icpc模板

模板

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
typedef long long LL;
typedef pair<int, int> PII;
const int N = 1e6 + 10;
const LL mod = 998244353;
void Solve()
{
}
int main()
    ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
    cin.tie(nullptr);
    int T=1;
    cout << fixed << setprecision(10);</pre>
    cin >> T; while(T--)
    Solve();
    return 0;
}
```

并查集

```
struct DSU
{
   std::vector<int> p, siz;

DSU() {}
```

```
DSU(int n) { init(n); }
    int find(int x)
    {
        if (x \neq p[x]) p[x] = find(p[x]);
        return p[x];
    }
    bool same(int x, int y) { return find(x) = find(y); }
    bool merge(int x, int y)
   {
       x = find(x);
       y = find(y);
        if (x = y) return false;
        p[y] = x;
       siz[x] += siz[y];
       return true;
    }
    int size(int x) { return siz[find(x)]; }
private:
   void init(int n)
   {
        p.resize(n + 1);
        std::iota(p.begin(), p.end(), 0);
       siz.assign(n + 1, 1);
};
```

应用1: 洛谷P1111

第1行两个正整数N, M。

下面 M 行,每行 3 个正整数 x, y, t,告诉你这条公路连着 x, y 两个村庄,在时间t时能修复完成这条公路。

如果全部公路修复完毕仍然存在两个村庄无法通车,则输出-1,否则输出最早什么时候任意两个村庄能够通车。

```
void luogu_P1111()
{
    int n, m;
    cin >> n >> m;
```

```
DSU dsu(n);
    vector<tuple<int, int, int>> a(m);
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
    {
       int x, y, t;
       cin >> x >> y >> t;
       a[i] = make_tuple(t, x, y);
    }
    sort(a.begin(), a.end());
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
        dsu.merge(get<1>(a[i]), get<2>(a[i]));
        if (dsu.size(qet<1>(a[i])) = n)
            cout << get<0>(a[i]) << "\n";
           return;
        }
    }
   cout << -1 << "\n";
}
```

应用2: 洛谷P1525

公务繁忙的 Z 市长只会去看列表中的第一个事件的影响力,警察局长准备将罪犯们在两座监狱内重新分配,应如何分配罪犯,才能使 Z 市长看到的那个冲突事件的影响力最小?这个最小值是多少?

输入每行中两个数之间用一个空格隔开。第一行为两个正整数 N, M,分别表示罪犯的数目以及存在仇恨的罪犯对数。接下来的 M 行每行为三个正整数 a_j, b_j, c_j ,表示 a_j 号和 b_j 号罪犯之间存在仇恨,其怨气值为 c_i 。数据保证 $1 < a_i \le b_i \le N, 0 < c_i \le 10^9$,且每对罪犯组合只出现一次。

输出共一行,为 Z 市长看到的那个冲突事件的影响力。如果本年内监狱中未发生任何冲突事件,请输出 0。

```
void luogu_P1525()
{
   int n, m;
```

```
cin >> n >> m;
   DSU dsu(n);
   vector<array<int, 3>> edges(m);
   for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
   {
       int a, b, w; cin >> a >> b >> w;
       edges[i] = { w, a, b };
    }
    sort(edges.begin(), edges.end(), greater<array<int, 3>>());
    // 记录另一个监狱中对应的人
    vector<int> others(n + 1, -1);
   for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
       int w = edges[i][0], a = edges[i][1], b = edges[i][2];
       if (dsu.same(a, b))
        {
           cout << w << "\n";
           return;
       }
       if (others[a] = -1) others[a] = b;
       else dsu.merge(others[a], b);
       if (others[b] = -1) others[b] = a;
       else dsu.merge(others[b], a);
   cout << 0 << "\n";
}
```

应用3(种类并查集): 洛谷P2024

动物王国中有三类动物 A,B,C,这三类动物的食物链构成了有趣的环形。A 吃 B,B 吃 C,C 吃 A。

现有 N 个动物,以 $1 \sim N$ 编号。每个动物都是 A, B, C 中的一种,但是我们并不知道它到底是哪一种。

有人用两种说法对这 N 个动物所构成的食物链关系进行描述:

- 第一种说法是 1 X Y , 表示 X 和 Y 是同类。
- 第二种说法是 2 X Y , 表示 X 吃 Y。

此人对 N 个动物,用上述两种说法,一句接一句地说出 K 句话,这 K 句话有的是真的,有的是假的。当一句话满足下列三条之一时,这句话就是假话,否则就是真话。

• 当前的话与前面的某些真的话冲突, 就是假话;

- 当前的话中X或Y比N大, 就是假话;
- 当前的话表示 X 吃 X, 就是假话。

你的任务是根据给定的 N 和 K 句话,输出假话的总数。

```
void luogu_P2024()
                    int n, k; cin >> n >> k;
                    DSU dsu(3 * n);
                    int res = 0;
                    for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
                                         int op, x, y; cin >> op >> x >> y;
                                         if (x > n \mid \mid y > n) \{ res ++; continue; \}
                                         if (op = 1) {
                                                             if (dsu.same(x, y + n) || dsu.same(x + n, y)) res++;
                                                             else {
                                                                                  dsu.merge(x, y); dsu.merge(x + n, y + n); dsu.merge(x + n + n, y + n, y + n); dsu.merge(x + n + n, y + n, y + n); dsu.merge(x + n + n, y + n); dsu.merge(x + n + n, y + n, y
y + n + n;
                                                             }
                                         }else {
                                                             if (dsu.same(x, y) || dsu.same(x, y + n)) res++;
                                                                                   dsu.merge(x + n, y); dsu.merge(x + n + n, y + n); dsu.merge(x, y)
y + n + n;
                                                          }
                                        }
                     }
                  cout << res << "\n";
}
```

带权并查集

```
struct DSU
{
    std::vector<int> p, siz, val;

    DSU() {}
    DSU(int n) { init(n); }

    int find(int x)
    {
        if (x ≠ p[x])
        {
            int px = find(p[x]);
        }
}
```

```
val[x] += val[p[x]];
           p[x] = px;
        }
       return p[x];
    }
    bool same(int x, int y) { return find(x) = find(y); }
    bool merge(int x, int y)
    {
       x = find(x);
       y = find(y);
        if (x = y) return false;
        p[x] = y;
        val[x] += siz[y];
       siz[y] += siz[x];
       return true;
    }
    int size(int x) { return siz[find(x)]; }
private:
   void init(int n)
    {
        p.resize(n + 1);
        std::iota(p.begin(), p.end(), 0);
       siz.assign(n + 1, 1);
       val.assign(n + 1, 0);
};
```

树状数组

```
template <typename T>
struct Fenwick
{
    int n;
    std::vector<T> tr;

    Fenwick(int n_ = 0) { init(n_); }

    void add(int x, const T& v) { for (int i = x; i ≤ n; i += lowbit(i))
    tr[i] = tr[i] + v; }
    T query(int x)
```

```
{
    T ans{};
    for (int i = x; i; i -= lowbit(i)) ans = ans + tr[i];
    return ans;
}
// sum[l, r]
T rangeSum(int l, int r) { return query(r) - query(l - 1); }

private:
    void init(int n_)
{
        n = n_;
        tr.assign(n + 1, T{});
}

int lowbit(int x) { return x & -x; }
};
```

应用1: 洛谷P3374

```
void luogu_P3374()
{
    int n, m;
    cin >> n >> m;
    Fenwick<LL> fen(n);
    for (int i = 1; i \leq n; i \leftrightarrow )
        LL x; cin >> x;
       fen.add(i, x);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
    {
        int op; cin >> op;
        // 1 x k 含义: 将第 x 个数加上k
        if (op = 1)
        {
            int x;
            LL k;
            cin >> x >> k;
           fen.add(x, k);
        // 2 x y 含义: 输出区间 [x, y] 内每个数的和
        else
        {
            int x, y;
           cin >> x >> y;
           cout << fen.rangeSum(x, y) << "\n";</pre>
        }
   }
}
```

应用2: 洛谷P3368

```
void luogu_P3368()
{
    int n, m;
    cin >> n >> m;
    vector<LL> a(n + 1, 0);
    for (int i = 1; i \leq n; i++) cin \gg a[i];
    Fenwick<LL> fen(n + 1);
    for (int i = 1; i \le n; i++) fen.add(i, a[i] - a[i - 1]);
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
        int op; cin >> op;
        // 1 x y k 含义: 将区间 [x, y] 内每个数加上k;
        if (op = 1)
        {
            int x, y;
           LL k;
            cin >> x >> y >> k;
            fen.add(x, k);
           fen.add(y + 1, -k);
        // 2 x 含义: 输出第 x 个数的值
        else
        {
           int x;
           cin >> x;
           cout << fen.query(x) << "\n";</pre>
        }
   }
}
```

应用3(超级树状数组): 洛谷P3372

$$prefix = \sum_{i=1}^x d[i]*(x+1) - d[i]*i$$

