## Q1. Create a dictionary in Python using the following data and perform the following operations:

```
Prod_Name: OppoA9, Prod_model: 2012, Prod_cost: 25000, Prod_Year: 2014, Prod_Brand: Oppo a. Create a dictionary and access the product model and product cost.
b. Find all the keys we use in this dictionary.
c. Change the product cost 25000 Rs to 22000 Rs.
d. Add the items "Prod-weight" in the dictionary.
e. Remove the Prod-Year from the dictionary.
```

```
In [1]: # Creating the dictionary
        product = {
            "Prod Name": "OppoA9",
            "Prod model": 2012,
            "Prod_cost": 25000,
            "Prod Year": 2014,
            "Prod Brand": "Oppo"
        }
        # (a) Accessing the product model and product cost
        print("Product Model:", product["Prod_model"])
        print("Product Cost:", product["Prod cost"])
        # (b) Finding all keys
        print("All keys in the dictionary:", list(product.keys()))
        # (c) Changing the product cost
        product["Prod cost"] = 22000
        print("Updated Product Cost:", product["Prod cost"])
        # (d) Adding "Prod-weight" to the dictionary
        product["Prod-weight"] = "200 grams"
        print("Dictionary after adding 'Prod-weight':", product)
        # (e) Removing "Prod Year" from the dictionary
        del product["Prod Year"]
        print("Dictionary after removing 'Prod Year':", product)
```

```
Product Model: 2012
Product Cost: 25000
All keys in the dictionary: ['Prod_Name', 'Prod_model', 'Prod_cost', 'Prod_Y ear', 'Prod_Brand']
Updated Product Cost: 22000
Dictionary after adding 'Prod-weight': {'Prod_Name': 'OppoA9', 'Prod_model': 2012, 'Prod_cost': 22000, 'Prod_Year': 2014, 'Prod_Brand': 'Oppo', 'Prod-weight': '200 grams'}
Dictionary after removing 'Prod_Year': {'Prod_Name': 'OppoA9', 'Prod_model': 2012, 'Prod_cost': 22000, 'Prod_Brand': 'Oppo', 'Prod-weight': '200 grams'}
```

## Q2. Create a list from the given items and perform the following operations:

Football, volleyball, tennis, Basketball, Scouting, Running

- a. Create a list and access the first 3 items from the list.
- b. Access the element from the [-3] index and return the result.
- c. Change the item of index [4] and update the new item as "CDAC".
- d. Check and show if the item "tennis" exists in the list or not.
- e. Add elements in the list at index [5] with name "Delhi".

```
In [2]: # Creating the list
   items = ["Football", "volleyball", "tennis", "Basketball", "Scouting", "Runr
# (a) Access the first 3 items
   print("First 3 items:", items[:3])

# (b) Access the element from the [-3] index
   print("Element at [-3] index:", items[-3])

# (c) Change the item at index [4] to 'CDAC'
   items[4] = "CDAC"
   print("List after updating index [4]:", items)

# (d) Check if 'tennis' exists
   print("'tennis' exists in the list:", "tennis" in items)

# (e) Add 'Delhi' at index [5]
   items.insert(5, "Delhi")
   print("List after adding 'Delhi' at index [5]:", items)
```

First 3 items: ['Football', 'volleyball', 'tennis']
Element at [-3] index: Basketball
List after updating index [4]: ['Football', 'volleyball', 'tennis', 'Basketb all', 'CDAC', 'Running']
'tennis' exists in the list: True
List after adding 'Delhi' at index [5]: ['Football', 'volleyball', 'tennis', 'Basketball', 'CDAC', 'Delhi', 'Running']

## Q3. Use the data set "Employee.csv" and perform the following operations using pandas library:

- a. Select Emp\_id, JoiningYear, Age, ExperienceInCurrentDomain, City from the dataset and export the data set in a new file.
- b. Find the missing values in 'Age' and fill them by using 'Median' Method.
- c. Drop the missing values from the dataset.
- d. Find all the employees who belong to 'Bangalore'.

