

# COMP4 Coursework

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January 16, 2015

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# Chapter 1

## Analysis

### 1.1 Introduction

#### 1.1.1 Client Identification

My client is Josh Campbell, he is 24 years old. He uses computers regularly for design work, so has experience of computer systems. He uses his computer to design flyers, handouts, banners and visual graphics for projection, as well as surfing the web, email and various social media networks. He rarely uses hard copies other than to preview his work before sending it off to print. Josh uses a 2012 Mac Pro with the latest version of Apple's operating system, OS X (10.9).

Josh is the head of the media department for Cambridge Community Church. This involves being responsible for the large amount of Audio and Visual equipment used on the church's Sunday services. This currently involves a spreadsheet with limited info on each item.

Josh would like to have a database management system to be able to hold information about each item and their various attributes. He would like this database to be located on the church's central server so that it can be accessed by all staff if it is deemed necessary. He would use this database to store location, value and insurance details in case of damage or theft. He would like all of the information kept as a virtual copy as well as a hard copy to be kept as a visual backup in case of hard drive failure or corruption.

He would also like to keep the location of each item as up to date as possible and if the location changes, he would like to be notified by email when it is entered/updated in the system.

### **1.1.2 Define the current system**

The current system consists of multiple excel spread sheets. There is one spread sheet for each of three locations; main office, main church building, and storage. Each spreadsheet consists of items located there as well as information on the value of each item, the quantity and the total value for the items with multiple entries. Each spreadsheet is divided up into equipment type (i.e Cableing, lighting, audio, visual/camera's)

### **1.1.3 Describe the problems**

There are a number of problems with the current system. One of the problems is that there is no notification system to tell you when information is getting outdated or something is changed. For example, if an item is bought or sold, the total costings for that item will be updated and no-one will be notified. Another problem is that the current system doesn't show the PAT testings for all the items, these tests go out of date every 6 months and there is no way of being notified when a new PAT test is needed on an item.

### **1.1.4 Section appendix**

Below are the questions that I asked my client at the interview and the answers he gave to me. I have typed up the questions and answers in markdown format then imported it as a pdf document so that it is easier to read.



Figure 1.1: Interview Questions (pg 1)

## Interview Questions

1. What does the current system do?
  - Multiple excel spreadsheets that list all the AV equipment
2. What are the problems or drawbacks of the current system?
  - There is no notification system
  - Data is easily out of date.
3. How much data is currently recorded?
  - Current data stored is the item name, its location, the quantity and it's value.
4. What extra data will need to be included?
  - PAT testing's
  - Current location
  - The item's usable state (working, in need of repair, being repaired etc)
5. How frequently will the data need to be updated?
  - The data will need to be updated a few times a month or so
  - Whenever the location changes.
6. Will new records need to be added or deleted? If so, how often?
  - New records will need to be entered, or some deleted every couple of months.
  - Whenever new equipment is bought or if an item is sold
7. How important is the data or information that is to be recorded?
  - Data is of high importance as it will be kept as a record for insurance in case of theft or damage
8. Are there any algorithms that are going to need to be implemented?
  - The number of a single item there is at a particular location
  - The total number of that item altogether
  - The sum of the values those individual items (value per unit \* quantity)
9. When are the algorithms going to be run?
  - These will need to be run when there are new items added/removed to a group of the same item
  - If the value of an item changes

Figure 1.2: Interview Questions (pg 2)

10. What inputs are required for the proposed system?
  - Inputs are likely to be text, numbers and currency
11. What outputs are required for the proposed system?
  - Outputs are likely to be the same as the inputs
  - Notifications of when PAT tests are in need or reissue
  - Notifications when an items location or quantity is changed
  - A print function would be necessary
12. Are hard copies required?
  - Yes, hard copies would be required a visual backup.
13. Are back dated records required?
  - Yes, for insurance purposes
14. How long are these records going to be kept?
  - We will keep back dated records for a year
15. How are these records going to be stored?
  - We will store them electronically on the file server
16. How often will outputs be required?
  - Outputs will be required whenever possible
17. What computing resources do you currently possess to aid the new system's operation?
  - We currently have a Mac Pro that we use as a file server. This is where the database system will be placed.
18. Is security an issue?
  - No, security is not an issue, although the data would need to be backed up.
19. Should there be restricted access to certain areas?
  - No, restricted access is not needed.
20. What errors and exceptions will need to be reported in the new system?
  - I'm not 100% until we start testing the system.
21. How should these errors and exceptions be reported?
  - Errors should be reported to you either via email or another notification

Figure 1.3: Interview Questions (pg 3)

method.

22. Are there any constraints on hardware, software, data, cost or time?

- No budget, time deadline is flexible and we'll adapt to whatever software/hardware resource available.

### 1.1.5 The current system

#### Data sources and destinations

In the current system, there are multiple data sources. The client and his colleagues as well as members of the AV crew for the church can enter data into the spreadsheet by using a computer in the office and accessing the on the server.

#### Algorithms

In the current system, there are only a few algorithms in place.

---

**Algorithm 1** Algorithm 1, When new item is bought:

---

```
1: IF Item = NewItem THEN  
2:   Action  $\leftarrow$  EnterNewItem  
3: ELSE IF Item = ItemMatch THEN  
4:   Action  $\leftarrow$  UpdateItem  
5: ENDIF
```

---

---

**Algorithm 2** Algorithm 2, When an item is sold or replaced:

---

```
1: IF Item = Sold THEN  
2:   Action  $\leftarrow$  UpdateQuantity  
3: ELSE IF Item = Damaged THEN  
4:   Action  $\leftarrow$  UpdateQuantity  
5:   Action  $\leftarrow$  FileInsuranceClaim  
6: ELSE IF Item = Stolen THEN  
7:   Action  $\leftarrow$  FileInsuranceClaim  
8: ENDIF
```

---

## Data flow diagrams

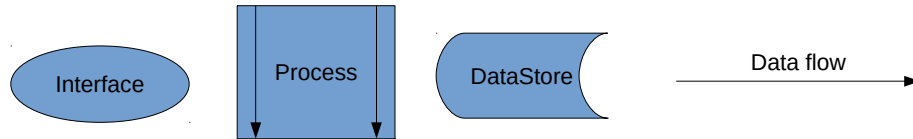


Figure 1.4: Flow Diagram Key.

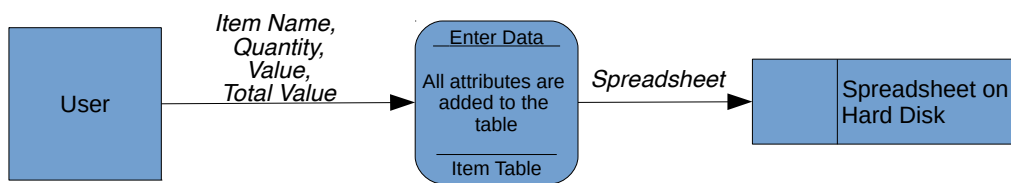


Figure 1.5: Entering a new item.

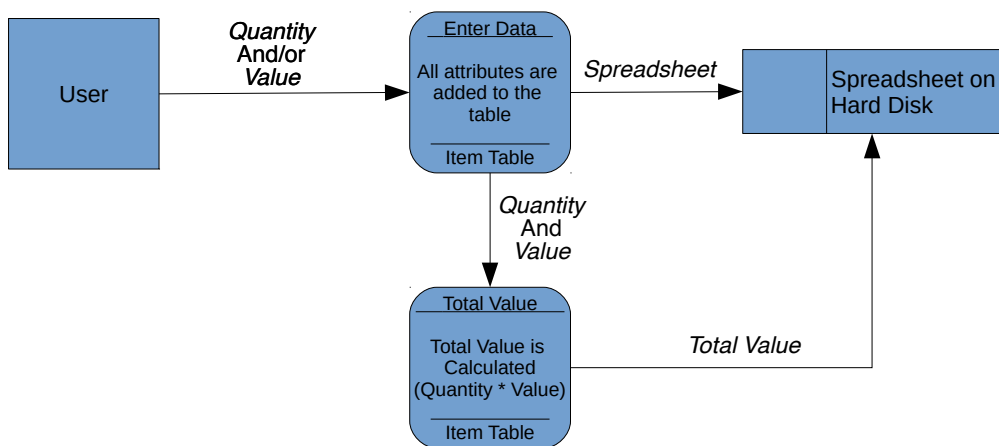


Figure 1.6: Updating an item that already exists in the table.

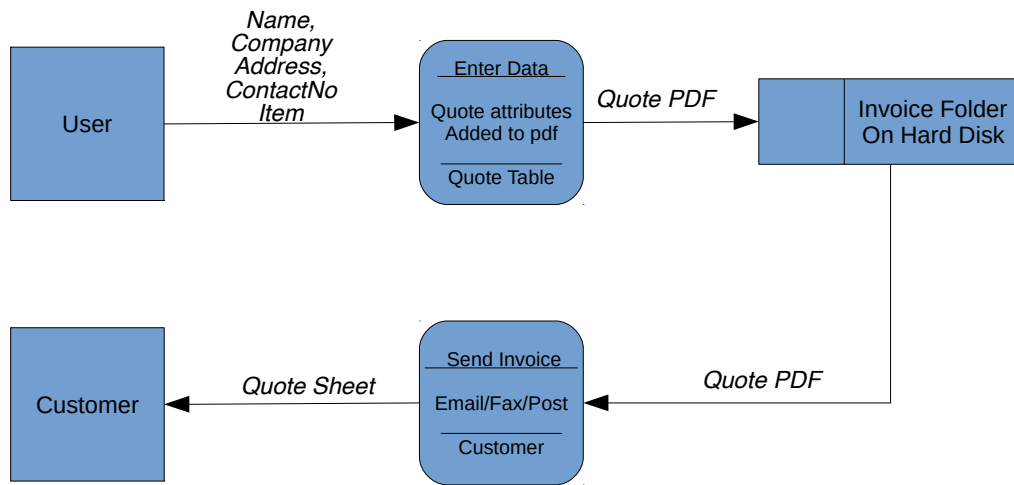


Figure 1.7: Creating and sending the initial quote for a loan.

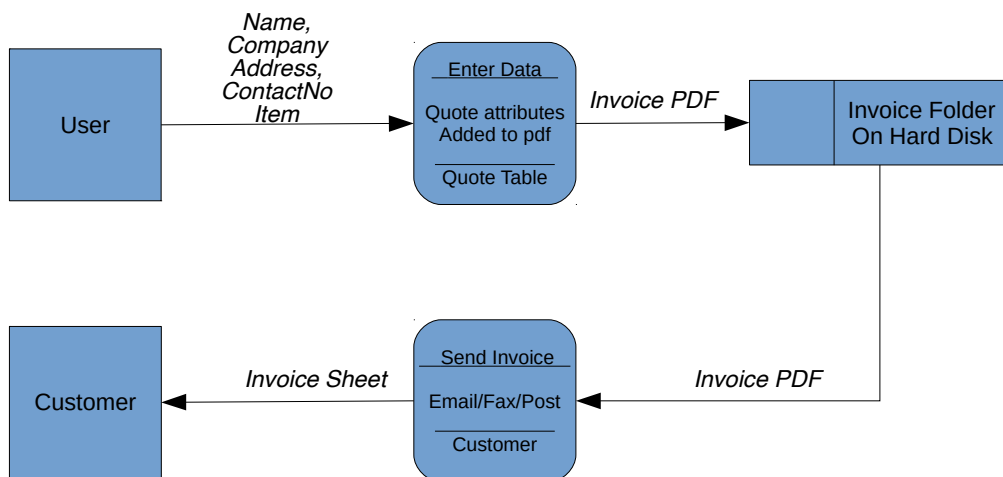


Figure 1.8: Creating and sending the final invoice for a loan.

## Input Forms, Output Forms, Report Formats

Josh has provided me with a screenshot of him entering some data into his current system. I have boxed out confidential information such as item values and their respective sub-total values:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1										
2		<b>INSURANCE LIST FOR CINEWORLD</b>								
3		<b>ITEM</b>	<b>TYPE</b>	<b>PRICE</b>	<b>QUANTITY</b>	<b>SUB-TOTAL</b>				
4										
5										
6		HDMI CABLE 10M	CABLING		1					
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13										
14										
15										
16										
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Figure 1.9: Josh Entering Item Name.

Here is an screen shot showing the calculation used to get the Sub-Total Value:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1										
2		<b>INSURANCE LIST FOR CINEWORLD</b>								
3		<b>ITEM</b>	<b>TYPE</b>	<b>PRICE</b>	<b>QUANTITY</b>	<b>SUB-TOTAL</b>				
4										
5										
6		HDMI CABLE 10M	CABLING			=D6*E6				
7										
8										
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Figure 1.10: Sub-Total Calculation.

## 1.1.6 The proposed system

### Data sources and destinations

The Following table shows the proposed data and their respective sources and destinations.



Source	Data	Data Type	Destination
Generated	<b>ItemTypeID</b>	Integer	Database - Item-Type Table
User	ItemType	Text	Database - Item-Type Table
-	-	-	-
Generated	<b>LocationID</b>	Integer	Database - Location Table
User	Location	Text	Database - Location Table
-	-	-	-
Generated	<b>ItemID</b>	Integer	Database - Item Records
Database - ItemType Table	<i>ItemTypeID</i>	Integer	Database - Item Table
Database - Location Table	<i>LocationID</i>	Integer	Database - Item Table
User	ItemName	Text	Database - Item Table
User	Value	Real	Database - Item Table
User	ItemQuantity	Integer	Database - Item Table
User	SubTotal	Real	Database - Item Table
User	OnLoan	Boolean	Database - Item Table

Source	Data	Data Type	Destination
Generated	<b>LoanListingID</b>	Integer	Database - LoanListing Table
Database - Item Table	<i>ItemID</i>	Integer	Database - LoanListing Table
User	LoanQuantity	Integer	Database - LoanListing Table
-	-	-	-
Generated	<b>CustomerLoanID</b>	Integer	Database - Loan Table
Database - Customer Table	<i>CustomerID</i>	Integer	Database - Loan Table
User	LoanRate	Real	Database - Loan Table
User	LoanLength(Days)	Integer	Database - Loan Table
Calculated	LoanCost	Real	Database - Loan Table
-	-	-	-
Generated	<b>CustomerID</b>	Integer	Database - Cus- tomer Table
User	Forename	Text	Database - Cus- tomer Table
User	Lastname	Text	Database - Cus- tomer Table
User	Company	Text	Database - Cus- tomer Table
User	Street	Text	Database - Cus- tomer Table
User	Town	Text	Database - Cus- tomer Table
User	County	Text	Database - Cus- tomer Table
User	PostCode	Text	Database - Cus- tomer Table
User	MobileNumber	Text	Database - Cus- tomer Table
User	LandLine	Text 17	Database - Cus- tomer Table
User	Email	Text	Database - Cus- tomer Table

Source	Data	Data Type	Destination
Generated	<b>ItemTestID</b>	Integer	Database - ItemTest Table
Database - PATtest Records	<i>PATtestID</i>	Integer	Database - ItemTest Table
User	ItemDescription	Text	Database - ItemTest Table
User	ItemClass	Integer	Database - ItemTest Table
User	FuseRating	Text	Database - ItemTest Table
User	TestUsed	Text	Database - ItemTest Table
User	ProtectiveCondTest	Integer	Database - ItemTest Table
User	InsulationTest	Text	Database - ItemTest Table
User	Leakage	Float	Database - ItemTest Table
User	TestResult	Boolean	Database - ItemTest Table
-	-	-	-
Generated	<b>PATtestID</b>	Integer	Database - PAT- test Table
User	TestDate	Date	Database - PAT- test Table

**Data flow diagram**

Figure 1.11: Flow Diagram Key.

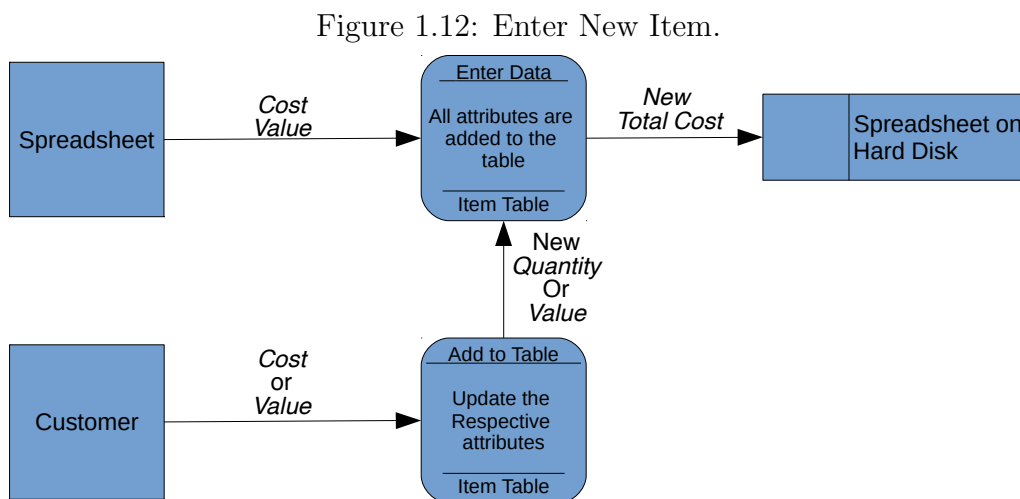


Figure 1.12: Enter New Item.

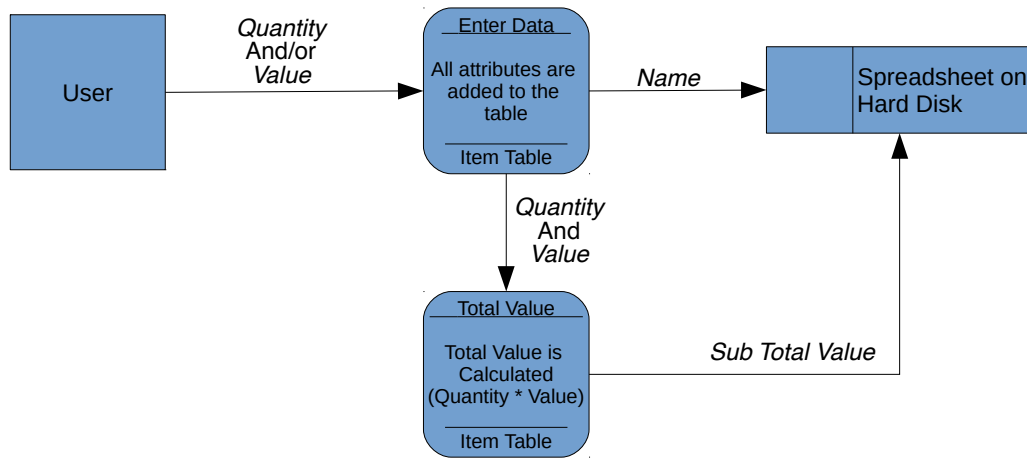


Figure 1.13: Enter New Item.