```
void luogu_P3372()
{
    int n, m;
    cin >> n >> m;
    vector<LL> a(n + 1);
    for (int i = 1; i \leq n; i++) cin \gg a[i];
    Fenwick<LL> f1(n + 1), f2(n + 1);
    auto add = [\&](int x, LL v) {f1.add(x, v); f2.add(x, v * x); };
    auto query = [\&](int x) {return f1.query(x) * (x + 1) - f2.query(x); };
    for (int i = 1; i \leq n; i \leftrightarrow)
    {
        add(i, a[i]); add(i + 1, -a[i]);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
        int op; cin >> op;
        // 1 x y k: 将区间 [x, y] 内每个数加上k。
        if (op = 1)
        {
            int x, y;
            LL k;
            cin >> x >> y >> k;
            add(x, k); add(y + 1, -k);
        // 2 x y: 输出区间 [x, y] 内每个数的和。
        else
        {
            int x, y;
            cin >> x >> y;
            cout \ll query(y) - query(x - 1) \ll "\n";
        }
   }
}
```

应用4: 洛谷P1972

求区间种类数: 离线+树状数组

```
void luogu_P1972()
{
    int n; cin >> n;
    vector<int> a(n + 1);
    for (int i = 1; i \leq n; i++) cin \gg a[i];
    int m; cin >> m;
    vector<array<int, 3>> query(m);
    vector<int> ans(m);
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
    {
        int x, y; cin >> x >> y;
        query[i] = \{ x, y, i \};
    }
    sort(query.begin(), query.end(), [](array<int, 3> x, array<int, 3> y)
            return x[1] < y[1];
        });
    map<int, int> pos;
    Fenwick<int> w(n);
    for (int i = 1, j = 0; i \le n; i ++)
    {
        if (pos.count(a[i])) w.add(pos[a[i]], -1);
        pos[a[i]] = i;
        w.add(i, 1);
        while (j < m \&\& query[j][1] = i)
            int l = query[j][0], r = query[j][1], idx = query[j][2];
            ans[idx] = w.rangeSum(l, r);
            j++;
        }
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) cout \ll ans[i] \ll "\n";
}
```

```
template <typename T>
struct Fenwick2D
    int n, m;
    std::vector<std::vector<T>>> tr;
    Fenwick2D(int n_{-} = 0, int m_{-} = 0) { init(n_{-}, m_{-}); }
    void add(int x, int y, const T& v)
    {
        for (int i = x; i \le n; i += lowbit(i))
            for (int j = y; j \le m; j += lowbit(j))
                tr[i][j] = tr[i][j] + v;
    }
    T query(int x, int y)
        T ans{};
        for (int i = x; i; i -= lowbit(i))
            for (int j = y; j; j -= lowbit(j))
                ans = ans + tr[i][j];
        return ans;
    T rangeSum(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)
    {
        return query(x2, y2) - query(x1 - 1, y2) - query(x2, y1 - 1) +
query(x1 - 1, y1 - 1);
    }
private:
    void init(int n_, int m_)
        n = n_{-};
        m = m_{-};
        tr.assign(n + 1, std::vector<T>(m + 1, T{}));
    int lowbit(int x) { return x & -x; }
};
```

应用: 洛谷P4514

区间修改, 区间查询

```
prefix = \sum_{i=1}^{x} \sum_{j=1}^{y} d[i][j] * (xy + x + y + 1) - d[i][j] * i(y + 1) - d[i][j] * j(x + 1) + d[i][j] * i * j
```

```
void luogu_P4514()
{
    string op;
    int n, m;
    cin >> op >> n >> m;
    n++, m++;
    Fenwick2D<int> f(n, m), fi(n, m), fj(n, m), fij(n, m);
    auto add = [&](int x, int y, int v)
    {
        f.add(x, y, v); fi.add(x, y, v * x);
       fj.add(x, y, v * y); fij.add(x, y, v * x * y);
    };
    auto query = [&](int x, int y)
    {
        return f.query(x, y) * (x * y + x + y + 1) -
           fi.query(x, y) * (y + 1) -
           fj.query(x, y) * (x + 1) +
           fij.query(x, y);
    };
    while (cin >> op)
        if (op = "L")
        {
            int x1, y1, x2, y2, v; cin \gg x1 \gg y1 \gg x2 \gg y2 \gg v;
           add(x1, y1, v); add(x2 + 1, y1, -v);
           add(x1, y2 + 1, -v); add(x2 + 1, y2 + 1, v);
        }
        else
           int x1, y1, x2, y2; cin \gg x1 \gg y1 \gg x2 \gg y2;
           cout << query(x2, y2) - query(x1 - 1, y2) - query(x2, y1 - 1) +
query(x1 - 1, y1 - 1) \ll "\n";
       }
   }
}
```

```
struct SegmentTree
{
    int n;
    std::vector<LL> tag, sum;
    LL mod;
    SegmentTree(int n_) : n(n_{-}), tag(4 * n, 1), sum(4 * n) { mod = 1e18; }
    SegmentTree(int n_, LL mod_) : n(n_{-}), tag(4 * n, 1), sum(4 * n), mod(mod_)
{ }
    // [x, y)
    LL query(int x, int y) { return query(1, 0, n, x, y); }
    void rangeMul(int x, int y, int v) { rangeMul(1, 0, n, x, y, v); }
    void add(int x, int v) { add(1, 0, n, x, v); }
private:
    void pull(int p) { sum[p] = (sum[2 * p] + sum[2 * p + 1]) % mod; }
    void mul(int p, LL v)
    {
        tag[p] = 1LL * tag[p] * v % mod;
        sum[p] = 1LL * sum[p] * v % mod;
    }
    void push(int p)
        mul(2 * p, tag[p]);
        mul(2 * p + 1, tag[p]);
        tag[p] = 1;
    }
    LL query(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y)
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x) return 0;
        if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) return sum[p];
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        return (query(2 * p, l, m, x, y) + query(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y)) %
mod;
   }
```

```
void rangeMul(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, int v)
    {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x) return;
        if (l \ge x \& r \le y) return mul(p, (LL)v);
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        rangeMul(2 * p, l, m, x, y, v);
        rangeMul(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v);
        pull(p);
    }
    void add(int p, int l, int r, int x, int v)
    {
        if (r - 1 = 1)
        {
            sum[p] = (sum[p] + v) \% mod;
            return;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        if (x < m) add(2 * p, l, m, x, v);
        else add(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, v);
        pull(p);
   }
};
```

懒标记线段树:基础区间修改

```
return;
        }
        int mid = l + r \gg 1;
        build(2 * p, l, mid);
        build(2 * p + 1, mid + 1, r);
        push_up(p);
    };
    build(1, 0, n - 1);
}
void push_up(int p)
    info[p] = info[2 * p] + info[2 * p + 1];
}
void addtag(int p, const Tag& v)
    info[p].apply(v);
    tag[p].apply(v);
}
void push_down(int p)
{
    addtag(2 * p, tag[p]);
    addtag(2 * p + 1, tag[p]);
   tag[p] = Tag();
}
// 单点修改
void modify(int p, int l, int r, int x, const Info& v)
    if (l = r)
    {
        info[p] = v;
        return;
    }
    push_down(p);
    int mid = l + r \gg 1;
    if (x \le mid) modify(2 * p, l, mid, x, v);
    else modify(2 * p + 1, mid + 1, r, x, v);
    push_up(p);
}
void modify(int p, const Info& v)
{
    modify(1, 0, n - 1, p, v);
Info rangeQuery(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y)
{
    if (l > y || r < x) return Info();
    if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) return info[p];
```

```
push_down(p);
        int mid = l + r \gg 1;
        return rangeQuery(2 * p, l, mid, x, y) + rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, mid +
1, r, x, y);
    }
    Info rangeQuery(int l, int r)
        return rangeQuery(1, 0, n - 1, l, r);
    }
    void rangeApply(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, const Tag& v)
        if (l > y || r < x) return;
        if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y)
        {
            addtag(p, v);
            return;
        }
        push_down(p);
        int mid = l + r \gg 1;
        rangeApply(2 * p, l, mid, x, y, v);
        rangeApply(2 * p + 1, mid + 1, r, x, y, v);
        push_up(p);
    }
    void rangeApply(int l, int r, const Tag& v)
    {
        rangeApply(1, 0, n - 1, l, r, v);
};
typedef long long i64;
constexpr i64 inf = 1e18;
struct Tag
{
    i64 \text{ add} = 0;
    void apply(Tag t)
    {
        add += t.add;
    }
};
struct Info
{
    i64 minv = inf;
    i64 \text{ maxv} = -inf;
    i64 \text{ sum} = 0;
```

```
i64 act = 0;
    void apply(Tag t)
    {
        minv += t.add;
       maxv += t.add;
       sum += act * t.add;
    }
};
Info operator+(Info a, Info b)
    Info c;
    c.minv = std::min(a.minv, b.minv);
    c.maxv = std::max(a.maxv, b.maxv);
    c.sum = a.sum + b.sum;
    c.act = a.act + b.act;
   return c;
}
```

FHQ-Treap

```
struct Treap
{
    struct node
    {
        int ls, rs;
        int key, val;
        int size;
        void init(int v)
        {
            ls = rs = 0;
            size = 1;
            key = rand();
            val = v;
        }
    };

    vector<node> tr;
    int cnt;
```

```
int root;
Treap(int n) {init(n);}
void newnode(int x)
{
    cnt++;
   tr[cnt].init(x);
void push_up(int u)
{
   tr[u].size = tr[tr[u].ls].size + tr[tr[u].rs].size + 1;
void split(int u, int v, int &x, int &y)
{
    if(\mathbf{v} = 0)
    {
       x = y = 0;
       return;
    }
    if(tr[u].val > v)
    {
       y = u;
       split(tr[u].ls, v, x, tr[u].ls);
    }
    else
    {
       x = u;
       split(tr[u].rs, v, tr[u].rs, y);
    push_up(u);
}
int merge(int x, int y)
{
    if(x = 0 \mid \mid y = 0) return x + y;
    if(tr[x].key > tr[y].key)
       tr[x].rs = merge(tr[x].rs, y);
       push_up(x);
       return x;
    }
    else
    {
        tr[y].ls = merge(x, tr[y].ls);
        push_up(y);
       return y;
    }
}
```

