-1, 0.25)$;

Notes

DFT --> $X = \text{fft}(x, N)$ where N is the length of the transform

IDFT --> $x = \text{ifft}(X, N)$ where N is the length of the transform

Clear

```
clc;           % 'clc' clears all the text from the Command Window
clear;         % 'clear' removes all variables from the current workspace
close all;     % 'close all' deletes all figures whose handles are not hidden.
```

Parameters

```
Fc0 = 31.25;
Fc1 = 312.5;
Fs = 1000;
Ts = 1/Fs;

N = 256;       % FFT Points
M = 129;       % Length of the filter
h = fir1(M-1, 0.25)';
```

Exercise

```
len = 1e4;
n = 0:len-1;
x = cos(2*pi*Fc0*n*Ts).' + cos(2*pi*Fc1*n*Ts).';

% Overlap and Zero-Padding
xm = buffer(x,N,N/2);
hm = [h; zeros(N-M,1)];

% DFT
H = fft(hm,N);
Xm = fft(xm,N);

% Product
Ym = zeros(size(Xm));
for i=1:size(Xm,2)
    Ym(:,i) = Xm(:,i) .* H;
end

% IDFT
ym = real(ifft(Ym,N));

% Reject
y = ym(N/2+1:N,:); % Reject
y = y(:);           % Matrix to vector

% Linear Convolution
y_L = conv(x,h);
```

Plot

```
len_err = min([length(y_L),length(y)]);
error = y_L(1:len_err)-y(1:len_err);
error = abs(error);

hfvtool(x,1,y_L(1:len_err),1,y(1:len_err),1);
legend(hfvtool, {'x','Linear Convolution', 'Overlap-Add'})

figure;
subplot(2,1,1)
    hold on
    plot(y_L,'s-')
    plot(y,'x--')
    hold off
    xlim([1,1e3])
    legend({'Linear Convolution', 'Overlap-Add'})
```

```

grid on
xlabel('Samples')
subplot(2,1,2)
hold on
plot(error, 's-')
hold off
xlim([1,1e3])
legend({'Error'})
grid on
xlabel('Samples')

```