## Data dictionary

### Data dictionary

Name	Data Type	Length	Validation	Example Data	Comment
ItemTypeID	Integer	1-435	Range	253	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the ItemType class, and foreign key for the Item class
ItemType	Text	5-40 Characters	Length	Arkaos Server	This holds the description of each type of Item.
LocationID	Integer	1-3 Figures	Range	1,300	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the Location class and a <i>Foreign Key</i> for the Item class
Location	Text	1-30 Characters	Length	Main Offices	This holds the name of the locations

Name	Data Type	Length	Validation	Example Data	Comment
ItemID	Integer	1-435	Range	253	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the Item class, and foreign key for the Loan and PATtest classes
ItemName	Text	5-40 Characters	Length	Arkaos Server	This gives the name of each item entered
Value	Real	2-5 Figures	Range	1,300	This holds the data for the monetary value for each item
ItemQuantity	Integer	0-100	Range	35	This holds the data for the number of each item owned
SubTotal	Real	2-8 Figures	Range	250	This is calculated for each item by multiplying the value by the quantity
OnLoan	Boolean	True/False	Status Check	True	This holds the data of whether an item is on loan or not. Will be displayed as "Yes" or "No"

Name	Data Type	Length	Validation	Example Data	Comment
LoanListingID	Integer	1-435	Range	56	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the LoanListing class
ListingQuantity	Integer	1-35	Range	4	This holds the data for how many of an item has been loaned out
CustomerLoanID	Integer	1-435	Range	21	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the Loan class
LoanRate	Real	1-5 Figures	Range	75	Holds data for how much is charged per day for the loan of an item
LoanLength	Integer	1-3 Figures	Range	7	Holds the data for the length of the loan
LoanCost	Real	1-4 Integers	Range	250	Holds the data for the amount to charge before the loan



Name	Data Type	Length	Validation	Example Data	Comment
CustomerID	Integer	1-255	Range	52	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the Customer class
Forename	Text	3-20 Characters	Length	John	A field for the customers forename
Lastname	Text	3-20 Characters	Length	Smith	A field for the customers surname
Company	Text	3-20 Characters	Length	Digital Lighting Cambs	A field for the company's name
Street	Text	3-30 Characters	Length	129 Cedar Crescent	A field for the company's Street address
Town	Text	3-30 Characters	Length	Sawston	A field for the company's Town
County	Text	3-20 Characters	Length	Cambs	A field for the company's County
PostCode	Text	6-7 Characters	Format	CB22 7RX	A field for the company's Postcode
MobileNumber	Text	11 Characters	Format	07891234567	A field for the customers mobile number
LandLine	Text	11 Characters	Format	01234567890	A field for the customers landline phone
Email	Text	7 - 30 Characters	Length	john.smith@example.com	A field for the customers email address

Name	Data Type	Length	Validation	Example Data	Comment
ItemTestID	Integer	1-255	Range	52	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the ItemTest class
ItemDescription	Text	3-400 Characters	Length	Waltham portable TV	A field that describes the item to be tested
ItemClass	Integer	1 Character	Length	2	A field to show what class of electrical equipment the item is
FuseRating	Text	1-3 Characters	Length	5A	A field which displays the fuse rating
TestUsed	Text	1-10 Characters	Length	II	A field to show what test was used on the item
ProtectiveCondTest	Float	4 Characters	Length	-	A field displaying the resistance of an item, in Ohms, to a 200mA current
InsulationTest	Text	3 Characters	Length	20	A field displaying the Insulation of an item, in Ohms, to a 250V or 500V Potential Difference
Leakage	Float	4 Characters	Format	0.03	A field that shows the current not obtained by the item, in milliamperes
TestResult	Boolean	-	Presence Check	True	A field to show if an item Passed or not

Name	Data Type	Length	Validation	Example Data	Comment
PATtestID	Integer	1-255	Range	52	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the PATtest class
TestDate	Date	10 Characters	Format	01/12/2014	A field that displays the date of the PAT test

## Volumetrics

I have chosen to start off with only 20 Item Records along with 20 Loan Records and 20 PAT Test Records. In total there will be 60 Records. I have chosen this number of records as my Client and I had previously agreed that this would be a suitable number of records to start with in order for him to get used to the system and train up other colleagues to know how to use it also. This can be increased as time goes by.

The Item Records Database, Loan Records Database and the PAT Test Records Database will store 18 fields of combined data. Each field should take up 1KB of hard disk space. With this the required initial storage space will be:

$$18\text{KB} * 60 = 1080\text{KB}$$

$$1080\text{KB} / 1024 = 1.05\text{MB}$$

If the rest of database management system took up 28MB, the client would need 19.05MB of space for 60 records, with 18 fields of data

## 1.2 Objectives

### 1.2.1 General Objectives

- Easily understandable layout and structure for records.
- Data is easy to enter and edit
- Viewing of records is structured and well presented

### 1.2.2 Specific Objectives

Record viewing:

- Clear labels for data attributes.
- Next and Previous record buttons.
- Edit button so data cannot be changed accidentally.
- Submit button to save data changes (if any) to the current record.

- First and Last record buttons to jump to respective record.

Data input:

- Data fields become editable
- Drop down selection for location selection
- Changes saved immediately after editing has finished (i.e. submit button pressed)

Data output:

- Print button and functionality
- Export records to PDF
- Print/Export a batch of records to PDF
- Email notifications when new item is entered into database or an item is updated, the details and who entered/updated.

### **1.2.3 Core Objectives**

- Viewing of Item/Loan/PAT-test Records
- Item/Loan/PAT-test data input
- Item/Loan/PAT-test data editing
- Sending of Loan Invoices

### **1.2.4 Other Objectives**

- Generating and exporting of quote sheets to PDF
- Generating and exporting of invoices to PDF
- Printing and Exporting records to PDF
- Enable Full screen application on OS X

## 1.3 ER Diagrams and Descriptions

### 1.3.1 ER Diagram

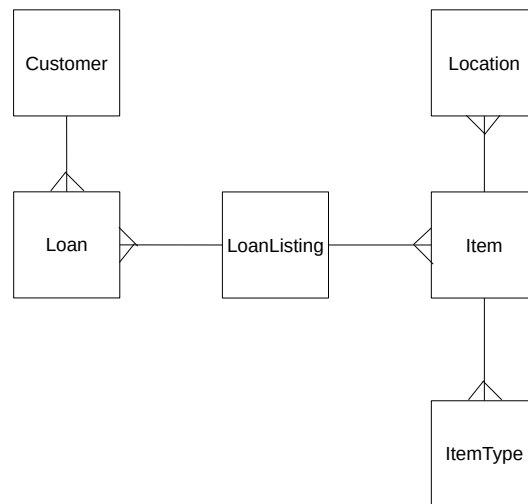


Figure 1.14: Loan Item ER Diagrams.

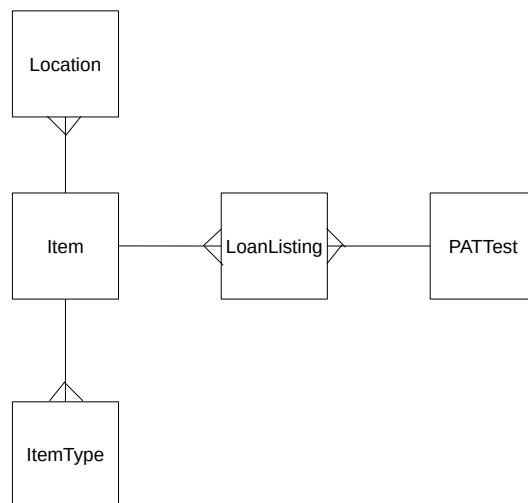


Figure 1.15: PAT Test ER Diagrams.

### 1.3.2 Entity Descriptions

**ItemType**(ItemTypeID, ItemType)

**Location**(LocationID, Location)

**Item**(ItemID, *ItemTypeID*, *LocationID*, Name, Location, Value, ItemQuantity, SubTotal, OnLoan,)

**LoanListing**(LoanListingID, *ItemID*, ListingQuantity)

**Loan**(LoanID, *CustomerID*, LoanRate, LoanLength, LoanCost)

**Customer**(CustomerID, Forename, Lastname, Company, Street, Town, County, PostCode, MobileNumber, LandLine, Email)

**PATtest**(PATtestID, TestDate)

**ItemTest**(ItemTestID, *PATTestID*, ItemDescription, ItemClass, FuseRating, TestUsed, ProtectiveCondTest, InsulationTest, Leakage, TestResult)

## 1.4 Object Analysis

### 1.4.1 Object Listing

- Client
- Item
- Location

### 1.4.2 Relationship diagrams

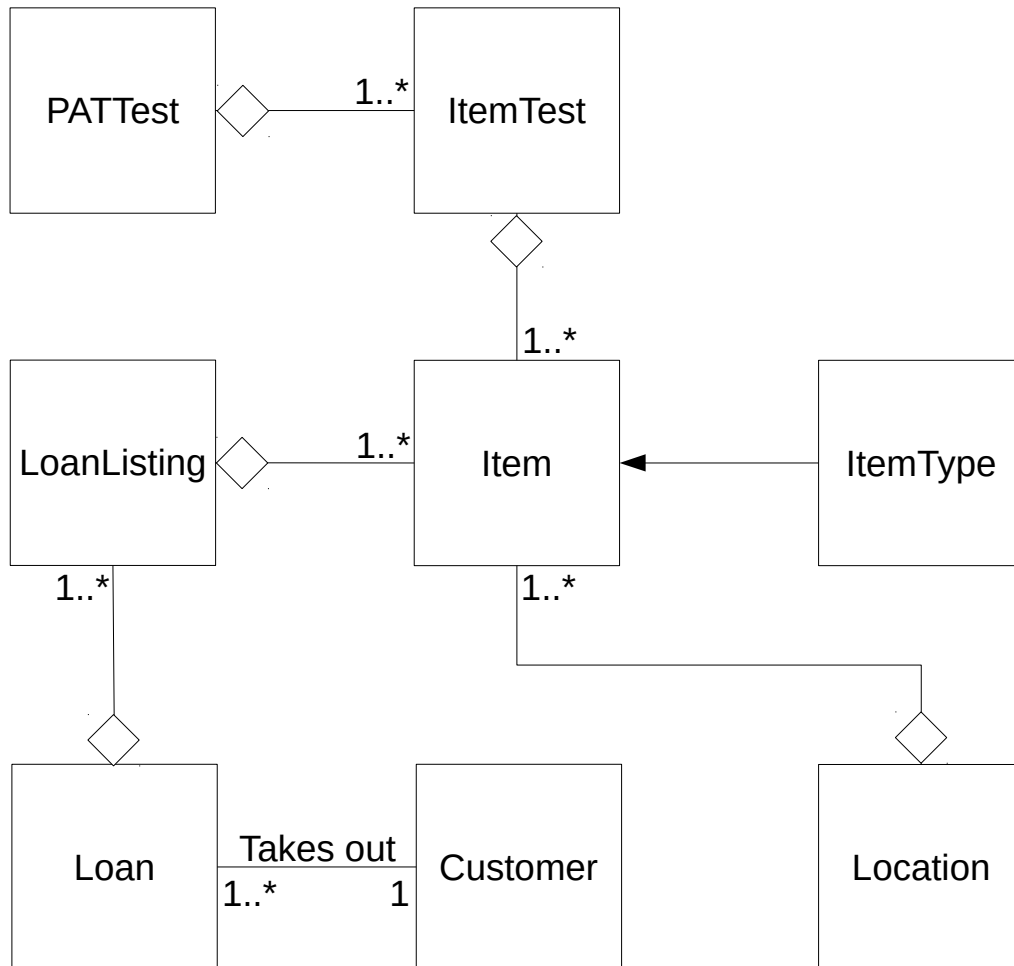


Figure 1.16: Relationship Diagram.



1.4.3 Class definitions

Label
Attribute
Method

Figure 1.17: Class Diagram Key.

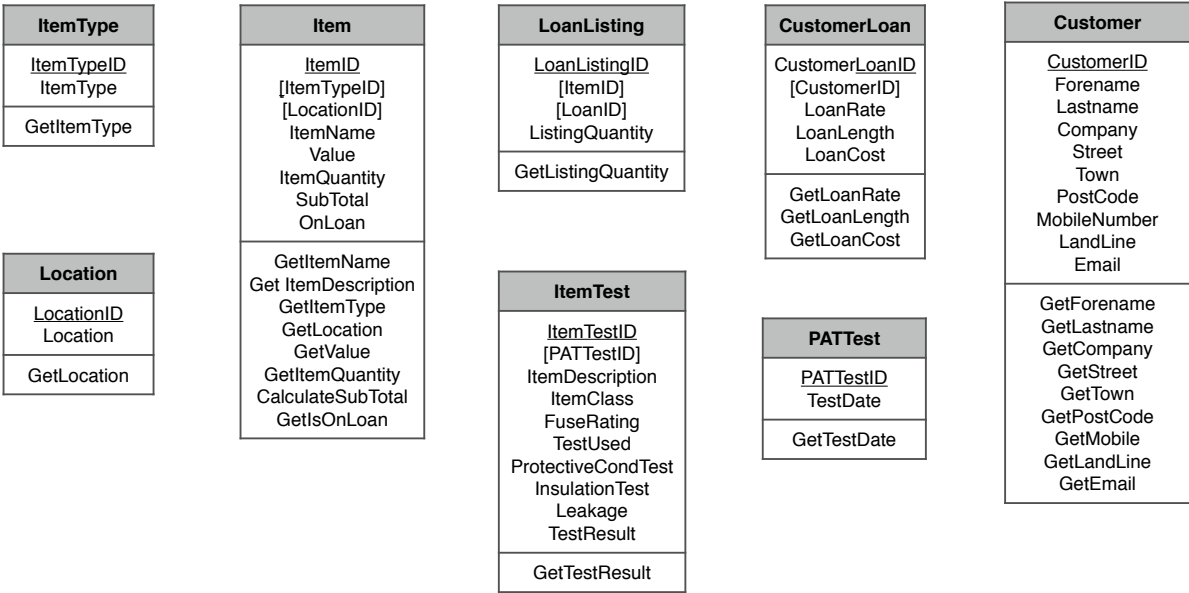


Figure 1.18: Class Diagrams.

## 1.5 Other Abstractions and Graphs

## 1.6 Constraints

### 1.6.1 Hardware

Presently, Josh uses a custom built, 2008 MacPro Desktop Computer. This is primarily used as a file server for images, audio and video files as well as a backup for his current work desktop. My system will need to be compatible with this system.

Computer Specifications:

- 2x 2.8 GHz Quad-Core Intel®Xeon™Processor
- ATI Radeon HD 2600 XT 256MB Graphics Card
- 661-4449 Apple Mac Pro A1186 Motherboard
- 16.00GB DDR3 RAM
- 1TB SATA Disk-Drive
- 6TB RAID Storage
- Apple SuperDrive
- 15" LG E1942 LCD Display. 1280 x 720 pixels

The proposed system should have little to no impact on this machine as the processing power and memory that can be dissipated by the computer, greatly exceeds the requirements for the proposed system.

One other constraint of the computer to be used is that it is a desktop computer. This means that the system is only accessible where Josh chooses to have the computer based in his place of work, as the computer is not portable. In addition to this, the computer requires a constant supply of power in order to operate as there is not internal battery.

One other constraint of the computer to be used is that it is a desktop computer. This means that the system is only accessible where Josh chooses to have the computer based in his place of work, as the computer is not

portable. In addition to this, the computer requires a constant supply of power in order to operate as there is not internal battery.

### **1.6.2 Software**

Josh has told me that he is able to adapt to the software that is required to run the system. The current operating system in place is Apples OSX 10.8 (Mountain Lion). Josh wishes to update the software sometime in the near future to OSX 10.9 (Mavericks) and possibly update to OSX 10.10 (Yosemite). This could prove to be constraint because OSX 10.10 (Yosemite) isn't yet fully supported by some applications.

### **1.6.3 Time**

Josh has said that there is no deadline requirement for the proposed system to be in place and doesn't need it until I have finished implementing it. The only deadline I need to meet is the project deadline set by my Computing course leader. This is Friday 13<sup>th</sup> February 2014.

### **1.6.4 User Knowledge**

Josh posses a qualification in A level Media studies as well as 2 years use of computers during his degree. He has substantial understanding of how to use computers as his job requires he uses one most of the time. Josh also has required knowledge of how to use many varieties of applications. He uses Adobe Creative Suite for most of his job as he designs various forms of media. He also has knowledge of Apple's Final Cut Pro application as well as many others.

When designing and implementing the proposed system, Josh's experience with computers will have to be considered. Josh tends to use the internet browser Google Chrome for all his web-browsing and research as well as a third party mail application called. By designing the system similarly to these applications, it should make it easier to understand how the system works and get used to using it a lot faster than it would if the system had a

primitive design.

There will also be a full manual included to aid Josh with learning and understanding the familiar interface, the functionality of the new system and how to use certain features.

### **1.6.5 Access restrictions**

The proposed system is primarily to be accessed by Josh himself. However, he can see it being an advantage if other people had access to the system.

For this reason, we have agreed that having the database password protected is the best way for Josh to control who can access the data. He will be able to distribute the passwords to other colleagues who he feels should have access to the database management system. This reduces the risk of records being changed or deleted by people who shouldn't need to use the system.

## **1.7 Limitations**

### **1.7.1 Areas which will not be included in computerisation**

Initial buying of new items will not be included in the computerisation as this is still done either in person or over the world wide web. Similarly, initial sales of items will not be included in the computerisation, it will only be once the item has been bought/sold that the data will be updated to coincide with the quantity changes and/or addition to or deduction of equipment.

### **1.7.2 Areas considered for future computerisation**

When a customer loans out equipment, Josh sends out an initial quote, either as an email format or on paper. This could be included in the system by selecting the items the customer wants to high out, and draft a quote form for Josh. Similarly, Josh sends out an emailed invoice to the client, he does this manually by hand. It would be advantageous to include this into the system, by generating an invoice based on the attributes in Loan Records

and export it as a PDF for email or printing. These could be implemented in addition to the current database design at the end, if I have enough time to learn and understand how to enter this functionality it into the system

## 1.8 Solutions

### 1.8.1 Alternative solutions

Alternative solution	Advantages	Disadvantages
Custom made database	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• No need to install additional software, only a simple database management system such as "Microsoft Access" or "Filemaker".</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Database management systems often cost a substantial amount of money for a license.</li></ul>
Web based application	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Easily accessible by other users. Doesn't rely on one machine.</li><li>• Can have 'Cloud based' storage of files.</li><li>• More than one user can be logged on at a time.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Website or server hosting can be expensive.</li><li>• More advanced security methods will be required due to the system being constantly online and therefore vulnerable to attack.</li><li>• Better networking knowledge required to compensate for the security implications and risks.</li></ul>

Alternative solution	Advantages	Disadvantages
Terminal or Command based application	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• More power efficient as it isn't graphics heavy, much easier to design as the interface is just text.</li><li>• Fast efficient operation provided the client has knowledge of terminal and shell commands.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Careful error handling needed as the user could enter any known/valid command.</li><li>• Training is required so that the client knows what commands to use when.</li><li>• There are often commands that the client don't know about that could potentially corrupt his computer.</li></ul>
Python desktop application with a GUI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Designed and layout can be client specific.</li><li>• Minimal error with radio buttons and other widgets.</li><li>• Easy to understand layout as data can be formatted to fit the clients requirements.</li><li>• Easy to visualise what is happening with graphs and tables.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• More time needed to build the interface and sql database compared to a command based application.</li><li>• More resources needed from the computer for graphical visualisation and database storage</li><li>• Programming the graphical interface could prove a difficult task.</li></ul>

### 1.8.2 Justification of chosen solution

I have chosen to use the *'Python Desktop Application with a GUI'* solution.

