

# W16\_MVLR\_MultipleHouses

January 6, 2021

## 1 settings

```
[ ]:   
[1]: #settings:  
      show_every = 10  
      houses = [28,37,40,42,105,115,56,51,58,70,99,100]
```

## 2 Initialization

```
[2]: import pandas as pd  
      import numpy as np  
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
  
      from tqdm import tqdm  
  
      from IPython.display import display, HTML  
      import time  
  
[3]: import random  
      #Neural Network imports  
      import torch  
      import torch.nn as nn  
      import torch.optim as optim  
  
      from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler  
      from sklearn.metrics import r2_score  
      from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error  
      from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error as mese  
      from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error  
  
      from sklearn import linear_model  
      from sklearn.svm import SVR
```

```
scalerx = StandardScaler()
scalery = StandardScaler()
```

```
[4]: #cuda imports
ngpu = torch.cuda.device_count() # number of available gpus
device = torch.device("cuda:4") if (torch.cuda.is_available() and ngpu > 0)
    ↪else "cpu" #cuda:0 for gpu 0, cuda:4 for gpu 5
torch.backends.cudnn.benchmark=True # Uses cudnn auto-tuner to find the best
    ↪algorithm to use for your hardware

#Random Seed
random.seed(1337)
torch.manual_seed(1337)
```

```
[4]: <torch._C.Generator at 0x7fd8a9efc0d8>
```

Make all functions:

```
[5]: def det(tensor):
    """
    Zet de tensor om van een tensor naar numpy op de CPU.
    """
    return tensor.cpu().detach().numpy()

def calculate_metrics_for_model(output,target):
    """
    Calculates all the desired evaluation metrics for the model.
    """
    yhat = scalery.inverse_transform(det(output))
    y = scalery.inverse_transform(det(target))
    actual, pred = np.array(y), np.array(yhat)

    mae = mean_absolute_error(yhat, y)
    mse = mese(yhat, y)
    mape = np.mean(np.abs((actual - pred) / actual)) * 100
    r2 = r2_score(yhat, y)
    return [mae, mse, mape, r2]

def GetGlobalData(nr):
    """
    Get the data for the MVLr, SVR and NN.
    """
    house_nr = str(nr)
    if len(house_nr)==1:
        house_nr = "00"+str(house_nr)
    if len(house_nr)==2:
        house_nr = "0"+str(house_nr)
```

```

    df = pd.read_pickle('/home/18005152/notebooks/zero/Data:/testDataFrames/
→TEST/MachineLearning_consumption_'+str(house_nr))
    return df

def NormalScaler(df):
    """
    Scale the data according to the normal method.
    """
    #scale the data
    #X:
    scalerx.fit(df.loc[:,~df.columns.isin(["consumption"])])
    scaled_dataX = scalerx.transform(df.loc[:,~df.columns.
→isin(["consumption"])]).tolist()
    #Y:
    scalery.fit(df.loc[:,df.columns.isin(["consumption"])])
    datay = scalery.transform(df.loc[:,df.columns.isin(["consumption"])]
    return datay,scaled_dataX

def Split_Normal(dataX,dataY):
    """
    Split the data according to the method.
    """
    #split the data
    train_X = dataX[0:5800]
    train_y = dataY[0:5800].reshape(-1,1)

    valid_X = dataX[5800:7952]
    valid_y = dataY[5800:7952].reshape(-1,1)

    test_X = dataX[7952:8663]
    test_y = dataY[7952:8663].reshape(-1,1)
    return train_X, train_y, valid_X, valid_y, test_X, test_y

def MakeTrainLoader(train_X, train_y, valid_X, valid_y, test_X, test_y):
    """
    Function for making the dataloaders.
    This is mainly for the NN.
    """
    #Make tensors from the numpy arrays.
    train_X_t = torch.from_numpy(np.array(train_X)).to(device).float()
    train_y_t = torch.from_numpy(np.array(train_y)).to(device).float()

    valid_X_t = torch.from_numpy(np.array(valid_X)).to(device).float()
    valid_y_t = torch.from_numpy(np.array(valid_y)).to(device).float()

    test_X_t = torch.from_numpy(np.array(test_X)).to(device).float()
    test_y_t = torch.from_numpy(np.array(test_y)).to(device).float()