e. From which city maximum employees are working in the company.

```
In [3]: import pandas as pd
        # Load the CSV file into a DataFrame
        df = pd.read csv("Employee.csv")
        # (a) Select 'Emp id', 'JoiningYear', 'Age', 'ExperienceInCurrentDomain', '(
        selected_columns = df[["Emp_id", "JoiningYear", "Age", "ExperienceInCurrent[
        selected columns.to csv("selected employee data.csv", index=False)
        print("Selected columns exported to 'selected employee data.csv'.")
        # (b) Find missing values in 'Age' and fill them using the median method
        if df["Age"].isnull().any():
            median age = df["Age"].median()
            df["Age"] = df["Age"].fillna(median age)
            print(f"Missing values in 'Age' filled with the median value: {median ac
        # (c) Drop any remaining rows with missing values
        df = df.dropna()
        print("Data after dropping missing values:")
        print(df)
        # (d) Find all employees who belong to 'Bangalore'
        bangalore employees = df[df["City"] == "Bangalore"]
        print("Employees from Bangalore:")
        print(bangalore employees)
        # (e) Find the city with the maximum employees
        city with max employees = df["City"].value counts().idxmax()
        print("City with the maximum employees:", city with max employees)
```

Selected columns exported to 'selected\_employee\_data.csv'.

Missing values in 'Age' filled with the median value: 28.0

Data after dropping missing values:

Emp id Education JoiningYear City PaymentTier Age Gender \

	Emp_1d	Education	JoiningYear	City	Paymentlier	Age	Gender	\
0	E01	Bachelors	2017.0	Bangalore	3.0	34.0	Male	
1	E02	Bachelors	2013.0	Pune	1.0	28.0	Female	
2	E03	Bachelors	2014.0	New Delhi	3.0	38.0	Female	
3	E04	Masters	2016.0	Bangalore	3.0	27.0	Male	
4	E05	Masters	2017.0	Pune	3.0	24.0	Male	
4648	E4649	Bachelors	2013.0	Bangalore	3.0	26.0	Female	
4649	E4650	Masters	2013.0	Pune	2.0	37.0	Male	
4650	E4651	Masters	2018.0	New Delhi	3.0	27.0	Male	
4651	E4652	Bachelors	2012.0	Bangalore	3.0	30.0	Male	
4652	E4653	Bachelors	2015.0	Bangalore	3.0	33.0	Male	

	EverBenched	ExperienceInCurrentDomain	Leave0rNot
0	No	0	0.0
1	No	3	1.0
2	No	2	0.0
3	No	5	1.0
4	Yes	2	1.0
4648	No	4	0.0
4649	No	2	1.0
4650	No	5	1.0
4651	Yes	2	0.0
4652	Yes	4	0.0

[4639 rows x 10 columns] Employees from Bangalore:

	•							
	Emp_id	Education	JoiningYear	City	PaymentTier	Age	Gender	\
0	E01	Bachelors	2017.0	Bangalore	3.0	34.0	Male	
3	E04	Masters	2016.0	Bangalore	3.0	27.0	Male	
5	E06	Bachelors	2016.0	Bangalore	3.0	22.0	Male	
7	E08	Bachelors	2016.0	Bangalore	3.0	34.0	Female	
10	E11	Masters	2012.0	Bangalore	3.0	27.0	Male	
4643	E4644	Bachelors	2013.0	Bangalore	3.0	31.0	Female	
4646	E4647	Bachelors	2013.0	Bangalore	3.0	25.0	Female	
4648	E4649	Bachelors	2013.0	Bangalore	3.0	26.0	Female	
4651	E4652	Bachelors	2012.0	Bangalore	3.0	30.0	Male	
4652	E4653	Bachelors	2015.0	Bangalore	3.0	33.0	Male	

	EverPenched ExperienceInCurrentDemain		LagyaOrNat	
	EverBenched	ExperienceInCurrentDomain	Leaveurnut	
0	No	0	0.0	
3	No	5	1.0	
5	No	0	0.0	
7	No	2	1.0	
10	No	5	1.0	
4643	No	5	0.0	
4646	No	3	0.0	
4648	No	4	0.0	
4651	Yes	2	0.0	
4652	Yes	4	0.0	