These are my reasons:

- The application takes up no physical space apart from the computer it is installed on.
- I already have the required language knowledge needed to program a

database and a GUI in Python

- Using a custom made desktop application is faster for Josh to manage his inventory than the current spreadsheet based system.
- Backup can be made and data can be restored easily in the event of corruption or unresolvable data loss

# Chapter 2

## Design

### 2.1 Overall System Design

#### 2.1.1 Short description of the main parts of the system

- Media Inventory Database
  - General Interface
  - Adding Records
  - Displaying Records
  - Searching Records
  - Editing Records
  - Deleting Records

##### General Interface

- The user will be presented with a box whereby he/she will enter a password. This password will be the same for all users who have access to the system.
- Once logged in, the user will be confronted with an interface consisting of a series of menu options. These options will be "Add Record", "Display Records", "Search Records", "Edit Record", "Delete Record" and "Change Password".



- When the "Change Password" button has been clicked, the user will be taking to a box where they will be required to enter the previous password, then enter a new password twice.
- Clicking on the "Add Record" button will take the user to an interface where they will be required to select the type of record they wish to enter.
  - Clicking the "Add Loan" button will present an interface to the user where they will have a choice of selecting an existing customer specific loan or creating a new customer specific loan.
  - Selecting the "Add PAT Test" button will present the user with an interface to choose a PAT test date or to create a new PAT test date.
- Clicking on the "Display Records" button will send the user to an interface where they will have to select the table from which table they wish to see the records.
- Clicking on the "Edit Records" button will send the user to an interface where they will have to select the table from which they want to edit a record.
- Clicking on the "Delete Records" button will send the user to an interface where they will have to select the table from which they wish to delete a record.

#### Adding Information

- The system will present the user with a drop down menu from which the user will have to choose an option for which to enter information. After selecting the option, the user will then be presented with a group of data to add to the new record. If any of these options require the user to enter data relating to another table within the database, they will be presented with a drop down menu and will be required to select an option before they record can be created.
- Once all the required data fields have been complete, the system will add a unique identifier to the record of information and save in to the database

### Displaying Records

- The system will present the user with an interface with a drop down menu, where they will have to select the database table from which they want to view the data.
- Once the table has been selected, the user will then be presented with a view table that will display all the records within that database table. They can then choose to sort this information into ascending or descending order by selecting any row for which to sort it by.

### Editing Records

- The system will bring up a user interface that will present a drop down menu where the user will have to select a database table from which they wish to edit a record.
- Once a table has been selected, the user will then be confronted with a user interface which will display all the records within that table and then prompt the user to select the record they would like to edit, by enter the unique identifier of this record.
- When the record has been selected, the user will be presented with an interface similar to the one where the user enters a new record, but the fields already contain the information. The user will then have to update which field of information to update.
- Once data has been updated and a "Done" button has been clicked, the user will then be asked to confirm the updates.
- When the updates have been confirmed, the system replace the old record with the new updated record.

### Deleting Records

- The system will present the user with an interface containing a drop down menu where they will have to select a database table from which they wish to delete a record.
- After the database table has been selected, the user will be presented with a view table showing all the records within the database table. Underneath the view table will be a prompt, asking the user for the unique identifier of the record they wish to delete.

- When the user has selected the record they wish to delete, they will have to confirm this by entering the system password.
- The system will then remove the record from the database permanently.

### 2.1.2 System flowcharts showing an overview of the complete system

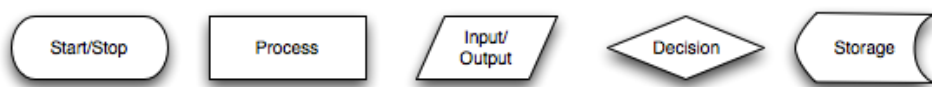


Figure 2.1: Main System Flowchart.

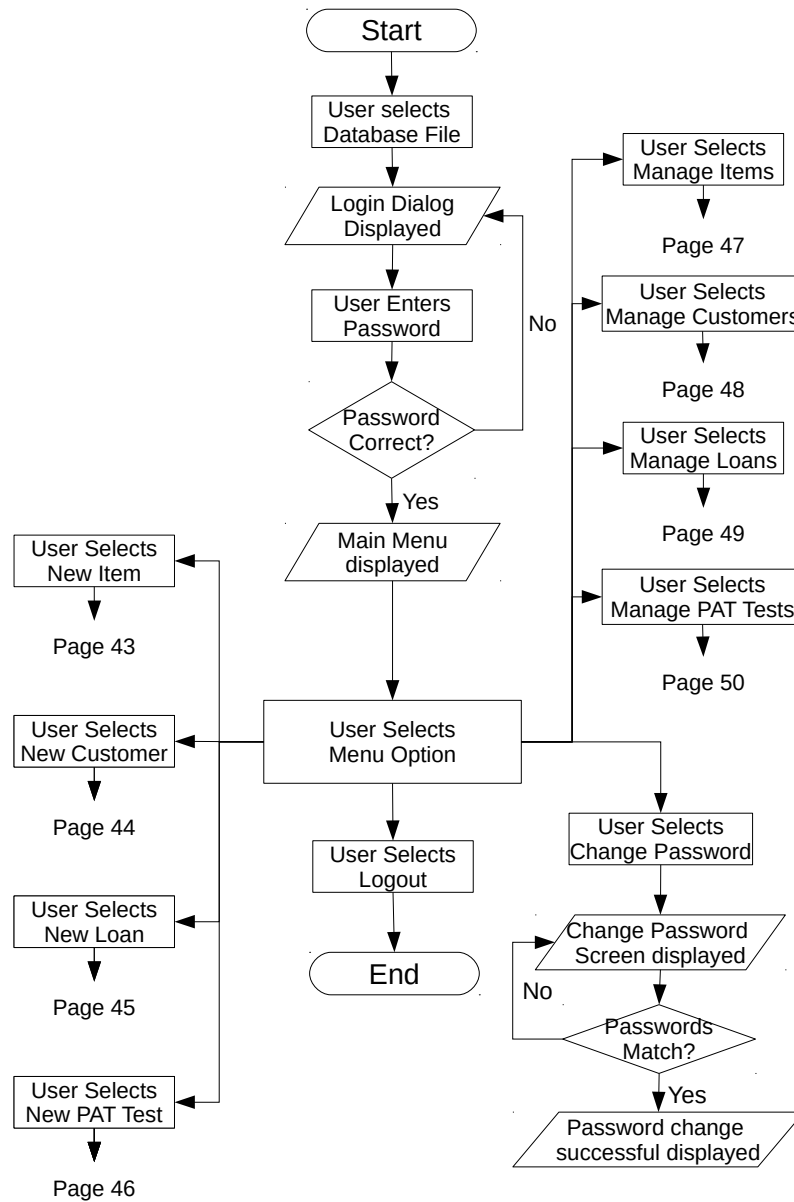


Figure 2.2: Main System Flowchart.

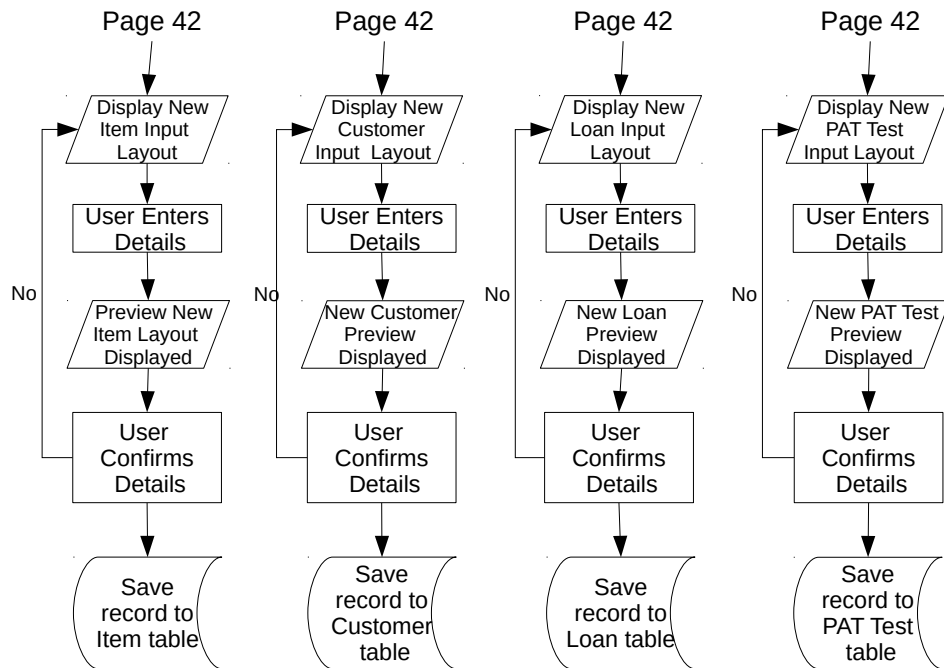


Figure 2.3: Add Records Flowchart.

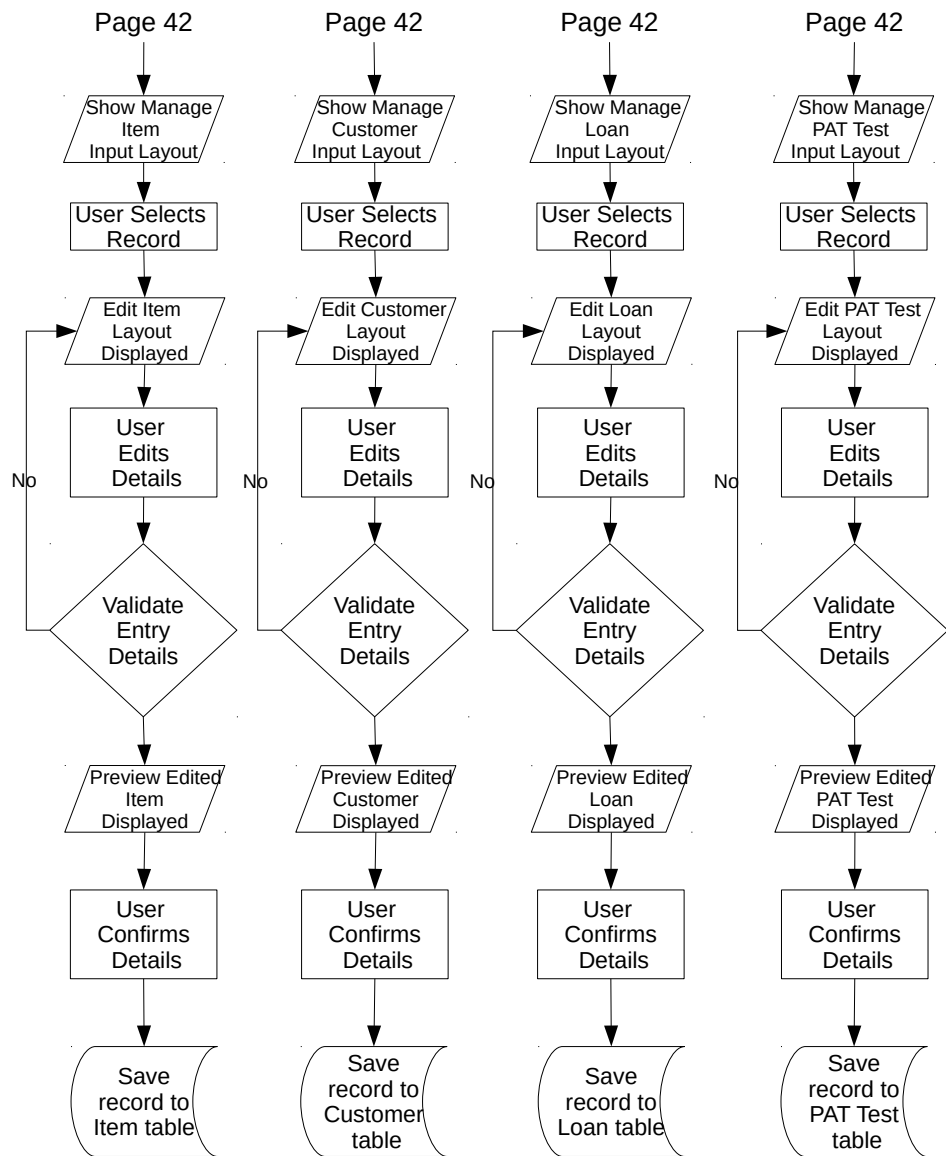


Figure 2.4: Display Records Flowchart.

## 2.2 User Interface Designs

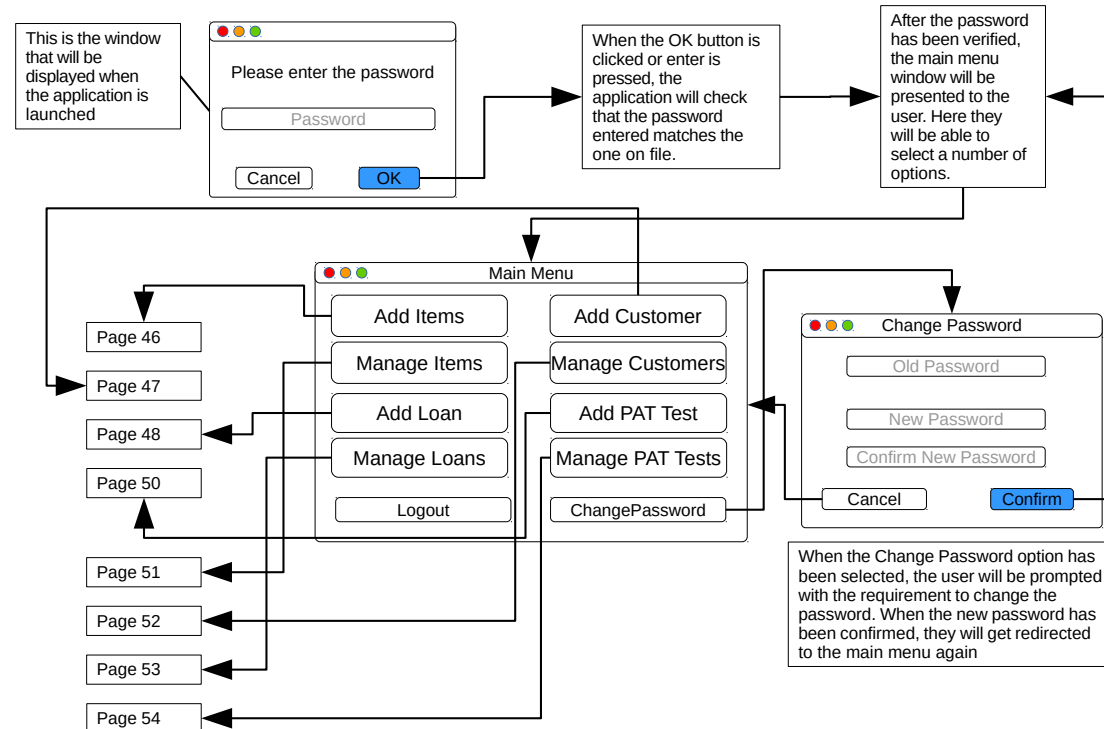


Figure 2.5: Login and Main Menu windows.

Clicking the "Logout" button will return you to the login screen.

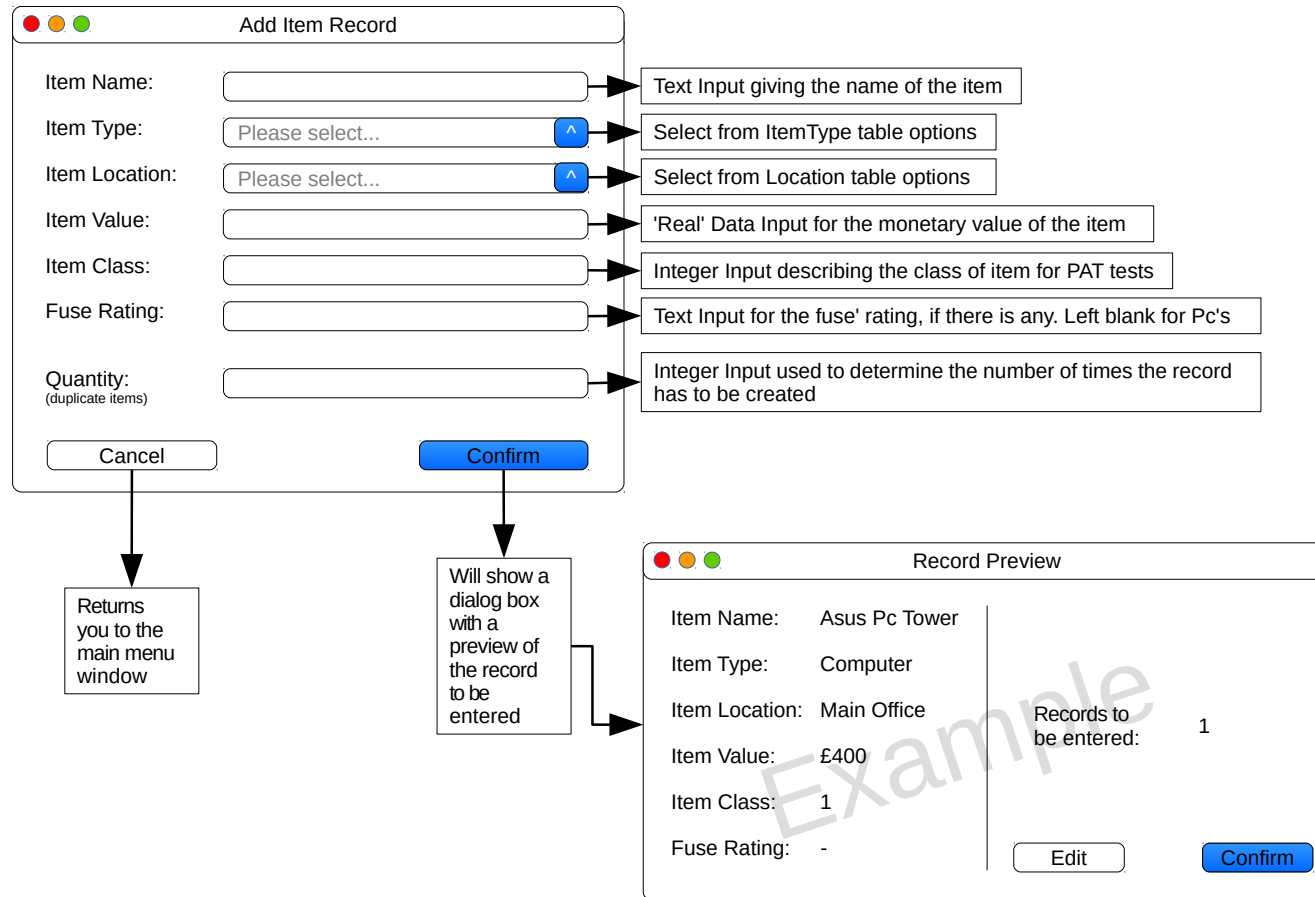


Figure 2.6: Login and Main Menu windows.