```
void init(int n)
{
    tr.resize(n+1);
    cnt = 0;
    root = 0;
}
```

离散化

```
vector<int> b(a);
sort(b.begin(), b.end());
b.erase(unique(b.begin(), b.end()), b.end());

// 查找a中某个数离散化后的结果
auto getval = [&](int x) {return lower_bound(b.begin(), b.end(), x) -
b.begin() + 1; };
```

Mint类

```
template<int mod>
class mint
{
public:
    unsigned int x = 0;
    mint inv() const { return pow(mod - 2); }
   mint pow(long long t) const {
        assert(t \geq 0 && x > 0);
        mint res = 1, cur = x;
        for (; t; t >= 1) {
            if (t & 1) res *= cur;
            cur *= cur;
        }
        return res;
    }
    mint() = default;
    mint(unsigned int t) :x(t% mod) { }
    mint(int t) {
       t %= mod;
        if (t < 0) t += mod;
        x = t;
    }
    mint(long long t) {
       t %= mod;
        if (t < 0) t += mod;
```

```
x = t;
    }
    mint& operator+=(const mint& t) {
        x += t.x;
        if (x \ge mod) x -= mod;
        return *this;
    mint& operator-=(const mint& t) {
        x += mod - t.x;
        if (x \ge mod) x -= mod;
        return *this;
    }
    mint& operator*=(const mint& t) {
        x = (unsigned long long)x * t.x % mod;
        return *this;
    }
    mint& operator ≠ (const mint& t) {
        *this *= t.inv();
        return *this;
    }
    mint& operator^=(const mint& t) {
        *this = this\rightarrowpow(t.x);
        return *this;
    }
    mint operator+(const mint& t) { return mint(*this) += t; }
    mint operator-(const mint& t) { return mint(*this) -= t; }
    mint operator*(const mint& t) { return mint(*this) *= t; }
    mint operator/(const mint& t) { return mint(*this) /= t; }
    mint operator^(const mint& t) { return mint(*this) ^= t; }
    bool operator=(const mint& t) { return x = t.x; }
    bool operator \neq (const mint& t) { return x \neq t.x; }
    bool operator<(const mint& t) { return x < t.x; }</pre>
    bool operator \leq (const mint& t) { return x \leq t.x; }
    bool operator>(const mint& t) { return x > t.x; }
    bool operator \geq (const mint& t) { return x \geq t.x; }
    friend istream& operator>>(istream& is, mint& t) { return is >> t.x; }
    friend ostream& operator << (ostream& os, const mint& t) { return os << t.x;
}
    friend mint operator+(int y, const mint& t) { return mint(y) + t.x; }
    friend mint operator-(int y, const mint& t) { return mint(y) - t.x; }
    friend mint operator*(int y, const mint& t) { return mint(y) * t.x; }
    friend mint operator/(int y, const mint& t) { return mint(y) / t.x; }
};
```

组合数

```
LL f[N], g[N], inv[N];

void init()
{
    f[0] = g[0] = inv[0] = 1;
    for(int i=1; i<N; i++)
    {
        if(i == 1) inv[i] = 1;
        else inv[i] = (mod - mod / i) * inv[mod % i] % mod;
        f[i] = f[i-1] * i % mod;
        g[i] = g[i-1] * inv[i] % mod;
}</pre>
```

字符串

字符串哈希

单哈希(BKDRHash)

```
typedef unsigned long long ull;

// s: 1 - index

ull BKDRHash(string s)
{

   ull P = 131, H = 0;
   int n = s.size() - 1;
   for(int i=1; i ≤ n; i++)
        H = H * P + s[i];
   return H;
}
```

```
typedef unsigned long long ull;
struct strHash
{
    static const ull base = 131;
    int n;
    vector<ull> H;
    vector<ull> P;
    // s: 1 - index
    strHash(string s): n(s.size()-1), H(n+1), P(n+1)
    {
        P[0] = 1;
       for(int i=1; i ≤ n; i++)
            P[i] = P[i-1] * base;
           H[i] = H[i-1] * base + s[i];
    }
    ull get_hash(int l, int r)
        return H[r] - H[l-1] * P[r-l+1];
    }
};
```

Manacher算法

```
string change(string s)
{
    string t = "$#";
    for(auto c: s)
    {
        t += c;
        t += '#';
    }
    t += '&';
    return t;
}
vector<int> manacher(string s)
{
    string t = change(s);
    int n = t.size();
```

```
vector<int> P(n);
int R = 0, C;

for(int i=1; i<n-1; i++)
{
    if(i < R) P[i] = min(P[(C<<1)-i], P[C]+C-i);
    else P[i] = 1;

    while(t[i-P[i]] = t[i+P[i]]) P[i]++;
    if(i+P[i] > R)
    {
        R = P[i] + i;
        C = i;
    }
}

return P;
}
```

Z函数

字典树

<u>洛谷P2580</u>

```
struct node
{
   bool repeat; // 这个前缀是否重复
   int son[26];  // 26个字母
int num;  // 这个前缀出现的次数
   bool isend; // 是否为单词的结尾
};
struct Trie
   vector<node> tr;
   int cnt;
   Trie(int n, int maxsize = 1)
       tr.resize(n * maxsize + 5);
       cnt = 1;
   }
   void insert(string str)
       int now = 0;
       for(auto c: str)
       {
           int ch = c - 'a';
           if(tr[now].son[ch] = 0)
               tr[now].son[ch] = cnt++;
           now = tr[now].son[ch];
           tr[now].num++;
       tr[now].isend = true;
   }
   int find(string str)
    {
       int now = 0;
       for(auto c: str)
           int ch = c - 'a';
           if(tr[now].son[ch] = 0) return 3; // 找不到
           now = tr[now].son[ch];
       }
       if(tr[now].isend = false) return 3; // 不是结尾
       if(tr[now].repeat = false)
```

计算几何

点与向量

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
const double pi = acos(-1.0); // 圆周率, 精确到15位小数
const double eps = 1e-8;
                         // 偏差值,有时用1e-10,注意精度
int sqn(double x){
    if(fabs(x) < eps) return 0; // x = 0
    else return x < 0 ? -1 : 1;
}
int dcmp(double x, double y){
    if(fabs(x - y) < eps) return 0; // x = y;
    else return x < y ? -1 : 1;
}
struct Point{
    double x, y;
    Point() {}
    Point(double x, double y):x(x), y(y) {}
    Point operator+(Point B) {return Point(x+B.x, y+B.y);}
    Point operator-(Point B) {return Point(x-B.x, y-B.y);}
    Point operator*(double k) {return Point(x*k, y*k);}
    Point operator/(double k) {return Point(x/k, y/k);}
   bool operator=(Point B) {return sgn(x-B.x) = 0 \& sgn(y-B.y)=0;}
};
double Distance(Point A, Point B) {return hypot(A.x-B.x, A.y-B.y);}
typedef Point Vector;
double Dot(Vector A, Vector B) {return A.x*B.x + A.y*B.y;}
double Len(Vector A) {return sqrt(Dot(A, A));}
double Len2(Vector A) {return Dot(A, A);}
```

```
double Angle(Vector A, Vector B) {return acos(Dot(A,B)/Len(A)/Len(B));}

double Cross(Vector A, Vector B) {return A.x*B.y - A.y*B.x;}

// A, B, C逆时针为正, 三角形除以2

double Area2(Point A, Point B, Point C) {return Cross(B-A, C-A);}

// 逆时针旋转角度rad

Vector Rotate(Vector A, double rad){
    return Vector(A.x*cos(rad)-A.y*sin(rad), A.x*sin(rad)+A.y*cos(rad));
}

// Rotate(A, pi/2): return Vector(-A.y, A.x)

// Rotate(A, -pi/2): return Vector(A.y, -A.x)

// 单位法向量

Vector Normal(Vector A) {return Vector(-A.y/Len(A), A.x/Len(A));}

// 两个向量是否平行或重合

bool Parallel(Vector A, Vector B) {return sgn(Cross(A, B)) = 0;}
```

jiangly模板节选

本部分用于补充上面未出现的部分

一、杂类

01 - int128 输出流自定义

```
using i128 = __int128;

std::ostream &operator << (std::ostream &os, i128 n) {
    std::string s;
    while (n) {
        s += '0' + n % 10;
        n \neq 10;
    }
    std::reverse(s.begin(), s.end());
    return os << s;
}</pre>
```

02-常用库函数重载

```
using i64 = long long;
using i128 = __int128;
i64 ceilDiv(i64 n, i64 m) {
    if (n \ge 0) {
       return (n + m - 1) / m;
    } else {
       return n / m;
    }
}
i64 floorDiv(i64 n, i64 m) {
    if (n \ge 0) {
       return n / m;
    } else {
       return (n - m + 1) / m;
    }
}
template<class T>
void chmax(T &a, T b) {
    if (a < b) {
       a = b;
    }
}
i128 gcd(i128 a, i128 b) {
   return b ? gcd(b, a % b) : a;
}
```

