## **Span**

Given vectors  $\mathbf{v_1}, \mathbf{v_2}, \dots, \mathbf{v_p} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . The set of all linear combinations of  $\mathbf{v_1}, \mathbf{v_2}, \dots, \mathbf{v_p}$  is called the **span** of  $\mathbf{v_1}, \mathbf{v_2}, \dots, \mathbf{v_p}$ .

Thus,  $span\{\mathbf{v_1}, \mathbf{v_2}, \dots, \mathbf{v_p}\}$  can be represented like this:

$$c_1\mathbf{v_1}, c_2\mathbf{v_2}, \dots, c_p\mathbf{v_p}$$

Where  $c_1, c_2, \ldots, c_p$  are scalars.

Is  $\vec{y}$  in the span of vectors  $\vec{v}_1$  and  $\vec{v}_2$ ?

$$ec{v}_1=egin{pmatrix}1\-2\-3\end{pmatrix}$$
 ,  $ec{v}_2=egin{pmatrix}2\5\6\end{pmatrix}$  , and  $ec{y}=egin{pmatrix}7\4\15\end{pmatrix}$  .

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 19 \\ 0 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 0 & 19 \\
0 & 1 & -6 \\
0 & 0 & 9
\end{pmatrix}$$

Row<sub>3</sub> / 9

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 19 \\ 0 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

So y is not in span  $\{\mathbf{v_1}, \mathbf{v_2}\}$ Look at Row Operations