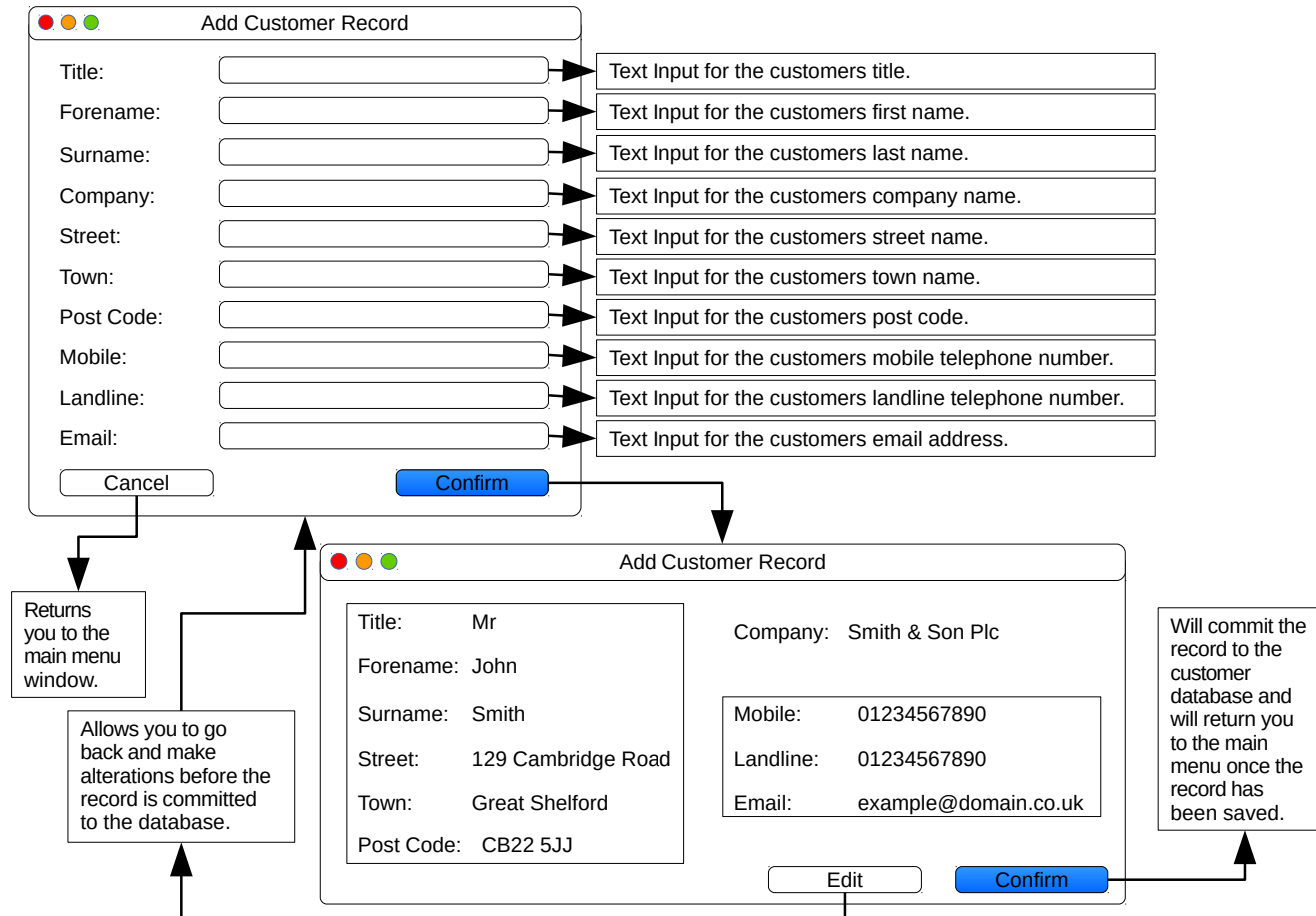


Figure 2.7: Login and Main Menu windows.

49

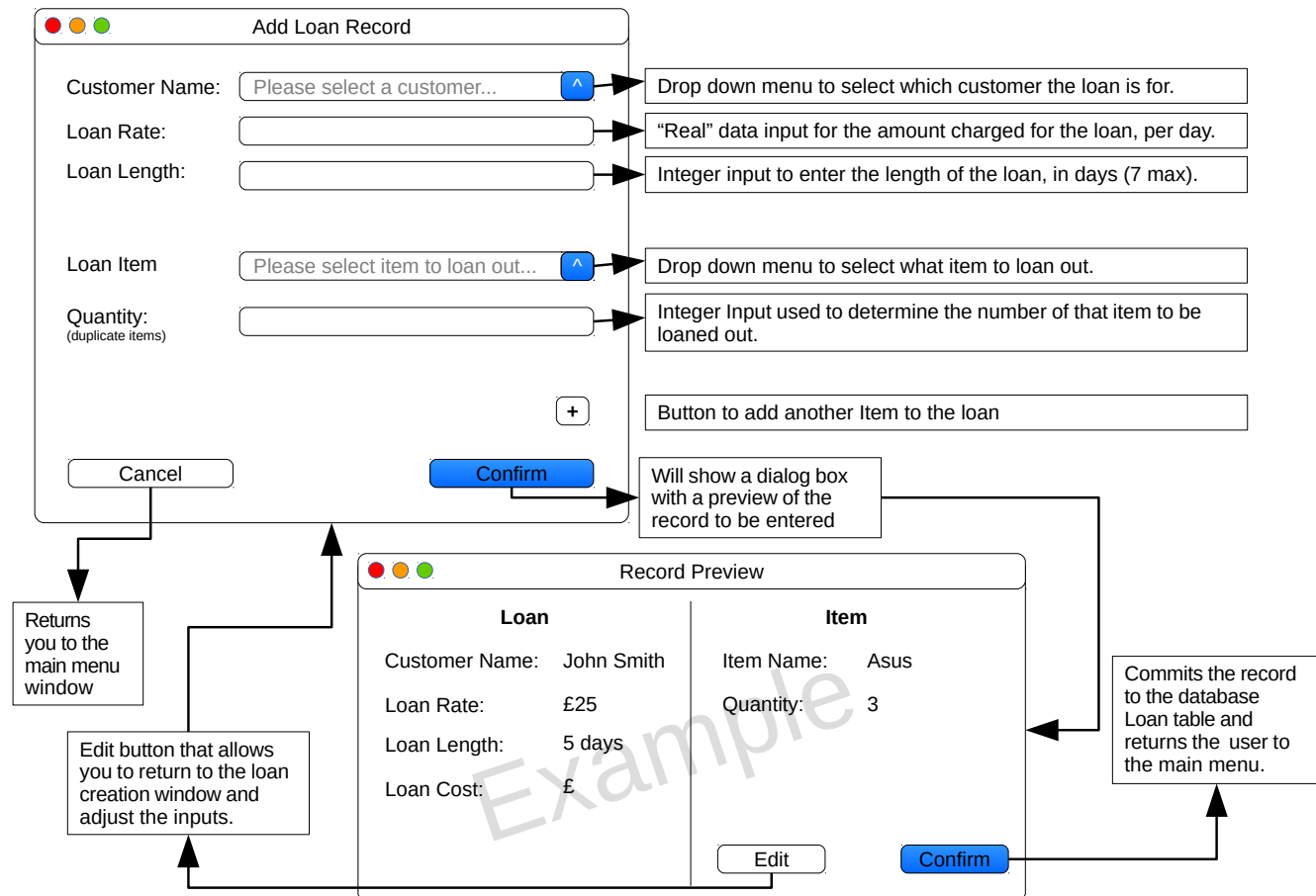


Figure 2.8: Login and Main Menu windows.

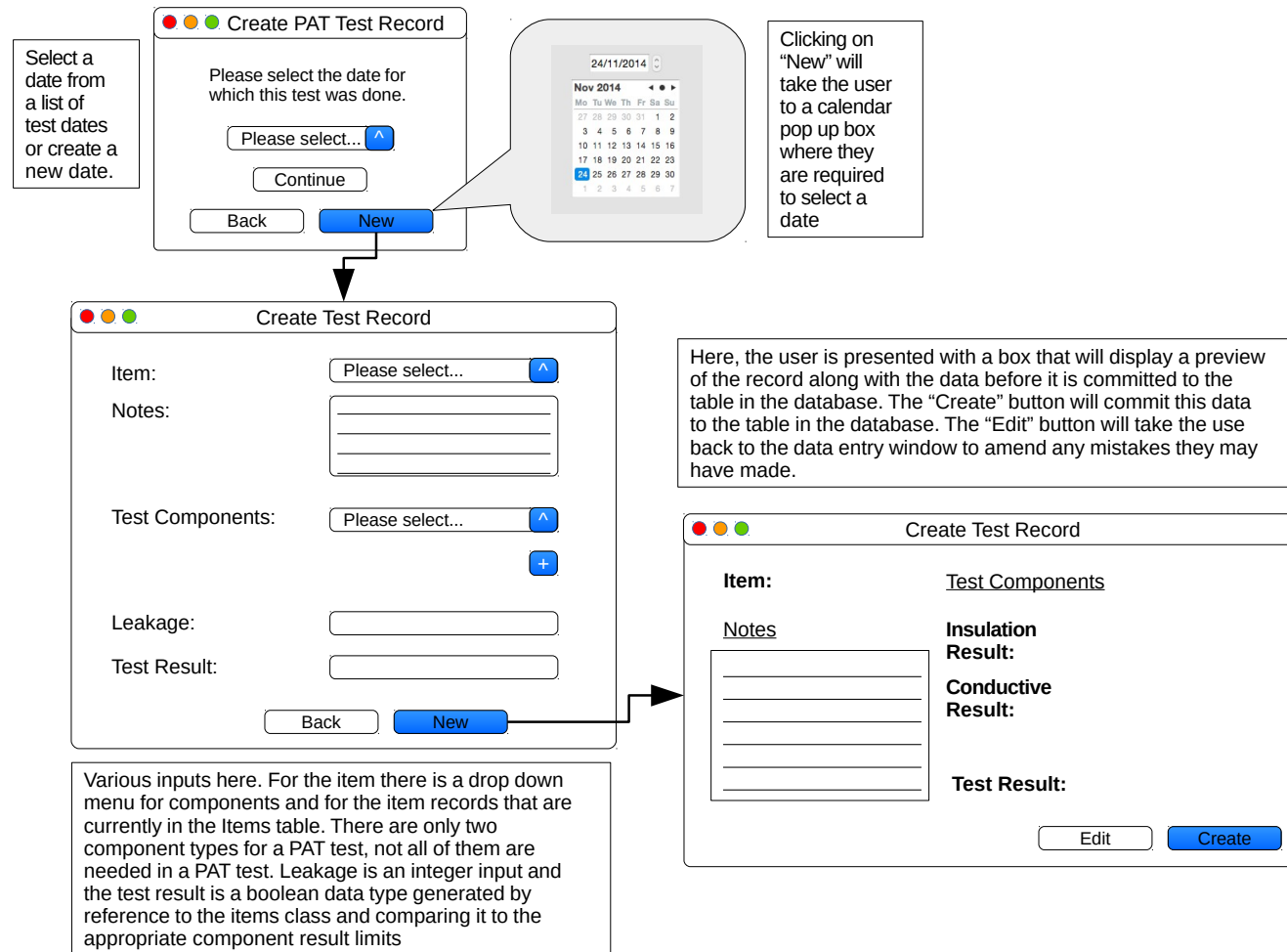


Figure 2.9: Login and Main Menu windows.

## 2.3 Hardware Specification

The hardware I am going to use are for a custom built Early 2008 Mac Pro. The specifications are as follows:

- 2x 2.8 GHz Quad-Core Intel®Xeon™Processor
- ATI Radeon HD 2600 XT 256MB Graphics Card
- 661-4449 Apple Mac Pro A1186 Motherboard
- 16.00GB DDR3 RAM
- 1TB SATA Disk-Drive
- 6TB RAID Storage
- Apple SuperDrive

I have chosen to build my system for this specification as this is the computer my client is going to run the application on, it is also a low cost choice of system spec to run on as the hardware has already been bought and is therefore ready and available to use.

## 2.4 Program Structure

### 2.4.1 Top-down design structure charts

52

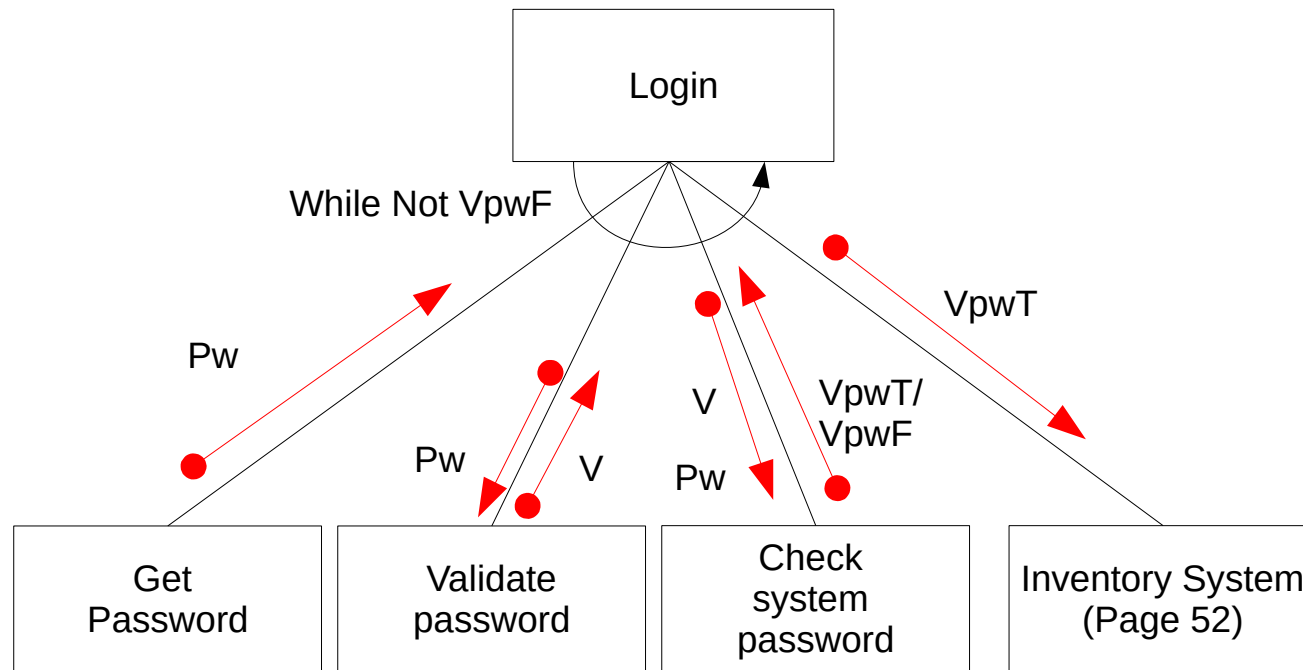


Figure 2.10: Object Diagram.

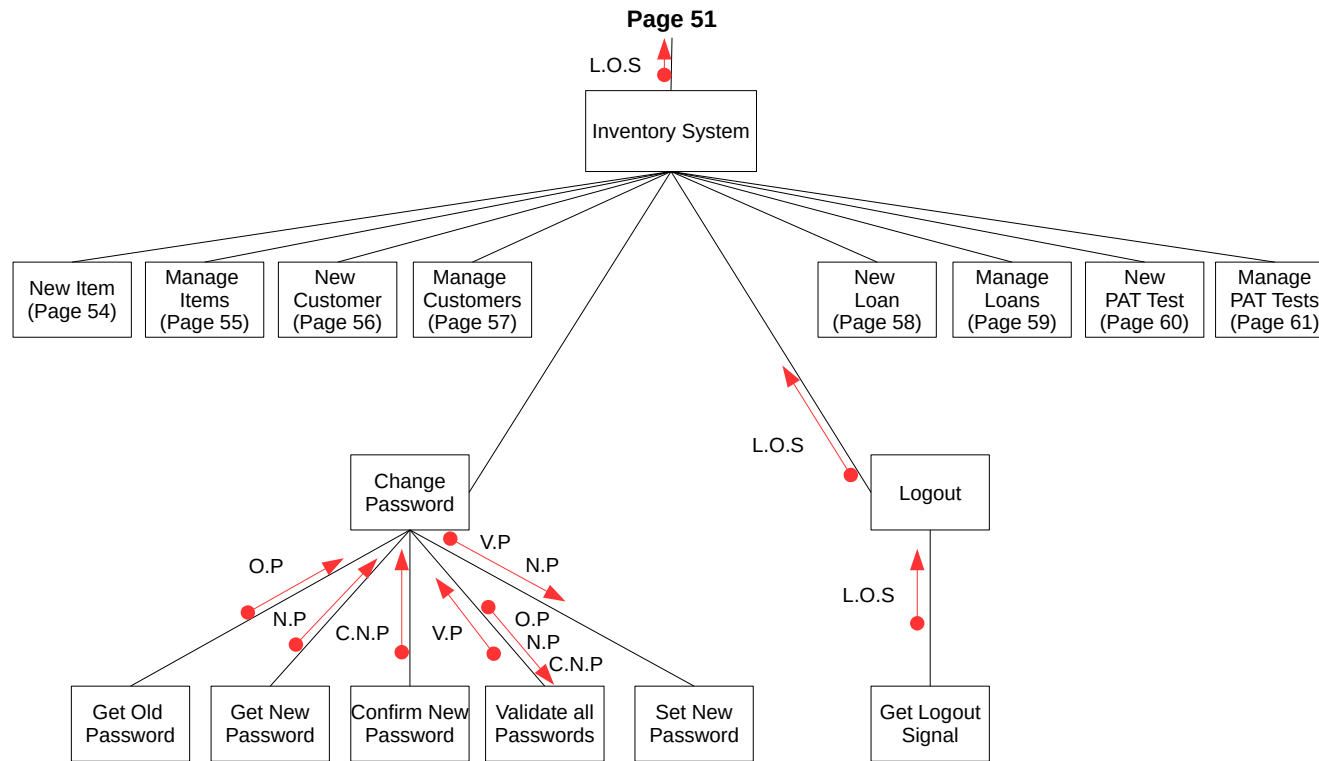


Figure 2.11: Object Diagram.