```

```

#Tensor Datasets
train_set = torch.utils.data.TensorDataset(train_X_t, train_y_t)
valid_set = torch.utils.data.TensorDataset(valid_y_t, valid_X_t)
test_set = torch.utils.data.TensorDataset(test_y_t, test_X_t)

#Tensor DataLoaders
train_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(train_set, batch_size=64,
↪shuffle=False, num_workers = 0)#, pin_memory=True)
valid_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(valid_set, batch_size=64,
↪shuffle=False, num_workers = 0)#, pin_memory=True)
test_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(test_set, batch_size=64,
↪shuffle=False, num_workers = 0)
return train_loader, valid_loader, test_loader

def train_MVLR(train_X,train_y):
    """
    Function to train the MVLR.
    """
    regr = linear_model.LinearRegression()
    regr.fit(train_X,train_y[:,0])
    yhat = regr.predict(train_X)

    target = torch.from_numpy(np.array(train_y)).to(device).float()
    yhat = torch.from_numpy(np.array(yhat)).to(device).float()
    return calculate_metrics_for_model(yhat,target), regr

def validate_MVLR(d1,d2,regr):
    """
    Validate the MVLR with the input data.
    """
    yhat = regr.predict(d1)
    target = d2

    target = torch.from_numpy(np.array(target)).to(device).float()
    yhat = torch.from_numpy(np.array(yhat)).to(device).float()
    return calculate_metrics_for_model(yhat,target)

```

### 3 Main loop:

```

[ ]: #stats savelist:
MVLR_stats = pd.DataFrame()#MVLR

#Learning loop:
for i in tqdm(range(len(houses))):

```

```

house_number = houses[i]
"""
Data loading...
"""
#load de data:
df = GetGlobalData(house_number)
#scale de data:
Y_data, X_data = NormalScaler(df)
#splits de data
train_X, train_y, valid_X, valid_y, test_X, test_y =
↳ Split_Normal(X_data,Y_data)

"""
Training
"""
MVLr_train_stats, mvlr = train_MVLr(train_X,train_y)

"""
Evaluation
"""
MVLr_valid_stats = validate_MVLr(valid_X,valid_y,mvlr)

"""
Testing
"""
MVLr_test_stats = validate_MVLr(test_X,test_y,mvlr)

"""
Save metrics
"""
index =
↳ ["MAE_train", "MSE_train", "MAPE_train", "R2_train", "MAE_valid", "MSE_valid", "MAPE_valid", "R2_v
New_Stats = pd.DataFrame(MVLr_train_stats+MVLr_valid_stats+MVLr_test_stats,
↳ index=index, columns=[str(house_number)])
MVLr_stats = pd.concat([MVLr_stats,New_Stats],axis=1)

```

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[ ]: yhat = scalery.inverse_transform(mvlr.predict(valid_X))
y = scalery.inverse_transform(valid_y)
plt.plot(y, label='actual')
plt.plot(yhat, label="model")
plt.xlabel("Timestamp [hr]")
plt.ylabel("Hourly energy consumption [kWh]")
plt.grid()
plt.legend()
plt.xlim([600, 768])

```

```
plt.savefig("MVLRL_consumption_house100.png")
```

```
[ ]: MVLRL_stats
```

```
[ ]: MVLRL_stats.to_pickle("MVLRL_statistics")
```

```
[ ]: pd.read_pickle("MVLRL_statistics").to_excel("MVLRL.xlsx")
```

## 4 summarize stats with mean

```
[ ]: (MVLRL_stats).mean(axis=1)
```