二、图与网络

08 - 树链剖分 (HLD)

```
struct HLD {
  int n;
  std::vector<int> siz, top, dep, parent, in, out, seq;
  std::vector<std::vector<int>> adj;
```

```
int cur;
HLD() {}
HLD(int n) {
    init(n);
}
void init(int n) {
   this\rightarrown = n;
    siz.resize(n);
   top.resize(n);
    dep.resize(n);
    parent.resize(n);
    in.resize(n);
    out.resize(n);
    seq.resize(n);
    cur = 0;
    adj.assign(n, {});
}
void addEdge(int u, int v) {
    adj[u].push_back(v);
    adj[v].push_back(u);
}
void work(int root = 0) {
   top[root] = root;
    dep[root] = 0;
    parent[root] = -1;
    dfs1(root);
    dfs2(root);
}
void dfs1(int u) {
    if (parent[u] \neq -1) {
        adj[u].erase(std::find(adj[u].begin(), adj[u].end(), parent[u]));
    }
    siz[u] = 1;
    for (auto &v : adj[u]) {
        parent[v] = u;
        dep[v] = dep[u] + 1;
        dfs1(v);
        siz[v] += siz[v];
        if (siz[v] > siz[adj[u][0]]) {
            std::swap(v, adj[u][0]);
        }
    }
}
void dfs2(int u) {
   in[u] = cur++;
```

```
seq[in[v]] = v;
    for (auto v : adj[u]) {
        top[v] = v = adj[u][0] ? top[u] : v;
       dfs2(v);
    }
    out[u] = cur;
}
int lca(int u, int v) {
    while (top[u] \neq top[v]) {
        if (dep[top[u]] > dep[top[v]]) {
           u = parent[top[u]];
        } else {
           v = parent[top[v]];
        }
    }
   return dep[u] < dep[v] ? u : v;
}
int dist(int u, int v) {
  return dep[u] + dep[v] - 2 * dep[lca(u, v)];
}
int jump(int u, int k) {
   if (dep[u] < k) {</pre>
       return -1;
    }
    int d = dep[u] - k;
    while (dep[top[u]] > d) {
      u = parent[top[u]];
    }
  return seq[in[u] - dep[u] + d];
}
bool isAncester(int u, int v) {
  return in[u] ≤ in[v] && in[v] < out[u];
}
int rootedParent(int u, int v) {
    std::swap(u, v);
    if (\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v}) {
        return u;
    if (!isAncester(u, v)) {
       return parent[u];
```

```
auto it = std::upper_bound(adj[u].begin(), adj[u].end(), v, [&](int x,
int y) {
           return in[x] < in[y];</pre>
        }) - 1;
        return *it;
    }
    int rootedSize(int u, int v) {
        if (\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v}) {
            return n;
        if (!isAncester(v, u)) {
            return siz[v];
        return n - siz[rootedParent(u, v)];
    }
    int rootedLca(int a, int b, int c) {
        return lca(a, b) ^ lca(b, c) ^ lca(c, a);
    }
};
```

三、数论、几何、多项式

04 - 求解单个数的欧拉函数

```
int phi(int n) {
    int res = n;
    for (int i = 2; i * i \le n; i++) {
        if (n % i = 0) {
            while (n % i = 0) {
                 n \mu i;
            }
            res = res / i * (i - 1);
        }
    }
    if (n > 1) {
        res = res / n * (n - 1);
    }
    return res;
}
```

}

05 - 扩展欧几里得 (exGCD)

```
int exgcd(int a, int b, int &x, int &y) {
    if (!b) {
        x = 1, y = 0;
        return a;
    }
    int g = exgcd(b, a % b, y, x);
    y -= a / b * x;
    return g;
}
```

06 - 组合数(Comb+MInt & MLong)

```
struct Comb {
    int n;
    std::vector<Z> _fac;
    std::vector<Z> _invfac;
    std::vector<Z> _inv;
    Comb() : n{0}, _fac{1}, _invfac{1}, _inv{0} {}
    Comb(int n) : Comb() {
        init(n);
    }
    void init(int m) {
        m = std::min(m, Z::getMod() - 1);
        if (m \le n) return;
        _fac.resize(m + 1);
        _invfac.resize(m + 1);
        _inv.resize(m + 1);
        for (int i = n + 1; i \leq m; i \leftrightarrow) {
            _{fac[i]} = _{fac[i - 1]} * i;
```

```
_invfac[m] = _fac[m].inv();
        for (int i = m; i > n; i--) {
            _invfac[i - 1] = _invfac[i] * i;
            _inv[i] = _invfac[i] * _fac[i - 1];
        }
       n = m;
    }
    Z fac(int m) {
        if (m > n) init(2 * m);
        return _fac[m];
    }
    Z invfac(int m) {
       if (m > n) init(2 * m);
       return _invfac[m];
    }
    Z inv(int m) {
       if (m > n) init(2 * m);
        return _inv[m];
    }
    Z binom(int n, int m) {
       if (n < m || m < 0) return 0;
       return fac(n) * invfac(m) * invfac(n - m);
    }
} comb;
```

08 - 素数测试与因式分解 (Miller-Rabin & Pollard-Rho)

```
i64 mul(i64 a, i64 b, i64 m) {
    return static_cast<__int128>(a) * b % m;
}
i64 power(i64 a, i64 b, i64 m) {
    i64 res = 1 % m;
    for (; b; b \gg 1, a = mul(a, a, m))
       if (b & 1)
           res = mul(res, a, m);
    return res;
}
bool isprime(i64 n) {
    if (n < 2)
        return false;
    static constexpr int A[] = {2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23};
    int s = __builtin_ctzll(n - 1);
    i64 d = (n - 1) >> s;
```

```
for (auto a : A) {
        if (a = n)
           return true;
        i64 \times = power(a, d, n);
        if (x = 1 || x = n - 1)
            continue;
        bool ok = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < s - 1; ++i) {
            x = mul(x, x, n);
            if (x = n - 1) {
               ok = true;
               break;
           }
        }
       if (!ok)
           return false;
    }
    return true;
}
std::vector<i64> factorize(i64 n) {
    std::vector<i64> p;
    std::function < void(i64) > f = [\&](i64 n) {
        if (n \le 10000) {
            for (int i = 2; i * i \le n; ++i)
               for (; n \% i = 0; n \ne i)
                  p.push_back(i);
            if (n > 1)
                p.push_back(n);
            return;
        }
        if (isprime(n)) {
           p.push_back(n);
           return;
        }
        auto g = [\&](i64 x) {
           return (mul(x, x, n) + 1) \% n;
        };
        i64 \times 0 = 2;
        while (true) {
            i64 x = x0;
            i64 y = x0;
            i64 d = 1;
            i64 power = 1, lam = 0;
            i64 v = 1;
            while (d = 1) \{
               y = g(y);
                ++lam;
```

```
v = mul(v, std::abs(x - y), n);
                if (lam % 127 = 0) {
                    d = std::gcd(v, n);
                    v = 1;
                }
                if (power = lam) {
                    x = y;
                    power *= 2;
                    lam = 0;
                    d = std::gcd(v, n);
                    v = 1;
            }
            if (d \neq n) {
                f(d);
                f(n / d);
                return;
            }
            ++x0;
       }
    };
    f(n);
    std::sort(p.begin(), p.end());
    return p;
}
```

四、数据结构

03A - 线段树(SegmentTree 基础区间加乘)

```
struct SegmentTree {
    int n;
    std::vector<int> tag, sum;
    SegmentTree(int n_) : n(n_), tag(4 * n, 1), sum(4 * n) {}

    void pull(int p) {
        sum[p] = (sum[2 * p] + sum[2 * p + 1]) % P;
    }
}
```

```
void mul(int p, int v) {
    tag[p] = 1LL * tag[p] * v % P;
    sum[p] = 1LL * sum[p] * v % P;
}
void push(int p) {
    mul(2 * p, tag[p]);
    mul(2 * p + 1, tag[p]);
    tag[p] = 1;
}
int query(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y) {
    if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x) {
        return 0;
    }
    if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) {
       return sum[p];
    }
    int m = (l + r) / 2;
    push(p);
    return (query(2 * p, l, m, x, y) + query(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y)) \% P;
}
int query(int x, int y) {
    return query(1, 0, n, x, y);
}
void rangeMul(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, int v) {
    if (l \geqslant y \mid | r \leqslant x) {
        return;
    }
    if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) {
        return mul(p, v);
    }
    int m = (l + r) / 2;
    push(p);
    rangeMul(2 * p, l, m, x, y, v);
    rangeMul(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v);
    pull(p);
}
void rangeMul(int x, int y, int v) {
    rangeMul(1, 0, n, x, y, v);
}
void add(int p, int l, int r, int x, int v) {
    if (r - l = 1) {
```

```
sum[p] = (sum[p] + v) % P;
    return;
}
int m = (l + r) / 2;
push(p);
if (x < m) {
    add(2 * p, l, m, x, v);
} else {
    add(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, v);
}
pull(p);
}

void add(int x, int v) {
    add(1, 0, n, x, v);
}
};</pre>
```