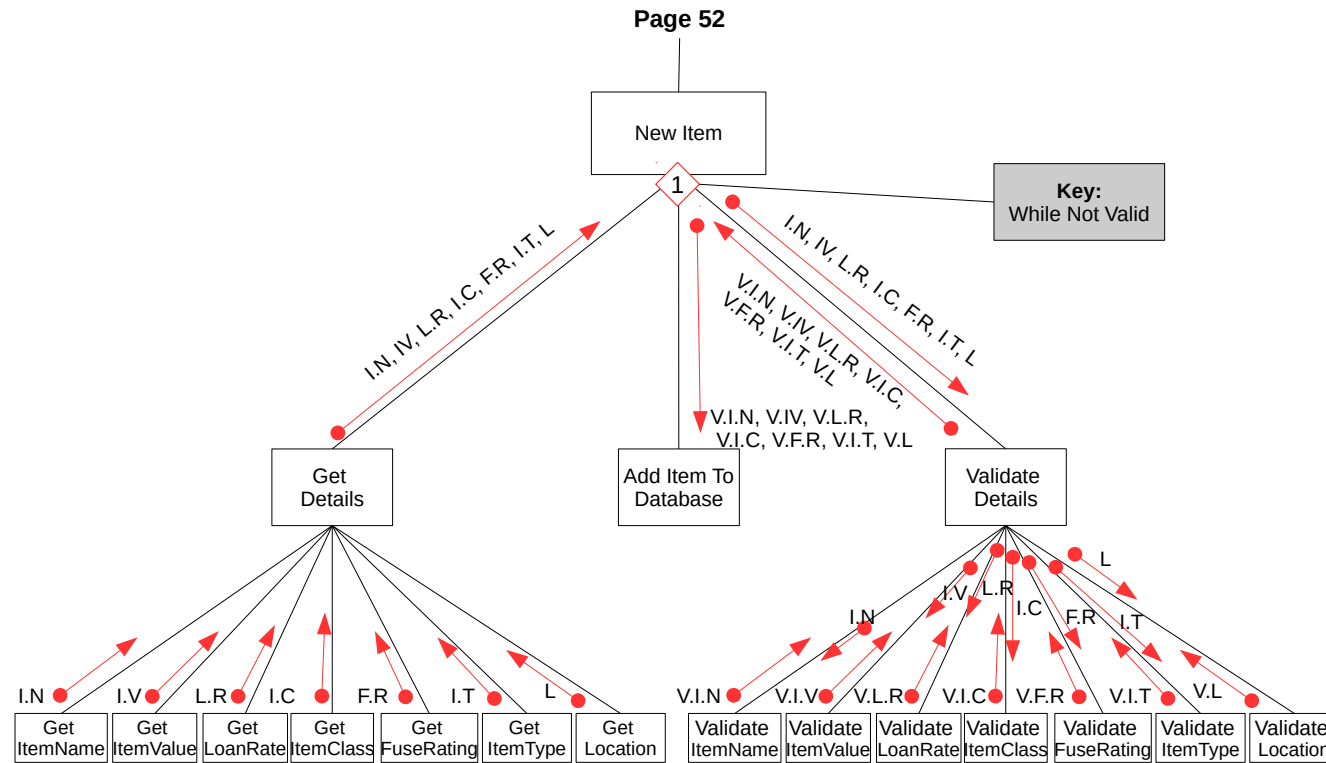


Figure 2.12: Object Diagram.

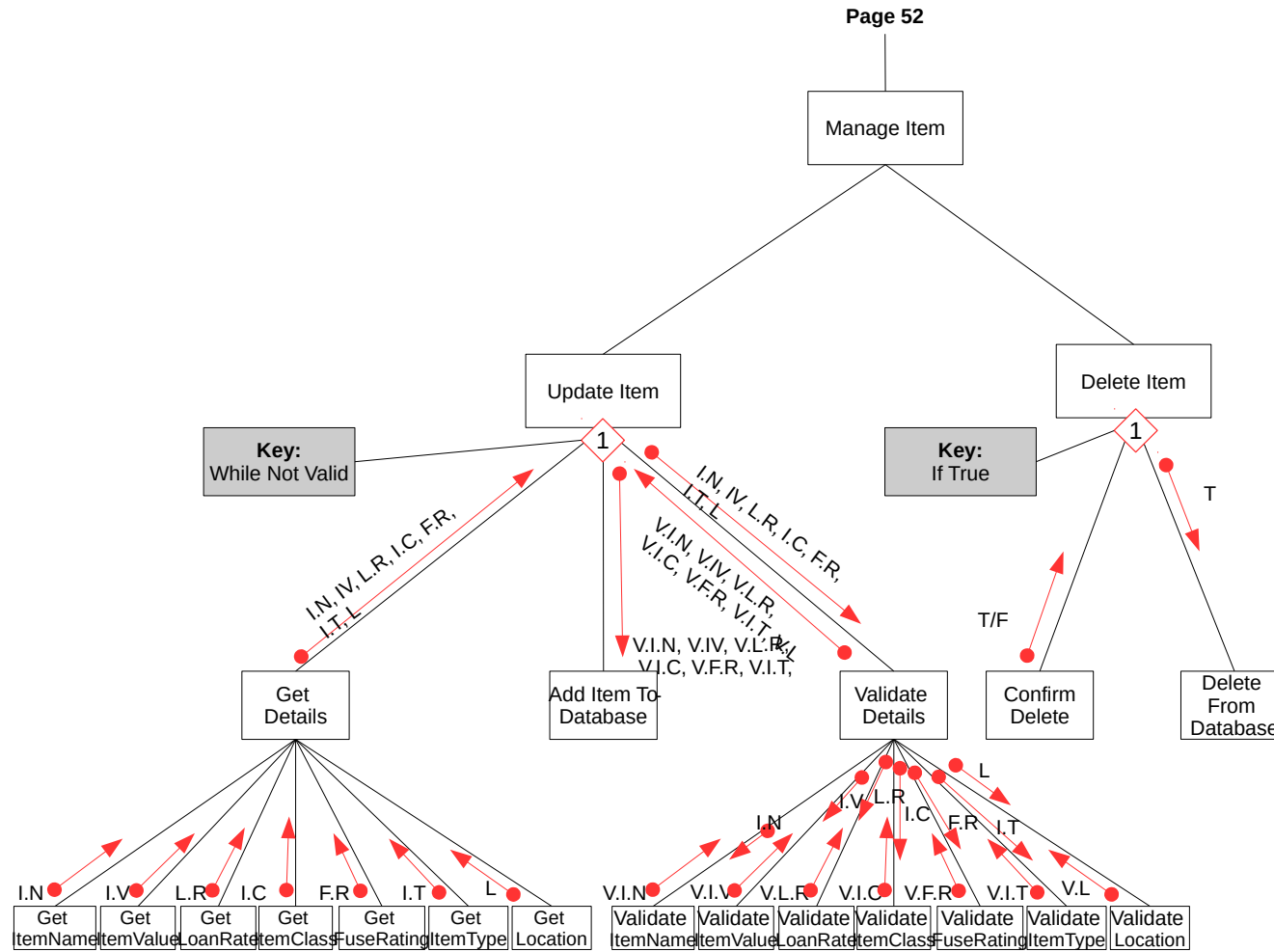


Figure 2.13: Object Diagram.



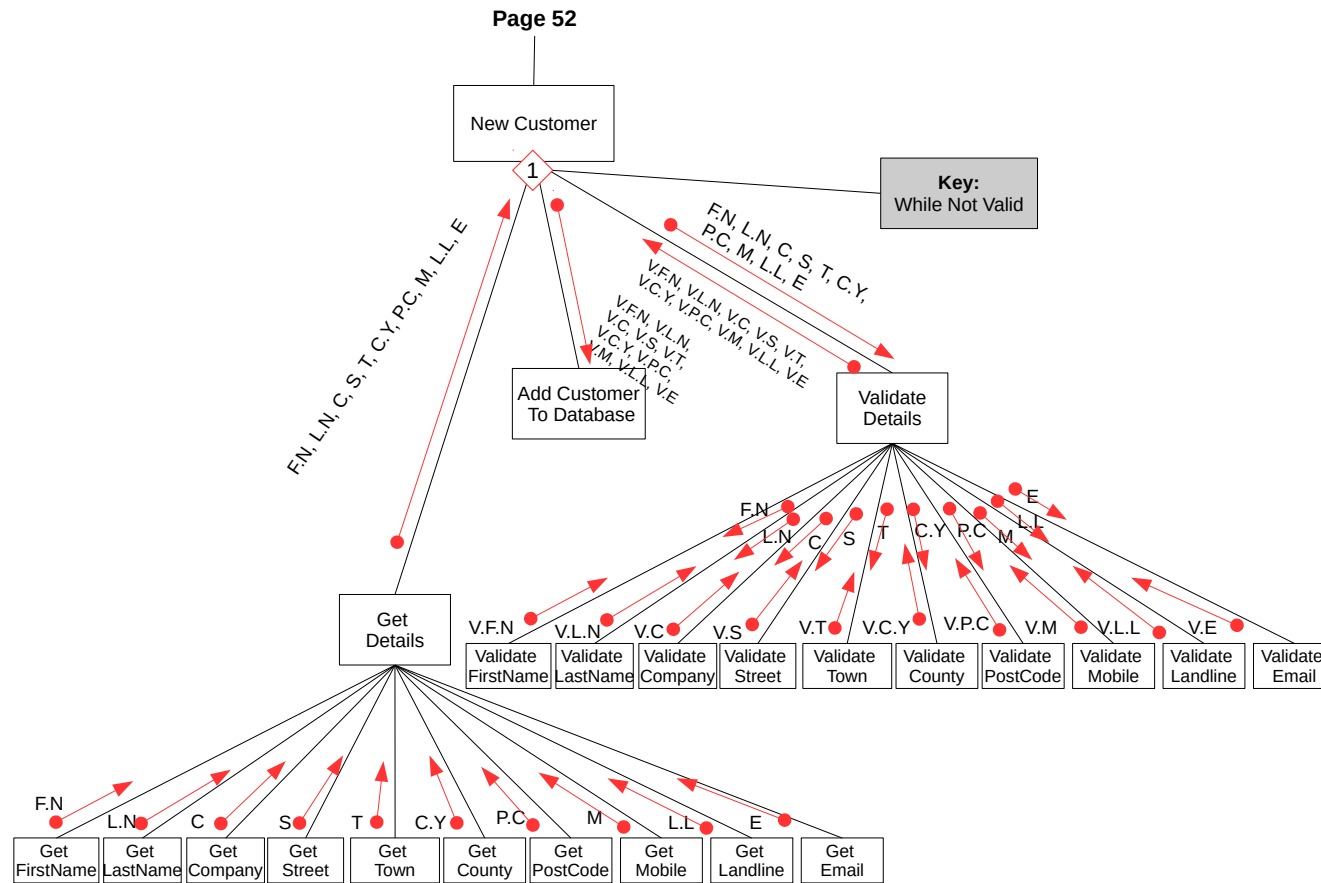


Figure 2.14: Object Diagram.

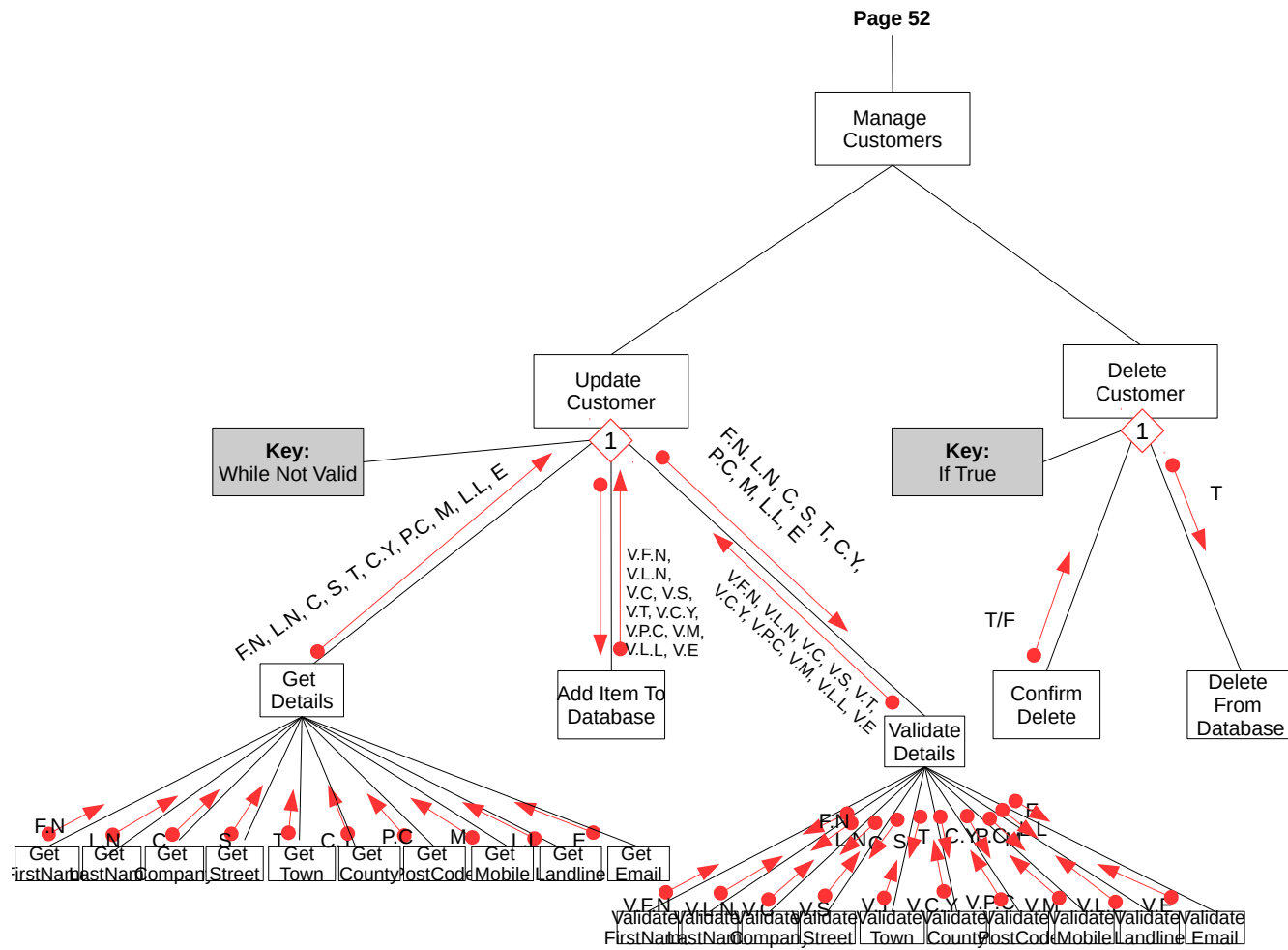


Figure 2.15: Object Diagram.

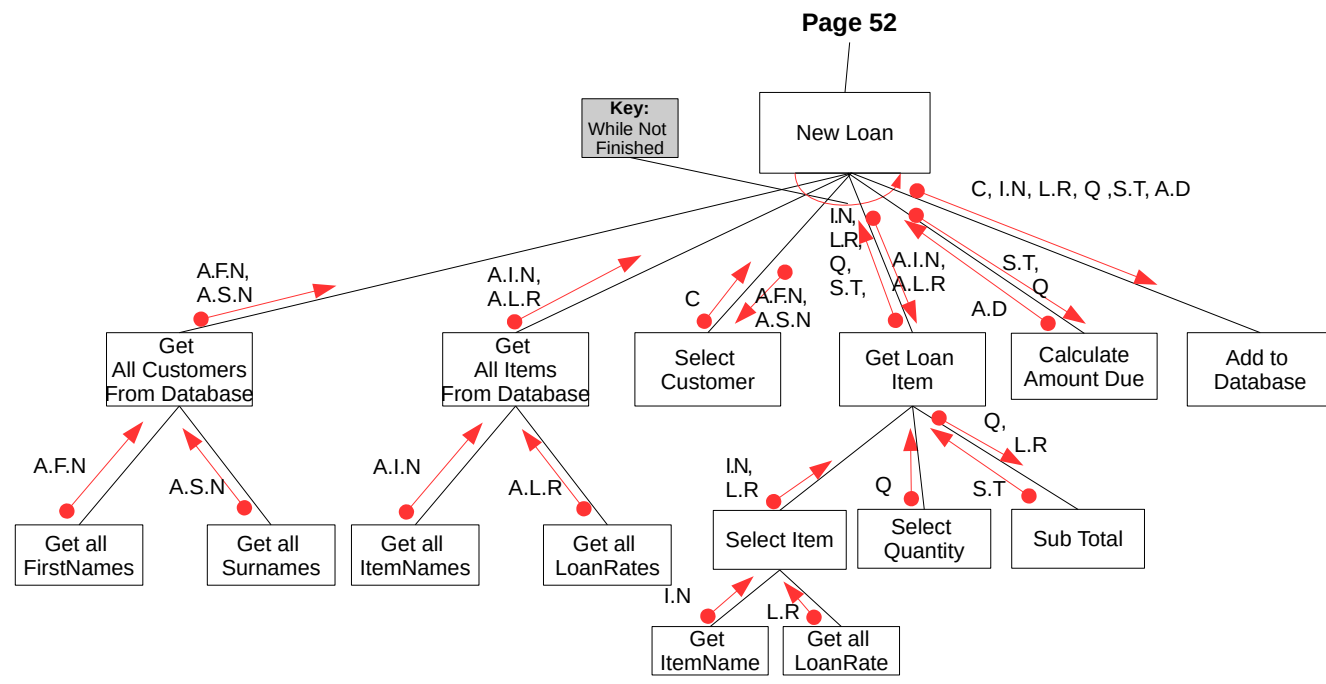


Figure 2.16: Object Diagram.

