

Here are detailed notes extracted and structured from the uploaded document:

ENUM in Java

Definition

- enum is used to define a group of named constants.
- Enables creation of enumerated data types, which can be user-defined.

Example

```
enum Month {
    JAN, FEB, MAR, ... DEC; // The semicolon is optional.
}
```

Internal Implementation

- Internally, enums are implemented using the class concept.
- Characteristics of enum constants:
 - Implicitly public static final .
 - Internally static, accessible via enum name.
 - Each constant is a reference variable to its enum type object.
- toString() method:
 - Internally implemented to return the name of the constant.

enum vs Enum vs Enumeration

Aspect	enum (keyword)	Enum (class)	Enumeration (interface)
Definition	A keyword to define constants.	A class in java.lang. Acts as a base class for all enums.	An interface in java.util. Retrieves objects one by one from collections.
Inheritance	Directly extends Enum class.	Abstract class; extends Object. Implements Serializable and Comparable.	Not related to enums but used with collections.

Enum with switch Statement

- Prior to Java 1.5:
 - Allowed types for switch : byte , short , char , int .
- From Java 1.5:
 - Added support for wrapper classes and enums.

Key Points:

- Case labels must match valid enum constants.
- Enum can be declared:
 - Outside a class:

- Allowed modifiers: `public` , `default` , `strictfp` .
 - **Inside a class:**
 - Allowed modifiers: `public` , `private` , `default` , `protected` , `strictfp` , `static` .
 - **Not allowed inside methods.**
-

Enum and Inheritance

- In Java, every enum:
 - Directly extends `java.lang.Enum` .
 - Is implicitly `final` (cannot have child enums).
 - **Conclusion:**
 - Explicit inheritance is not applicable for enums (no `extends` keyword).
 - However, enums can implement multiple interfaces.
-

Methods in `java.lang.Enum`

1. `values()` Method:

- Lists all constants of the enum.
- **Example:**

```
Month[] months = Month.values();
```

2. `ordinal()` Method:

- Retrieves the ordinal value (index) of an enum constant.
- **Example:**

```
public final int ordinal();
```

Special Features of Java Enums

- Unlike older languages, Java enums support:
 - Variables, constructors, methods, etc.
 - Enums can:
 - Declare a `main` method.
 - Be invoked directly from the command prompt.
-

Enum and Constructors

- Enums can have constructors.
- Characteristics:
 - Every enum constant represents an object of the enum class.
 - Enum constants are created at class loading time.
 - Constructors are executed during enum class loading.

Example:

```
enum Color {  
    RED, BLUE, GREEN;  
  
    Color() {  
        System.out.println("Constructor called for: " + this);  
    }  
}
```

This structured summary provides a comprehensive overview of the key concepts related to enums in Java. Let me know if you'd like additional formatting or examples.