03B - 线段树(SegmentTree+Info 查找前驱后继)

```
template<class Info>
struct SegmentTree {
    int n;
    std::vector<Info> info;
    SegmentTree() : n(0) {}
    SegmentTree(int n_{-}, Info v_{-} = Info()) {
        init(n_, v_);
    template<class T>
    SegmentTree(std::vector<T> init_) {
        init(init_);
    }
    void init(int n_, Info v_ = Info()) {
        init(std::vector(n_, v_));
    template<class T>
    void init(std::vector<T> init_) {
        n = init_.size();
        info.assign(4 << std::_lg(n), Info());</pre>
        std::function<void(int, int, int)> build = [&](int p, int l, int r) {
            if (r - l = 1) {
                info[p] = init_[l];
```

```
return;
            }
            int m = (l + r) / 2;
            build(2 * p, l, m);
            build(2 * p + 1, m, r);
            pull(p);
        };
        build(1, 0, n);
    }
    void pull(int p) {
        info[p] = info[2 * p] + info[2 * p + 1];
    void modify(int p, int l, int r, int x, const Info &v) {
        if (r - l = 1) {
            info[p] = v;
            return;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        if (x < m) {
            modify(2 * p, l, m, x, v);
        } else {
            modify(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, v);
        }
        pull(p);
    void modify(int p, const Info &v) {
        modify(1, 0, n, p, v);
    }
    Info rangeQuery(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x) {
            return Info();
        }
        if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) {
           return info[p];
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        return rangeQuery(2 * p, l, m, x, y) + rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, m, r, x,
y);
    }
    Info rangeQuery(int l, int r) {
        return rangeQuery(1, 0, n, l, r);
    template<class F>
    int findFirst(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, F pred) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x \mid | !pred(info[p])) {
            return -1;
        }
```

```
if (r - l = 1) {
           return l;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        int res = findFirst(2 * p, l, m, x, y, pred);
        if (res = -1) {
           res = findFirst(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, pred);
        }
        return res;
    template<class F>
    int findFirst(int l, int r, F pred) {
       return findFirst(1, 0, n, l, r, pred);
    }
    template<class F>
    int findLast(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, F pred) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x \mid | !pred(info[p])) {
           return -1;
        }
        if (r - l = 1) {
           return l;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        int res = findLast(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, pred);
        if (res = -1) {
           res = findLast(2 * p, l, m, x, y, pred);
        return res;
    }
   template<class F>
    int findLast(int l, int r, F pred) {
       return findLast(1, 0, n, l, r, pred);
    }
};
struct Info {
   int cnt = 0;
   i64 \text{ sum} = 0;
   i64 \text{ ans} = 0;
};
Info operator+(Info a, Info b) {
   Info c;
   c.cnt = a.cnt + b.cnt;
    c.sum = a.sum + b.sum;
    c.ans = a.ans + b.ans + a.cnt * b.sum - a.sum * b.cnt;
   return c;
}
```

03C - 线段树(SegmentTree+Info+Merge 区间合并)

```
template<class Info>
struct SegmentTree {
   int n;
   std::vector<Info> info;
    SegmentTree() : n(0) {}
    SegmentTree(int n_, Info v_ = Info()) {
        init(n_, v_);
    }
    template<class T>
    SegmentTree(std::vector<T> init_) {
        init(init_);
   void init(int n_, Info v_ = Info()) {
        init(std::vector(n_, v_));
   template<class T>
    void init(std::vector<T> init_) {
        n = init_.size();
        info.assign(4 << std::__lg(n), Info());</pre>
        std::function<void(int, int, int)> build = [&](int p, int l, int r) {
            if (r - l = 1) {
                info[p] = init_[l];
                return;
            }
            int m = (l + r) / 2;
            build(2 * p, l, m);
            build(2 * p + 1, m, r);
            pull(p);
        };
        build(1, 0, n);
   void pull(int p) {
        info[p] = info[2 * p] + info[2 * p + 1];
    void modify(int p, int l, int r, int x, const Info &v) {
        if (r - l = 1) {
            info[p] = v;
            return;
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
```

```
if (x < m) {
            modify(2 * p, l, m, x, v);
        } else {
            modify(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, v);
        }
        pull(p);
    }
    void modify(int p, const Info &v) {
        modify(1, 0, n, p, v);
    }
    Info rangeQuery(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x) {
           return Info();
        }
        if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) {
           return info[p];
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        return rangeQuery(2 * p, l, m, x, y) + rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, m, r, x,
y);
    }
    Info rangeQuery(int l, int r) {
        return rangeQuery(1, 0, n, l, r);
    template<class F>
    int findFirst(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, F pred) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x \mid | !pred(info[p])) {
            return -1;
        }
        if (r - l = 1) {
           return l;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        int res = findFirst(2 * p, l, m, x, y, pred);
        if (res = -1) {
            res = findFirst(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, pred);
        }
        return res;
    }
    template<class F>
    int findFirst(int l, int r, F pred) {
        return findFirst(1, 0, n, l, r, pred);
    template<class F>
    int findLast(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, F pred) {
        if (l \geqslant y || r \leqslant x || !pred(info[p])) {
            return -1;
```

```
if (r - l = 1) {
            return 1;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        int res = findLast(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, pred);
        if (res = -1) {
            res = findLast(2 * p, l, m, x, y, pred);
        return res;
    template<class F>
    int findLast(int l, int r, F pred) {
        return findLast(1, 0, n, l, r, pred);
    }
};
struct Info {
    int x = 0;
    int cnt = 0;
};
Info operator+(Info a, Info b) {
    if (a.x = b.x) {
        return {a.x, a.cnt + b.cnt};
    } else if (a.cnt > b.cnt) {
        return {a.x, a.cnt - b.cnt};
    } else {
        return {b.x, b.cnt - a.cnt};
    }
}
```

04A - 懒标记线段树(LazySegmentTree 基础区间修改)

```
template < class Info, class Tag>
struct LazySegmentTree {
    const int n;
    std::vector<Info> info;
    std::vector<Tag> tag;
    LazySegmentTree(int n) : n(n), info(4 << std::__lg(n)), tag(4 << std::__lg(n)) {}
    LazySegmentTree(std::vector<Info> init) : LazySegmentTree(init.size()) {
```

```
std::function<void(int, int, int)> build = [&](int p, int l, int r) {
        if (r - l = 1) {
            info[p] = init[l];
            return;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        build(2 * p, l, m);
        build(2 * p + 1, m, r);
        pull(p);
    };
    build(1, 0, n);
void pull(int p) {
    info[p] = info[2 * p] + info[2 * p + 1];
}
void apply(int p, const Tag &v) {
    info[p].apply(v);
    tag[p].apply(v);
}
void push(int p) {
    apply(2 * p, tag[p]);
    apply(2 * p + 1, tag[p]);
   tag[p] = Tag();
}
void modify(int p, int l, int r, int x, const Info &v) {
    if (r - l = 1) {
        info[p] = v;
        return;
    }
    int m = (l + r) / 2;
    push(p);
   if (x < m) {
        modify(2 * p, l, m, x, v);
    } else {
        modify(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, v);
    }
    pull(p);
void modify(int p, const Info &v) {
    modify(1, 0, n, p, v);
}
Info rangeQuery(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y) {
    if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x) {
        return Info();
    if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) {
       return info[p];
```

```
int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        return rangeQuery(2 * p, l, m, x, y) + rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, m, r, x,
y);
    }
    Info rangeQuery(int l, int r) {
        return rangeQuery(1, 0, n, l, r);
    }
    void rangeApply(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, const Tag &v) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x) {
            return;
        }
        if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) {
            apply(p, v);
            return;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        rangeApply(2 * p, l, m, x, y, v);
        rangeApply(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v);
        pull(p);
    }
    void rangeApply(int l, int r, const Tag &v) {
        return rangeApply(1, 0, n, l, r, v);
    }
    void half(int p, int l, int r) {
        if (info[p].act = 0) {
            return;
        }
        if ((\inf_{p}].\min + 1) / 2 = (\inf_{p}].\max + 1) / 2) {
            apply(p, \{-(\inf o[p].min + 1) / 2\});
            return;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        half(2 * p, l, m);
        half(2 * p + 1, m, r);
        pull(p);
    }
    void half() {
        half(1, 0, n);
    }
};
constexpr i64 inf = 1E18;
```

```
struct Tag {
    i64 \text{ add} = 0;
    void apply(Tag t) {
        add += t.add;
    }
};
struct Info {
    i64 min = inf;
    i64 max = -inf;
    i64 \text{ sum} = 0;
    i64 act = 0;
    void apply(Tag t) {
        min += t.add;
        max += t.add;
        sum += act * t.add;
    }
};
Info operator+(Info a, Info b) {
    Info c;
    c.min = std::min(a.min, b.min);
    c.max = std::max(a.max, b.max);
    c.sum = a.sum + b.sum;
    c.act = a.act + b.act;
    return c;
}
```