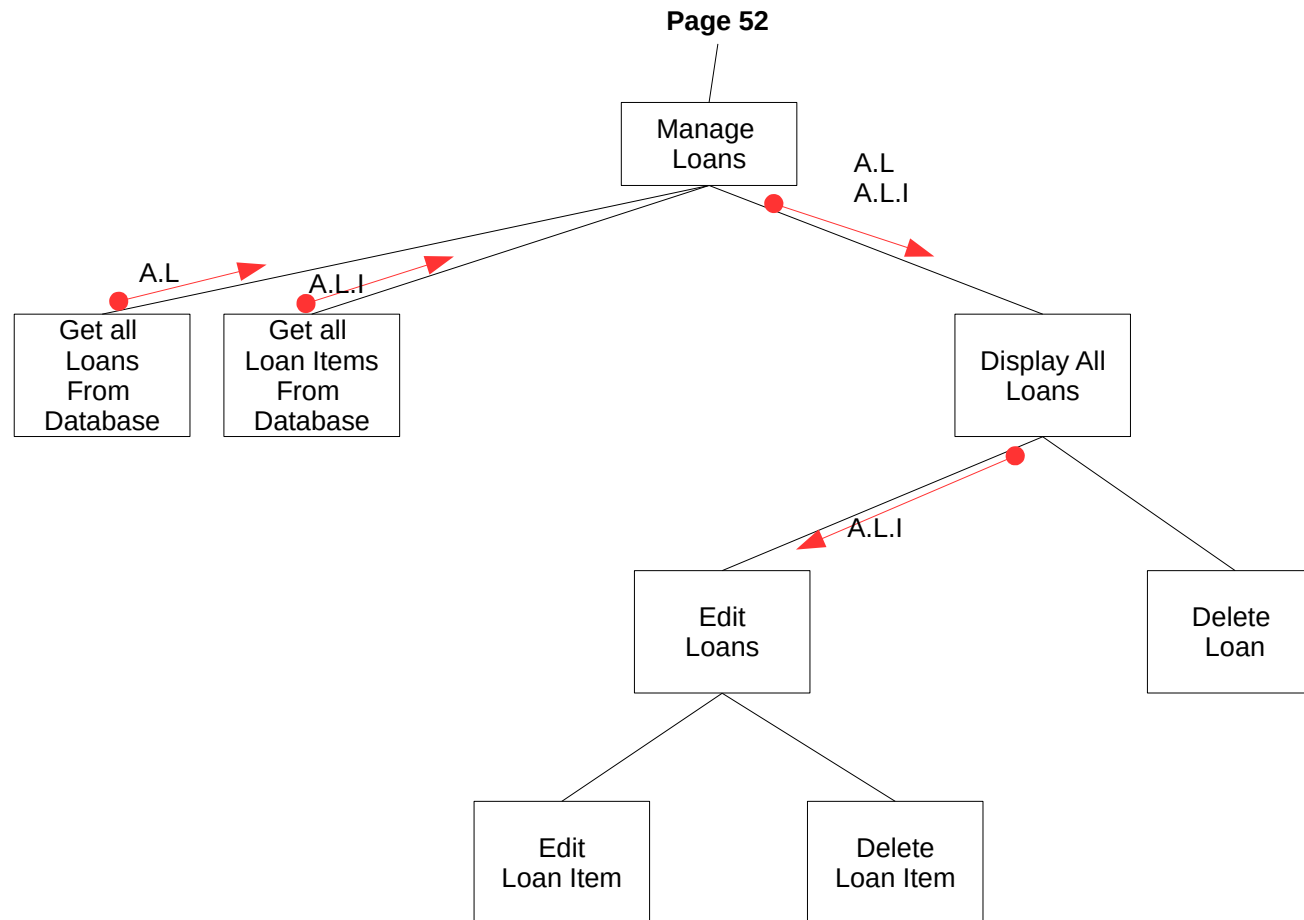


Figure 2.17: Object Diagram.

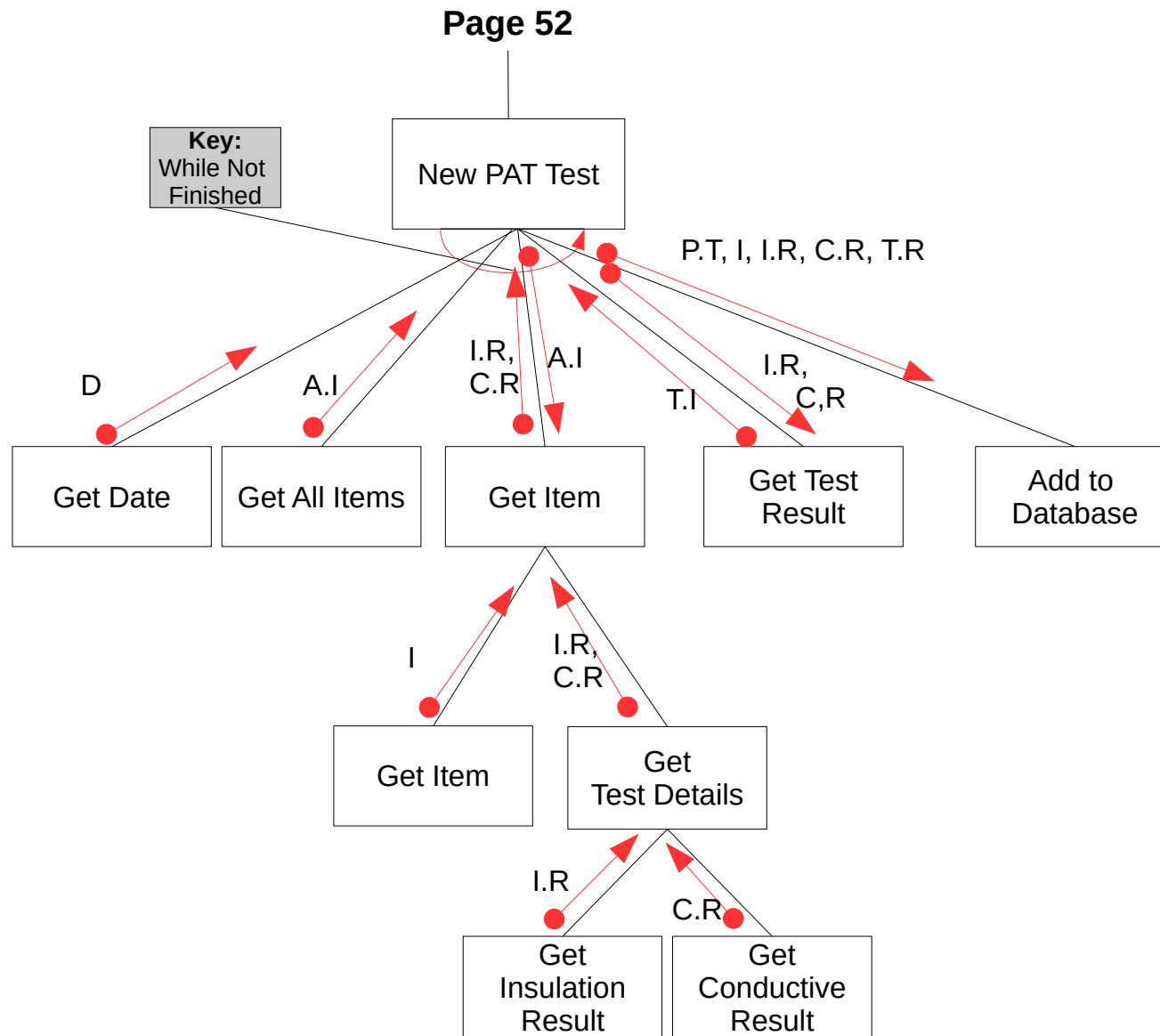


Figure 2.18: Object Diagram.

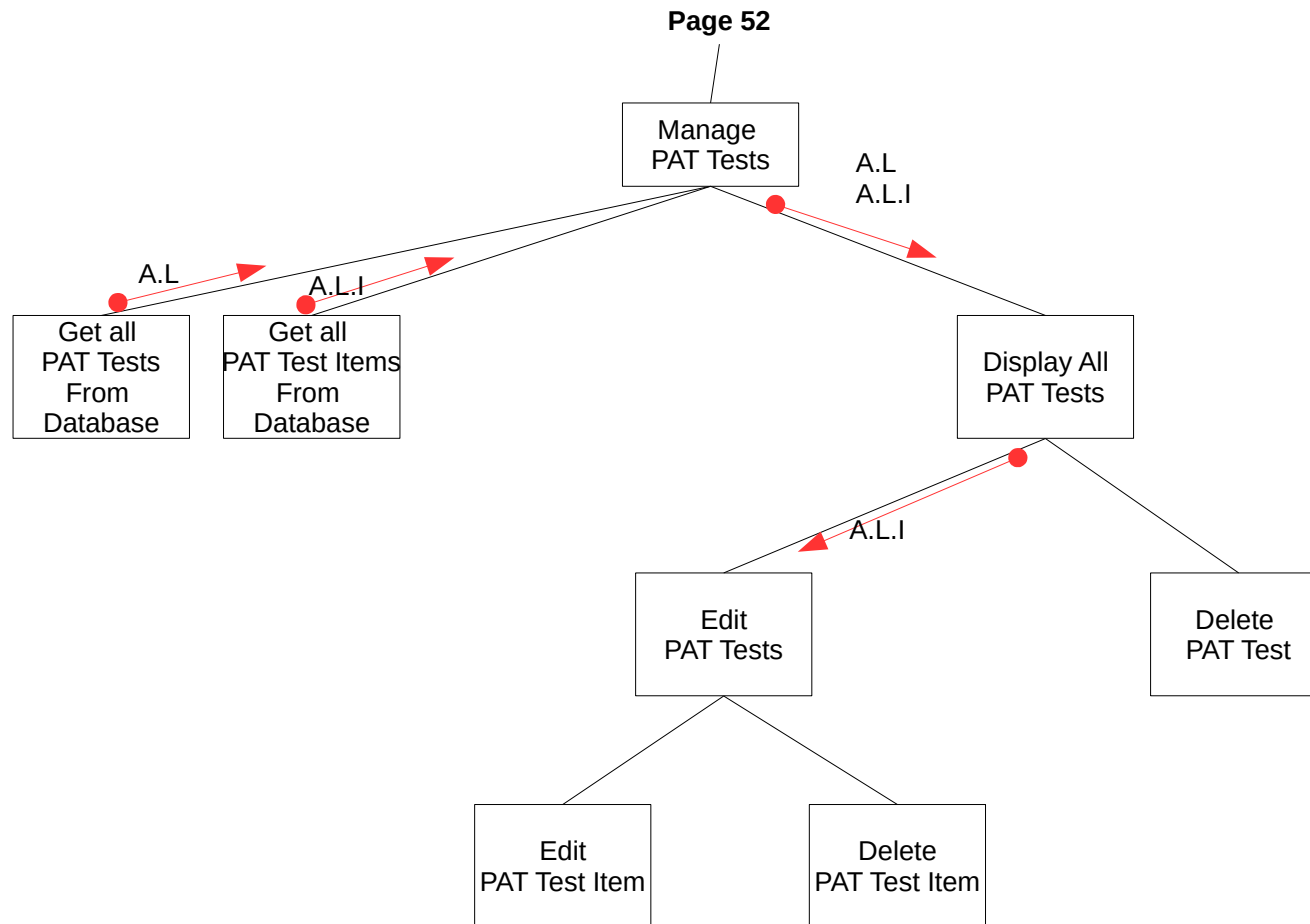


Figure 2.19: Object Diagram.

### 2.4.2 Algorithms in pseudo-code for each data transformation process

---

**Algorithm 3** Producing a PDF via print function
 

---

```

1: officeAddr  $\leftarrow$  [Street, Town, County, PostCode]
2: loanItems  $\leftarrow$  self.getItemsInLoan()
3: customerDets  $\leftarrow$  self.getCustomerDetails
4: FOR item  $\leftarrow$  loanItems TO
5:   loanRate  $\leftarrow$  item[2]
6:   amountDue  $\leftarrow$  amountDue + loanRate
7: ENDFOR
8: amountIncVAT  $\leftarrow$  amountDue * 1.2
9: invoiceInfo  $\leftarrow$  [officeAddr, loanItems, customerDets, amountDue, amountIncVAT]
10: htmlInvoice  $\leftarrow$  self.createHtmlInvoice(invoiceInfo)
11: self.printer  $\leftarrow$  QPrinter()
12: printerDialog  $\leftarrow$  QPrintDialog(self.printer, self)
13: IF printerDialog.exec() THEN
14:   document  $\leftarrow$  QTextDocument
15:   document.setHtml  $\leftarrow$  html
16:   document.Print  $\leftarrow$  self.printer
17:
18:   message  $\leftarrow$  "Thedocumentprintedsuccessfully"
19:   QMessageBox.information  $\leftarrow$  self, "PrintSuccessful", message
20: ELSE
21:   message  $\leftarrow$  "Thedocumentwasunabletoprint."
22:   QMessageBox.information  $\leftarrow$  self, "PrintFailed", message
23: ENDIF

```

---

NB. The reason that "document.Print" has a capitalised 'P' is because LaTeX doesn't like the underscore that should be after it

### 2.4.3 Object Diagrams

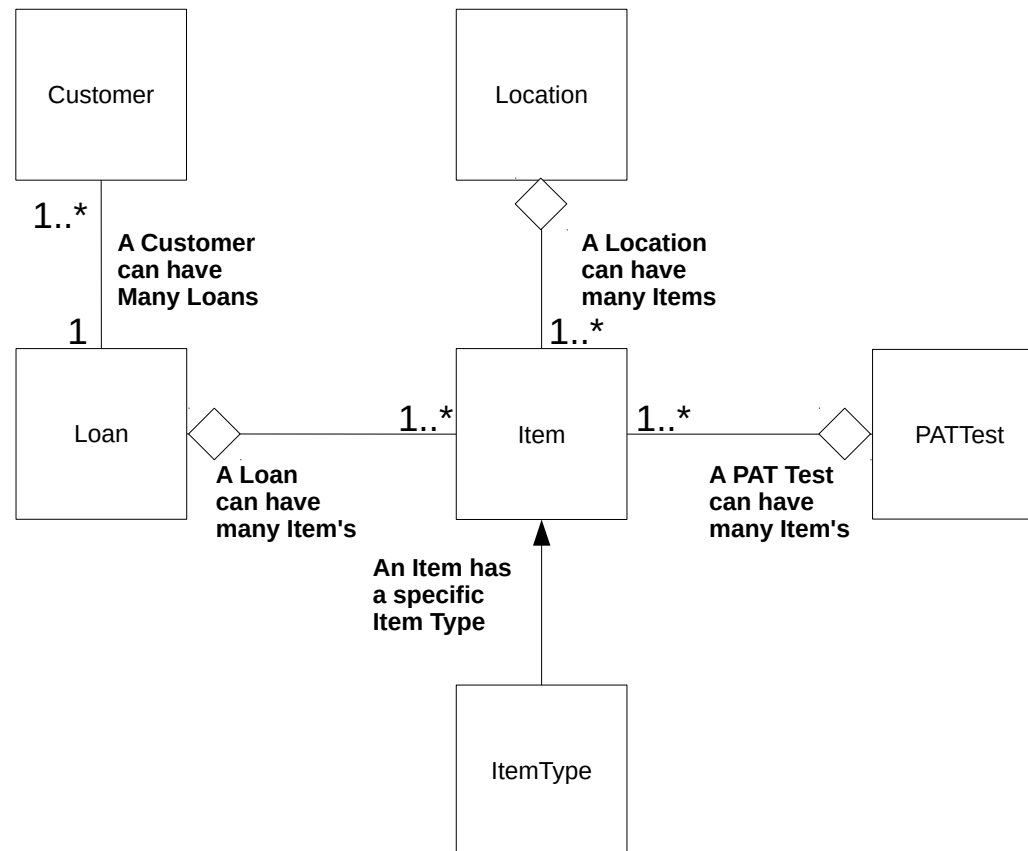


Figure 2.20: Object Diagram.



2.4.4 Class Definitions

Label
Attribute
Method

Figure 2.21: Class Diagram Key.

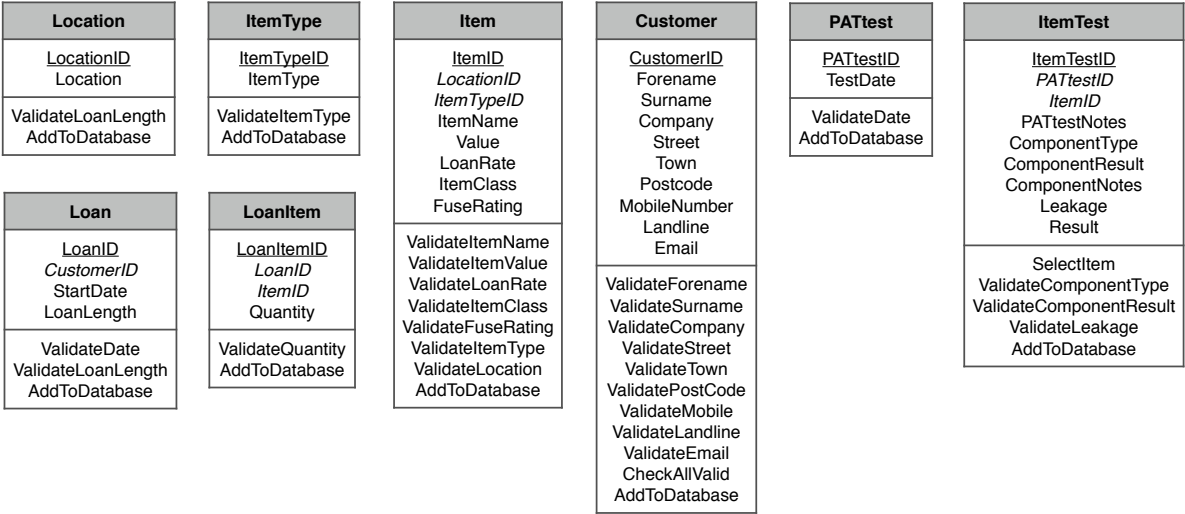


Figure 2.22: Class Diagrams.

## 2.5 Prototyping

### 2.5.1 Prototype for login interface

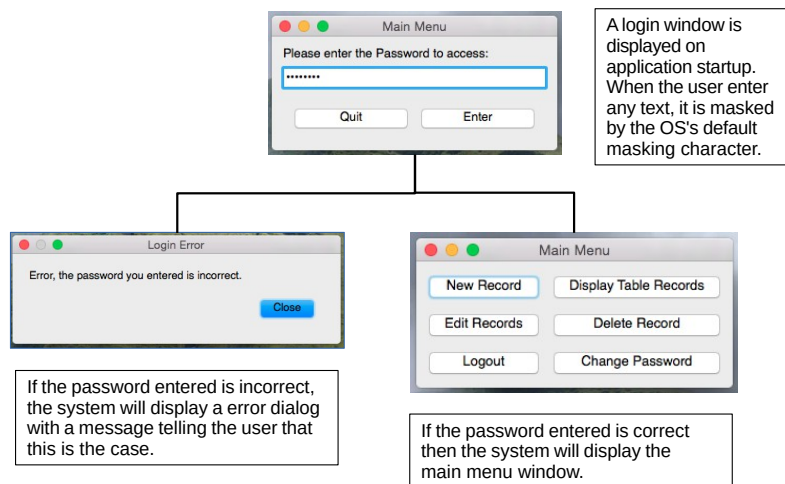


Figure 2.23: Login Prototype.

## 2.5.2 Prototype for change password interface

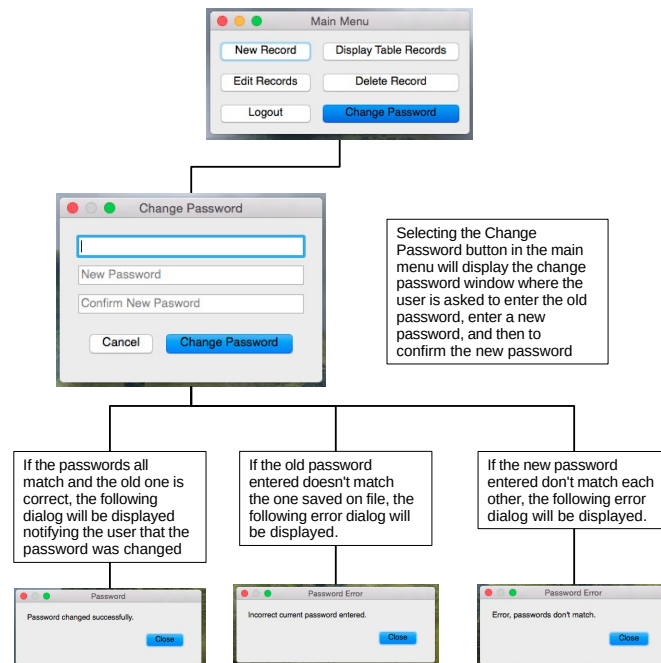


Figure 2.24: Change Password Prototype.

