Security II - ARBAC Verification Challenge

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April 1, 2021

1 Goals

In this challenge you will develop an ARBAC analyser for small policies. You are required to implement a program which parses the specification of a role reachability problem and returns its solution (true or false). You can implement the program using any programming language of your choice.

2 Specification

Your program must parse a role reachability problem expressed via the syntax in Table 1; for the sake of simplicity, we do not show the trivial pre-condition, which is always satisfied, represented as TRUE. You can assume that each section of the file is written on a single line, which simplifies parsing. Your program must return 1 when the role reachability problem is solvable and 0 otherwise.

An example role reachability problem is given in Table 2 for reference. For readability, the CA section of the example was split on multiple lines, but you can safely assume that this does not happen in practice.

Implementation suggestions:

- 1. Python is a great tool for this task, since it makes it easy to parse the input format (see the split function) and build appropriate data structures.
- 2. Keep track in a data structure of all the user-to-role assignments which you have already explored, so that you don't explore the same part of the search space multiple times (this prevents your program from looping).
- 3. Once you show that a role is reachable, terminate the exploration of the search space to save running time. If the search takes too long, force its termination after a timeout.
- 4. Implement the forward slicing and the backward slicing algorithms discussed in the previous class to make the analysis scale. Observe the importance of slicing for performance!

```
Role1 Role2 ... RoleN ;
Roles
Users
        User1 User2 ... UserM ;
        <UserA,RoleB> ... <UserX,RoleY> ;
UA
CR.
        <RoleA, RoleB> ...;
CA
        <RoleA,Pos1&...&PosJ&-Neg1&...&-NegK,RoleT> ... ;
Goal
        RoleG ;
              Table 1: Syntax of Role Reachability Problems
Roles
        Teacher Student TA;
        stefano alice bob;
Users
UA
        <stefano,Teacher> <alice,TA> ;
CR
        <Teacher, Student> <Teacher, TA> ;
CA
        <Teacher, -Teacher&-TA, Student>
        <Teacher, -Student, TA>
        <Teacher, TA&-Student, Teacher>;
Goal
        Student ;
```

Table 2: Example of Role Reachability Problem

3 Submission Instructions

Once your program seems to work correctly, download the policies available online. The flag of the challenge is the binary string obtained by concatenating the bits encoding the solutions to the provided role reachability problems, respecting their order. For example, in the simple case of two role reachability problems P_1 and P_2 with solutions 1 (reachable) and 0 (unreachable), the flag would be the binary string 10. In the writeup, just put a link to a publicly accessible remote repository where you provide the code of your analyzer. Ensure your code is appropriately commented and consider the inclusion of a separate PDF report where you discuss selected aspects of your implementation.

If your analyzer cannot deal with a few policies, don't give up: you can still bruteforce the missing bits of the flag and solve the challenge! However, please do your best to ensure the analyzer works on as many policies as possible. Solutions which do not come with a reasonably performing and appropriately commented analyzer would not grant points.

https://www.dais.unive.it/~calzavara/didattica/policies.zip