04B - 懒标记线段树(LazySegmentTree 查找前驱后继)

```
template<class Info, class Tag>
struct LazySegmentTree {
    int n;
    std::vector<Info> info;
    std::vector<Tag> tag;
    LazySegmentTree() : n(0) {}
    LazySegmentTree(int n_, Info v_ = Info()) {
        init(n_, v_);
    }
    template<class T>
```

```
LazySegmentTree(std::vector<T> init_) {
    init(init_);
}
void init(int n_, Info v_ = Info()) {
    init(std::vector(n_, v_));
}
template<class T>
void init(std::vector<T> init_) {
    n = init_.size();
    info.assign(4 << std::_lg(n), Info());</pre>
    tag.assign(4 << std::_lg(n), Tag());</pre>
    std::function<void(int, int, int)> build = [&](int p, int l, int r) {
        if (r - l = 1) {
            info[p] = init_[l];
            return;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        build(2 * p, l, m);
        build(2 * p + 1, m, r);
        pull(p);
    };
    build(1, 0, n);
}
void pull(int p) {
    info[p] = info[2 * p] + info[2 * p + 1];
}
void apply(int p, const Tag &v) {
    info[p].apply(v);
    tag[p].apply(v);
}
void push(int p) {
    apply(2 * p, tag[p]);
    apply(2 * p + 1, tag[p]);
   tag[p] = Tag();
}
void modify(int p, int l, int r, int x, const Info &v) {
    if (r - l = 1) {
        info[p] = v;
        return;
    }
    int m = (l + r) / 2;
    push(p);
    if (x < m) {
        modify(2 * p, l, m, x, v);
    } else {
        modify(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, v);
    }
```

```
pull(p);
    }
    void modify(int p, const Info &v) {
        modify(1, 0, n, p, v);
    }
    Info rangeQuery(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x) {
            return Info();
        }
        if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) {
            return info[p];
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        return rangeQuery(2 * p, l, m, x, y) + rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, m, r, x,
y);
    }
    Info rangeQuery(int l, int r) {
        return rangeQuery(1, 0, n, l, r);
    }
    void rangeApply(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, const Tag &v) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x) {
            return;
        }
        if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) {
            apply(p, v);
            return;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        rangeApply(2 * p, l, m, x, y, v);
        rangeApply(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v);
        pull(p);
    }
    void rangeApply(int l, int r, const Tag &v) {
        return rangeApply(1, 0, n, l, r, v);
    }
    template<class F>
    int findFirst(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, F pred) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x \mid | !pred(info[p])) {
            return -1;
        }
        if (r - l = 1) {
            return 1;
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
```

```
int res = findFirst(2 * p, l, m, x, y, pred);
        if (res = -1) {
           res = findFirst(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, pred);
        }
        return res;
    }
    template<class F>
    int findFirst(int l, int r, F pred) {
       return findFirst(1, 0, n, l, r, pred);
    }
    template<class F>
    int findLast(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, F pred) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x \mid | !pred(info[p])) {
           return -1;
        }
        if (r - l = 1) {
           return l;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        int res = findLast(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, pred);
        if (res = -1) {
           res = findLast(2 * p, l, m, x, y, pred);
        }
        return res;
    template<class F>
    int findLast(int l, int r, F pred) {
       return findLast(1, 0, n, l, r, pred);
    }
};
struct Tag {
   i64 a = 0, b = 0;
    void apply(Tag t) {
       a = std::min(a, b + t.a);
       b += t.b;
    }
};
int k;
struct Info {
    i64 x = 0;
    void apply(Tag t) {
        x += t.a;
       if (x < 0) {
```

```
x = (x % k + k) % k;
}
x += t.b - t.a;
}
};
Info operator+(Info a, Info b) {
    return {a.x + b.x};
}
```

04C - 懒标记线段树(LazySegmentTree 二分修改)

```
constexpr int inf = 1E9 + 1;
template<class Info, class Tag>
struct LazySegmentTree {
    const int n;
    std::vector<Info> info;
    std::vector<Tag> tag;
    LazySegmentTree(int n) : n(n), info(4 \ll std::_lg(n)), tag(4 \ll std::_lg(n))
std::_lq(n)) {}
    LazySegmentTree(std::vector<Info> init) : LazySegmentTree(init.size()) {
        std::function<void(int, int, int)> build = [&](int p, int l, int r) {
            if (r - l = 1) {
                info[p] = init[l];
                return;
            }
            int m = (l + r) / 2;
            build(2 * p, l, m);
            build(2 * p + 1, m, r);
            pull(p);
        };
        build(1, 0, n);
    }
    void pull(int p) {
        info[p] = info[2 * p] + info[2 * p + 1];
    void apply(int p, const Tag &v) {
        info[p].apply(v);
        tag[p].apply(v);
    }
    void push(int p) {
        apply(2 * p, tag[p]);
        apply(2 * p + 1, tag[p]);
```

```
tag[p] = Tag();
    }
    void modify(int p, int l, int r, int x, const Info &v) {
        if (r - l = 1) {
            info[p] = v;
            return;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        if (x < m) {
            modify(2 * p, l, m, x, v);
        } else {
            modify(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, v);
        }
        pull(p);
    }
    void modify(int p, const Info &v) {
        modify(1, 0, n, p, v);
    Info rangeQuery(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x) {
            return Info();
        }
        if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) {
            return info[p];
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        return rangeQuery(2 * p, l, m, x, y) + rangeQuery(2 * p + 1, m, r, x,
y);
    }
    Info rangeQuery(int l, int r) {
        return rangeQuery(1, 0, n, l, r);
    }
    void rangeApply(int p, int l, int r, int x, int y, const Tag &v) {
        if (l \ge y \mid | r \le x) {
            return;
        }
        if (l \ge x \&\& r \le y) {
            apply(p, v);
            return;
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        rangeApply(2 \star p, l, m, x, y, v);
        rangeApply(2 * p + 1, m, r, x, y, v);
        pull(p);
```

```
void rangeApply(int l, int r, const Tag &v) {
        return rangeApply(1, 0, n, l, r, v);
    }
    void maintainL(int p, int l, int r, int pre) {
        if (info[p].difl > 0 && info[p].maxlowl < pre) {</pre>
            return;
        }
        if (r - l = 1) {
            info[p].max = info[p].maxlowl;
            info[p].maxl = info[p].maxr = l;
            info[p].maxlowl = info[p].maxlowr = -inf;
            return;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        maintainL(2 * p, l, m, pre);
        pre = std::max(pre, info[2 * p].max);
        maintainL(2 * p + 1, m, r, pre);
        pull(p);
    }
    void maintainL() {
        maintainL(1, 0, n, -1);
    }
    void maintainR(int p, int l, int r, int suf) {
        if (info[p].difr > 0 && info[p].maxlowr < suf) {</pre>
            return;
        }
        if (r - l = 1) {
            info[p].max = info[p].maxlowl;
            info[p].maxl = info[p].maxr = l;
            info[p].maxlowl = info[p].maxlowr = -inf;
            return;
        }
        int m = (l + r) / 2;
        push(p);
        maintainR(2 * p + 1, m, r, suf);
        suf = std::max(suf, info[2 * p + 1].max);
        maintainR(2 * p, l, m, suf);
        pull(p);
    }
    void maintainR() {
        maintainR(1, 0, n, -1);
    }
};
struct Tag {
```

```
int add = 0;
    void apply(Tag t) & {
       add += t.add;
    }
};
struct Info {
    int max = -1;
    int maxl = -1;
    int maxr = -1;
    int difl = inf;
    int difr = inf;
    int maxlowl = -inf;
    int maxlowr = -inf;
    void apply(Tag t) & {
        if (\max \neq -1) {
            max += t.add;
        }
        difl += t.add;
       difr += t.add;
    }
};
Info operator+(Info a, Info b) {
    Info c;
    if (a.max > b.max) {
       c.max = a.max;
       c.maxl = a.maxl;
        c.maxr = a.maxr;
    } else if (a.max < b.max) {</pre>
       c.max = b.max;
       c.maxl = b.maxl;
       c.maxr = b.maxr;
    } else {
       c.max = a.max;
       c.maxl = a.maxl;
       c.maxr = b.maxr;
    }
    c.difl = std::min(a.difl, b.difl);
    c.difr = std::min(a.difr, b.difr);
    if (a.max \neq -1) {
       c.difl = std::min(c.difl, a.max - b.maxlowl);
    if (b.max \neq -1) {
```

```
c.difr = std::min(c.difr, b.max - a.maxlowr);
}

if (a.max = -1) {
    c.maxlowl = std::max(a.maxlowl, b.maxlowl);
} else {
    c.maxlowl = a.maxlowl;
}

if (b.max = -1) {
    c.maxlowr = std::max(a.maxlowr, b.maxlowr);
} else {
    c.maxlowr = b.maxlowr;
}

return c;
}
```