## 2.5.3 Prototype for printing interface

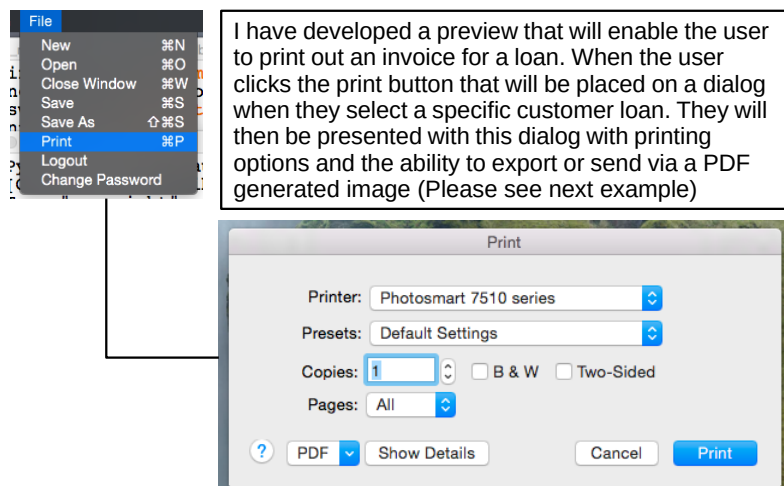


Figure 2.25: Print Dialog.

## 2.5.4 Prototype for a loan invoice

### C3 Media Department

14 Alpha Terrace  
Trumpington  
Cambridgeshire  
CB2 9HT

<b>Invoice #</b>	245
<b>Date</b>	14/01/2015
<b>Amount Due</b>	£1624.0

Item	Price	Quantity	Sub Total
2 CHANNEL IEC DIMMER	£80.00	1	£80.0
TOUCH SCREEN TILLI	£100.00	1	£100.0
ETHERCON CABLE 20M	£6	1	£6.0
STAIRVILLE MINI STAGE PAR 7x3W TRI	£5.70	4	£22.8
STAIRVILLE OCTAGON THEATER CW/WW	£48	2	£96.0
DMX CONTROL CABLE 3 PIN 1.5M	£2.50	8	£20.0
		<b>Loan Length</b>	5
		<b>Total + VAT</b>	£1624.0
		<b>Total Inc. VAT</b>	£1948.8

C3 Media Department

Figure 2.26: PDF Invoice Prototype.

## 2.6 Definition of Data Requirements

### 2.6.1 Identification of all data input items

- Item Name
  - Item Value
  - Loan Rate (The amount charged, per day, for the loan of the item)
  - Item Class (This is the class for electric items and determines the type of PAT test it receives)
  - Fuse Rating
- 
- Start Date (The exact date a loan started)
  - Loan Length (The length of the loan in days)
  - Quantity (The quantity of an item to be loan out, if there is more than one in stock)
- 
- Forename
  - Surname
  - Company
  - Street
  - Town
  - Post Code
  - Mobile Number
  - Email Address
  - Landline Number
- 
- Test date (The date on which the PAT tests took place)
  - Test Description (Notes referring to why an item failed or other notes about an individual item)
  - Leakage (The current not obtained by an electrical item)
  - Test Result (The result of the PAT test either Pass or Fail)

### 2.6.2 Identification of all data output items

- Sub Total Cost (Loan Rate multiplied by the Quantity)
- Total Cost (The sum of all the Sub Total Costs in a single loan)

#### Output to database

- Item Name
- Item Value
- Loan Rate (The amount charged, per day, for the loan of the item)
- Item Class (This is the class for electric items and determines the type of PAT test it receives)
- Fuse Rating

- 
- Start Date (The exact date a loan started)
  - Loan Length (The length of the loan in days)
  - Quantity (The quantity of an item to be loan out, if there is more than one in stock)

- 
- Forename
  - Surname
  - Company
  - Street
  - Town
  - Post Code
  - Mobile Number
  - Email Address
  - Landline Number

- 
- Test date (The date on which the PAT tests took place)
  - Test Description (Notes referring to why an item failed or other notes about an individual item)

- Leakage (The current not obtained by an electrical item)
- Test Result (The result of the PAT test either Pass or Fail)

### 2.6.3 Explanation of how data output items are generated

Output	How the output is generated
Sub Total Cost	Calculated from LoanRate, Quantity and LoanLength
Total Cost	Calculated by adding all the Sub Total Costs in a Loan
Item Name	User Inputs the information
Item Value	User Inputs the information
Loan Rate	User Inputs the information
Item Class	User Inputs the information
Fuse Rating	User Inputs the information
Start Date	User Inputs the information
Loan Length	User Inputs the information
Quantity	User Inputs the information
Forename	User Inputs the information
Surname	User Inputs the information
Company	User Inputs the information
Street	User Inputs the information
Town	User Inputs the information
Post Code	User Inputs the information
Mobile Number	User Inputs the information
Email Address	User Inputs the information
Landline Number	User Inputs the information
Test date	User Inputs the information
Test Description	User Inputs the information
Leakage	User Inputs the information
Test Result	User Inputs the information

### 2.6.4 Data dictionary

Name	Data Type	Length	Validation	Example Data	Comment
ItemTypeID	Integer	1-435	Range	253	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the ItemType table, and a <i>Foreign Key</i> for the Item table
ItemType	Text	5-40 Characters	Length	Computer	This holds the description of each type of Item.
LocationID	Integer	1-3 Figures	Range	3	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the Location table and a <i>Foreign Key</i> for the Item table
Location	Text	1-30 Characters	Length	Main Offices	This holds the name of the locations



Name	Data Type	Length	Validation	Example Data	Comment
ItemID	Integer	1-435	Range	253	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the Item table, and <i>Foreign Key</i> for the LoanItem and ItemTest tables
ItemName	Text	5-40 Characters	Length	Arkaos Server	This gives the name of each item entered
ItemValue	Real	2-5 Figures	Range	1,300	This holds the data for the monetary value for each item
LoanRate	Real	2-5 Figures	Range	7	This holds the data for the monetary loan rate for each item
ItemClass	Integer	1 Character	Length	2	A field to show what class of electrical equipment the item is
FuseRating	Text	1-3 Characters	Length	5A	A field which displays the fuse rating

Name	Data Type	Length	Validation	Example Data	Comment
LoanID	Integer	1-435	Range	56	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the Loan table and is a <i>Foreign Key</i> in the Loan Item table
StartDate	Real	1-5 Figures	Range	75	Holds data displaying when the loan started
LoanLength	Integer	1-3 Figures	Range	7	Holds the data for the length of the loan
LoanItemID	Integer	1-425	Range	26	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the Loan Listings table
Quantity	Integer	1-10	Range	3	This hold data referring to the amount of one item has been loaned out

Name	Data Type	Length	Validation	Example Data	Comment
CustomerID	Integer	1-255	Range	52	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the Customer table
Forename	Text	3-20 Characters	Length	John	A field for the customers forename
Lastname	Text	3-20 Characters	Length	Smith	A field for the customers surname
Company	Text	3-20 Characters	Length	Digital Lighting Cambs	A field for the company's name
Street	Text	3-30 Characters	Length	129 Cedar Crescent	A field for the company's Street address
Town	Text	3-30 Characters	Length	Sawston	A field for the company's Town
County	Text	3-20 Characters	Length	Cambs	A field for the company's County
PostCode	Text	6-7 Characters	Format	CB22 7RX	A field for the company's Postcode
MobileNumber	Text	11 Characters	Format	07891234567	A field for the customers mobile number
LandLine	Text	11 Characters	Format	01234567890	A field for the customers landline phone
Email	Text	7-30 Characters	Length	john.smith@example.com	A field for the customers email address

Name	Data Type	Length	Validation	Example Data	Comment
PATtestID	Integer	1-255	Range	52	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the PATtest table
TestDate	Date	10 Characters	Format	01/12/2014	A field that displays the date of the PAT test
ItemTestID	Integer	1-255	Range	52	This is the <b>Primary Key</b> for the ItemTest table
ItemDescription	Text	3-400 Characters	Length	Waltham portable TV	A field that describes the item to be tested
ProtectiveCondTest	Float	4 Characters	Length	-	A field displaying the resistance of an item, in Ohms, to a 200mA current
InsulationTest	Text	3 Characters	Length	20	A field displaying the Insulation of an item, in Ohms, to a 250V or 500V Potential Difference
Leakage	Float	4 Characters	Format	0.03	A field that shows the current not obtained by the item, in milliamperes
TestResult	Boolean	-	Presence Check	True	A field to show if an item Passed or not

### **2.6.5 Identification of appropriate storage media**

My system will not need to be accessed by more than 5 people, storing the database file on the server won't be necessary as everyone will then have access to the database file. Therefore, I have chosen to store the database file and application on a single machine which can be accessed by the people who need to use it at any time. The computer is in a central location and easily accessible by those who need to use it and has multiple hard disk drives which I can make use of for storage and backup. I will be using hard disk drives (HDD's) as my client already owns them and they are cheaper than solid-state drives (SSD's).

## 2.7 Database Design

### 2.7.1 ER Diagrams

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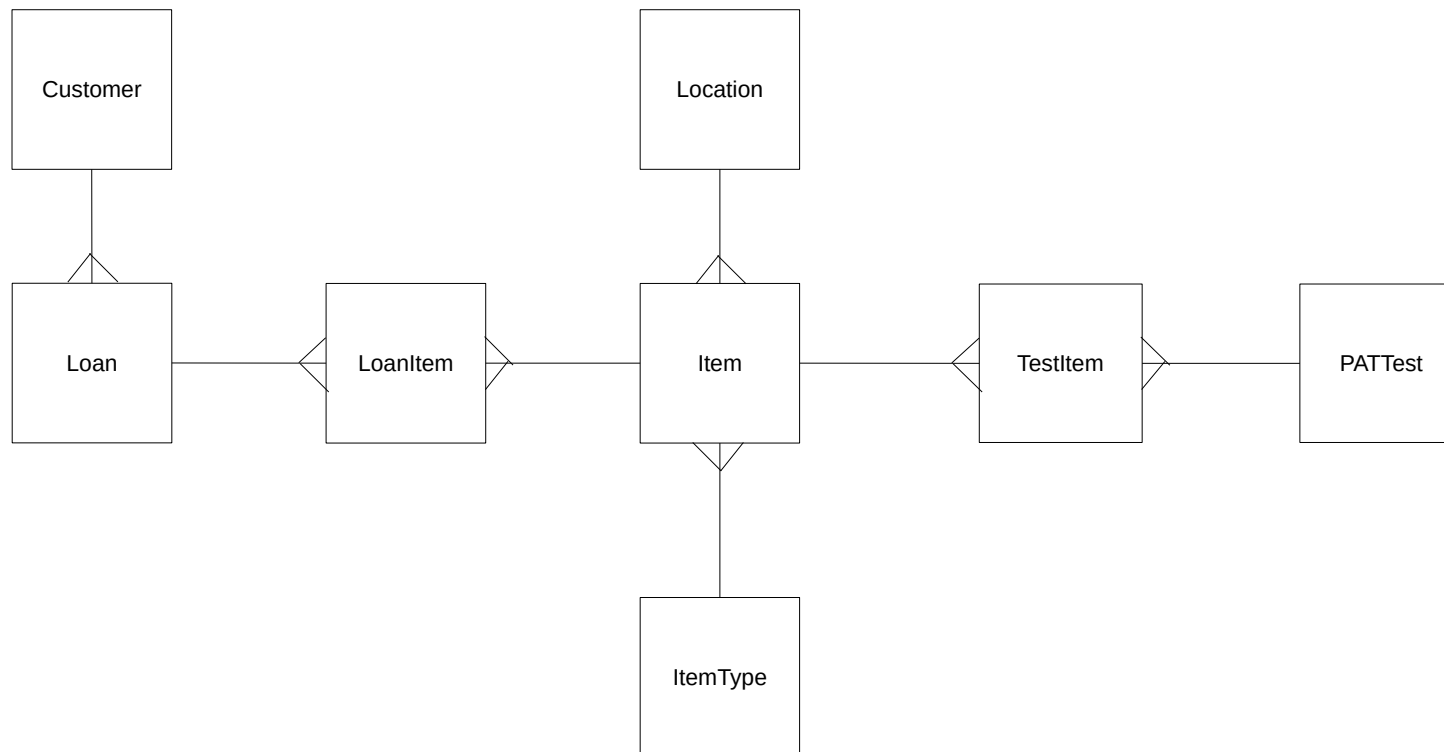


Figure 2.27: ER Diagrams.

## 2.7.2 Entity Descriptions

**Location**(LocationID, Location)

**ItemType**(ItemTypeID, ItemType)

**Item**(ItemID, ItemName, ItemValue, LoanRate, ItemClass, FuseRating, *ItemTypeID*, *LocationID* )

**Customer**(CustomerID, Forename, Surname, Company, Street, Town, Post-Code, MobileNumber, Landline, Email)

**Loan**(LoanID, *CustomerID*, StartDate, LoanLength)

**LoanItem**(LoanItemID, *LoanID*, *ItemID*, Quantity)

**PATtest**(PATtestID, TestDate)

**ItemTest**(ItemTestID, *PATtestID*, *ItemID*, PATtestNotes, ComponentType, ComponentResult, ComponentNotes, Leakage, TestResult)

### 2.7.3 Normalisation

#### UNF to 3NF

Un-Normalised Form(UNF)
<u>ItemID</u>
ItemName
ItemType
Location
ItemValue
LoanRate
LoanID
StartDate
CustomerID
Forename
Lastname
Company
Street
Town
PostCode
MobileNumber
LandLine
Email
PATtestID
TestResult
TestDate
ItemDescription
ItemClass
FuseRating
PATTestNotes
ComponentType
ComponentResult
ComponentNotes
Leakage



First-Normalised Form(1NF)	
Non-Repeating	Repeating
<u>ItemID</u>	<u>LoanID</u>
ItemName	<i>ItemID</i>
ItemValue	StartDate
LoanRate	CustomerID
ItemClass	Forename
FuseRating	Lastname
	Company
	Street
	Town
	PostCode
	MobileNumber
	Landline
	Email
	PATtestID
	TestDate
	PATTestNotes
	ComponentType
	ComponentResult
	ComponentNotes
	Leakage
	TestResult

Second-Normalised Form(2NF)	
Non-Repeating	Repeating
<u>ItemID</u>	<u>LoanID</u>
ItemName	<i>ItemID</i>
ItemValue	StartDate
LoanRate	
ItemClass	<u>CustomerID</u>
FuseRating	Forename
	Lastname
	Company
	Street
	Town
	PostCode
	MobileNumber
	Landline
	Email
	PATtestID
	TestDate
	PATTestNotes
	ComponentType
	ComponentResult
	ComponentNotes
	Leakage
	TestResult
	Location
	ItemType

Third-Normalised Form(3NF)	
Non-Repeating	Repeating
<u>ItemID</u>	<u>LoanID</u>
<i>LocationID</i>	<i>CustomerID</i>
<i>ItemTypeID</i>	LoanLength
ItemName	
ItemValue	
LoanRate	<u>LoanItemID</u>
ItemClass	<i>LoanID</i>
FuseRating	<i>ItemID</i>
	Quantity
	<u>CustomerID</u>
	Forename
	Lastname
	Company
	Street
	Town
	PostCode
	MobileNumber
	Landline
	Email
	<u>PATtestID</u>
	TestDate
	<u>TestItem</u>
	<i>PATtestID</i>
	<i>ItemID</i>
	PATTestNotes
	ComponentType
	ComponentResult
	ComponentNotes
	Leakage
	TestResult
	<u>LocationID</u>
	Location
	<u>ItemTypeID</u>
	ItemType

## 2.8 SQL Queries

### 2.8.1 Get Items from Item Table

SQL query getting all the items from the Item table in the database ready to be formatted and displayed on screen

---

```
1      SELECT
2      Item.ItemID ,
3      Item.ItemName ,
4      Item.ItemValue ,
5      Item.LoanRate ,
6      Item.ItemClass ,
7      Item.FuseRating ,
8      ItemType.ItemType ,
9      Location.Location
10     FROM Item, ItemType, Location
11     WHERE Item.LocationID = Location.LocationID
        AND Item.ItemTypeID = ItemType.ItemTypeID
```

---

### 2.8.2 Search Item Table for Items

SQL Query searching the database for Items by matching the item name, location or item type with a search string given by the user

---

```
1      SELECT
2      Item.ItemID ,
3      Item.ItemName ,
4      Item.ItemValue ,
5      ItemType.ItemType
6      Location.Location
7     FROM Item, ItemType, Location
8     WHERE Item.ItemName LIKE
          '%' || :searchString || '%' OR Location.Location
          LIKE '%' || :searchString || '%' OR
          ItemType.ItemType LIKE
          '%' || :searchString || '%'
9     AND LocationID = ? AND
10    Location.LocationID = Item.LocationID
11    ORDER BY ItemName ASC
```

---

### 2.8.3 Get Loans from Loan Table

SQL query getting all the Loans from the Loan table in the database ready to be formatted and displayed on screen

---

```
1      SELECT
2      Loan.LoanID ,
3      Loan.StartDate ,
4      Loan.LoanLength ,
5      Customer.CustomerID ,
6      Customer.Company ,
7      FROM Loan, Customer
8      WHERE Loan.CustomerID = Customer.CustomerID
```

---

### 2.8.4 Get all Loan Items from LoanItem Table

SQL query getting all the loan items from the LoanItem table in the database ready to be formatted and displayed on screen

---

```
1      SELECT
2      LoanItem.LoanItemID ,
3      LoanItem.LoanID ,
4      LoanItem.Quantity ,
5      Item.ItemName ,
6      Item.LoanRate ,
7      FROM LoanItem, Item
8      WHERE LoanItem.ItemID = Item.ItemID
```

---

### 2.8.5 Search for loans taken out by a given Company

SQL Query searching the database to display Loans taken out by a certain person or company by matching the firstname or company fields with a search string entered by the user, ordered by date ascending

---

```
1      SELECT
2      Loan.LoanID
3      Customer.Company ,
4      Item.ItemName
5      Item.LoanRate
6      LoanItem.Quantity ,
7      Loan.StartDate ,
8      Loan.LoanLength ,
9      FROM Loan, Customer, Item
10     WHERE Customer.FirstName LIKE
        '%'||:searchString||'%' OR Customer.Company
        LIKE '%'||:searchString3||'%' OR
11     AND Customer.CustomerID = Loan.CustomerID AND
        Loan.LoanItemID = LoanItem.LoanItemID AND
        LoanItem.ItemID = Item.ItemID
12     ORDER BY Loan.StartDate ASC
```

---

### 2.8.6 Get all Item Tests from ItemTest Table

SQL query getting all the Item Tests from the ItemTest table in the database ready to be formatted and displayed on screen

---

```
1      SELECT
2      ItemTestID ,
3      ItemTest.PATtestNotes ,
4      ItemTest.Leakage ,
5      ItemTest.TestResult ,
6      Item.ItemName ,
7      Item.ItemClass ,
8      Item.FuseRating
9      FROM ItemTest
10     WHERE ItemTest.ItemID = Item.ItemID
```

---

### 2.8.7 Search Customer Table for Customers

SQL Query searching the database for certain Customer Records by matching any of the text fields within the record with a search string specified by the user

---

```
1      SELECT * FROM Customer WHERE
2          FirstName LIKE '%'||:searchString1||'%' OR
3          LastName LIKE '%'||:searchString2||'%' OR
4          Company LIKE '%'||:searchString3||'%' OR
5          Street LIKE '%'||:searchString4||'%' OR
6          Town LIKE '%'||:searchString5||'%' OR
7          County LIKE '%'||:searchString6||'%' OR
8          PostCode LIKE '%'||:searchString7||'%' OR
9          Mobile LIKE '%'||:searchString8||'%' OR
10         Landline LIKE '%'||:searchString9||'%' OR
11         Email LIKE '%'||:searchString10||'%'
```

---

## **2.9 Security and Integrity of the System and Data**

### **2.9.1 Security and Integrity of Data**

The system will store personal data referring to an individual or a company. This data will fall under the data protection acts. This will mean that the data will need to be kept up to date and would therefore need a way to edit the data. All the information stored in the database should therefore be encrypted to keep this data secure and only accessible through my program which will be protected with a password. I will need to make sure the data stored is valid and correct, to do this I will need to use validation algorithms to make sure they are feasible.