## Q4. Create a SQL data table "Employe" in Python and perform CRUD operations:

a. Use a switch menu to allow users to create, read, update, and delete employees interactively.b. Connect to a MySQL server with username "root" and password "009483".

```
In [4]: import mysql.connector
        # Connect to MySQL server
        conn = mysql.connector.connect(
            host="localhost",
            user="root",
            password="009483",
            database="test db" # Replace with your database name or create this
        )
        cursor = conn.cursor()
        # Create the table if it doesn't already exist
        cursor.execute("""
        CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Employe (
            ID INT AUTO INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
            Name VARCHAR(50),
            Age INT,
            City VARCHAR(50),
            Department VARCHAR(50)
        111111
        # Define a function for each operation
        def create employee():
            name = input("Enter Employee Name: ")
            age = int(input("Enter Employee Age: "))
            city = input("Enter Employee City: ")
            department = input("Enter Employee Department: ")
            query = "INSERT INTO Employe (Name, Age, City, Department) VALUES (%s, %
            values = (name, age, city, department)
            cursor.execute(query, values)
            conn.commit()
            print(f"Employee {name} added successfully.")
        def read employees():
            cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM Employe")
            records = cursor.fetchall()
            print("Employee Records:")
            for record in records:
                print(record)
```

```
def update employee():
    emp id = int(input("Enter Employee ID to Update: "))
    print("What would you like to update?")
    print("1. Name")
    print("2. Age")
    print("3. City")
    print("4. Department")
    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if choice == 1:
        new value = input("Enter New Name: ")
        query = "UPDATE Employe SET Name = %s WHERE ID = %s"
    elif choice == 2:
        new value = int(input("Enter New Age: "))
        query = "UPDATE Employe SET Age = %s WHERE ID = %s"
    elif choice == 3:
        new value = input("Enter New City: ")
        query = "UPDATE Employe SET City = %s WHERE ID = %s"
    elif choice == 4:
        new value = input("Enter New Department: ")
        query = "UPDATE Employe SET Department = %s WHERE ID = %s"
    else:
        print("Invalid choice.")
        return
    cursor.execute(query, (new value, emp id))
    conn.commit()
    print(f"Employee ID {emp id} updated successfully.")
def delete employee():
    emp_id = int(input("Enter Employee ID to Delete: "))
    query = "DELETE FROM Employe WHERE ID = %s"
    cursor.execute(query, (emp id,))
    conn.commit()
    print(f"Employee ID {emp id} deleted successfully.")
# Menu-driven program
while True:
    print("\n--- Employee Management System ---")
    print("1. Create Employee")
    print("2. Read Employees")
    print("3. Update Employee")
    print("4. Delete Employee")
    print("5. Exit")
    choice = int(input("Enter your choice: "))
    if choice == 1:
        create employee()
    elif choice == 2:
        read employees()
    elif choice == 3:
        update employee()
    elif choice == 4:
        delete employee()
```

```
elif choice == 5:
         print("Exiting the program.")
         break
     else:
         print("Invalid choice. Please try again.")
 # Close the connection
 conn.close()
--- Employee Management System ---
1. Create Employee
2. Read Employees
3. Update Employee
4. Delete Employee
5. Exit
What would you like to update?
1. Name
2. Age
3. City
4. Department
Employee ID 5 updated successfully.
--- Employee Management System ---
1. Create Employee
2. Read Employees
3. Update Employee
4. Delete Employee
5. Exit
Employee Records:
(2, 'Anna', 25, 'Delhi', 'Finance')
(4, 'Anna', 25, 'Delhi', 'Finance')
(5, 'Vansh', 24, 'Delhi', 'RnD')
--- Employee Management System ---
1. Create Employee
2. Read Employees
3. Update Employee
4. Delete Employee
5. Exit
What would you like to update?
1. Name
```

- 2. Age
- 3. City
- 4. Department

Employee ID 5 updated successfully.

- --- Employee Management System ---
- 1. Create Employee
- 2. Read Employees
- 3. Update Employee
- 4. Delete Employee
- 5. Exit

```
Employee Records:
        (2, 'Anna', 25, 'Delhi', 'Finance')
        (4, 'Anna', 25, 'Delhi', 'Finance')
(5, 'Vansh', 24, 'New Delhi', 'RnD')
        --- Employee Management System ---
        1. Create Employee
        2. Read Employees
        3. Update Employee
        4. Delete Employee
        5. Exit
        Employee Mr Arthor added successfully.
        --- Employee Management System ---
        1. Create Employee
        2. Read Employees
        3. Update Employee
        4. Delete Employee
        5. Exit
        Exiting the program.
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
```