05B - 取模类(MLong & MInt 新版)

```
template<class T>
constexpr T power(T a, i64 b) {
    T res = 1;
    for (; b; b \not= 2, a *= a) {
        if (b % 2) {
            res *= a;
        }
    }
    return res;
}
constexpr i64 mul(i64 a, i64 b, i64 p) {
    i64 \text{ res} = a * b - i64(1.L * a * b / p) * p;
    res %= p;
    if (res < 0) {
       res += p;
    }
    return res;
}
template<i64 P>
struct MLong {
    i64 x;
```

```
constexpr MLong() : x{} {}
constexpr MLong(i64 x) : x{norm(x % getMod())} {}
static i64 Mod;
constexpr static i64 getMod() {
   if (P > 0) {
       return P;
    } else {
       return Mod;
}
constexpr static void setMod(i64 Mod_) {
   Mod = Mod_;
}
constexpr i64 norm(i64 x) const {
    if (x < 0) {
       x += getMod();
    }
    if (x \ge getMod()) {
       x -= getMod();
    }
   return x;
}
constexpr i64 val() const {
   return x;
explicit constexpr operator i64() const {
    return x;
}
constexpr MLong operator-() const {
    MLong res;
   res.x = norm(getMod() - x);
   return res;
}
constexpr MLong inv() const {
    assert(x \neq 0);
    return power(*this, getMod() - 2);
}
constexpr MLong &operator*=(MLong rhs) & {
    x = mul(x, rhs.x, getMod());
   return *this;
constexpr MLong &operator+=(MLong rhs) & {
   x = norm(x + rhs.x);
   return *this;
constexpr MLong &operator-=(MLong rhs) & {
```

```
x = norm(x - rhs.x);
        return *this;
    }
    constexpr MLong &operator ≠ (MLong rhs) & {
        return *this *= rhs.inv();
    }
    friend constexpr MLong operator*(MLong lhs, MLong rhs) {
        MLong res = lhs;
        res *= rhs;
        return res;
    friend constexpr MLong operator+(MLong lhs, MLong rhs) {
        MLong res = lhs;
        res += rhs;
       return res;
    }
    friend constexpr MLong operator-(MLong lhs, MLong rhs) {
        MLong res = lhs;
        res -= rhs;
        return res;
    }
    friend constexpr MLong operator/(MLong lhs, MLong rhs) {
        MLong res = lhs;
       res /= rhs;
        return res;
    }
    friend constexpr std::istream &operator>>(std::istream &is, MLong &a) {
        i64 v;
        is >> v;
       a = MLong(v);
        return is;
    }
   friend constexpr std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &os, const MLong
&a) {
        return os << a.val();
    }
    friend constexpr bool operator=(MLong lhs, MLong rhs) {
        return lhs.val() = rhs.val();
    }
   friend constexpr bool operator≠(MLong lhs, MLong rhs) {
       return lhs.val() # rhs.val();
    }
};
template♦
i64 MLong<OLL>::Mod = i64(1E18) + 9;
```

```
template<int P>
struct MInt {
    int x;
    constexpr MInt() : x{} {}
    constexpr MInt(i64 x) : x{norm(x % getMod())} {}
    static int Mod;
    constexpr static int getMod() {
       if (P > 0) {
           return P;
        } else {
           return Mod;
       }
    }
    constexpr static void setMod(int Mod_) {
        Mod = Mod_;
    }
    constexpr int norm(int x) const {
        if (x < 0) {
           x += getMod();
        }
        if (x \ge getMod()) {
           x -= getMod();
        }
        return x;
    }
    constexpr int val() const {
       return x;
    explicit constexpr operator int() const {
        return x;
    }
    constexpr MInt operator-() const {
        MInt res;
       res.x = norm(getMod() - x);
       return res;
    }
    constexpr MInt inv() const {
        assert(x \neq 0);
        return power(*this, getMod() - 2);
    }
    constexpr MInt &operator*=(MInt rhs) & {
       x = 1LL * x * rhs.x % getMod();
       return *this;
    }
    constexpr MInt &operator+=(MInt rhs) & {
       x = norm(x + rhs.x);
```

```
return *this;
    }
    constexpr MInt &operator-=(MInt rhs) & {
        x = norm(x - rhs.x);
        return *this;
    }
    constexpr MInt &operator ≠ (MInt rhs) & {
        return *this *= rhs.inv();
    friend constexpr MInt operator*(MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        MInt res = lhs;
        res *= rhs;
        return res;
    }
    friend constexpr MInt operator+(MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        MInt res = lhs;
       res += rhs;
        return res;
    friend constexpr MInt operator-(MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        MInt res = lhs;
       res -= rhs;
        return res;
    }
    friend constexpr MInt operator/(MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        MInt res = lhs;
        res /= rhs;
       return res;
    }
    friend constexpr std::istream &operator>>(std::istream &is, MInt &a) {
        i64 v;
       is >> v;
       a = MInt(v);
       return is;
    }
    friend constexpr std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &os, const MInt &a)
{
       return os << a.val();
    }
    friend constexpr bool operator=(MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        return lhs.val() = rhs.val();
    friend constexpr bool operator≠(MInt lhs, MInt rhs) {
        return lhs.val() # rhs.val();
    }
};
```

```
template <>
int MInt < 0 > :: Mod = 998244353;

template < int V, int P >
    constexpr MInt < P > CInv = MInt < P > (V).inv();

constexpr int P = 10000000007;
    using Z = MInt < P >;
```

五、字符串

01 - 马拉车 (Manacher)

2023-05-14

```
std::vector<int> manacher(std::string s) {
    std::string t = "#";
   for (auto c : s) {
       t += c;
       t += '#';
    }
   int n = t.size();
    std::vector<int> r(n);
   for (int i = 0, j = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (2 * j - i \ge 0 \&\& j + r[j] > i) {
            r[i] = std::min(r[2 * j - i], j + r[j] - i);
        }
        while (i - r[i] \ge 0 \&\& i + r[i] < n \&\& t[i - r[i]] = t[i + r[i]]) {
          r[i] += 1;
       if (i + r[i] > j + r[j]) {
           j = i;
       }
   return r;
}
```

2023-08-11

```
std::vector<int> zFunction(std::string s) {
   int n = s.size();
   std::vector<int> z(n + 1);
   z[0] = n;
   for (int i = 1, j = 1; i < n; i++) {
        z[i] = std::max(0, std::min(j + z[j] - i, z[i - j]));
        while (i + z[i] < n && s[z[i]] = s[i + z[i]]) {
            z[i]++;
        }
        if (i + z[i] > j + z[j]) {
            j = i;
        }
    }
   return z;
}
```

03 - 后缀数组 (SA)

2023-03-14

```
struct SuffixArray {
   int n;
    std::vector<int> sa, rk, lc;
    SuffixArray(const std::string &s) {
        n = s.length();
        sa.resize(n);
        lc.resize(n - 1);
        rk.resize(n);
        std::iota(sa.begin(), sa.end(), 0);
        std::sort(sa.begin(), sa.end(), [&](int a, int b) {return s[a] <</pre>
s[b];});
        rk[sa[0]] = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
            rk[sa[i]] = rk[sa[i - 1]] + (s[sa[i]] \neq s[sa[i - 1]]);
        int k = 1;
        std::vector<int> tmp, cnt(n);
        tmp.reserve(n);
        while (rk[sa[n - 1]] < n - 1) {
            tmp.clear();
            for (int i = 0; i < k; ++i)
```

```
tmp.push_back(n - k + i);
                                                      for (auto i : sa)
                                                                        if (i \ge k)
                                                                                         tmp.push_back(i - k);
                                                      std::fill(cnt.begin(), cnt.end(), 0);
                                                      for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
                                                                        ++cnt[rk[i]];
                                                      for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
                                                                        cnt[i] += cnt[i - 1];
                                                      for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i)
                                                                         sa[--cnt[rk[tmp[i]]]] = tmp[i];
                                                      std::swap(rk, tmp);
                                                      rk[sa[0]] = 0;
                                                      for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i)
                                                                      rk[sa[i]] = rk[sa[i - 1]] + (tmp[sa[i - 1]] < tmp[sa[i]] ||
sa[i - 1] + k = n \mid | tmp[sa[i - 1] + k] < tmp[sa[i] + k]);
                                                      k *= 2;
                                    }
                                    for (int i = 0, j = 0; i < n; ++i) {
                                                      if (rk[i] = 0) {
                                                                       j = 0;
                                                      } else {
                                                                       for (j -= j > 0; i + j < n \&\& sa[rk[i] - 1] + j < n \&\& s[i + j <
j] = s[sa[rk[i] - 1] + j];
                                                                                       ++j;
                                                                       lc[rk[i] - 1] = j;
                                                      }
                                   }
                 }
};
```

04A - 后缀自动机(SuffixAutomaton 旧版)

2022-08-17

```
struct SuffixAutomaton {
    static constexpr int ALPHABET_SIZE = 26, N = 5e5;
    struct Node {
        int len;
        int link;
        int next[ALPHABET_SIZE];
        Node() : len(0), link(0), next{} {}
} t[2 * N];
int cntNodes;
SuffixAutomaton() {
```

```
cntNodes = 1;
        std::fill(t[0].next, t[0].next + ALPHABET_SIZE, 1);
        t[0].len = -1;
    }
    int extend(int p, int c) {
        if (t[p].next[c]) {
            int q = t[p].next[c];
            if (t[q].len = t[p].len + 1)
                return q;
            int r = ++cntNodes;
            t[r].len = t[p].len + 1;
            t[r].link = t[q].link;
            std::copy(t[q].next, t[q].next + ALPHABET_SIZE, t[r].next);
            t[q].link = r;
            while (t[p].next[c] = q) {
                t[p].next[c] = r;
               p = t[p].link;
            }
            return r;
        }
        int cur = ++cntNodes;
        t[cur].len = t[p].len + 1;
        while (!t[p].next[c]) {
           t[p].next[c] = cur;
            p = t[p].link;
        t[cur].link = extend(p, c);
        return cur;
    }
};
```

04B - 后缀自动机(SAM新版)