I will also referential integrity in my database to make sure that when updating records such as Items, that the Location and ItemType records will not be affected by the changing of either LocationID or ItemTypeID in the Item table. This will take place in all the tables in the database that require foreign keys. I will use the "ON UPDATE CASCADE" SQL clause when updating the primary key of a record, records from other tables that use that primary key as a foreign key will also be updated.

Furthermore, I will use the "ON DELETE SET NULL" SQL clause as it will set the foreign key of any record to NULL if the record with that primary key has been deleted. This will be especially useful for the Location table as there will be temporary locations and the records that reference to a temporary location will not be deleted if the location is. This enables the user to back into the database and update the location.

### **2.9.2 System Security**

It is important that the information in my database is secure and free from theft, corruption and tampering. This will be prevented with the use of a password to access the system. If the password that was entered is incorrect, the user will not be able to gain access to the system and will be notified by a pop-up window. I will need to encrypt my data to avoid people from outside my system from being able to access the data. All of the data entered into the system will undergo validation to make sure that it is suitable and



correct. Because some of the data fall under the data protection act, I will need to ensure that:

- The data will be destroyed after 11 years of collection
- Only data that is necessary will be collected and stored.
- The data will be updated when necessary so that the data is up to date and accurate
- The data that is stored will only be used by the Church and not passed on to anyone else
- The data will be secured securely, to ensure that it is only accessed by authorised people
- The data will not be transferred to other countries

## 2.10 Validation

In order to insure that information is not entered incorrectly, the system will need to use certain validation methods in order to achieve appropriate data is input.

Item	Example	Validation or Verification Method	Comments
ItemName	Asus PC Tower	Presence check	Ensure a name is entered. No other validation needed as an ItemName can be any length
ItemValue	400	Presence check Size Check	Ensure a number is entered at that it is greater than 0
LoanRate	7	Presence Check	Ensure a value is entered that is 0 or greater
Item Class	Multiple Choice	Lookup Check Presence Check	Only two available Item Classes
Fuse Rating	3A	Presence Check	Ensure a value is entered

Start Date	01/12/2014	Presence Check	Ensures a date is entered
Loan Length	7	Presence Check	Ensures a valid value is entered and is 0 or greater
Quantity	2	Presence Check	Check that a value is entered
Forename	John	Presence Check	Ensures a name is entered
Surname	Smith	Presence Check	Ensures a name is entered
Company	Digital Inc	Presence Check	Ensures a company is entered
Street	10 Cedar Close	Presence Check	Ensures a street is entered
Town	Great Shelford	Presence Check	Ensures a town is entered
Post Code	AB12 4XY	Presence Check Type Check	Ensures a postcode is entered and that it contains at least a number and a letter
Mobile Number	01234567890	Presence Check	Ensures a mobile number is entered and that it has a character length of 11
Email Address	example@url.com	Presence Check Type Check	Ensures an email is entered and that it contains the characters '@' and '.'
Landline Number	01234567890	Presence Check	Ensures a mobile number is entered and that it has a character length of 11
Test date	01/12/2014	Presence Check	Ensures a date is entered
Test Result	yes	Presence Check	Ensures that a yes or no is entered. This is converted to a boolean

Password	p4assw0rd	Presence Check Type Check	Ensures a password is entered and that it contains a letter and a number
----------	-----------	------------------------------	--

## 2.11 Testing

### 2.11.1 Outline Plan

Test Series	Purpose of Test Series	Testing Strategy	Strategy Rationale
1	Test the flow of control between interfaces	Top-down testing	To make sure that user interfaces interact correctly and don't present graphical glitches or bugs
2	Test data input validation works	Bottom-up testing	Testing of each component will commence when they have been developed
3	Test data input is stored correctly	Black box testing	Ensure that data input by the user is stored at the correct locations within the database
4	Test Algorithms and check output is correct	White box testing	Make sure calculations such as loan costs are calculated correctly when including VAT
5.	Test system meets requirements	Acceptance Testing	Make sure the system meets the all the clients expectations and fulfils all primary objectives

### 2.11.2 Detailed Plan

Test Series	Purpose of Test	Test Description	Test Data	Test Data Type (Normal/Erroneous/Boundary)	Expected Result	Actual Result	Evidence
1.01	Test the "Login" button functions correctly	This should link to the main menu screen	Enter "password" and click the "Login" button	Normal	The main menu window should be displayed		
1.02	Test the "Logout" button functions correctly	This should link back to the login screen	Click "Logout" button	Normal	The login screen should be displayed		
1.03	Test the "Change Password" functions correctly	This should link to the Change password dialog window	Click "Change Password" button	Normal	The change password window should be displayed		

1.04	Test the and "Cancel" buttons functions correctly	This should link back to the main menu window	Click "Cancel" button	Normal	The main menu should be displayed		
1.05	Test the "Confirm Password" button functions correctly	This should link to a message dialog confirming that the password has been changed, other messages will be displayed if the current password is incorrect or the new passwords don't match	Click the "Confirm Password" button	Normal	The message dialog window should be displayed		

1.06	Test the "OK" button on the message dialog functions correctly	This should link back to the main menu window	Click the "OK" button	Normal	The main menu window should be displayed		
1.07	Test the enter record button functions correctly	This should link to a table selection window	Click "Enter Record" button	Normal	The table selection dialog box should be displayed		
1.08	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Item table	This should link to the enter item record window	Select "Item Table" and click "Enter Record"	Normal	The enter Item Record Window should be displayed		

1.09	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Customer table	This should link to the enter customer record window	Select "Customer Table" and click "Enter Record"	Normal	The enter Customer Record Window should be displayed		
1.10	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Loan table	This should link to the enter loan record window	Select "Loan Table" and click "Enter Record"	Normal	The enter Loan Record Window should be displayed		



1.10	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the PAT test table	This should link to the enter PAT test record window	Select "PAT test Table" and click "Enter Record"	Normal	The enter PAT test Record Window should be displayed		
1.11	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the enter Item record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		

1.12	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the enter Customer record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		
1.13	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the enter Loan record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		

1.14	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the enter PAT test record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		
1.15	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the enter Item record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		

1.16	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the enter Customer record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		
1.17	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the enter Loan record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		

1.18	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the enter PAT test record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		
1.19	Test the "Display Records" button functions correctly	This should link to a table selection window	Click "Display Records" button	Normal	The table selection dialog box should be displayed		
1.20	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Item table	This should link to the display item records window	Select "Item Table" and click "Display Record"	Normal	The enter Item Record Window should be displayed		

1.21	Test the display Item records "Search" button functions correctly	This should link to the search dialog	Click the "Search" button	Normal	The search dialog should be displayed		
1.22	Test the search dialogs "Search" button functions correctly	This should link to a dialog window displaying the found record or a dialog window displaying a message that the record wasn't found	Click the "Search" button	Normal	The appropriate dialog should be displayed if a record was found or not		

1.23	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Customer table	This should link to the display customer records window	Select "Customer Table" and click "Display Record"	Normal	The enter Customer Record Window should be displayed		
1.24	Test the display Customer records "Search" button functions correctly	This should link to the search dialog	Click the "Search" button	Normal	The search dialog should be displayed		

1.25	Test the search dialogs "Search" button functions correctly	This should link to a dialog window displaying the found record or a dialog window displaying a message that the record wasn't found	Click the "Search" button	Normal	The appropriate dialog should be displayed if a record was found or not		
1.26	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Loan table	This should link to the display item loan records window	Select "Loan Table" and click "Display Record"	Normal	The enter Loan Record Window should be displayed		
1.27	Test the display loan records "Search" button functions correctly	This should link to the search dialog	Click the "Search" button	Normal	The search dialog should be displayed		



1.28	Test that the display loan records "Print" button functions correctly	This should link to the print dialog box	Click the "Print" button	Normal	The print dialog box should be displayed		
1.28	Test the search dialogs "Search" button functions correctly	This should link to a dialog window displaying the found record or a dialog window displaying a message that the record wasn't found	Click the "Search" button	Normal	The appropriate dialog should be displayed if a record was found or not		

1.29	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the PAT test table	This should link to the display PAT test records window	Select "PAT test Table" and click "Display Record"	Normal	The enter PAT test Record Window should be displayed		
1.30	Test the display PAT test records "Search" button functions correctly	This should link to the search dialog	Click the "Search" button	Normal	The search dialog should be displayed		

1.31	Test the search dialogs "Search" button functions correctly	This should link to a dialog window displaying the found record or a dialog window displaying a message that the record wasn't found	Click the "Search" button	Normal	The appropriate dialog should be displayed if a record was found or not		
1.32	Test the edit record button functions correctly	This should link to a table selection window	Click "Edit Record" button	Normal	The table selection dialog box should be displayed		
1.33	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Item table	This should link to the edit item record window	Select "Item Table" and click "Edit Record"	Normal	The edit Item Record Window should be displayed		

1.34	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Customer table	This should link to the edit customer record window	Select "Customer Table" and click "Edit Record"	Normal	The edit Customer Record Window should be displayed		
1.35	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Loan table	This should link to the edit loan record window	Select "Loan Table" and click "Edit Record"	Normal	The edit Loan Record Window should be displayed		

1.36	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the PAT test table	This should link to the edit PAT test record window	Select "PAT test Table" and click "Edit Record"	Normal	The edit PAT test Record Window should be displayed		
1.37	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the edit Item record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		

1.38	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the edit Customer record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		
1.39	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the edit Loan record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		

1.40	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the edit PAT test record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		
1.41	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the edit Item record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		

1.42	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the edit Customer record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		
1.43	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the edit Loan record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		



1.44	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the edit PAT test record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		
1.45	Test the delete record button functions correctly	This should link to a table selection window	Click "Delete Record" button	Normal	The table selection dialog box should be displayed		
1.46	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Item table	This should link to the delete item record window	Select "Item Table" and click "Delete Record"	Normal	The edit Item Record Window should be displayed		

1.47	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Customer table	This should link to the delete customer record window	Select "Customer Table" and click "Delete Record"	Normal	The edit Customer Record Window should be displayed		
1.48	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the Loan table	This should link to the delete loan record window	Select "Loan Table" and click "Delete Record"	Normal	The edit Loan Record Window should be displayed		

1.49	Test the table selection dialog function correctly on selecting the PAT test table	This should link to the delete PAT test record window	Select "PAT test Table" and click "Delete Record"	Normal	The edit PAT test Record Window should be displayed		
1.50	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the delete Item record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the record(s) for delete and click "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		

1.51	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the delete Customer record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the record(s) for delete and click "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		
1.52	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the delete Loan record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the record(s) for delete and click "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		

1.53	Check that the "Confirm" button functions correctly on the delete PAT test record window	This should link back to the main menu	Select the record(s) for delete and click "Confirm" button	Normal	The main window should be displayed		
1.54	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the delete Item record window	This should link back to the main menu	Click the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		

1.55	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the delete Customer record window	This should link back to the main menu	Click the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		
1.56	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the delete Loan record window	This should link back to the main menu	Click the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		

1.57	Check that the "Cancel" button functions correctly on the delete PAT test record window	This should link back to the main menu	Click the "Cancel" button	Normal	The table selection window should be displayed		
2.01	Verify that a password was entered	An error dialog box should appear if no password is entered	"password"	Normal	Accepted		
			nothing	erroneous	Rejected		
2.02	Verify that an Item-Name was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	Asus Pc Tower	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		

2.03	Verify that an Item-Value was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	400	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.04	Verify that a Loan-Rate was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	7	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.05	Verify that an Item-Class was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	2	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.06	Verify that a Fuse Rating was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	-	Normal	Accepted		
			7 Nothing	Normal Erroneous	Accepted Rejected		



2.07	Verify that a Loan-Length was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	4	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.08	Verify that a Quantity was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	5	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.08	Verify that a Location was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	Main Office	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.09	Verify that an Item-Type was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	Camera	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		

2.10	Verify that a Fore-name was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	John	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.11	Verify that a Sur-name was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	Smith	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.12	Verify that a Com-pany was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	Digital Inc	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.13	Verify that a Street was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	6 Cedar Close	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		

2.14	Verify that a Town was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	Stapleford	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.15	Verify that a Post-Code was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	AB12 3XY	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.16	Verify that a MobileNumber was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	01234567890	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.17	Verify that an Email was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	example@url.com	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		

2.18	Verify that a Landline number was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	01234567890	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.19	Verify that a Test-Date was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	01/12/2014	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.20	Verify that Leakage was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	0.04	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.21	Verify that a ComponentType was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	Insulation Test	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		

2.22	Verify that a ComponentResult was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	0.32	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.23	Verify that the TestResult was entered	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	yes	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		
2.23	Verify that a Password was entered and that it is at least 6 characters long and contains a letters and at least 1 number	The input box should display an error if the field is left empty	yes	Normal	Accepted		
			Nothing	Erroneous	Rejected		

3.1	Verify that all the Item details are entered and save to the Item table	All information should be added to the correct fields	Item information	Normal	Added to Item table in the database		
3.2	Verify that all the Loan details are entered and save to the Item table	All information should be added to the correct fields	Item information	Normal	Added to Loan table in the database		
3.3	Verify that all the LoanItem details are entered and save to the Item table	All information should be added to the correct fields	Item information	Normal	Added to LoanItem table in the database		

3.4	Verify that all the Customer details are entered and save to the Item table	All information should be added to the correct fields	Item information	Normal	Added to Customer table in the database		
3.5	Verify that all the PATtest details are entered and save to the Item table	All information should be added to the correct fields	Item information	Normal	Added to PATtest table in the database		
3.6	Verify that all the ItemTest details are entered and save to the Item table	All information should be added to the correct fields	Item information	Normal	Added to ItemTest table in the database		

4.1	Make sure the Sub Total Costs for each Item Loan is calculated correctly	Valid information should have been previously entered	Calculate Sub Total Cost manually then check to see if the systems result is the same	Normal	Sub Total Cost should match the manually calculated results		
4.2	Make sure the Total Cost for each Loan is calculated correctly	Valid information should have been previously entered	Calculate Total Cost manually then check to see if the systems result is the same	Normal	Total Cost should match the manually calculated results		



5	Verify the program meets the client expectations	Run through the system testing every aspect of the system to make sure that it functions correctly and fits the objectives specified by the client	Add Item, Location, ItemType and Customer information to the database tables, create a loan and a PATtest	Normal	Program meets expectations and achieves all objectives		
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## Chapter 3

# Testing

### 3.1 Test Plan

### 3.1.1 Original Outline Plan

Test Series	Purpose of Test Series	Testing Strategy	Strategy Rationale
Example	Example	Example	Example

### 3.1.2 Changes to Outline Plan

Test Series	Purpose of Test Series	Testing Strategy	Strategy Rationale
Example	Example	Example	Example

### 3.1.3 Original Detailed Plan

Test Series	Purpose of Test	Test Description	Test Data	Test Data Type (Normal/Erroneous/Boundary)	Expected Result	Actual Result	Evidence
Example	Example	Example	Example	Example	Example	Example	Example

### 3.1.4 Changes to Detailed Plan

Test Series	Purpose of Test	Test Description	Test Data	Test Data Type (Normal/Erroneous/Boundary)	Expected Result	Actual Result	Evidence
Example	Example	Example	Example	Example	Example	Example	Example

## 3.2 Test Data

### 3.2.1 Original Test Data

### 3.2.2 Changes to Test Data

## 3.3 Annotated Samples

### 3.3.1 Actual Results

### 3.3.2 Evidence

## **3.4 Evaluation**

### **3.4.1 Approach to Testing**

### **3.4.2 Problems Encountered**

### **3.4.3 Strengths of Testing**

### **3.4.4 Weaknesses of Testing**

### **3.4.5 Reliability of Application**

### **3.4.6 Robustness of Application**



## Chapter 4

# System Maintenance

### 4.1 Environment

#### 4.1.1 Software

#### 4.1.2 Usage Explanation

#### 4.1.3 Features Used

### 4.2 System Overview

#### 4.2.1 System Component

### 4.3 Code Structure

#### 4.3.1 Particular Code Section

### 4.4 Variable Listing

### 4.5 System Evidence

#### 4.5.1 User Interface

#### 4.5.2 ER Diagram 135

#### 4.5.3 Database Table Views

#### 4.5.4 Database SQL

#### 4.5.5 SQL Query



#### 4.10.1 Module 1



# Chapter 5

## User Manual

### 5.1 Introduction

### 5.2 Installation

#### 5.2.1 Prerequisite Installation

Installing Python

Installing PyQt

Etc.

#### 5.2.2 System Installation

#### 5.2.3 Running the System

### 5.3 Tutorial

#### 5.3.1 Introduction

#### 5.3.2 Assumptions

#### 5.3.3 Tutorial Questions

Question 1

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Question 2

#### 5.3.4 Saving

#### 5.3.5 Finishing



# Chapter 6

## Evaluation

### 6.1 Customer Requirements

#### 6.1.1 Objective Evaluation

### 6.2 Effectiveness

#### 6.2.1 Objective Evaluation

### 6.3 Learnability

### 6.4 Usability

### 6.5 Maintainability

### 6.6 Suggestions for Improvement

### 6.7 End User Evidence

#### 6.7.1 Questionnaires

#### 6.7.2 Graphs

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#### 6.7.3 Written Statements