# WEB222 Assignment 4

## Submission Deadline

Friday, July 21st, 2023 @ 11:59 PM

## Assessment Weight

6% of your final course Grade

## Overview:

This assignment is designed to have you practice working with HTML and the DOM in order to create both *static* and *dynamic* web content.

You are asked to prototype a fictional Music App. Your app will focus on a specific music genre and allow users to browse different artists and find specific songs. Because your app’s artists and songs will change frequently, we often separate our data from its UI representation. This allows us to quickly make changes and have the app always use the most current music catalogue.

*NOTE: in a real music app, our data would be stored in a database. We will simulate working with a database by using JavaScript Objects and Arrays in separate files.*

## Pick Your Music Genre and Artists, Songs

You need to decide on the following details for your app:

* **Music Genre**: your music app is going to focus on a particular type of music. What is it? You could use the same type of music as you chose in Assignment 3 or pick another.
* **Name**: what is your app called? Pick something unique and relevant to your chosen music genre.
* **Slogan**: what is your store’s slogan (i.e., a short description)? This will help a user to determine if your music app is worth using.
* **Artists**: which music artists/bands does your app include? Based on your chosen music genre, pick **at least 3 artists** that make this type of music. No two students can use the exact same set of artists.
* **Songs**: pick a **minimum of 20 songs** by your chosen artists. Each song will belong to one of the artists.

## Modelling your Store Data

### Artists

Each artist needs three things:

* **id**: a unique **String** that identifies this artist. If two artists have the same name, we need a way to tell them apart. For example, you could use: “a1” or “artist-01” or “V1StGXR8”. It doesn’t matter what format you choose as long as each artist has a unique value.
* **name**: a human-readable **String** meant for display. While the id is a unique key for the data used by programs, the name is meant to be shown to a user.
* **links**: an **Array** of **Objects** containing one or more links for this artist. Maybe they have their own web site, social media, Wikipedia page, etc. Make sure each artist has at least 2 links. Each Object in this Array will have the following properties:
  + **url** – a **String** with a URL (e.g., an Instagram URL)
  + **name** – a **String** with a friendly name for what the link is (e.g., “Instagram”)

### Songs

Each song needs the following things:

* **id**: a unique **String** that identifies this song. For example: “s1” or “song-01” or “V1StGXR8”. It doesn’t matter what format you choose as long as each song has its own, unique value. Also, make sure the artist id and song id are different.
* **artistId**: a **String** that indicates which artist this song belongs to
* **title**: a short **String** that names the song
* **year**: a **String** with the year (4 digits) that the song was recorded
* **duration**: a **Number** of seconds (i.e., an Integer value) for the song’s length. When we store time values, we often store them in seconds vs. floats, and convert them to minutes, seconds in the UI for display.
* **flagged**: a **Boolean** that indicates whether this song has been flagged in the system, and should NOT be shown to users. Make sure **at least 2** of your songs have flagged set to **true**.

Your artist and song data will go in `src/artists.js` and `src/songs.js` respectively. See these files for technical details about how to code your data.

Take some time now to enter all of your app’s data.

## Store Web Site HTML

Your app’s HTML file is located in `src/index.html`. A brief HTML skeleton has been created, and you are asked to fill in the rest using your information above.

Some of your site will be static (i.e., coded in HTML directly in index.html) and never change. Other parts of the site will be dynamic (i.e., created using DOM API calls at run-time) and will update in response to various events and user actions.

Here is a basic wireframe of what your site needs to include, and which parts are static or dynamic. NOTE: don’t worry too much about how it looks. Focus on the structure and functionality.

**Header: Always the same**

**Menu Navigation: Clickable Artist Names**

**Dynamically Generated**

**App Name**

*Slogan/Description…*

**Artist1** Artist2 Artist3 …

**Artist1 Name (Twitter, Instagram, SoundCloud)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Song Name** | **Year Recorded** | **Duration (mm:ss)** |
| Song 1 name… | 1976 | 1:45 |
| Song 2 name… | 2015 | 13:33 |
| Song 3 name… | 2021 | 6:05 |
| … | … | … |

**Table Body: Dynamic, All Non-Flagged Songs for Chosen Artist**

**Table Header: Always the Same**

**Selected Artist Name:**

**Dynamically Set When Artist is Clicked**

**Duration formatted to minutes:seconds**

**Artist Links: Dynamic, Anchors showing all the links for the artist, separated by commas**

**Clicking Anywhere On A Row should console.log()**

## Dynamic Content

All of your app’s dynamic content will be written in JavaScript in the `src/app.js` file. Here is a list of the tasks you need to complete:

1. Create an event handler to run when the page is loaded. Make sure you don’t do anything to the DOM until it’s fully loaded. Your function should do the following:
   1. Create all of the buttons for your store’s Artists
      1. Loop through all of your Artist objects and create a <button> element for each, adding it to the <nav id=”menu”>…</nav>
      2. Use each Artist’s name for the button’s text
      3. When the button is clicked, show that Artists Name, Links, and Songs. See below for more details.
   2. Show a list of Songs in the <tbody>…</tbody> of your Table. By default, you should use your first Artist on load. See below for more details
2. Write a function that will show a list of songs in the <tbody>…</tbody> based on the chosen Artist:
   1. Update the text of the Selected Artist above your table with the Artist’s Name and create anchor elements for all of the Artists Links (i.e., you should be able to open these links to see more info about the artist)
   2. Clear the current <tr>…</tr> rows from the <tbody>…</tbody>. HINT: innerHTML = “”
   3. Filter your Songs Array (i.e., use Array.prototype.filter()) to get:
      1. All Songs for the chosen Artist. HINT: use Array.prototype.includes()
      2. All Songs that are NOT flagged
   4. Loop (use Array.prototype.forEach()) over your filtered song list and add them to the table’s body using DOM methods (i.e., not innerHTML):
      1. Create a <tr> element
         1. Add a click handler to your <tr> that will console.log() the song whenever the user clicks it
      2. Create <td> elements for the song’s name, year, and duration. Convert the duration in seconds to a value in mintues:seconds
      3. Append these <td> elements to the <tr>
      4. Append this <tr> to the <tbody>

In your solution, you will likely require all of the following:

* console.log() and NOTE that you can log Objects like so: console.log({ object })
* document.querySelector() to find elements in the DOM
* document.createElement() to create new DOM elements
* node.appendChild() to add an element as a child of a DOM node
* element.innerHTML to modify the HTML content of an element. Don’t overuse this!

You are encouraged to use what you learned in the first 3 assignments and write proper functions and semantic HTML.

## Coding:

Use the website starter project in the assignment ZIP file. Install all dependencies by running the following command in the root of the assignment (e.g., in the same directory as package.json):

**npm install**

Your code should all be placed in the src/ directory.

## Running a Web Server:

You can start a local web server to test your code in a browser by running the following command:

**npm start**

This will start a server on <http://localhost:8080>, which you can open in your web browser

To stop the server, use CTRL + C

## Submission:

When you are finished, run the following command to create your submission ZIP file:

**npm run prepare-submission**

This will generate submission.zip, which you can hand in on Blackboard.