2023-05-27

```
struct SAM {
    static constexpr int ALPHABET_SIZE = 26;
    struct Node {
        int len;
        int link;
        std::array<int, ALPHABET_SIZE> next;
        Node() : len{}, link{}, next{} {}
};
std::vector<Node> t;
SAM() {
```

```
init();
}
void init() {
   t.assign(2, Node());
   t[0].next.fill(1);
   t[0].len = -1;
}
int newNode() {
   t.emplace_back();
    return t.size() - 1;
}
int extend(int p, int c) {
    if (t[p].next[c]) {
        int q = t[p].next[c];
        if (t[q].len = t[p].len + 1) {
            return q;
        }
        int r = newNode();
        t[r].len = t[p].len + 1;
        t[r].link = t[q].link;
        t[r].next = t[q].next;
        t[q].link = r;
        while (t[p].next[c] = q) {
           t[p].next[c] = r;
           p = t[p].link;
        }
        return r;
    }
    int cur = newNode();
    t[cur].len = t[p].len + 1;
    while (!t[p].next[c]) {
       t[p].next[c] = cur;
        p = t[p].link;
    }
    t[cur].link = extend(p, c);
    return cur;
}
int extend(int p, char c, char offset = 'a') {
    return extend(p, c - offset);
}
int next(int p, int x) {
   return t[p].next[x];
}
int next(int p, char c, char offset = 'a') {
    return next(p, c - 'a');
```

```
int link(int p) {
    return t[p].link;
}

int len(int p) {
    return t[p].len;
}

int size() {
    return t.size();
}
};
```

05 - 回文自动机 (PAM)

2023-05-19

```
struct PAM {
    static constexpr int ALPHABET_SIZE = 28;
    struct Node {
       int len;
       int link;
       int cnt;
       std::array<int, ALPHABET_SIZE> next;
        Node() : len{}, link{}, cnt{}, next{} {}
   };
    std::vector<Node> t;
    int suff;
    std::string s;
    PAM() {
       init();
    void init() {
       t.assign(2, Node());
       t[0].len = -1;
       suff = 1;
       s.clear();
    }
    int newNode() {
       t.emplace_back();
       return t.size() - 1;
   }
```

```
bool add(char c, char offset = 'a') {
        int pos = s.size();
        s += c;
        int let = c - offset;
        int cur = suff, curlen = 0;
        while (true) {
            curlen = t[cur].len;
            if (pos - 1 - curlen \geq 0 && s[pos - 1 - curlen] = s[pos])
                break;
           cur = t[cur].link;
        if (t[cur].next[let]) {
            suff = t[cur].next[let];
           return false;
        }
        int num = newNode();
        suff = num;
        t[num].len = t[cur].len + 2;
        t[cur].next[let] = num;
        if (t[num].len = 1) {
            t[num].link = 1;
            t[num].cnt = 1;
           return true;
        }
        while (true) {
            cur = t[cur].link;
            curlen = t[cur].len;
           if (pos - 1 - curlen \geq 0 && s[pos - 1 - curlen] = s[pos]) {
                t[num].link = t[cur].next[let];
               break;
           }
        }
        t[num].cnt = 1 + t[t[num].link].cnt;
        return true;
   }
};
PAM pam;
```

2021-07-07

```
constexpr int N = 3e5 + 30, A = 26;
struct Node {
    int fail;
    int sum;
    int next[A];
    Node() : fail(-1), sum(0) {
        std::memset(next, -1, sizeof(next));
} node[N];
int cnt = 0;
int bin[N];
int nBin = 0;
int newNode() {
    int p = nBin > 0 ? bin[--nBin] : cnt++;
    node[p] = Node();
    return p;
}
struct AC {
    std::vector<int> x;
    AC(AC \&\&a) : x(std::move(a.x)) \{\}
    AC(std::vector<std::string> s, std::vector<int> w) {
        x = {newNode(), newNode()};
        std::fill(node[x[0]].next, node[x[0]].next + A, x[1]);
        node[x[1]].fail = x[0];
        for (int i = 0; i < int(s.size()); i++) {</pre>
            int p = x[1];
            for (int j = 0; j < int(s[i].length()); j++) {</pre>
                int c = s[i][j] - 'a';
                if (node[p].next[c] = -1) {
                    int u = newNode();
                    x.push_back(u);
                    node[p].next[c] = u;
                }
                p = node[p].next[c];
            }
            node[p].sum += w[i];
        }
```

```
std::queue<int> que;
        que.push(x[1]);
        while (!que.empty()) {
            int u = que.front();
            que.pop();
            node[u].sum += node[node[u].fail].sum;
            for (int c = 0; c < A; c++) {
                if (node[u].next[c] = -1) {
                     node[v].next[c] = node[node[v].fail].next[c];
                } else {
                     node[node[u].next[c]].fail = node[node[u].fail].next[c];
                     que.push(node[u].next[c]);
                }
            }
        }
    }
    ~AC() {
        for (auto p : x) {
            bin[nBin++] = p;
        }
    }
    i64 query(const std::string &s) const {
        i64 \text{ ans} = 0;
        int p = x[1];
        for (int i = 0; i < int(s.length()); i++) {</pre>
            int c = s[i] - 'a';
            p = node[p].next[c];
            ans += node[p].sum;
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```

06B - AC自动机 (AhoCorasick 新版)

2023-04-07

```
struct AhoCorasick {
    static constexpr int ALPHABET = 26;
    struct Node {
        int len;
        int link;
        std::array<int, ALPHABET> next;
        Node() : link{}, next{} {}
```

```
};
std::vector<Node> t;
AhoCorasick() {
    init();
}
void init() {
   t.assign(2, Node());
   t[0].next.fill(1);
   t[0].len = -1;
}
int newNode() {
   t.emplace_back();
   return t.size() - 1;
}
int add(const std::vector<int> &a) {
    int p = 1;
    for (auto x : a) {
        if (t[p].next[x] = 0) {
           t[p].next[x] = newNode();
           t[t[p].next[x]].len = t[p].len + 1;
        p = t[p].next[x];
    return p;
}
int add(const std::string &a, char offset = 'a') {
    std::vector<int> b(a.size());
    for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); i++) {
        b[i] = a[i] - offset;
    }
    return add(b);
}
void work() {
    std::queue<int> q;
    q.push(1);
    while (!q.empty()) {
        int x = q.front();
        q.pop();
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET; i++) {
                if (t[x].next[i] = 0) {
                    t[x].next[i] = t[t[x].link].next[i];
                } else {
                   t[t[x].next[i]].link = t[t[x].link].next[i];
                    q.push(t[x].next[i]);
                }
           }
       }
    }
    int next(int p, int x) {
       return t[p].next[x];
    }
    int next(int p, char c, char offset = 'a') {
        return next(p, c - 'a');
    }
    int link(int p) {
       return t[p].link;
    }
   int len(int p) {
       return t[p].len;
    }
    int size() {
       return t.size();
   }
};
```

07 - 随机生成模底 字符串哈希 (例题)

2022-06-09

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using i64 = long long;

bool isprime(int n) {
    if (n \le 1) {
        return false;
    }
    for (int i = 2; i * i \le n; i++) {
```

```
if (n \% i = 0) {
           return false;
       }
    }
    return true;
}
int findPrime(int n) {
   while (!isprime(n)) {
       n++;
    }
   return n;
}
using Hash = std::array<int, 2>;
int main() {
    std::ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
   std::cin.tie(nullptr);
    std::mt19937
rng(std::chrono::steady_clock::now().time_since_epoch().count());
    const int P = findPrime(rng() % 900000000 + 100000000);
    std::string s, x;
    std::cin >> s >> x;
   int n = s.length();
    int m = x.length();
    std::vector<int> h(n + 1), p(n + 1);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       h[i + 1] = (10LL * h[i] + s[i] - '0') % P;
    }
    p[0] = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       p[i + 1] = 10LL * p[i] % P;
    }
    auto get = [&](int l, int r) {
       return (h[r] + 1LL * (P - h[l]) * p[r - l]) % P;
    };
    int px = 0;
    for (auto c : x) {
       px = (10LL * px + c - '0') % P;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i \le n - 2 * (m - 1); i \leftrightarrow) {
    if ((get(i, i + m - 1) + get(i + m - 1, i + 2 * m - 2)) % P = px) {
        std::cout << i + 1 << " " << i + m - 1 << "\n";
        std::cout << i + m << " " << i + 2 * m - 2 << "\n";
        return 0;
   }
}
std::vector<int> z(m + 1), f(n + 1);
z[0] = m;
for (int i = 1, j = -1; i < m; i \leftrightarrow) {
    if (j \neq -1) {
        z[i] = std::max(0, std::min(j + z[j] - i, z[i - j]));
    }
    while (z[i] + i < m \&\& x[z[i]] = x[z[i] + i]) {
        z[i]++;
    }
    if (j = -1 || i + z[i] > j + z[j]) {
        j = i;
    }
}
for (int i = 0, j = -1; i < n; i \leftrightarrow) {
    if (j \neq -1) {
        f[i] = std::max(0, std::min(j + f[j] - i, z[i - j]));
    while (f[i] + i < n \&\& f[i] < m \&\& x[f[i]] = s[f[i] + i]) 
       f[i]++;
    }
    if (j = -1 || i + f[i] > j + f[j]) {
        j = i;
    }
}
for (int i = 0; i + m \le n; i + + m \le n) {
    int l = std::min(m, f[i]);
    for (auto j : { m - l, m - l - 1 }) {
        if (j \le 0) {
            continue;
        if (j \le i \&\& (get(i - j, i) + get(i, i + m)) % P = px) {
             std::cout << i - j + 1 << " " << i << "\n";
             std::cout << i + 1 << " " << i + m << "\n";
             return 0;
```

```
if (i + m + j ≤ n && (get(i, i + m) + get(i + m, i + m + j)) % P

= px) {
    std::cout « i + 1 « " " « i + m « "\n";
    std::cout « i + m + 1 « " " « i + m + j « "\n";
    return 0;
    }
}
return 0;
}
```